


www.greatachievements.org

CS10 The Beauty and Joy of Computing

**Lecture #13
Applications That Changed The World**


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Lecturer SOE
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FLEXIBLE DISPLAYS ON THE WRIST!

Imagine a flexible display you could wear and wouldn't drain batteries or break. The US Army is playing w/such a display using Organic LEDs for soldiers to wear (e.g., to view maps and video).



www.technologyreview.com/computing/26537/

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Applications that Changed the World

- Lots of applications changed the world
 - Electricity, Radio, TV, Cars, Planes, AC, ...
- We'll focus on those utilizing Computing
- Important to consider historical apps
 - Too easy to focus on recent N years!


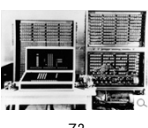




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www.computerhistory.org/timeline

The Computer (1940s)

- **Early Inventions**
 - Bell Labs' CNC '39
 - Konrad Zuse's Z3 '41
 - Harvard's Mark-1 '44
 - Eckert & Mauchly's ENIAC '46
- **Early Theoreticians**
 - Shannon's theories
 - Turing's computability, AI
- **History : entire museum**
 - Lots of incremental progress
 - Early ones size of house
- **Everything today owes its success to this**







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en.wikipedia.org/wiki/History_of_the_transistor

The Transistor ("born" 1947-12-23)

- **Semiconductor device to amplify or switch signals**
 - Key component in ALL modern electronics
- **Who?**
 - John Bardeen, William Shockley, Walter Brattain
- **Before that?**
 - Vacuum Tubes
- **After that?**
 - Integrated circuit, microprocessor



Important invention of the 20th Century!
- Ira Flatow, Transistorized! (PBS Special)

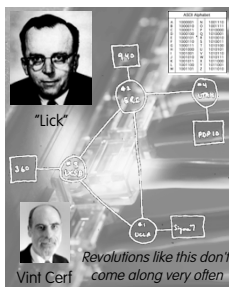
www.pbs.org/transistor
www.youtube.com/watch?v=-td7YT-Pums
www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZaBLiciesOU

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www.computerhistory.org/internet_history

The Internet (1962)

- **Founders**
 - JCR Licklider, as head of ARPA, writes on "intergalactic network"
 - 1963 : ASCII becomes first universal computer standard
 - 1969 : Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency (DARPA) deploys 4 "nodes" @ UCLA, SRI, Utah, & UCSB
 - 1973 Robert Kahn & Vint Cerf invent TCP now part of the Internet Protocol Suite
- **Internet growth rates**
 - Exponential since start!



Revolutions like this don't come along very often


www.greatachievements.org/?id=3736
en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Internet_Protocol_Suite

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en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Email

Email (1965)

- **Fundamentally changed the way people interact!**
- **1965: MIT's CTSS**
 - Compatible Time-Sharing Sys
- **Exchange of digital info**
 - Model: "Store and Forward"
 - "Push" technology
- **Pros**
 - Solves logistics (where) & synchronization (when)
- **Cons**
 - "Email Fatigue"
 - Information Overload
 - Loss of Context



- **How**
 - Alice composes email to bob@b.org
 - Domain Name System looks up where b.org is
 - DNS server with the mail exchange server for b.org
 - Mail is sent to mx.b.org
 - Bob reads email from there

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The Personal Computer (1970s)

- **First PCs sold as kits to hobbyists**
 - Altair 8800 (1975)
- **Early mass-prod PCs**
 - Apple I, II (Jobs & Woz)
 - Commodore PET
 - IBM ran away w/market
- **Microprocessor key**
- **Laptops → portability**
- **Created industry, wealth**
 - Silicon Valley!
 - Bill Gates worth \$50 Billion



Altair 8800



Apple II



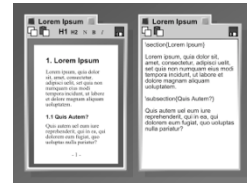
Commodore PET



IBM PC

WIMP, WYSIWYG Interface (1973)

- **WIMP: Window, Icon, Menu/Mouse, Pointer**
 - Dominant style of Human-Computer Interaction (HCI)
 - Contrast with a command-line interface it replaced
 - Both developed at Xerox PARC 1973, popularized by Apple's Mac computers 1984
- **WYSIWYG: What You See Is What You Get**
 - Display shows printed result
 - Before this, commands →
 - Even today, both WYSIWYG and non- available



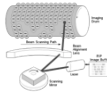
"The program on the left uses a WYSIWYG editor to produce a document. The program on the right contains LaTeX code, which when compiled will produce a document that will look very similar to the document on the left."

The Laser Printer ('69), Postscript ('82)

- **Gary Starkweather @ Xerox invented it**
 - Modified an existing Xerox
 - Laser beam projects image onto electrically charged rotating drum
- **Picture is commands!**
 - John Warnock, founder of Adobe, invented Postscript
 - Turing-complete language!
 - The processor on the printer rasterized the image
 - Commands → Image bits on/off
- **Professional-quality output in hands of people**



Gary Starkweather



How it works

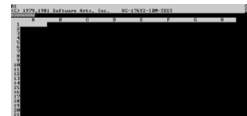
51PS /Courier findfont 20 scalefont setfont 72 500 moveto (Hello world!) show showpage



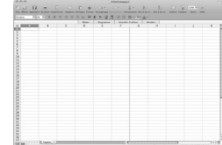
John Warnock

The Spreadsheet (1961, 1980)

- **Grid of rows and columns, with each cell a formula or data**
 - Simulates a paper worksheet
 - Commonly used for financial information (& grades!)
- **History**
 - Richard Mattessich 1961 paper
 - "Budgeting Models & System Simulation"
 - VisiCalc (by Dan Bricklin) helped drive the sales of Apple II ~1980
 - Lotus 1-2-3 with DOS in 1981
 - Excel the current market leader
- **Now online (Google Docs)**



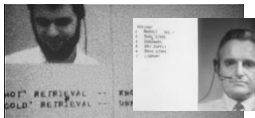
VisiCalc, the first PC spreadsheet (1970s)



Microsoft Excel (2008)

Audio/Videoconferencing (1980s)

- **History**
 - 1936 : closed-circuit TV
 - 1968 : Englebart's "Mother of All Demos"
 - 1980s : Digital Telephony (via ISDN)
 - 1990s : Internet Protocol (IP) based videoconferencing
- **Impact**
 - For some businesses, essential (e.g., Dreamworks)
 - Big with grandparents, sign language communication
 - Telemedicine
 - Education impact huge



First demo of videoconferencing in 1968



T3 ultra-high resolution telepresence

The World Wide Web (1989)

- **"System of interlinked hypertext documents on the Internet"**
- **History**
 - 1945: Vannevar Bush describes hypertext system called "memex" in article
 - 1989: Tim Berners-Lee proposes, gets system up '90
 - ~2000 Dot-com entrepreneurs rushed in, 2001 bubble burst
- **Wayback Machine**
 - Snapshots of web over time
- **Today : Access anywhere!**



Tim Berners-Lee



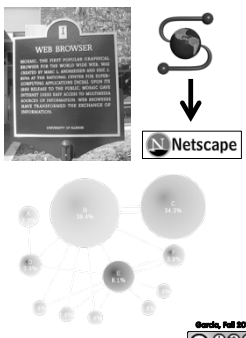
World's first web server in 1990



en.wikipedia.org/wiki/History_of_the_web_browser

WWW Search & Browser (1993)

- **Browser**
 - Marc L. Andreessen and Eric J. Bina @ NCSA create Mosaic, 1st popular WWW browser
 - First Internet "Killer App"
 - Later: Netscape Navigator
 - Now IE (68%), Firefox (22%)
- **Search**
 - Before engines, there was a complete list of all servers!
 - 1993 Martijn Koster Aliweb is 1st web search engine
 - 1997 Stanford Sergey Brin and Larry Page develop Google's search, based on PageRank (each: \$12 Billion)




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en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Web_2.0

Web 2.0 : The Social Network (2004)

- "...web development & design that facilitates interactive information sharing, interoperability, user-centered design and collaboration on WWW"
 - Users change content via "architecture of participation"
- **Examples**
 - Web communities, apps, social networks, video & photo sharing, wikis, blogs, tweets, ...
- **"Take back the web!"**
 - "You" – Time's 2006 Person of the Year

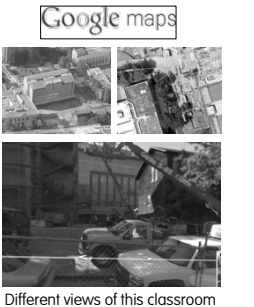


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en.wikipedia.org/wiki/{Web_mapping, Gps}

Web Mapping (1993)

- "Designing, implementing, generating and delivering maps on the WWW"
- **Advantages**
 - Mobile computing + GPS means you're never lost again!
 - Real-time traffic!!
 - Collaborative maps have lots of potential (E.g., WikiMapia)
 - Street view can allow you to see what it looks like on the ground
 - Can have hyperlinking, yet another way to connect to web
 - Can layer content, many uses!




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en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Google_Docs

Google Docs, SW as a Service (2006)

- Free, web-based word processor, spreadsheet, presentation and form application
- **Single source of truth!**
- **Fundamentally changing the way people collaboratively author documents**
 - No more attachments and versions!!
 - Much better than Wikis, which are not WYSIWYG, so folks grab local temp copy

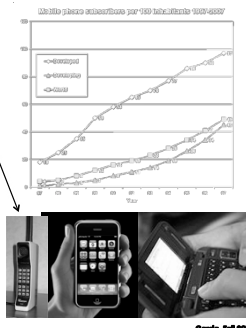


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en.wikipedia.org/wiki/{Personal_digital_assistant, Mobile_phone, Texting}

The Mobile Phone, PDA & Texting


- **History of Cell Phones**
 - 1908: Nathan Stubblefield patents wireless telephone
 - 1945: 0G introduced
 - 1983: Motorola DynaTAC 1st FCC-approved phone
- **PDA: handheld computer**
 - 1983: First PDA (Casio)
 - Phones became "smart"
- **Texting (short messages)**
 - Most popular mobile service
 - Has affected language...gr8!



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Summary

- **How many of the 21st cent engineering achievements are happening today?**
- **What's the next big thing?**
 - Natural language processing?
 - 3D displays?
 - Robotics? Self-driving cars?
 - Optical or quantum computing?
 - Personal air vehicle?
 - Space travel?
 - Computer displays in glasses?
 - Flexible displays?
 - Brain machine interfaces?
 - Energy!



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