

CS-184: Computer Graphics

Lecture #7: BSP and AABB Trees

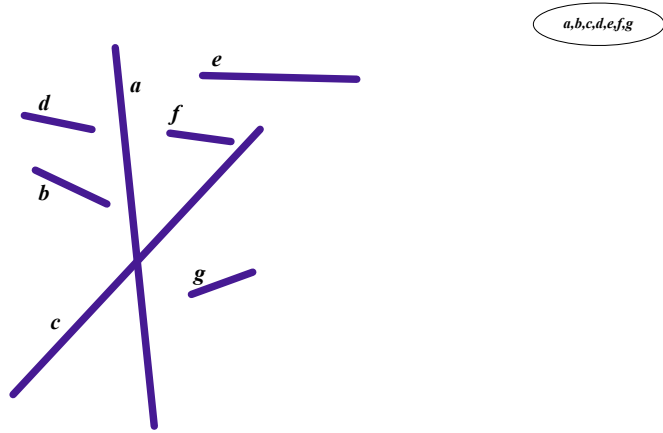
Prof. James O'Brien
University of California, Berkeley

V2009-F-07.1.0

BSP-Trees

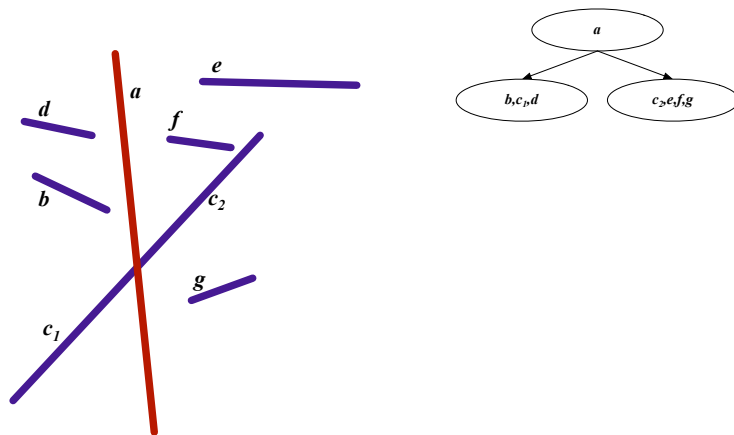
- Binary Space Partition Trees
 - Split space along planes
 - Allows fast queries of some spatial relations
- Simple construction algorithm
 - Select a plane as sub-tree root
 - Everything on one side to one child
 - Everything on the other side to other child
 - Use random polygon for splitting plane

BSP-Trees



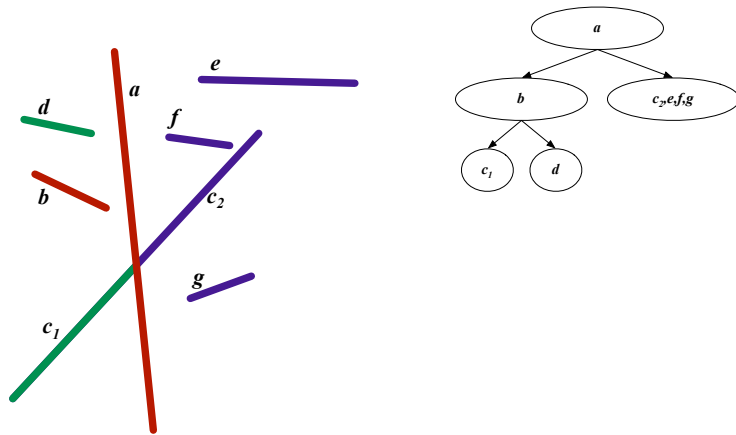
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BSP-Trees



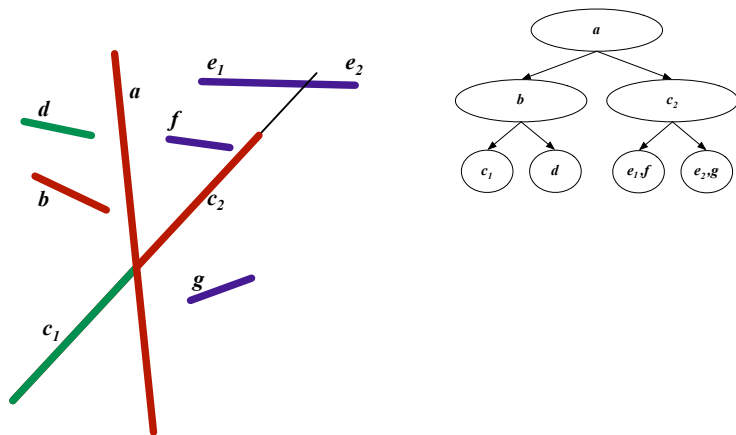
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BSP-Trees



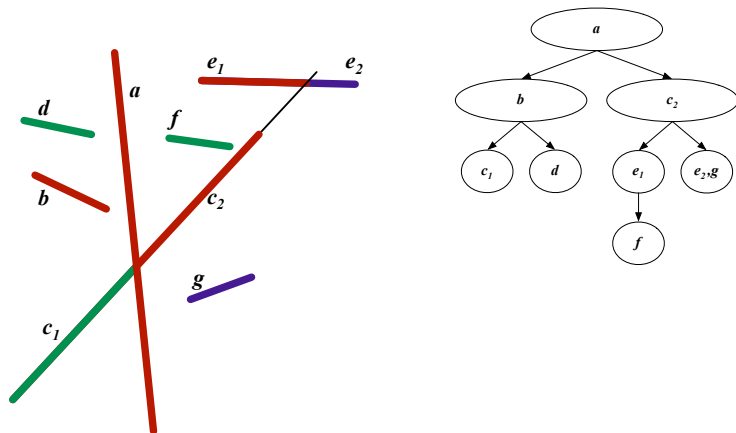
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BSP-Trees

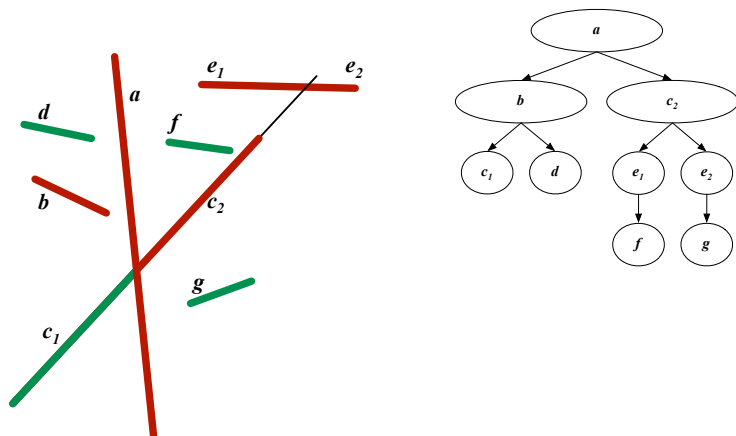


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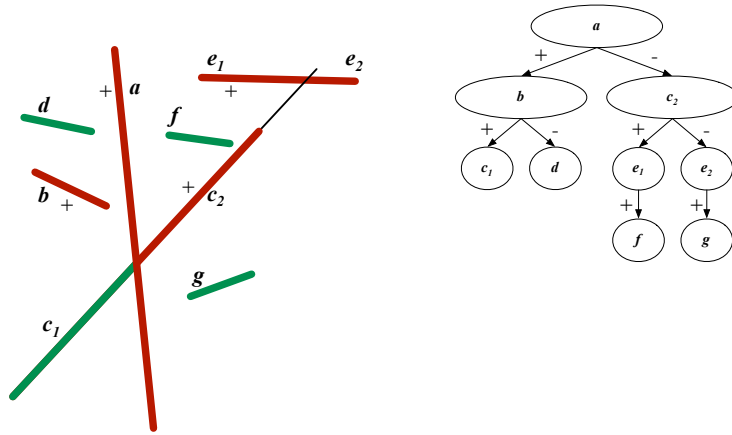
BSP-Trees



BSP-Trees



BSP-Trees



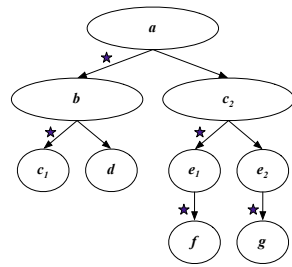
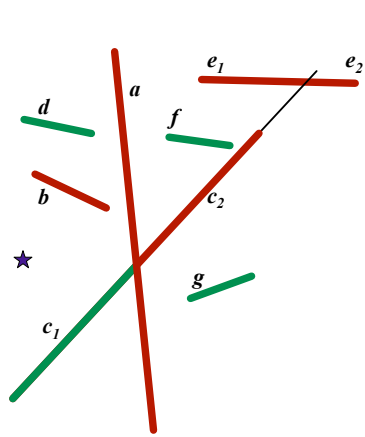
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BSP-Trees

- Visibility Traversal
 - Variation of in-order-traversal
 - Child one
 - Sub-tree root
 - Child two
 - Select "child one" based on location of viewpoint
 - Child one on same side of sub-tree root as viewpoint

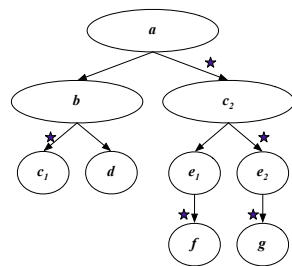
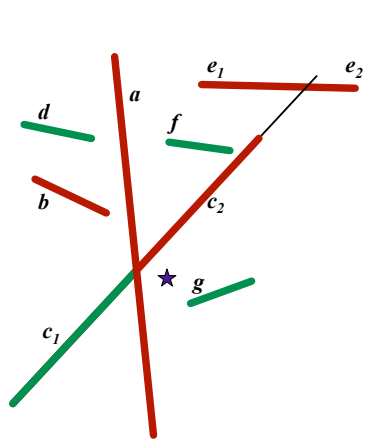
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BSP-Trees



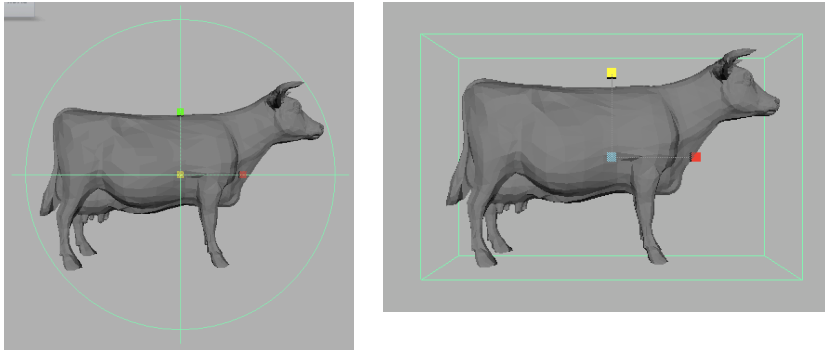
$c_1:b:d:a:f:e_1:c_2:g:e_2$

BSP-Trees



$g:e_2:c_2:f:e_1:a:c_1:b:d$

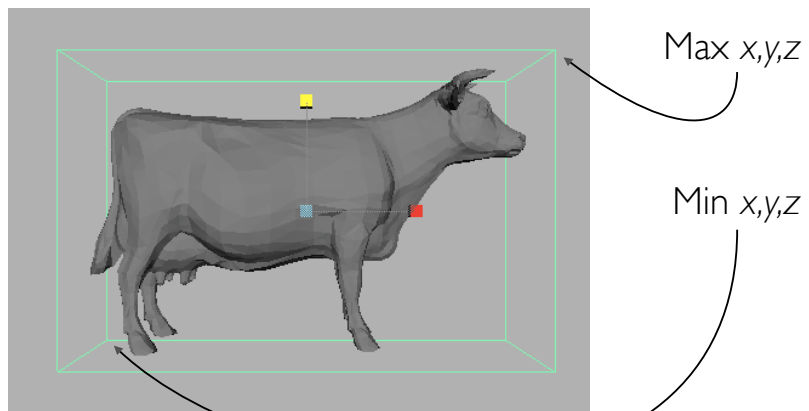
Bounding Shapes



- Bounding shape completely encloses associated object
- Rays cannot hit object w/o intersecting bounding shape
- Two objects cannot collide if shapes don't overlap
- Simplicity -vs- tightness

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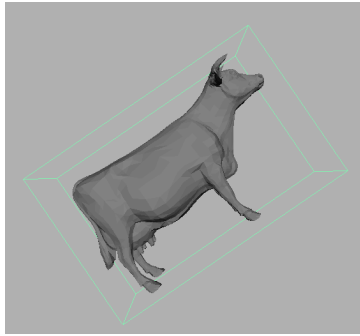
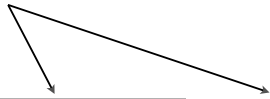
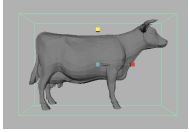
Axis-Aligned Bounding Boxes



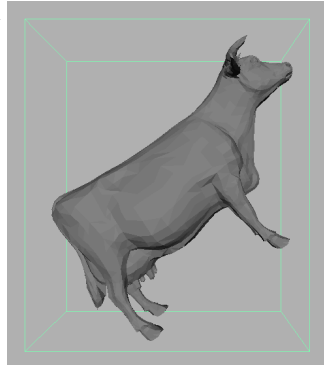
- Axis-aligned bounding box defined by min and max x,y,z

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Axis-Aligned Bounding Boxes



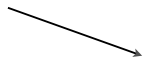
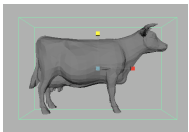
Transform box
Not axis-aligned



Min/max of new points
Linear cost to compute

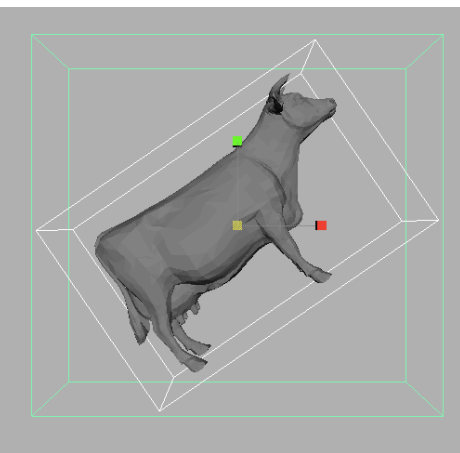
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Axis-Aligned Bounding Boxes



Min/max of
transformed BB points

Constant time
Adds slop
Cumulative slop if multiple transforms occur sequentially

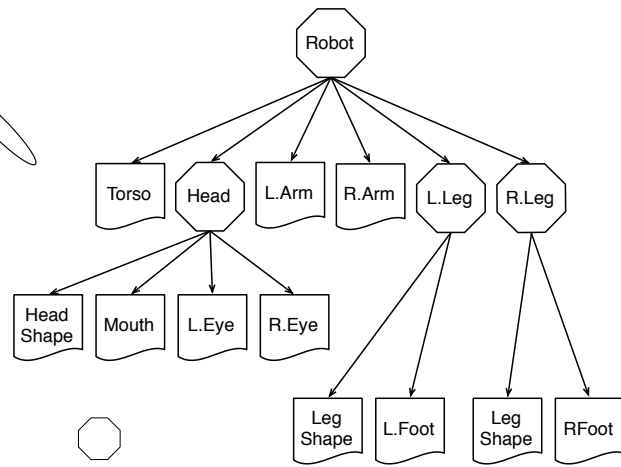
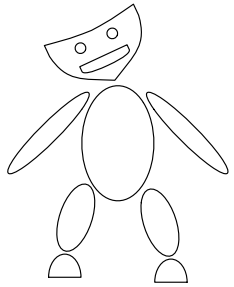




Why would we do this?

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AABB Trees

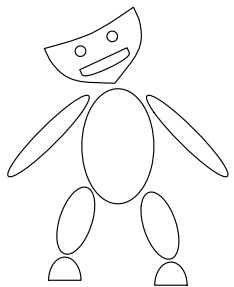
One of many variations



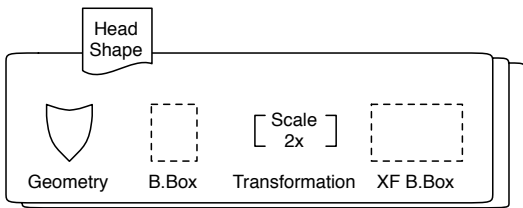
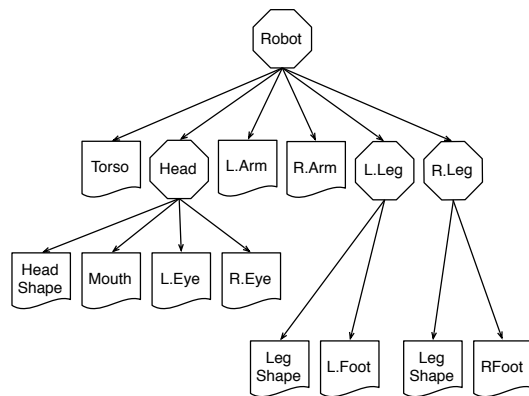
Group node 
 Geometry node 
 Transformation stored at all nodes

AABB Trees

One of many variations

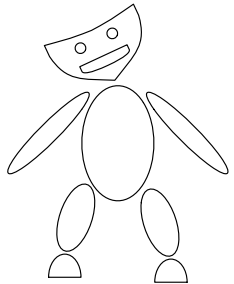


Geometry node

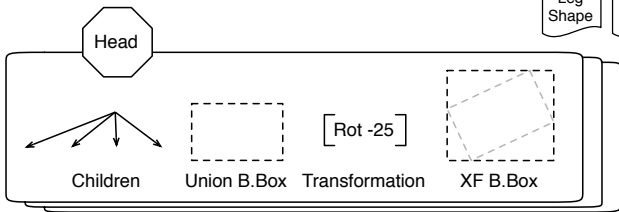
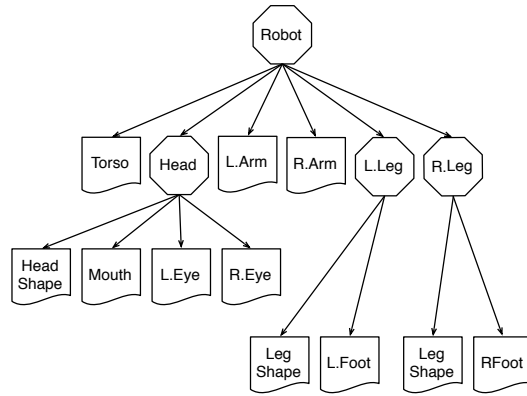


AABB Trees

One of many variations

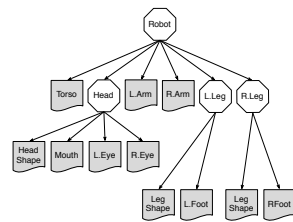
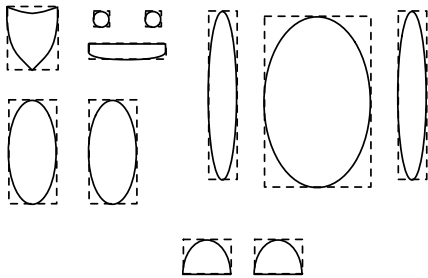


Group node



AABB Trees

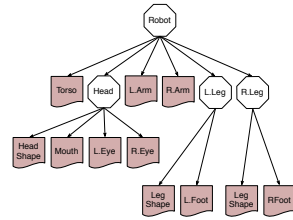
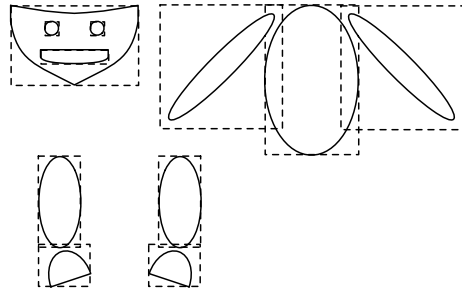
One of many variations



Local Bounding Boxes

AABB Trees

One of many variations

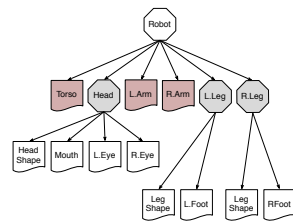
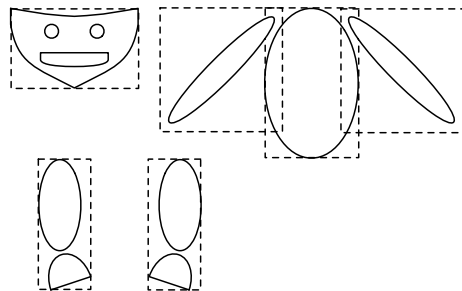


Transformed Bounding Boxes

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AABB Trees

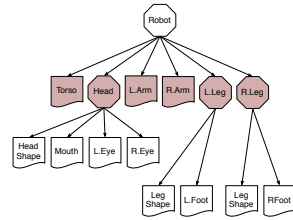
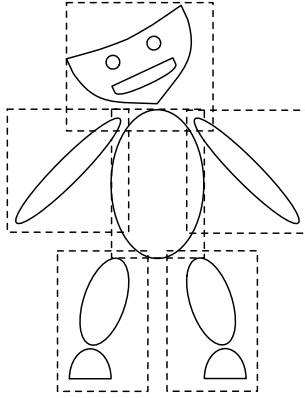
One of many variations



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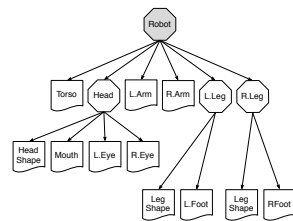
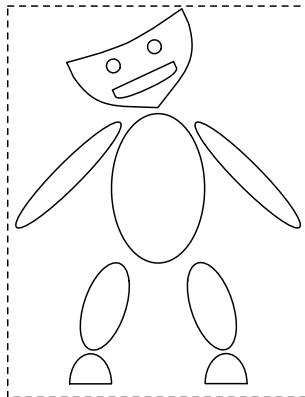
AABB Trees

One of many variations



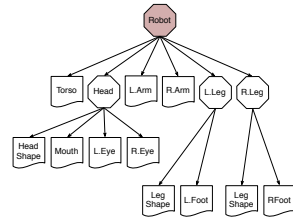
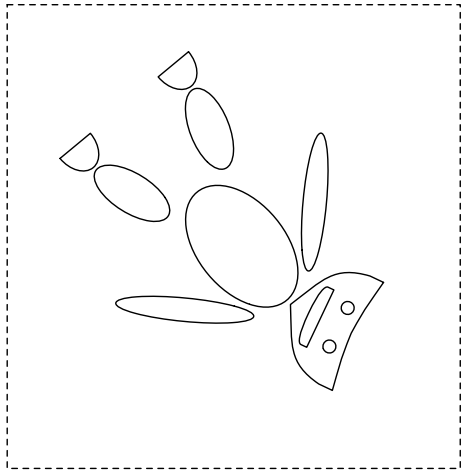
AABB Trees

One of many variations



AABB Trees

One of many variations



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Ray Test Against Bound Tree

- `RayHitSubTree (&ray, node)`
 - If `RayHitsBB (ray, node.xfBB)`
 - `ixfRay = Inverse (node.xf) * ray`
 - If `RayHitsBB (ixfRay, node.BB)`
 - If node is group
 - Foreach child in `node.children`
 - `RayHitSubTree (ixfRay, child)`
 - else // node not group
 - `RayHitGeometry (ixfRay, node.geom)`
 - `ray.collisionInfo.update (ixfRay)`

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