CS 70 Discrete Mathematics and Probability Theory Spring 2016 Rao and Walrand Discussion 9B

- 1. A roulette of apples You bought 20 apples at your local farmer's market. Due to the organic nature of the apples, they are infested with worms. In particular, each apple contains a single worm with probability 0.3 (mutually independent). (leave answers unevaluated)
 - a) You pick up two apples a_1 and a_2 .
 - i) What is the probability that there are exactly 2 worms? What is the probability that there is exactly 1 worm? 0 worms?
 - ii) What is $P(a_1 \text{ has worm} | a_2 \text{ has worm})$?
 - iii) What is $P(a_1 \text{ has worm}|\text{there is exactly 1 worm among } a_1 \text{ and } a_2)$?
 - b) You eat all 20 apples.
 - i) What is the probability that you end up eating no worms?
 - ii) what is the probability that you end up eating exactly 1 worm?
 - iii) what is the probability that you end up eating exactly 2 worms?
 - iv) How many apples can you eat if you want the probability of eating no worms to be at least 0.2?
 - c) You pick a single apple at random and slice it into 3 slices. If the apple has a worm, it will be hidden in one of the slices. You bravely eat the slices one by one. Let s_1 , s_2 , s_3 denote the three slices.
 - i) What is $P(s_1 \text{ has no worm}|\text{apple has worm})$
 - ii) What is $P(s_1 \text{ has no worm})$?
 - iii) What is $P(\text{apple has no worm}|s_1|\text{ has no worm})$. Compare your answer to P(apple has no worm).
 - iv) What is $P(s_2 \text{ has no worm} | s_1 \text{ has no worm})$ Compare your answer to $P(s_2 \text{ has no worm})$.
 - v) Using your previous answer, what is the safest way to eat 2 slices of apples?

2. Independence in balls and bins

You have k balls and n bins labelled 1, 2, ..., n, where $n \ge 2$. You drop each ball uniformly at random into the bins.

- a. What is the probability that bin n is empty?
- b. What is the probability that bin 1 is non-empty?
- c. What is the probability that both bin 1 and bin n are empty?
- d. What is the probability that bin 1 is non-empty and bin n is empty?
- e. What is the probability that bin 1 is non-empty given that bin *n* is empty?
- f. What does this tell us about the independence of the two events, A: bin 1 is non-empty and B: bin n is non-empty?

3. Rain and Wind

The local weather channel just released a statistic for the months of November and December. It said that the probability that it would rain on a windy day is 0.3 and the probability that it would rain on a non-windy day is 0.8. The probability of a day being windy is 0.2. As a student in CS70, you are curious to play around with these numbers. Find the probability that

- a. A given day is windy and rainy.
- b. It rains on a given day.
- c. Exactly one of two days is rainy. (Assume that the two days are independent.)
- d. A non-rainy day is also non-windy.