




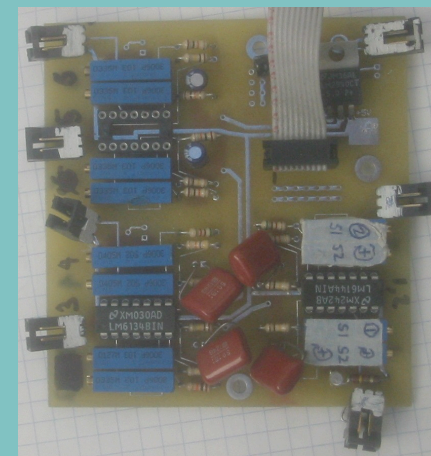
Team 3 Report



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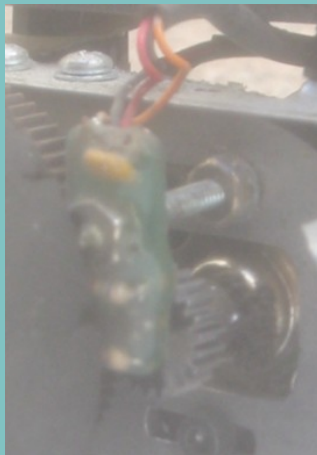
Hardware—Sensors

- Standard induction setup, 2 sensors, expanded to 4
- Velocity detection using all-in-one Hamamatsu
 - Reduced part count
- 6x 2-stage non-inverting amplifier
 - Tunable low-pass filtering, gain; ability to expand sensor model



Hardware—Actuators

- Upgraded servo
 - KO Propo 2343 Digital
 - Slew rate 0.08ms/60deg
 - High Speed Response mode
- H-bridge motor driver
 - Faster braking
- Velocity encoder painted directly on motor gear
 - Reduced part count



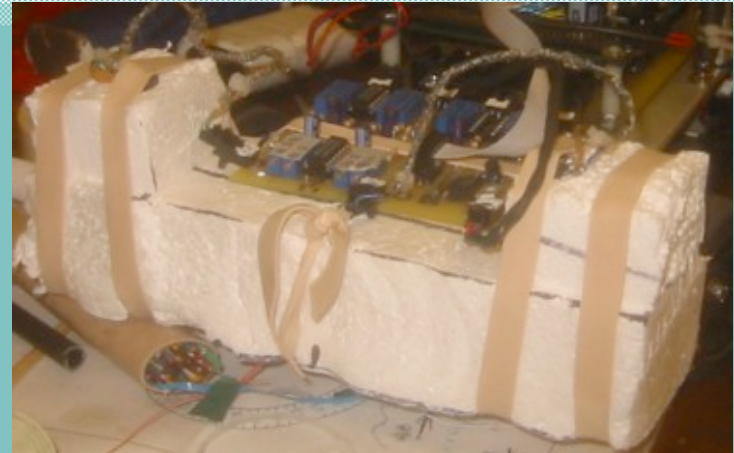
Hardware—User Interface



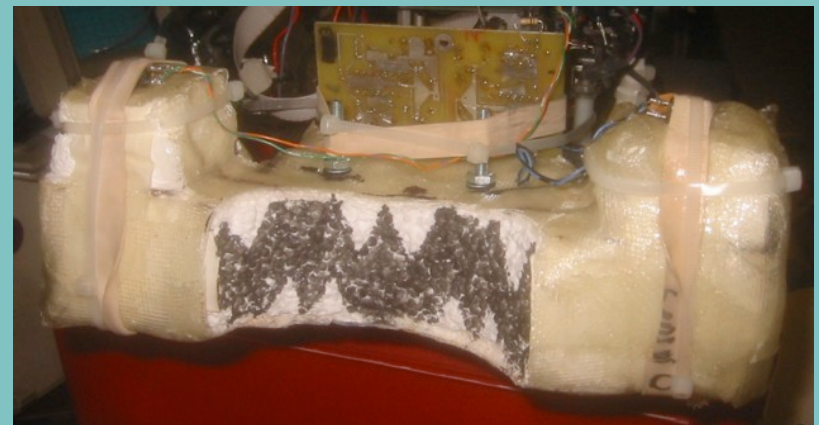
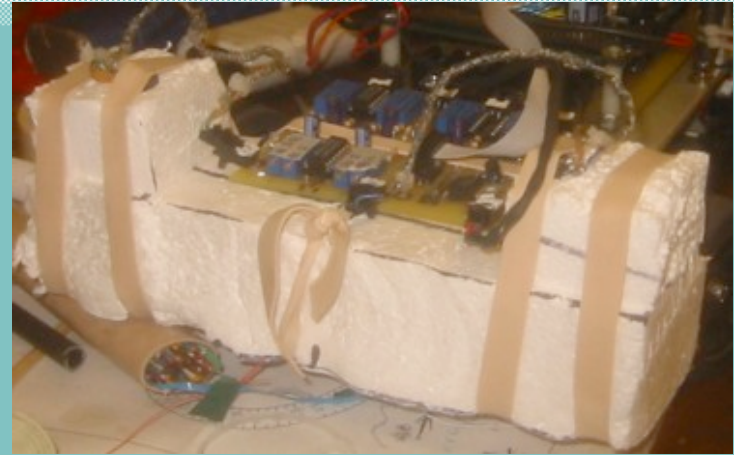
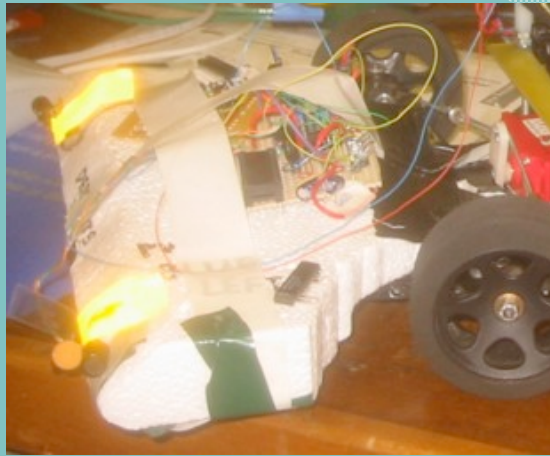
- LCD panel/keypad
 - Long initial time investment
 - Fast debugging, parameter setting
 - On-track calibration
- Piezo Speaker
 - Useful for initial debugging, easy to implement (PWM)
 - Not as much information density as LEDs

Hardware—Construction

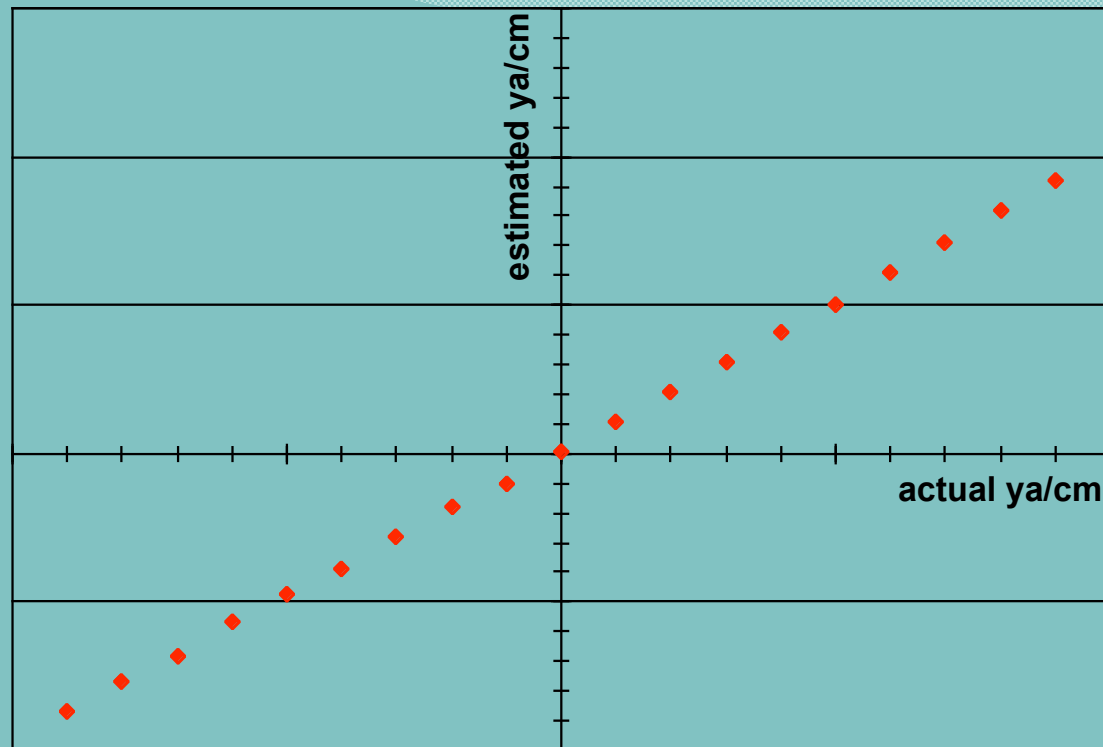
- Styrofoam structure
 - Rapid prototyping
 - Cut with hot wire
- Fiberglass coating
 - Make styrofoam permanent
- Carbon fiber rods
 - Lightweight, cheap
- Rubber bands/zip-ties
 - Quickly change structure
 - No large investment in a bad structure



Hardware—Iterations



Sensors



- Startup calibration over $[-10,+10]$ cm range
- Linear interpolation between calibration values in mm
- Source of error: parallax when calibrating

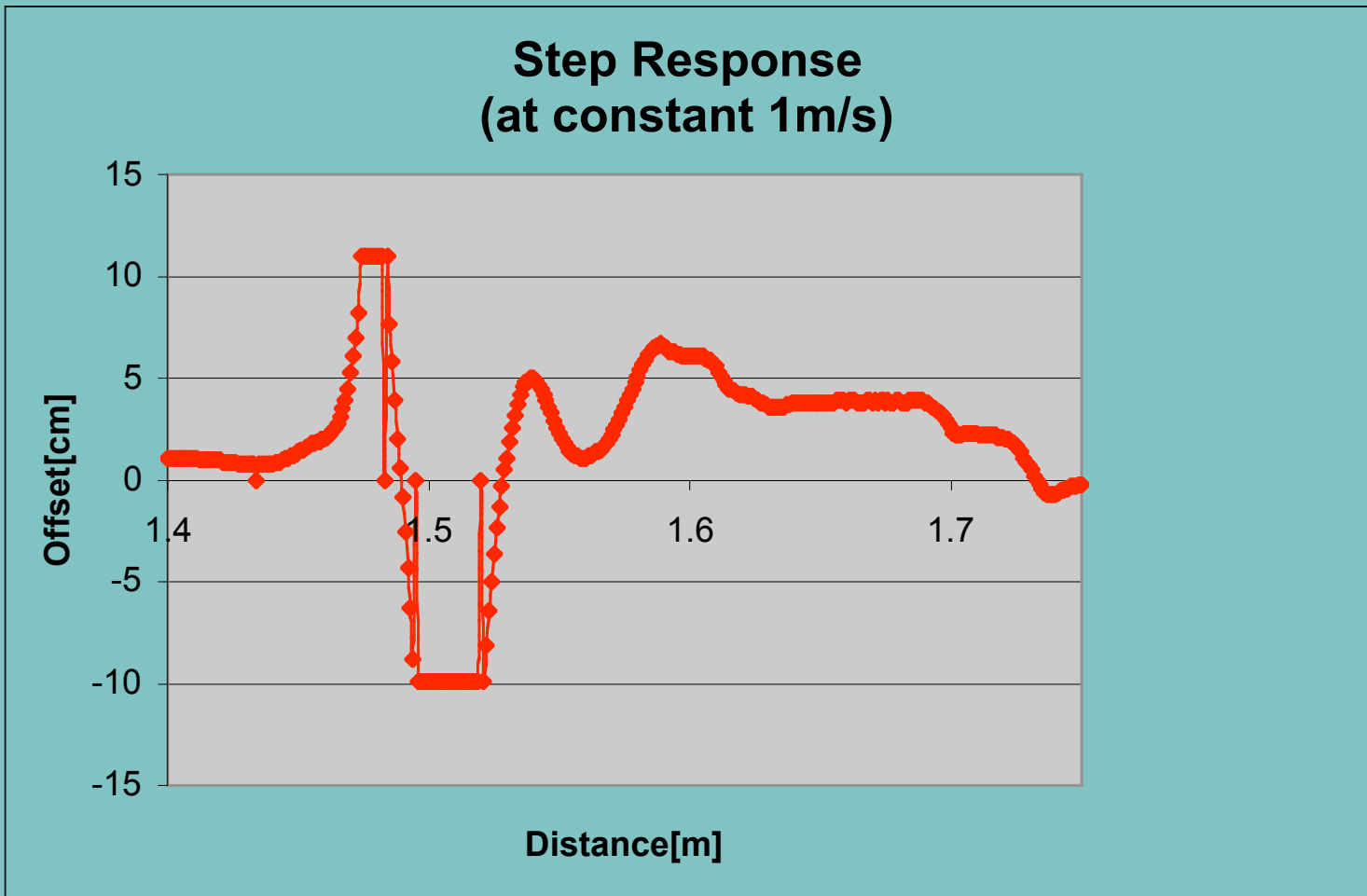
Software

- Initial calibration over $[-10,+10]$ cm, linear interpolation between data points
- User Interface
 - State-machine based
 - Turns off Interrupts while in UI handling
 - All gains, parameters tunable using UI
 - Sensor readings, y_a interpretations available
- Servo control PI parameters stored as float, conversion to integer values; all other values operated as 16-bit integers
- PD control—no track memorization

Control

- Velocity Control (P)
 - $K_p = 63.6 \text{ duty\% / (m/s)}$
- Servo Control (PD)
 - $K_p = 69.8 \text{ rad/m}$
 - $K_d = 0.00291 \text{ rad/(m/s)}$
- Steering state machine
 - On loss of track, use last known state to steer
 - Reduce speed if off track
- Straightaway detection
 - Use front sensors (“hardware lookahead”)
 - If $\{|y_a|, |y_{a_dot}|, |y_{a_front}|\} < \text{error}$, increase speed
 - Separate servo K_p , K_d parameters at high speed

Performance



Modifications for NATCAR

- Smoother controller
 - Change velocity smoothly depending on tracking quality
 - Digital filtering of control to reduce oscillations
- 4WD, full suspension chassis (TC3)
- Decrease resolution dropoff after ± 8 cm
- Broader frequency response of sensors
- Track memorization
 - Step 1: Feedforward velocity
 - Step 2: Feedforward orientation
 - Memory: 2ms sample interval over 40 seconds, ~40 kbytes storage
- “Lasers” to destroy DeVry, Davis cars

Credits

- H-Bridge, Power Sch - JS
- H-bridge/Pwr PCB - FC
- Construction - DL
- Sensor Hardware - DL
- Sensor Software - JS
- UI - FC
- Control - ALL
- Debugging & Tuning - ALL

