

UC Berkeley EECS
Lecturer SOE
Dan Garcia

The Beauty and Joy of Computing

Lecture #22: Computational Game Theory

2010-11-17

CHECKERS SOLVED IN 2007!

A 19-year project led by Prof Jonathan Schaeffer, he used dozens (sometimes hundreds) of computers and AI to prove it is, in perfect play, a ... draw! This means that if two Gods were to play, nobody would ever win!



www.cs.ualberta.ca/~chinook/

Computational Game Theory

- History
- Definitions
 - Game Theory
 - What Games We Mean
 - Win, Lose, Tie, Draw
 - Weakly / Strongly Solving
- Gamesman
 - Dan's UndergraduateR&D Group
 - Demo!!
- Future







Computer Science ... A UCB view

CS research areas:

- Artificial Intelligence
- Biosystems & Computational Biology
- Computer Architecture & Engineering
- Database Management Systems
- Graphics
- Human-Computer Interaction
- Operating Systems & Networking
- Programming Systems
- Scientific Computing
- Security
- Theory
- **-** ...

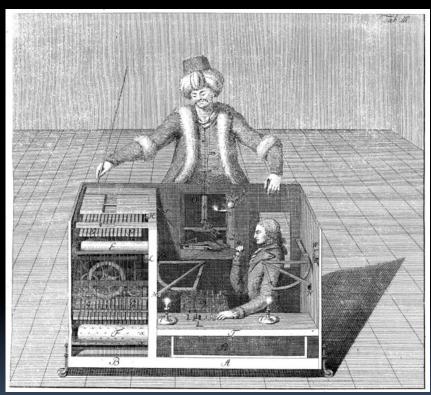






The Turk (1770)

- A Hoax!
- Built by Wolfgang von Kempelen
 - to impress the Empress
- Could play a strong game of Chess
 - Thanks to Master inside
- Toured Europe
 - Defeated Benjamin Franklin& Napoleon!
- Burned in an 1854 fire
 - Chessboard saved...



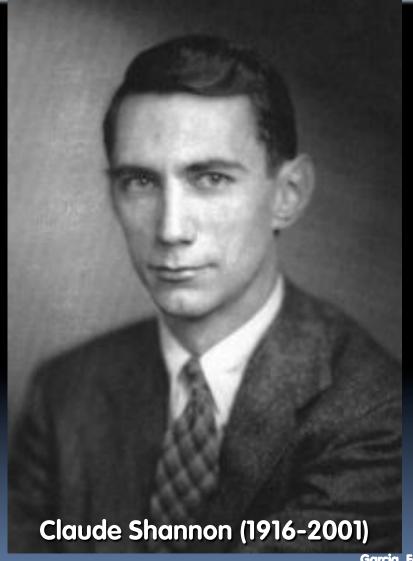
The Mechanical Turk (1770)





Claude Shannon's Paper (1950)

- The "Father of Information Theory"
 - Founded the digital computer
 - Defined fundamental limits on compressing/storing data
- Wrote "Programming a Computer for Playing Chess" paper in 1950
 - C. Shannon, *Philos. Mag.* 41, 256 (1950).
 - All chess programs today
 have his theories at their core
 - His estimate of # of Chess
 positions called "Shannon #"







Deep Blue vs Garry Kasparov (1997)

- **Kasparov World Champ**
- 1996 Tournament
 - First game DB wins a classic!
 - But DB loses 3 and draws 2 to lose the 6-game match 4-2
 - In 1997 Deep Blue upgraded, renamed "Deeper Blue"
- 1997 Tournament
 - GK wins game 1
 - GK resigns game 2
 - even though it was draw!
 - DB & GK draw games 3-5
 - Game 6: 1997-05-11 (May 11th)
 - Kasparov blunders move 7. loses in 19 moves. Loses tournament 3 ½ - 2 ½
 - GK accuses DB of cheating. No rematch.







IBM's Deep Blue vs Garry Kasparov







Defining moment in AI history



What is "Game Theory"?

Combinatorial

- Sprague and Grundy's 1939 Mathematics and Games
- Board games
- Nim, Domineering, dots and boxes
- Film: Last Year in Marienbad
- Complete info, alternating moves
- Goal: Last move

Computational

- R. C. Bell's 1988 Board and Table Games from many Civilizations
- Board games
- Tic-Tac-Toe, Chess, Connect 4, Othello
- Film : Searching for Bobby Fischer
- Complete info, alternating moves
- **Goal: Varies**

Economic

- von Neumann and Morgenstern's 1944 Theory of Games and Economic Behavior
- Matrix games
- Prisoner's dilemma, auctions
- Film : A Beautiful Mind (about John Nash)
- **Incomplete** info, simultaneous moves
- Goal: Maximize payoff





What "Board Games" do you mean?

- No chance, such as dice or shuffled cards
- Both players have complete information
 - No hidden information, as in Stratego & Magic
- Two players (Left & Right) usually alternate moves
 - Repeat & skip moves ok
 - Simultaneous moves not ok
- The game can end in a pattern, capture, by the absence of moves, or ...





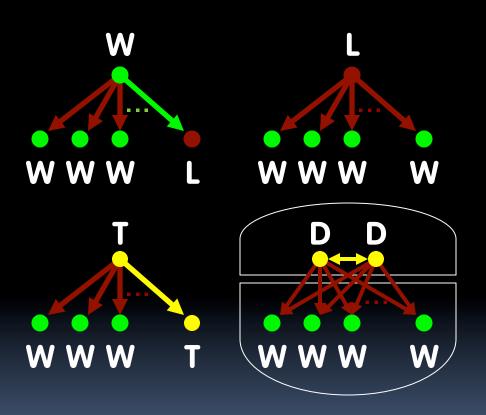




What's in a Strong Solution

For every position

- Assuming alternating play
- Value ...(for player whose turn it is)
 - Winning (∃ losing child)
 - Losing (All children winning)
 - <u>Tieing</u> (!3 losing child, but 3 tieing child)
 - <u>Drawing</u> (can't force a win or be forced to lose)
- Remoteness
 - How long before game ends?







GamesCrafters

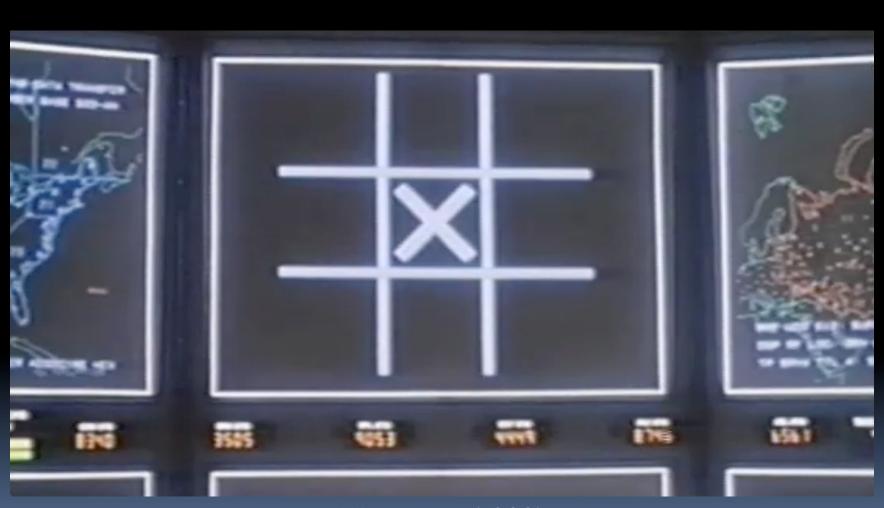
- We <u>strongly solve</u> abstract strategy games and puzzles
 - 70 games / puzzles in our system
 - Allows perfect play against an opponent
 - Ability to do a postgame analysis







What did you mean "strongly solve"?



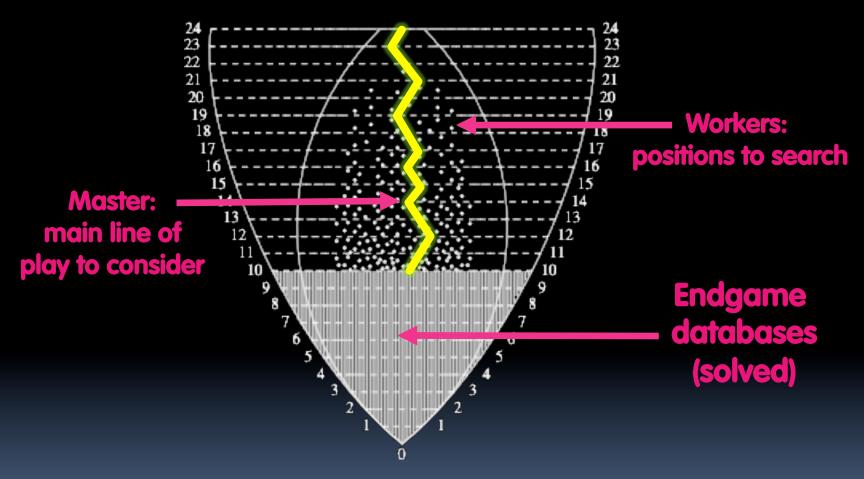
Wargames (1983)





Thanks to Jonathan Schaeffer for this slide...

Weakly Solving A Game (Checkers)



Log of Search Space Size

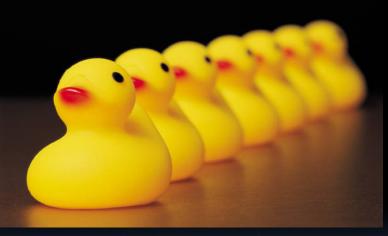


Garcia, Fall 2010

BY NO SA

Strong Solving Example: 1,2,...,10

- Rules (on your turn):
 - Running total = 0
- Rules (on your turn):
 - Add 1 or 2 to running total
- Goal
 - Be the FIRST to get to 10
- Example
 - Ana: "2 to make it 2"
 - Bob: "1 to make it 3"
 - Ana: "2 to make it 5"
 - Bob: "2 to make it 7" → photo
 - Ana: "1 to make it 8"
 - Bob: "2 to make it 10" | WIN!



7 ducks (out of 10)



Example: Tic-Tac-Toe

Rules (on your turn):

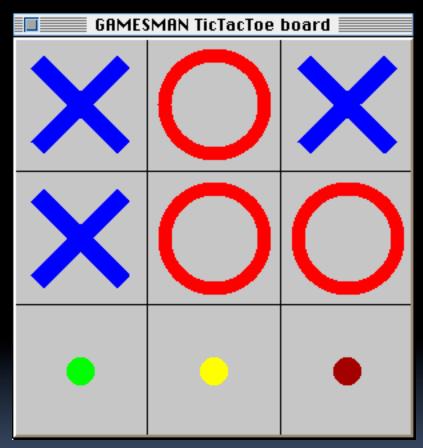
Place your X or O in an empty slot on 3x3 board

Goal

- If your make 3-in-a-row first in any row / column / diag, win
- Else if board is full with no 3-in-row, tie

Misére is tricky

- 3-in-row LOSES
- Pair up and play now, then swap who goes 1st



Values Visualization for Tic-Tac-Toe

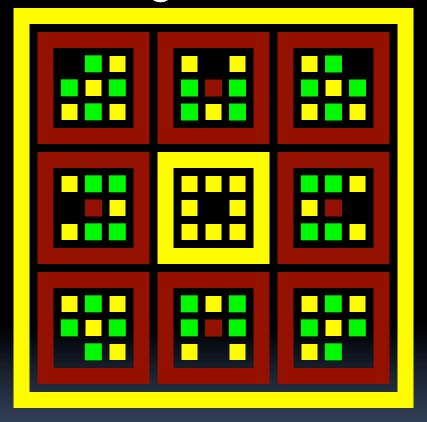






Tic-Tac-Toe Answer Visualized!

- Recursive Values Visualization Image
- Misére Tic-tac-toe
 - Outer rim is position
 - Inner levels moves
 - Legend
 - Lose
 - Tie
 - Win



Misére Tic-Tac-Toe 2-ply Answer

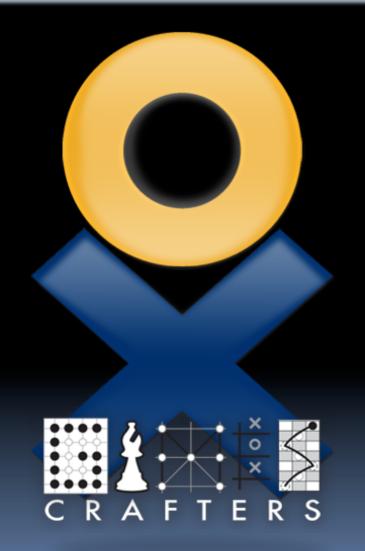




GamesCrafters.berkeley.edu

GamesCrafters

- Undergraduate Computational Game Theory Research Group
- 300 students since 2001
 - We now average 20/semester!
 - They work in teams of 2+
- Most return, take more senior roles (sub-group team leads)
 - Maximization (bottom-up solve)
 - Oh, DeepaBlue (parallelization)
 - <u>G</u>UI (graphical interface work)
 - Retro (GUI refactoring)
 - <u>A</u>rchitecture (core)
 - New/ice Games (add / refactor)
 - Documentation (games & code)







Connect 4 Solved, Online!

- We've just finished a solve of Connect 4!!
- It took 30 Machines x8 Cores x 1 weeks
- Win for the first player (go in the middle!)
 - 3,5 = tie
 - -1,2,6,7 = lose







Future

- Board games are exponential in nature
 - So has been the progress of the speed / capacity of computers!
 - Therefore, every few years, we only get to solve one more "ply"
- One by one, we're going to solve them and/or beat humans
 - We'll never solve some
 - E.g., hardest game : Go

17408965065903192790718 8238070564367946602724 950263541194828118706801 05167618464984116279288 98871493861209698881632 07806137549871813550931 2951480336966057289307 5468180597603

Go's search space ~ 3³⁶¹



