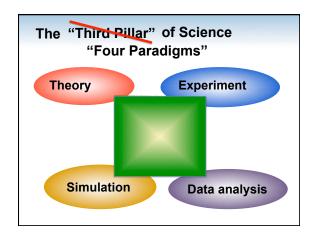


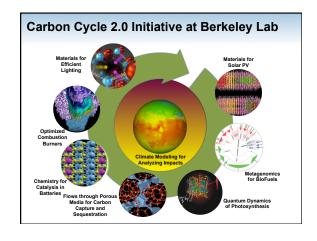
# Using Computers for Science and Engineering Computers are used to understand things that are: • too big • too small • too fast • too slow • too expensive or • too dangerous for experiments Understanding the universe like Alzheimer's Energy-efficient combustion engines



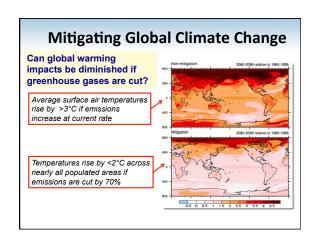
## Addressing Challenges using Computing

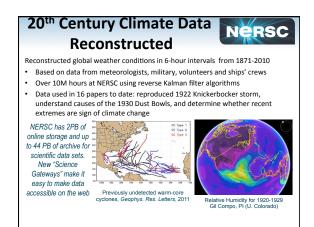
- · Two of the most significant challenges
  - Our changing world: understanding climate change, alternative energy sources, mitigation techniques, etc.
  - Health and medicine: understanding the human body, development of treatments, and disease prevention

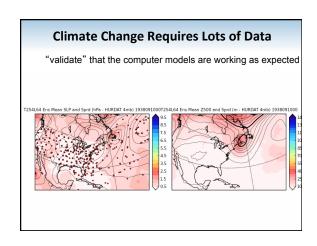


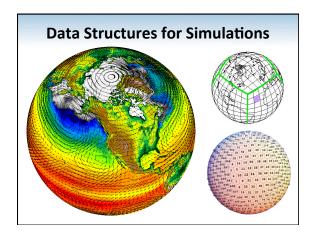


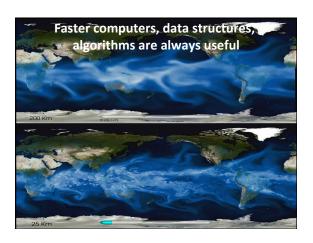


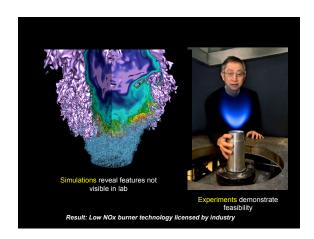


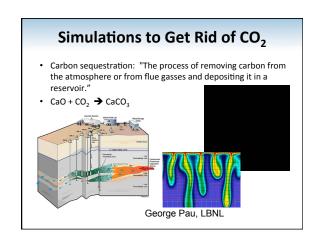










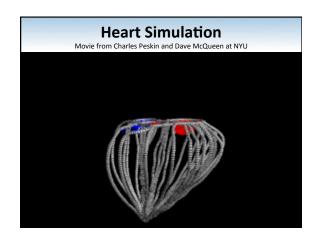


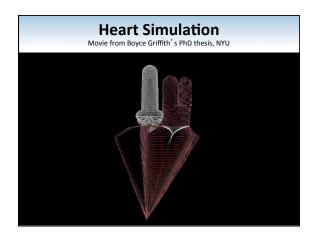
### Towards a Digital Human: The 20+ Year Vision

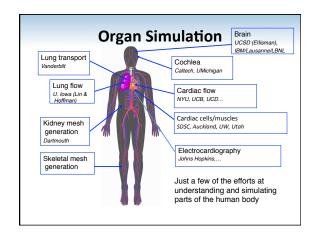
- Imagine a "digital body double"
  - -3D image-based medical record
  - Includes diagnostic, pathologic, and other information
- Used for:
  - Diagnosis
  - -Less invasive surgery-by-robot
  - Experimental treatments

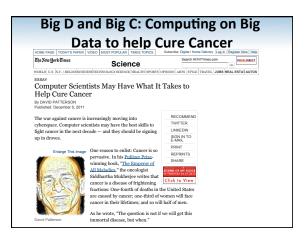
# The Visible Human Project - 18,000 digitized sections of the body Male: 1mm sections, released in 1994 Female: .33mm sections, released in 1995 Goals study of human anatomy testing medical imaging algorithms - Current applications: educational, diagnostic, treatment planning, virtual reality, artistic, mathematical and industrial Used by > 1,400 licensees in 42 countries

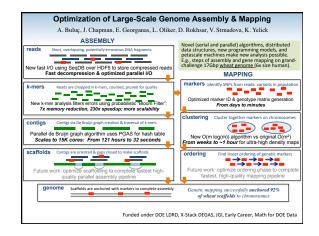
## The National Library of Medicine's Visible Human Project (TM) Human-Computer Interaction Lab Univ. of Maryland at College Park







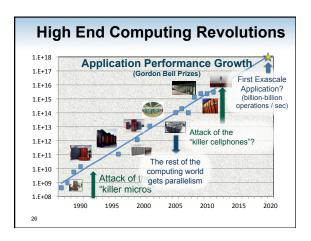




### **Trends in Computer Science**

Which of the following are true?

- A. Moore's Law says that processor performance doubles every 18 months
- B. Moore's Law has ended
- C. Most of the time in scientific codes is spent doing arithmetic
- D. None of the above
- E. All of the above



#		Manufacturer	Computer	Country	Cores	Rmax [Pflops]	Power [MW]
1	National University of Defense Technology	NUDT	Tianhe-2 NUDT TH-IVB-FEP, Xeon 12C 2.2GHz, IntelXeon Phi	China	3,120,000	33.9	17.8
2	Oak Ridge National Laboratory	Cray	Titan Cray XK7, Opteron 16C 2.2GHz, Gemini, NVIDIA K20x	USA	560,640	17.6	8.21
3	Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory	IBM	Sequoia BlueGene/Q, Power BQC 16C 1.6GHz, Custom	USA	1,572,864	17.2	7.89
4	RIKEN Advanced Institute for Computational Science	Fujitsu	K Computer SPARC64 VIIIfx 2.0GHz, Tofu Interconnect	Japan	795,024	10.5	12.7
5	Argonne National Laboratory	IBM	Mira BlueGene/Q, Power BQC 16C 1.6GHz, Custom	USA	786,432	8.59	3.95
6	Swiss National Supercomputing Centre (CSCS)	Cray	Piz Daint Cray XC30, Xeon E5 8C 2.6GHz, Aries, NVIDIA K20x	Switzer- land	115,984	6.27	2.33
7	Texas Advanced Computing Center/UT	Dell	Stampede PowerEdge C8220, Xeon E5 8C 2.7GHz, Intel Xeon Phi	USA	462,462	5.17	4.51
8	Forschungszentrum Juelich (FZJ)	IBM	JuQUEEN BlueGene/Q, Power BQC 16C 1.6GHz, Custom	Germany	458,752	5.01	2.30
9	Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory	IBM	Vulcan BlueGene/Q, Power BQC 16C 1.6GHz, Custom	USA	393,216	4.29	1.97
10	Leibniz Rechenzentrum	IBM	SuperMUC iDataPlex DX360M4, Xeon E5 8C 2.7GHz. Infiniband FDR	Germany	147,456	2.90	3.52



### **Technology for Innovation**

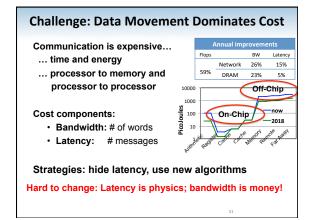
Which of the following are true?

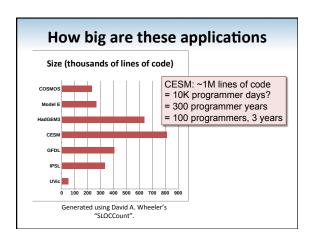
- A. Google developed its own programming language to hide machine failures
- B. iPhones are programmed using Java
- C. Web search algorithms use only integer arithmetic, not floating point (real) numbers
- D. Scientific computing is done mostly using "Vector Supercomputers"
- E. All of the above

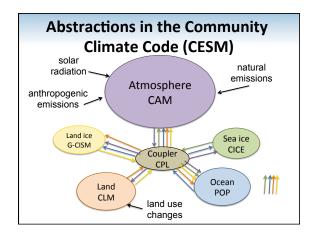
## The Fastest Computers (for Science) Have Been Parallel for a Long Time

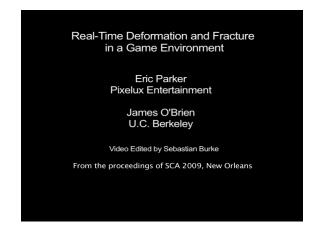
- Fastest Computers in the world: top500.org
- Our Hopper Computer has 150,000 cores and > 1 Petaflop (10<sup>15</sup> math operations / second)







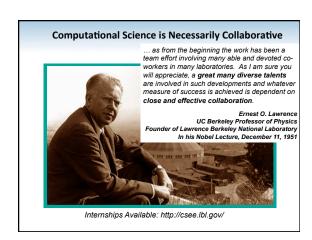




### **Writing Software**

Which of the following are true?

- A. Most computer software is written by brilliant hackers, working alone
- B. Parallel programming is a solved problem
- C. Speed of programming and speed of programs are the top goals in software
- D. Most software is rewritten from scratch every few years
- E. None of the above



### Why Study Computer Science?

- 1) Because computers can help solve important problems
- 2) Because computers are fun to program
- 3) Because computers make a good career
- 4) Because you will get to work with lots of great people