

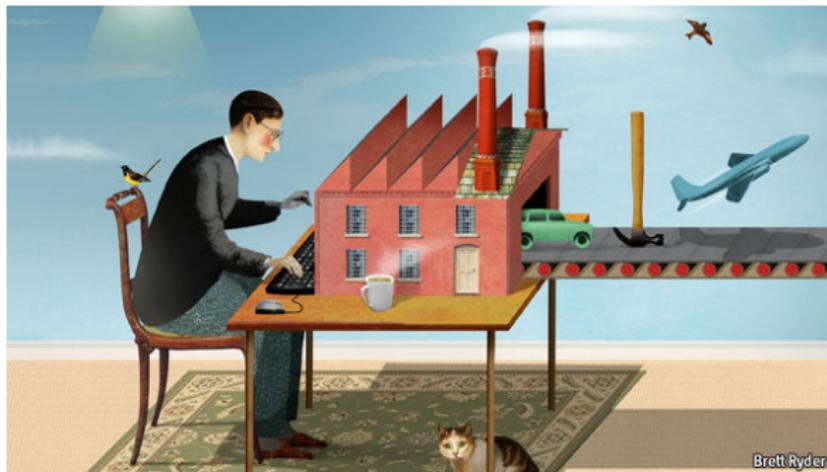
Future Design + Fabrication

Jonathan Bachrach

EECS UC Berkeley

October 22, 2015

- proposals as presentations for tuesday
- alternating weeks of 1-1 and presentations
- thu dec 10th final presentation during rr week
- final project writeups due tue dec 15



- big/small scales
- practical materials
- novel fabrication techniques
- speed

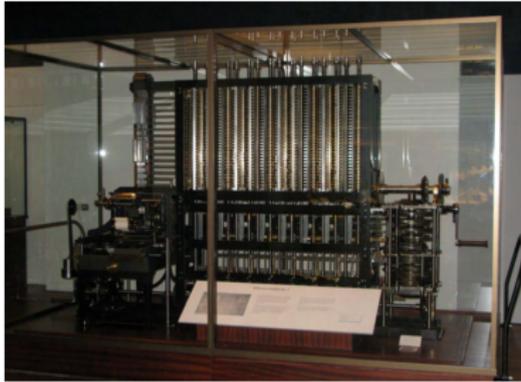
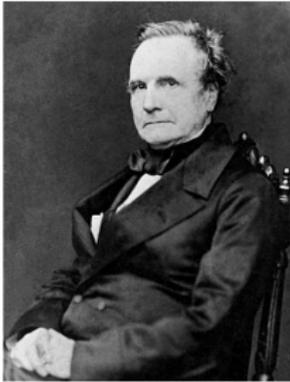


knitting -> 3d printing

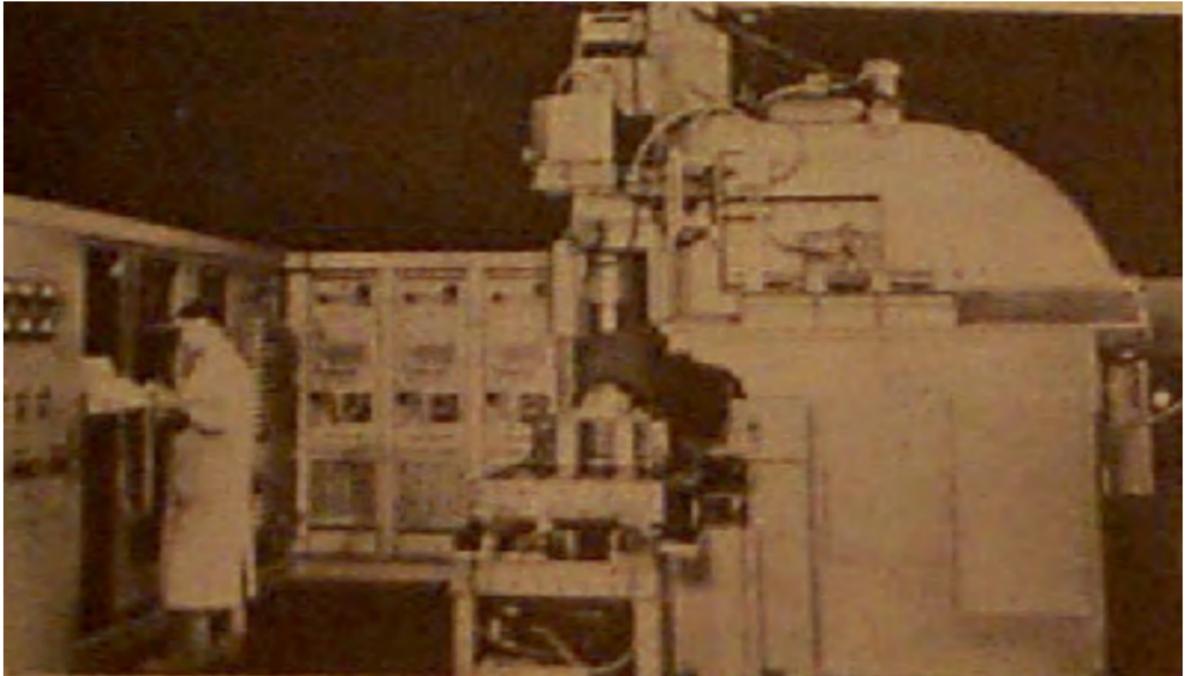




Jacquard



Charles Babbage + Ada Lovelace



John T Parsons + MIT



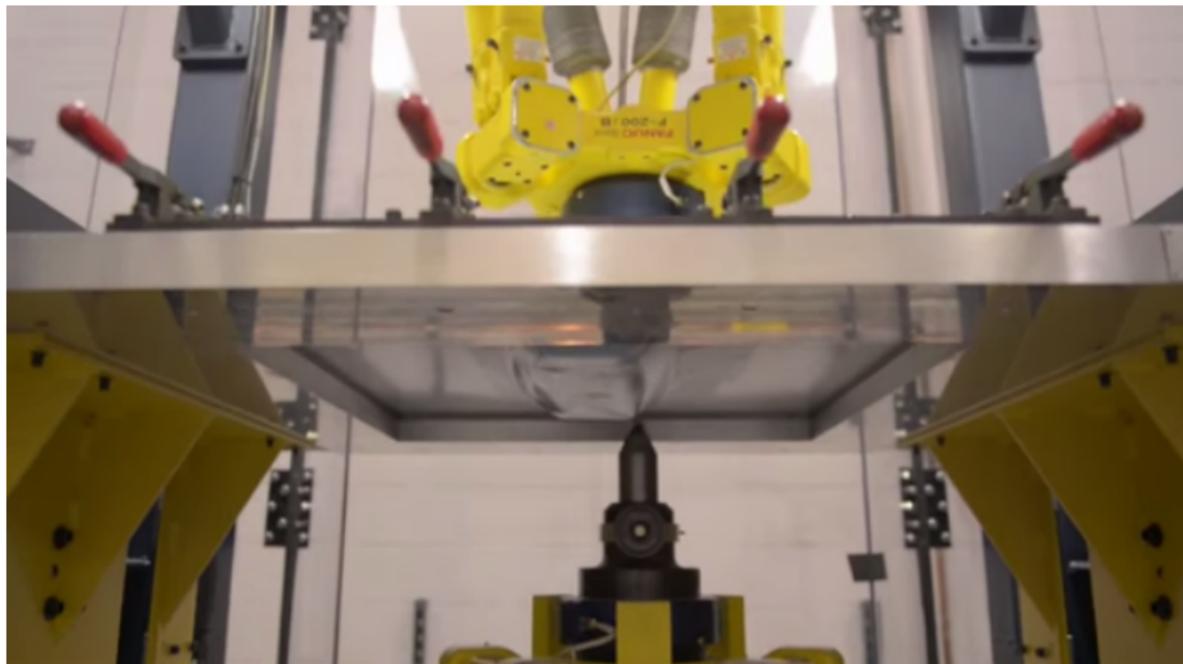
Charles Hull

cnc dimensions

- size
- material
- technique
- speed



<https://vimeo.com/41425580>



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=w15_wUVxRvw&hd=1

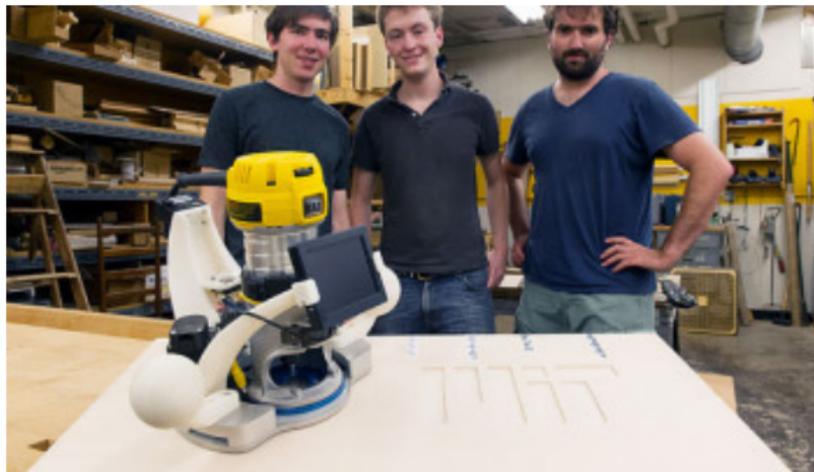


[http://www.popsci.com/technology/article/2012-04/
video-robot-spider-weaves-intricate-web-around-itself](http://www.popsci.com/technology/article/2012-04/video-robot-spider-weaves-intricate-web-around-itself)



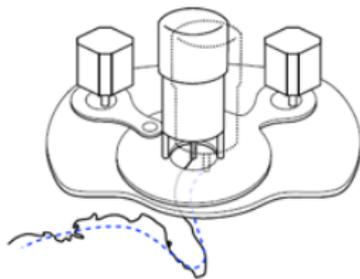
<http://www.fabtotum.com/>

- can we use computers to guide humans to better fabricate?
- lower cost
- leverage skilled workforce
- still do fabrication hard by humans alone





(a)



(b)



(c)

<http://www.alectrivers.com/positioncorrectingtools/>



(a) Target 3D model



(b) Guidance projected onto material

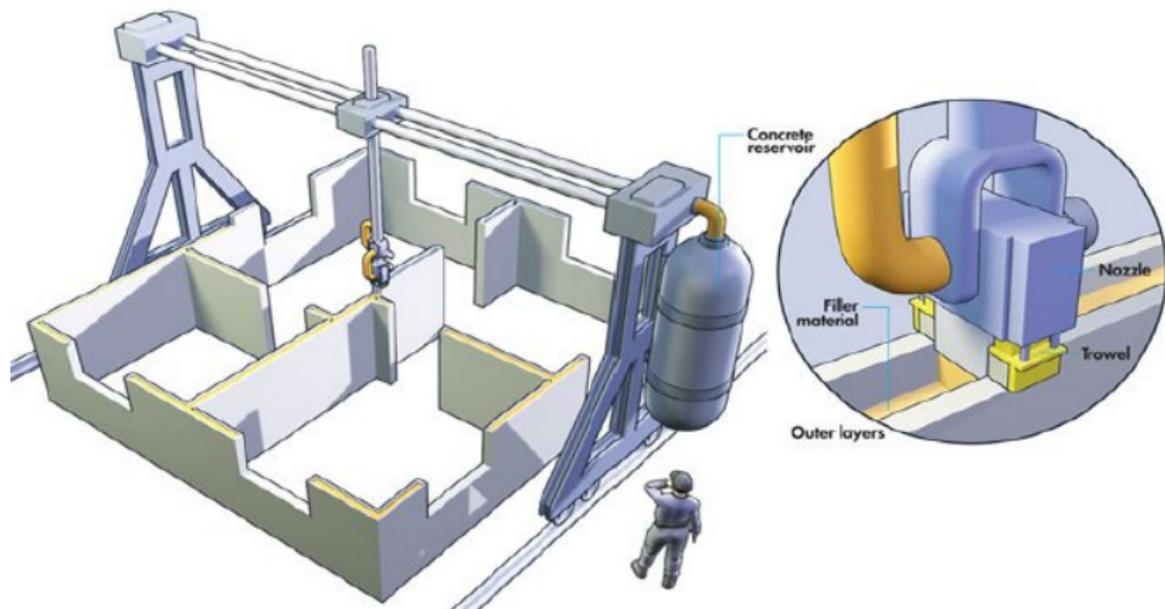


(c) Sculpted physical replica

<http://www.alecrivers.com/sculptingbynumbers/>

- robots are assembling cars
- what are other possibilities?



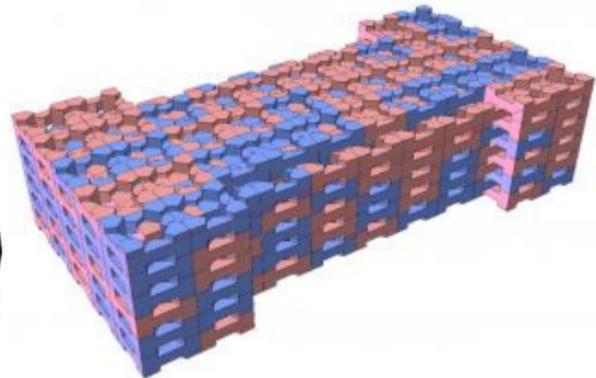
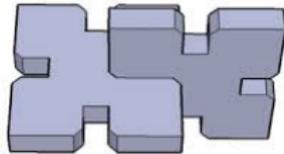
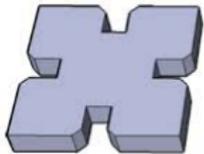


https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=j_qxZPl7SqU



<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kDW6XCB7HPE>

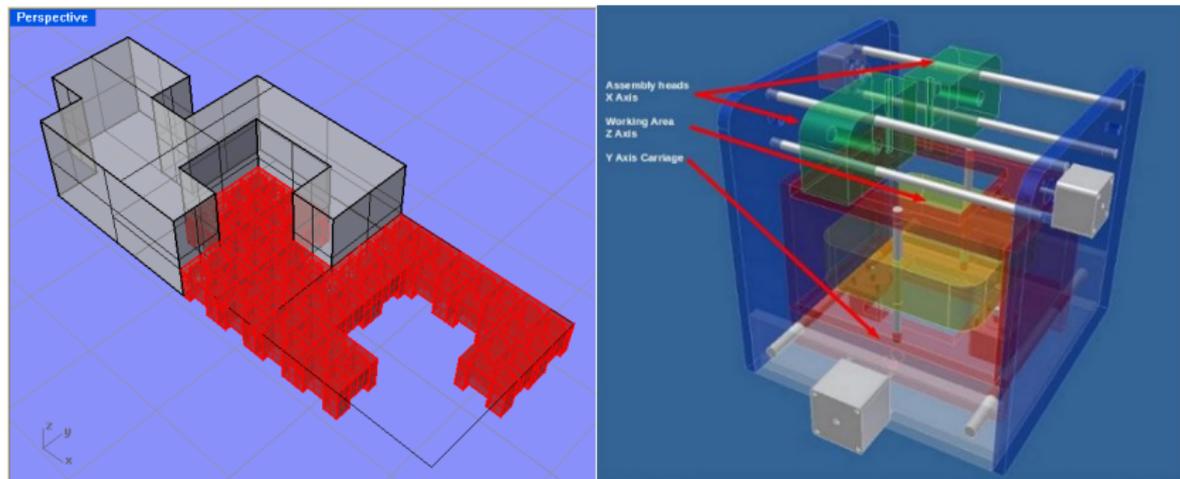
- error correction
- reusable



MIT CBA + Cornell

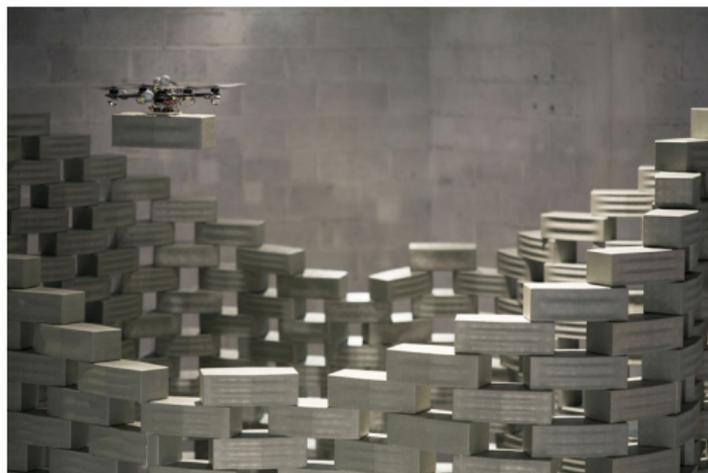


<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-szj1hVMGh4>

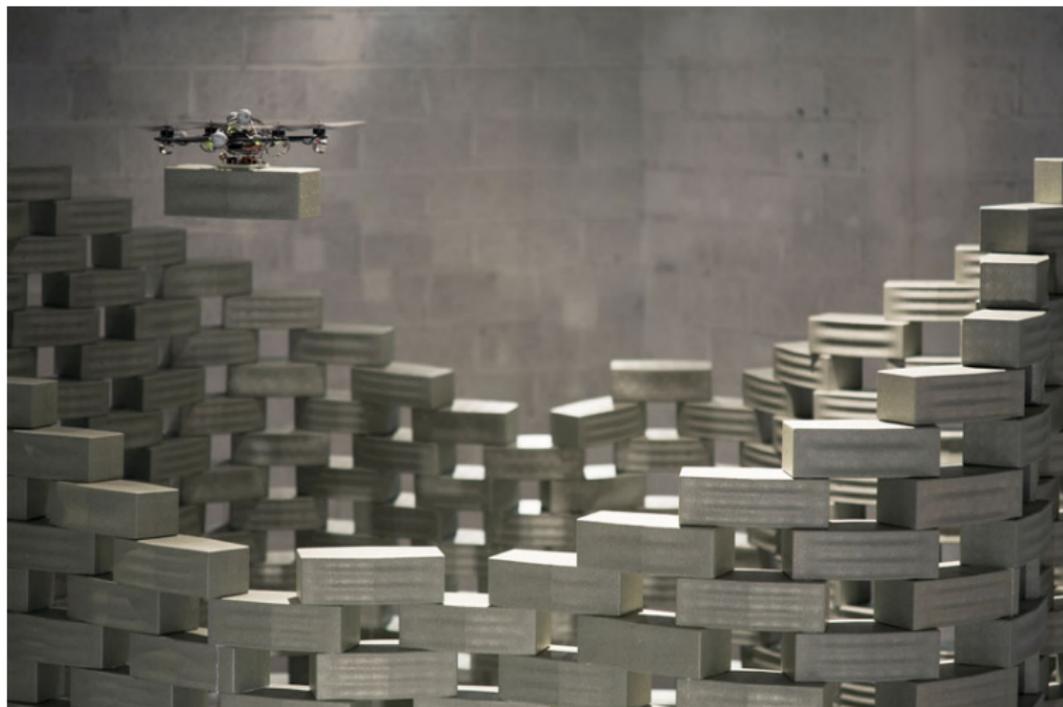


file:///users/jrb/jproto/lib/talks/jik/hippo.mov

- scale up to use multiple robots
- how to break up construction task
- what are appropriate materials and robots?



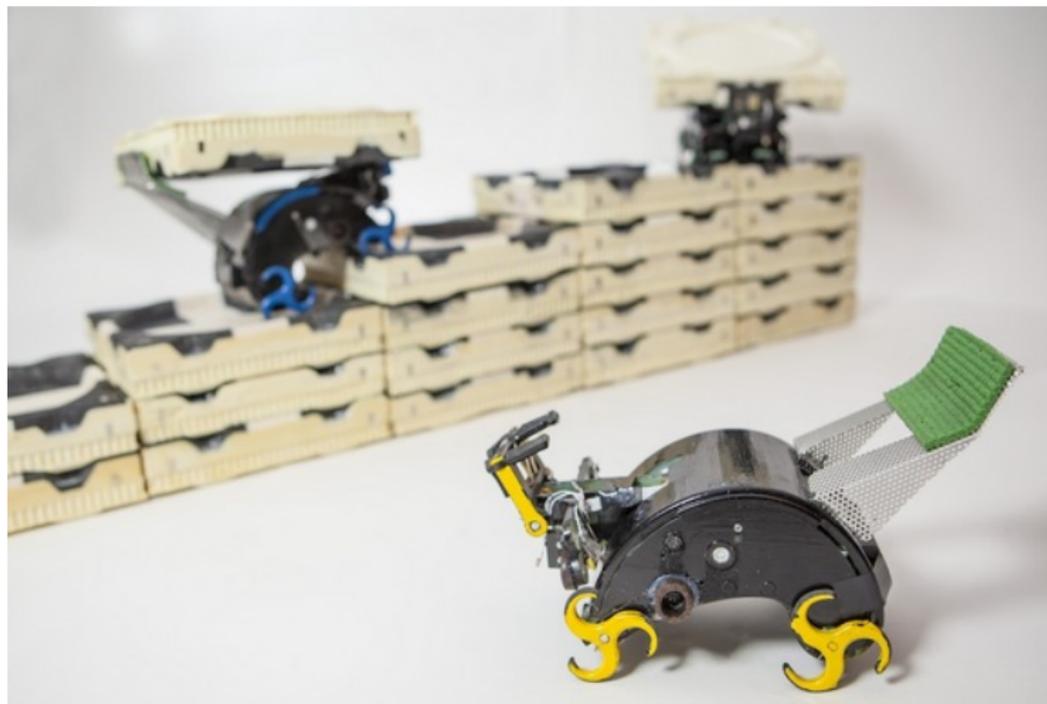
ETH



<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xvN9Ri1GmuY>

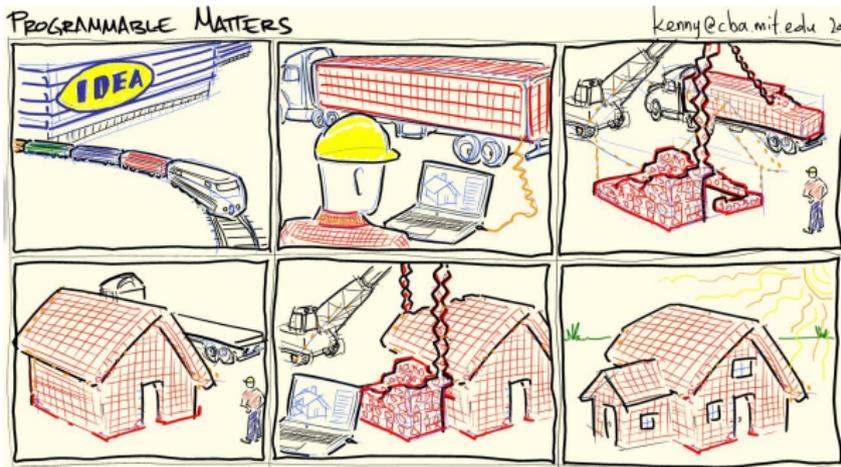


https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_T0J5PB2av8

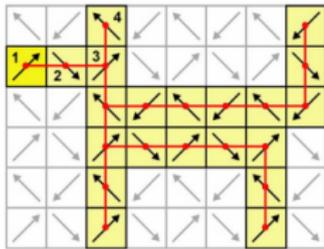


<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LFwk303p0zY&feature=youtu.be>

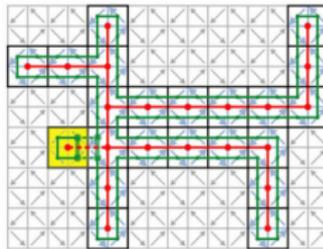
- reconfigure and recycle materials
- what are units?
- is it universal?



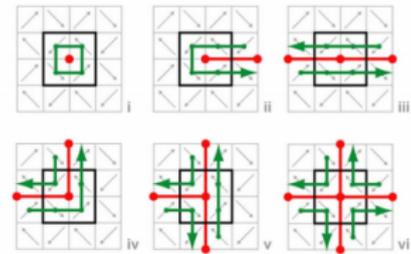
bachrach + cheung + griffith + et al



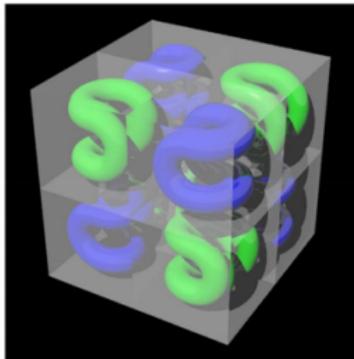
(a)



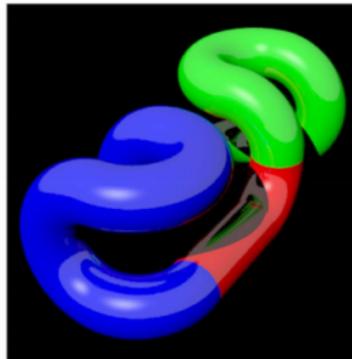
(b)



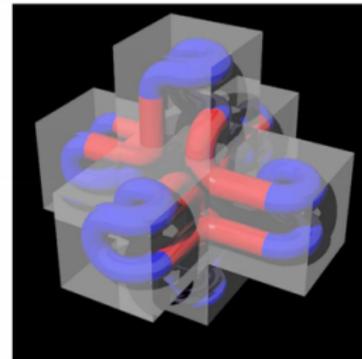
(c)



(d)

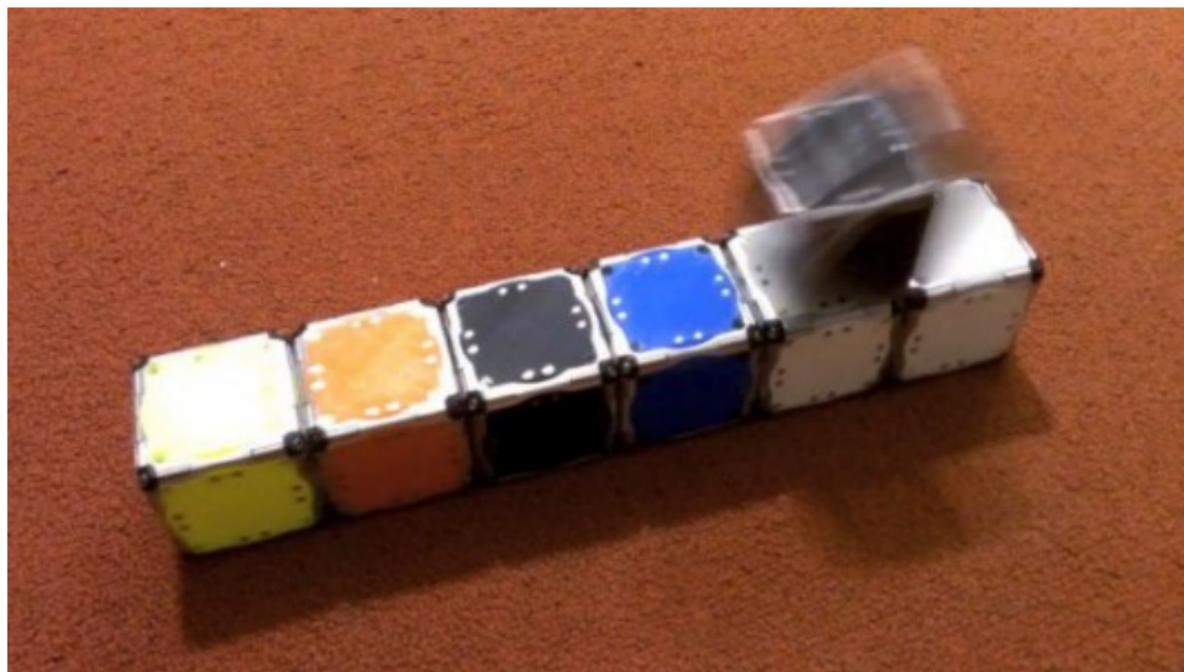


(e)



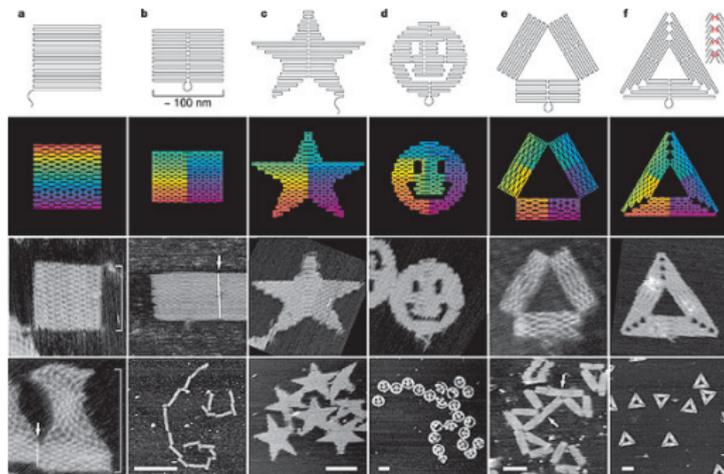
(f)

<http://www.jbot.org/out/sf-structures.mov>

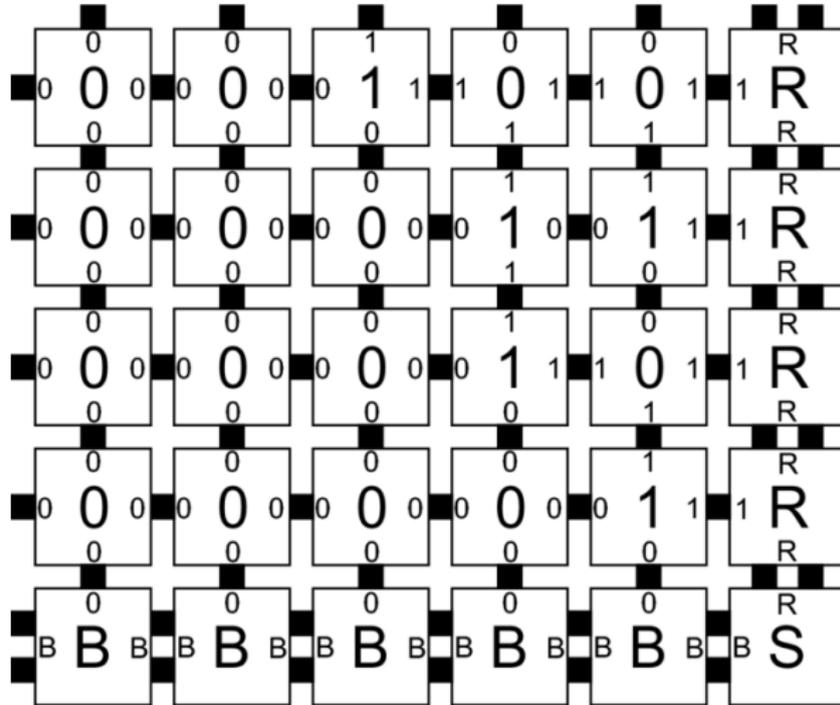


<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6aZbJS6LZbs>

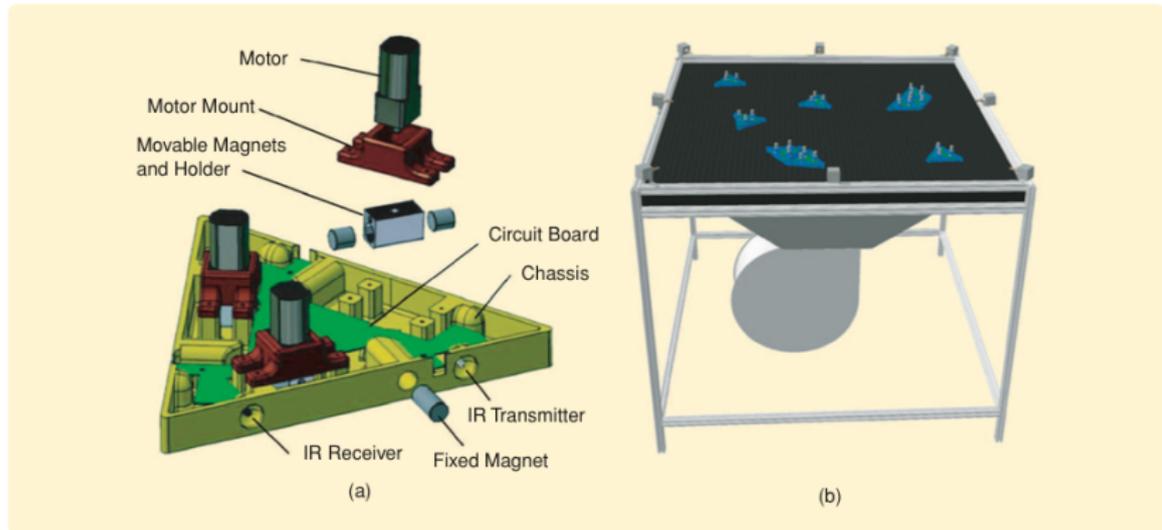
- nature constructs through distributed and collaborative motion
- how do you program it?
- is it universal?
- is it alive?



paul rothemund



winfree et al



klavins et al



<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-xv5rHYNXZQ>

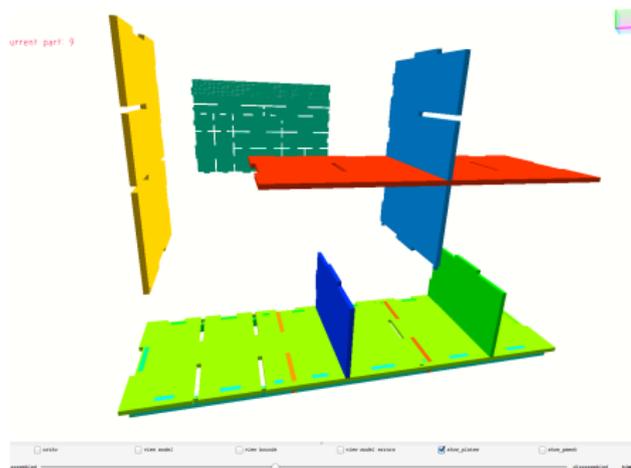


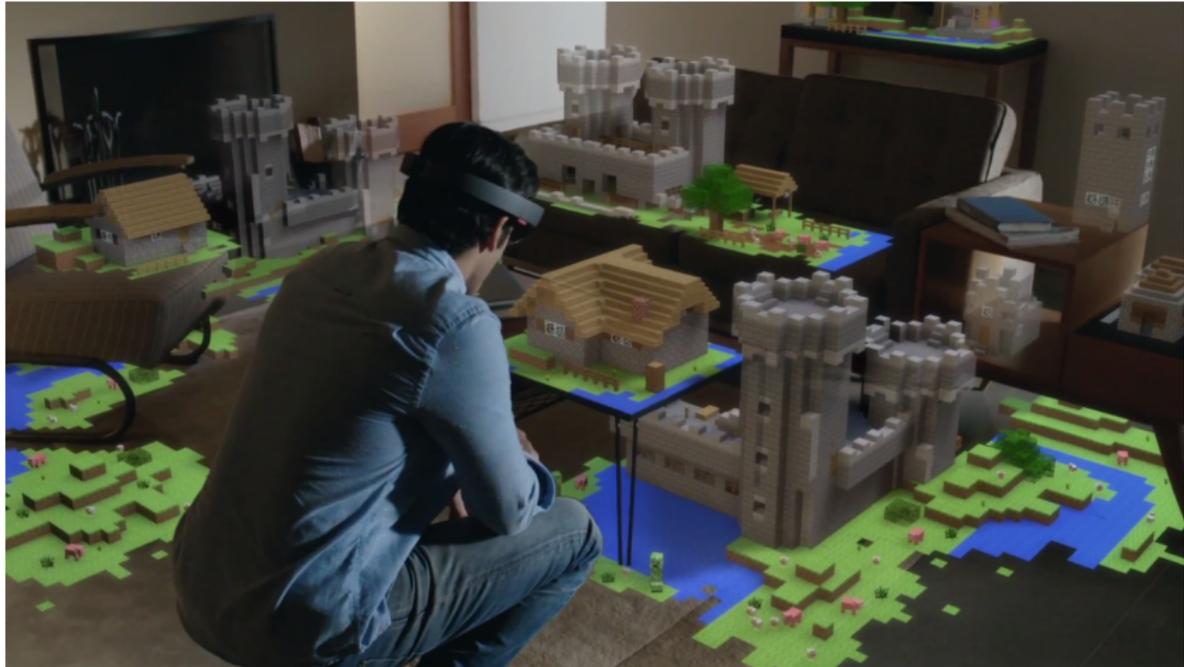
douglas + shih + ...

- don't have a robotic assembler
- human is another machine target
- eventually robot will do assembly
- several ways to communicate assembly instructions



- order of assembly
- topological information
- relative geometric placement including angle and position
- global placement for perspective
- insertion information





<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aThCr0Psyua>



<http://www.jbot.org/out/makani/boyp-720p.mov>



<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hGBi5QxP4AU>

- IMPACT
- BEING DIGITAL
- BEING SOFTWARE
- BEING SOCIAL
- PROBLEM OR SOLUTION

- 1/4 of economy is in manufacturing
- 3/4 if you include shipping and retail

- amplify people and make them more productive
- fewer people needed for basic needs like food clothing shelter
- leads to people spending more time on arts, invention, learning, philosophy, politics, creativity
- in short a vast surplus of time
- result richer healthier longer living and more populous

Advantages of cheap labor are disappearing

- closeness to ultimate consumer
- transportation costs
- flexibility, quality, and reliability

- 1 popular enough to manufacture
 - 2 popular enough for retailers to carry
 - 3 popular enough for you to find through advertising
- amazon shows that web helps with 2 and 3
 - 3d printing helps with lowering costs on 1 and making manufacturing scale-free
 - scale-free manufacturing local similar to global – can scale manufacturing
 - no cost to complexity and short runs

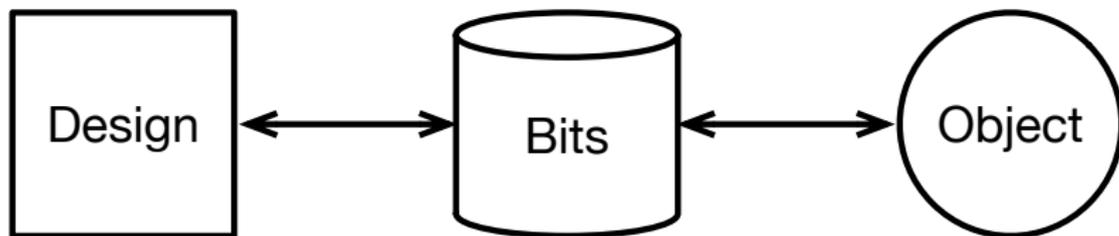
Mass Customization

- make not what you can buy at Walmart but what you can't ***
- power of the unique
- pay more for personalized item and leads to less waste

*** by Neil Gershenfeld in his book Fab

- can reduce shipping because can be made locally
- just in time manufacturing
- only use materials you need
- more personalized and so value it more and will hang onto it longer

- file formats + WWW
- collaboratively created, shared, remixed reimagined, ...
- atoms are the new bits



- more abstraction
- promote reuse
- sw generators instead of static one off designs
- decrease design constraints

- more incremental with stakeholders
- small teams
- simplicity and focus
- steady velocity
- changing requirements so building right thing (vs thing right)
- design rule checking

- gives you voxels
- want high level geometric objects
- infer categories and relationships

- works well with music + video
- designs need to be more remixable
- need to be more reusable
- need abstraction to be successful

- making in public
- virtuous cycle <- people see others make and want to make
- only do value add – borrow rest – less infrastructure

- make this more modular and reusable
- more like software – executable
- getting better

- need more tools to design collaboratively
- floobits plugins for editors
- minecraft
- VR design

- give away the bits and sell the atoms
- get more in return than they lose –
 - support, feedback, documentation, marketing, social capital
- cheaper, faster, better research and development
- people can make products themselves but only 0.1% do

- high level declarative inputs
- learn from example
 - want this and not this but yes that
- learn from big data – all designs
- robotic assembly

- AI and robotics can ultimately do everything better
- so much productivity – people out of jobs
- how to transfer wealth back to people?
- robots are our children

- What are you trying to do? Articulate your objectives using absolutely no jargon. What is the problem? Why is it hard?
- How is it done today, and what are the limits of current practice?
- What's new in your approach and why do you think it will be successful?
- Who cares?
- If you're successful, what difference will it make? What impact will success have? How will it be measured?
- What are the risks and the payoffs?
- How much will it cost?
- How long will it take?
- What are the midterm and final "exams" to check for success? How will progress be measured?

- Clearly Specifies a Problem
- Describes a specific, credible, relevant outcome
- Crisply differentiates the proposed contribution from prior work
- Tells us how the research challenge(s) will be addressed
- Puts the proposed work in context.
- Makes the case to a non-expert.

- Who? (team)
- Why? (motivation and differentiation)
- What? (clear description of outcome)
- How? (break it down)
- Successful? (criteria, objectives)
- When? (schedule)

- *Coordinating Construction of Truss Structures using Distributed Equal-mass Partitioning* by Yun + Schwager + Rus
- *Self-Reconfiguration Using Directed Growth* by Stoy + Nagpal
- *An Introduction to Tile-Based Self-Assembly* by Patitz
- *Design and Analysis of Digital Materials for Physical 3D Voxel Printing* by Hiller + Lipson
- *Digital Materials for Digital Printing* by Popescu + Mahale + Gershenfeld
- *Rapid prototyping of 3D DNA-origami shapes with caDNAno* by Douglas + Marblestone + Teerapittayanon + Vazquez + Church + Shih
- *Programmable Self-Assembly* by Klavins
- *Programmable Assembly With Universally Foldable Strings (Moteins)* by Cheung + Demaine + Bachrach + Griffith
- *Makers: The New Industrial Revolution* by Chris Anderson