

Administrivia

- Project 3 Part A due 3/29 (Monday after SB)
Part B due 4/5 (a week after)
 - Everyone with a partner that wants a partner?
 - Extra Office Hours on Sunday 3/28 in C50 from 1pm
- Midterm 3 on 4/14 (appr. 1 week after Part B is due)
 - Covers OOP to Concurrency (week 8-11)
- What to expect on week we come back...
 - Scheme-2 (the last of the interpreters before MCE)
 - Vectors/Arrays
 - Mutation...the list kind ☺

Environment Diagrams...

Practice...it's on!

Agenda

- Step by Step Environment Diagram Stuff
- Practice, Practice, Practice

The Rules

- What are “**The Rules**”?
 - They're a set of guidelines to follow when doing environment diagrams
 - Follow **The Rules** and you'll be an environment diagram MASTER!
 - Once you've mastered it, you never need to look at them again ☺ (But keep them for reference)
 - Remember...
DON'T THINK, JUST DO! ☺

The Rules

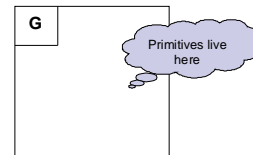
- EVERY expression typed into Scheme is either an **atom** or a **list**

So believe it or not...

STk > (define (a) 3) ;; ← THIS is a LIST!

The Rules

- There is **ALWAYS** a current frame.
- Initially it's the **global environment**



The Rules: Atoms

- **Self-Evaluating:** Numbers, Strings, #t, #f

Example:

STk > 1 ;; no need to do anything
1

- **Symbols:** (aka variables) look for first binding

Example:

STk > x ;; say if (define x 3)
3

The Rules: Lists (aka Compound Expressions)

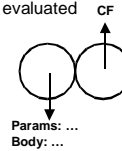
- Take the **car** of it, if it's a special form go to **SPECIAL FORMS of The Rules**
i.e. (define (foo x) 3)
- Otherwise you're calling a procedure!
i.e. (square 3)
 - So evaluate **ALL** subexpressions by **The Rules** then...
 - If **car** is primitive → apply by magic
i.e. (+ 2 3) → *poof* it returns 5
 - If **car** is a λ then...
 - Create frame, f
 - Point f to where λ points
 - Bind formal parameters of λ in f & make f the current frame
 - Use **The Rules** to evaluate the body of λ in f

The Rules: Special Forms

- DESUGAR!
 - Define: $(\text{define } (\text{foo } x) \dots) \rightarrow (\text{define } \text{foo } (\lambda (x) \dots))$
 - Write variable name in current frame
 - Evaluate body by **The Rules** in CF (current frame)
 - Point 1 (variable name) \rightarrow 2 (evaluated body)
 - Let
 - 1. $(\lambda (\text{args}) \text{body}) \text{vals}$ \leftarrow just evaluate again by **The Rules**

The Rules: Special Forms

- $\lambda \rightarrow$ procedure $(\lambda (\text{params}) \text{body})$
 - Draw Bubbles!
 - Left Bubble points to parameters and body
 - Right Bubble points to CF (current frame) where it's being evaluated



Super Simple Example

- What happens when we type:
STk > (define x 3)

First off everything from the STk prompt will be evaluated starting from the global environment. So this expression is saying...

"evaluate the expression (define x 3) in the global environment"

Super Simple Example

- So what's next?
STk > (define x 3)
- Let's look at **The Rules**
- Is it an Atom? **No!**
- Is it a List? **YES!**

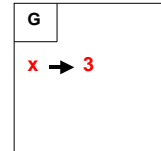
Super Simple Example

- So let's take the **car** of the expression **define** ← lookie it's a special form!
- Go to the Special Form section of **The Rules!**
- No need for any desugaring because the first argument to define is a variable not another list like (define (x) 3), so let's continue on...

Super Simple Example

(define x 3)

So it says in **The Rules** write the variable name in the current frame so...



then evaluate the body...

Then point 1 → 2

Tada!

- So that's an easy variable binding example.
- Let's do one more easy procedure and then we'll do more problems!

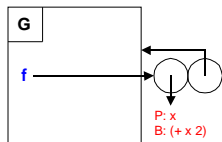
Another Example

(define (f x) (+ x 2))

- So what do we do first with this expression?
- First off, it's a list, second off the car is **define** so...
- DESUGAR!
(define f (λ (x) (+ x 2)))

Another Example

1. Next Write the variable name in the current frame
2. Evaluate the body by **The Rules**
 1. $(\lambda (x) (+ x 2))$
 2. It's a list, the car's a λ so....
 3. Draw Bubbles!
3. Now Point 1 \rightarrow 2

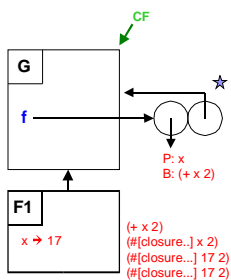


Another Example...Call

- So let's call the procedure $STk > (f 17)$
- So what happens now?
 - It's a list, the car is **NOT** a special form, so evaluate all the subexpressions
 - f is a procedure (let's call this \star)
 - 17 is self-evaluating
 - So now you have $(\star 17)$

Another Example...Call

- So take the car, it's just a λ , so
 - Create a frame, F1
 - Point F1 to where the right bubble of \star points
 - Bind formal parameters of \star in F1, make F1 the current frame
 - Use **The Rules** to eval the body of \star in F1
 - Returns 19 magically by '+'



So LET's do this...

- Remember that you couldn't do

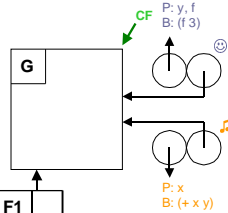

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(let ((y 10)
      (f ( $\lambda (x) (+ x y)$ )))
      (f 3))
```

 just through intuition...but now see the REAL reason why...let's draw the environment diagram for this expression.

So LET's do this...

(let ((y 10) (f (lambda (x) (+ x y))))
(f 3))

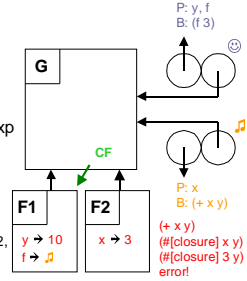
- It's a list! Take the **car**, it's the special form LET so...
- DESUGAR!
(lambda (y f) (f 3))
- Evaluate all subexpressions
 - (lambda (y f) (f 3)) → ⊙
 - 10 → 10
 - (lambda (x) (+ x y)) → ⚡
- Now call the procedure ⊙
 - Create a frame, F1
 - Point F1 to where ⊙'s right bubble points
 - Bind formal parameters y & f in F1, make F1 the current frame
 - Use **The Rules** to eval the body of ⊙ in F1



So LET's do this...

(lambda (y f) (f 3))

- 10
- (lambda (x) (+ x y))
- So the body of ⊙ is: (f 3)
- It's a list, the car's not a special form, eval all subexp
 - (f 3)
- Now call ⚡ on 3
 - Create a frame, F2
 - Point F2 to where ⚡'s right bubble points
 - Bind formal parameters in F2, make F2 the current frame
 - Use **The Rules** to eval the body of ⚡



Okay that's enough of that...

- So hopefully you're comfy with easy problems.
- Now let's do some more...don't you love me ☺