1. What would Python print?

```python
>>> watch_me = ["whip", "nae nae", "bop", "superman"]
>>> len(watch_me)

>>> watch_me[0]

>>> watch_me[-1]

>>> watch_me[0][1]

>>> watch_me[:len(watch_me) - 1]

>>> watch_me[-1:]`
```
2. Implement `list_of_digits(n)`, which takes in a positive integer and returns a list of that number’s digits. Write both a recursive and iterative version.

```python
def list_of_digits(n):
    """
    >>> list_of_digits(3)
    [3]
    >>> list_of_digits(435)
    [5, 3, 4]
    """
```

## 2 Dictionaries

1. Implement `gpa_calc(students)`, which takes in a dictionary of student names to their GPAs and returns a list of students whose GPA is above the 3.0 requirement to be a CS major.

```python
def gpa_calc(students):
    """
    >>> students = {
        "Peter": 2.54, "Henry": 3.98, "Alice": 3.29,
        "Lynn": 2.46, "Kyle": 3.54
    }
    >>> gpa_calc(students)
    ["Alice", "Kyle", "Henry"]
    """
```
def create_team(a, b, c):
    """Constructor for creating a team of three pokemon.
    There always must be a pokemon given in parameter a.
    If not all three slots are full, then it will be an
    empty string""".
    return {"first":a, "second":b, "third":c}

def choose(team, index):
    """Selects the pokemon at the given index of the team.
    """
    return team[index]

def add_to_team(pokemon, team):
    """Adds the given pokemon to the team. It will add
    to the next available spot in the team.
    If there are no more spots, the pokemon will not be added.
    Returns the team.
    """
    for key in team:
        if team[key] == "":
            team[key] = pokemon
            return team
    return team
1. Correct the following code so it does not violate abstraction barriers:

```python
def catch(pokemon, team):
    """Changes the team to reflect caught pokemon.
    Returns the team.
    """
    team["third"] = pokemon
    return team
```

```python
def battle(team1, team2):
    """Team1 wins if the first pokemon is greater than team2's first pokemon.
    Team2 wins if the first pokemon is greater than team1's first pokemon.
    """
    if team1["first"] > team2["first"]:
        print("Team 1 wins!")
    else:
        print("Team 2 wins!")
```
4 Linked Lists

1. Implement `empty`, `is_link`, `link(first, rest)`, `first(s)`, and `rest(s)`.

```python
def is_link(s):
    """s is a linked list if it is empty or a (first, rest) pair."""

def link(first, rest):
    """Construct a linked list from its first element and the rest."""

def first(s):
    """Return the first element of a linked list s."""

def rest(s):
    """Return the rest of the elements of a linked list s."""
```
2. Draw a box and pointer for the following code:
   >>> a = link(1, link(2, link(link(3, empty), empty))))

3. Implement `everyother(lst)`, which takes in a linked list and returns a new linked list with only the even index elements.
   ```python
def everyother(lst):
    """
    >>> linked_lst = link(1, link(3, link(7, link(5, link(6, empty)))))
    >>> new_linked_lst = everyother(linked_lst)
    >>> first(new_linked_lst)
    1
    >>> first(rest(new_linked_lst))
    7
    >>> first(rest(rest(new_linked_lst)))
    6
    """
   ```