## 1 Law and Order

Write the pre-order, in-order, post-order, DFS, and BFS traversal of the following binary search tree. Assume for DFS and BFS, process child nodes left to right.

```
10

/ \

3 12

/ \ \

1 7 13

\

15
```

## 2 Is This a BST?

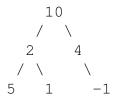
The following code should check if a given binary tree is a BST. However, for some binary trees, it is returning the wrong answer. Think about an example of a binary tree for which the method fails. Then, write isBSTGood so that it is correct. **Hint**: You will find Integer.MIN\_VALUE and Integer.MAX\_VALUE helpful.

```
public static boolean isBSTBad(TreeNode T) {
    if (T == null) {
        return true;
    } else if (T.left != null && T.left.val > T.val) {
        return false;
    } else if (T.right != null && T.right.val < T.val) {</pre>
        return false;
    } else {
        return isBSTBad(T.left) && isBSTBad(T.right);
    }
}
public static boolean isBSTGood(TreeNode T) {
    return isBSTHelper(
                                                                       );
public static boolean isBSTHelper(
                                                                          ) {
```

}

## 3 Sum Paths

Define a root-to-leaf path as a sequence of nodes from the root of a tree to one of its leaves. Write a method printSumPaths (TreeNode T, int k) that prints out all root-to-leaf paths whose values sum to k. For example, if RootNode is the binary tree rooted in 10 in the diagram below and k is 13, then the program will print out  $10 \ 2 \ 1$  on one line and  $10 \ 4 \ -1$  on another.



(a) Provide your solution by filling in the code below:

}

(b) What is the worst case running time of the printSumPaths in terms of N, the number of nodes in the tree? What is the worst case running time in terms of h, the height of the tree?