1 Playing with Puppers

Suppose we have the Dog and Corgi classes which are defined below with a few methods but no implementation shown. (modified from Spring ‘16, MT1)

```java
public class Dog {
    public Dog() { /* D1 */ }
    public void bark(Dog d) { /* Method A */ }
}

public class Corgi extends Dog {
    public Corgi() { /* C1 */ }
    public void bark(Corgi c) { /* Method B */ }
    @Override
    public void bark(Dog d) { /* Method C */ }
    public void play(Dog d) { /* Method D */ }
    public void play(Corgi c) { /* Method E */ }
}
```

For the following main method at each call to play or bark, circle the options corresponding to the methods that will be executed at runtime. If there will be a compiler error or runtime error, circle that instead.

```java
public static void main(String[] args) {
    Dog d = new Corgi(); Compiler-Error Runtime-Error C1 D1
    Corgi c = new Corgi(); Compiler-Error Runtime-Error C1 D1
    Dog d2 = new Dog(); Compiler-Error Runtime-Error C1 D1
    Corgi c2 = new Dog(); Compiler-Error Runtime-Error C1 D1
    Corgi c3 = (Corgi) new Dog(); Compiler-Error Runtime-Error C1 D1
    d.play(c); Compiler-Error Runtime-Error A B C D E
    d.play(d); Compiler-Error Runtime-Error A B C D E
    c.play(d); Compiler-Error Runtime-Error A B C D E
    c.play(c); Compiler-Error Runtime-Error A B C D E
    c.bark(d); Compiler-Error Runtime-Error A B C D E
    c.bark(c); Compiler-Error Runtime-Error A B C D E
    d.bark(d); Compiler-Error Runtime-Error A B C D E
    d.bark(c); Compiler-Error Runtime-Error A B C D E
    d.bark((int)c); Compiler-Error Runtime-Error A B C D E
    c.bark((Corgi)d2); Compiler-Error Runtime-Error A B C D E
    ((Corgi)d).bark(c); Compiler-Error Runtime-Error A B C D E
    ((Dog)c).bark(c); Compiler-Error Runtime-Error A B C D E
    c.bark((Dog)c); Compiler-Error Runtime-Error A B C D E
}
```
2 Dynamic Method Selection

Modify the code below so that the max method of DMSList works properly. Assume all numbers inserted into DMSList are positive, and we only insert between sentinel and sentinel.tail. You may not change anything in the given code. You may only fill in blanks. You may not need all blanks. (Adapted from Spring ’17, MT1)

```java
public class DMSList {
    private IntList sentinel;
    public DMSList() {
        sentinel = new IntList(-1000, _____________________);
    }

    public class IntList {
        public int head;
        public IntList tail;
        public IntList(int h, IntList t) {
            head = h;
            tail = t;
        }

        public int max() {
            return Math.max(item, tail.max());
        }
    }

    public int max() {  
        return sentinel.tail.max();
    }
}
/* Returns 0 if list is empty. Otherwise, returns the max element. */
public int max() {
    return sentinel.tail.max();
}
```
3 Flirbocon

Consider the declarations below. Assume that Falcon extends Bird. (Spring ’17, MT1)

```java
Bird bird = new Falcon();
Falcon falcon = (Falcon) bird;
```

Consider the following possible features for the Bird and Falcon classes. Assume that all methods are instance methods (not static!). The notation `Bird::gulgate(Bird)` specifies a method called `gulgate` with parameter of type `Bird` from the `Bird` class.

F1. The `Bird::gulgate(Bird)` method exists.
F2. The `Bird::gulgate(Falcon)` method exists.
F3. The `Falcon::gulgate(Bird)` method exists.
F4. The `Falcon::gulgate(Falcon)` method exists.

(a) Suppose we make a call to `bird.gulgate(bird);`
Which features are sufficient ALONE for this call to compile? For example if feature F3 or feature F4 alone will allow this call to compile, select F3 and F4.

- [ ] F1
- [ ] F2
- [ ] F3
- [ ] F4
- [ ] Impossible

Select a set of features such that this call executes the `Bird::gulgate(Bird)` method. For example, if having features F2 and F4 only (and not F1 and F3) would result in `Bird::gulgate(Bird)` being executed, only select F2 and F4.

- [ ] F1
- [ ] F2
- [ ] F3
- [ ] F4
- [ ] Impossible

Select a set of features such that this call executes the `Falcon::gulgate(Bird)` method.

- [ ] F1
- [ ] F2
- [ ] F3
- [ ] F4
- [ ] Impossible

(b) Suppose we make a call to `falcon.gulgate(falcon);`
Which features are sufficient ALONE for this call to compile?

- [ ] F1
- [ ] F2
- [ ] F3
- [ ] F4
- [ ] Impossible

Select a set of features such that this call executes the `Bird::gulgate(Bird)` method.

- [ ] F1
- [ ] F2
- [ ] F3
- [ ] F4
- [ ] Impossible

Select a set of features such that this call executes the `Bird::gulgate(Falcon)` method.

- [ ] F1
- [ ] F2
- [ ] F3
- [ ] F4
- [ ] Impossible

Select a set of features such that this call executes the `Falcon::gulgate(Bird)` method.

- [ ] F1
- [ ] F2
- [ ] F3
- [ ] F4
- [ ] Impossible

Select a set of features such that this call executes the `Falcon::gulgate(Falcon)` method.

- [ ] F1
- [ ] F2
- [ ] F3
- [ ] F4
- [ ] Impossible