









Overflow in Arithmetic (1/2)

- Reminder: Overflow occurs when there is a "mistake" in arithmetic due to the limited precision in computers.
- Example (4-bit unsigned numbers):

15	1111
+ 3	<u>+ 0011</u>
18	10010
But we don'	t have room for

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 But we don't have room for 5-bit solution, so the solution would be 0010, which is +2, and "wrong".

Two "Logic" Instructions

- Here are 2 more new instructions
- Shift Left: sll \$\$1,\$\$2,2 #\$1=\$2<<2
 Store in \$\$1 the value from \$\$2 shifted 2 bits to the left (they fall off end), inserting 0's on right; << in C.
 - Before:0000 0002_{hex}
 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0010_{two}
 - After: 0000 0008_{hex} 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 1000_{two}
 What arithmetic effect does shift left have?
- Shift Right: srl is opposite shift; >>
 - Shint Right. **Sh** is opposite shin;

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Loops in C/Assembly (3/3)

- There are three types of loops in C:
 - whiledo ... while
 - □ for
- Each can be rewritten as either of the other two, so the method used in the previous example can be applied to these loops as well.
- Key Concept: Though there are multiple ways of writing a loop in MIPS, the key to decision-making is conditional branch





Inequalities in MIPS (2/4)

- How do we use this? Compile by hand: if (g < h) goto Less; #g:\$s0, h:\$s1
- Answer: compiled MIPS code... slt \$t0,\$s0,\$s1 # \$t0 = 1 if g<h bne \$t0,\$0,Less # goto Less # if \$t0!=0 # (if (g<h)) Less:
- Register \$0 always contains the value 0, so bne and beq often use it for comparison after an slt instruction.
- A slt → bne pair means if(... < ...)goto...

Inequalities in MIPS (3/4)

- Now we can implement <, but how do we implement >, ≤ and ≥ ?
- We could add 3 more instructions, but:
 MIPS goal: Simpler is Better
- Can we implement ≤ in one or more instructions using just slt and branches?
 - What about >?
 - □ What about ≥?

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Inequalities in MIPS (4/4) # a:\$s0, b:\$s1 slt \$t0,\$s0,\$s1 # \$t0 = 1 if a<b beq \$t0,\$0,\$kip # skip if a >= b <stuff> # do if a<b skip: Two independent variations possible: Use slt \$t0,\$s1,\$s0 instead of slt \$t0,\$s0,\$s1 Use bne instead of beq





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