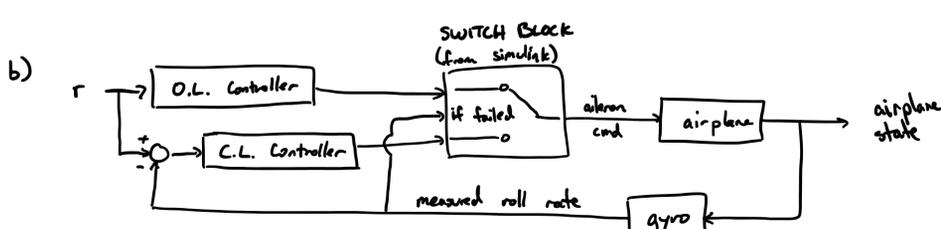
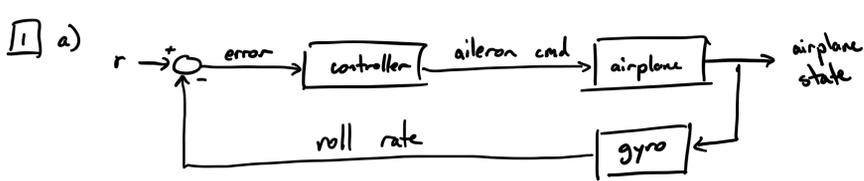


Problem Set 1

Tuesday, August 27, 2019 8:52 AM



2) a) $g(\varepsilon) = 1000 \log(\varepsilon + 1)$
 $= \left[1000 \log(a+1) + 1000 \frac{1}{a+1} (\varepsilon - a) + \dots \right]_{a=0}$ (about $\varepsilon=0$ b/c $|\varepsilon| \ll 1$)
 $= 0 + 1000 \varepsilon + \dots$
 $\approx 1000 \varepsilon$

$y(t) = s(t) + g(\varepsilon(t))$

$y(t) = \cancel{s(t)} + g(x(t) - ky(t))$

$y(t) = g(x(t) - \frac{1}{3}y(t))$

$y(t) \approx 1000(x(t) - \frac{1}{3}y(t))$

$(1 + \frac{1000}{3})y(t) \approx 1000x(t)$

$y(t) \approx \frac{3000}{1003}x(t) \approx 3x(t) \checkmark$

b) $y_1 = 3$

$3 = g(x_1 - \frac{1}{3} \cdot 3)$

$3 = g(x_1 - 1)$

$3 = 1000 \log(x_1)$

$x_1 = e^{3/1000} = 1.003$

c) $y_2 = 6$

$6 = g(x_2 - \frac{1}{3} \cdot 6)$

$6 = g(x_2 - 2)$

$6 = 1000 \log(x_2 - 1)$

$x_2 = e^{6/1000} + 1 = 2.006$

d) 0.3% for both

3) i) $H_1(s) = \frac{1}{s^2 + 14s + 48} = \frac{1}{(s+6)(s+8)} = \frac{1/2}{s+6} - \frac{1/2}{s+8}$

$h_1(t) = \frac{1}{2} e^{-6t} - \frac{1}{2} e^{-8t}$ for $t > 0$

ii) $H_2(s) = \frac{s}{s^2 + 14s + 48} = \frac{s}{(s+6)(s+8)} = \frac{-3}{s+6} + \frac{4}{s+8}$

$h_2(t) = -3e^{-6t} + 4e^{-8t}$ for $t > 0$

iii) $H_3(s) = \frac{s+10}{s^2 + 14s + 48} = \frac{s+10}{(s+6)(s+8)} = \frac{2}{s+6} - \frac{1}{s+8}$

$h_3(t) = 2e^{-6t} - e^{-8t}$ for $t > 0$

iv) $H_4(s) = \frac{1}{s^2 + 6s + 18} = \frac{1/3}{(s+3)^2 + 3^2}$

$h_4(t) = \frac{1}{3} e^{-3t} \sin(3t)$ for $t > 0$

$\begin{cases} A+B+C=0 \\ 14A+8B+6C=0 \\ 48A=1 \end{cases}$

v) $H_5(s) = \frac{1}{s^3 + 14s^2 + 48s} = \frac{1}{s(s+6)(s+8)} = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{s+6} + \frac{C}{s+8} = \frac{1/48}{s} - \frac{1/12}{s+6} + \frac{1/48}{s+8}$

$h_5(t) = \frac{1}{48} - \frac{1}{12} e^{-6t} + \frac{1}{48} e^{-8t}$ for $t > 0$

4) Using Final Value Theorem and Initial Value Theorem:

$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} f(t) = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} sF(s)$

$\lim_{t \rightarrow 0^+} f(t) = \lim_{s \rightarrow \infty} sF(s)$

i) $Y_1(s) = \frac{s}{s+5}$

$Y_1(s) = 1 - \frac{5}{s+5} \Leftrightarrow y_1(t) = \delta(t) - 5e^{-5t}$ for $t > 0$ so $\lim_{t \rightarrow 0^+} y_1(t) = -5$

$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} y_1(t) = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} \frac{s^2}{s+5} = 0$

ii) $Y_2(s) = \frac{s-3}{s+5}$

$Y_2(s) = 1 - \frac{8}{s+5} \Leftrightarrow y_2(t) = \delta(t) - 8e^{-5t}$ for $t > 0$ so $\lim_{t \rightarrow 0^+} y_2(t) = -8$

$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} y_2(t) = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} \frac{s^2-3s}{s+5} = 0$

iii) $Y_3(s) = \frac{(s+3)}{s(s+5)}$

$\lim_{t \rightarrow 0^+} y_3(t) = \lim_{s \rightarrow \infty} \frac{s(s+3)}{s(s+5)} = \lim_{s \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{1} = 1$

$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} y_3(t) = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} \frac{s(s+3)}{s(s+5)} = \frac{3}{5}$

iv) $Y_4(s) = \frac{1}{s(s+5)}$

$\lim_{t \rightarrow 0^+} y_4(t) = \lim_{s \rightarrow \infty} \frac{s}{s(s+5)} = 0$

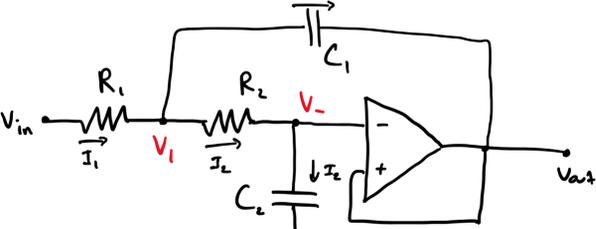
$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} y_4(t) = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} \frac{s}{s(s+5)} = \frac{1}{5}$

v) $Y_5(s) = \frac{(s+3)^2}{(s+5)^2}$

$Y_5(s) = 1 - \frac{4(s+4)}{(s+5)^2} \Leftrightarrow y_5(t) = \delta(t) + 4e^{-5t}(t-1)$ for $t > 0$ so $\lim_{t \rightarrow 0^+} y_5(t) = -4$

$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} y_5(t) = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} \frac{s(s+3)^2}{(s+5)^2} = 0$

5)



$V_{in} = V_1 + R_1 I_1$

$V_{in} = V_1 + R_1 (I_2 + I_3)$

$V_1 - V_{out} = \frac{1}{C_1 s} I_3 \Rightarrow I_3 = C_1 s (V_1 - V_{out})$

$V_- = \frac{1}{C_2 s} I_2 \Rightarrow I_2 = C_2 s V_-$

$V_1 = V_- + R_2 I_2$

$V_{in} = V_- + R_2 I_2 + R_1 (C_1 s (V_1 - V_{out}) + C_2 s V_-)$

$V_{in} = V_- + R_2 C_2 s V_- + R_1 (C_1 s (V_- + R_2 C_2 s V_- - V_{out}) + C_2 s V_-)$

$V_{in} = V_- + R_2 C_2 s V_- + R_1 C_1 s V_- + R_1 C_1 s R_2 C_2 s V_- - R_1 C_1 s V_{out} + R_1 C_2 s V_-$

$V_{in} = (1 + R_2 C_2 s + R_1 C_1 s + R_1 R_2 C_1 C_2 s^2 - R_1 C_1 s + R_1 C_2 s) V_{out}$

$H(s) = \frac{1}{1 + R_1 C_2 s + R_2 C_2 s + R_1 R_2 C_1 C_2 s^2}$