## PROBLEM SET #1

Issued: Tuesday, Jan.20, 2009

Due: Tuesday, Feb.3, 2009, 6:00 p.m. in the EE 140 homework box in 240 Cory

- 1. (a) Calculate the built-in potential, depletion layer depths, and maximum field in a plane-abrupt *pn* junction in silicon with doping densities  $N_A = 8 \times 10^{15}$  atoms/cm<sup>3</sup> and  $N_D = 10^{17}$  atoms/cm<sup>3</sup>. Assume a reverse bias of 5V. (b) Repeat (a) for zero external bias and 0.3V forward bias.
- 2. Calculate the zero-bias junction capacitance for the example in Problem 1, and also calculate the value at 5V reverse bias and 0.3V forward bias. Assume a junction area of  $2 \times 10^{-5}$  cm<sup>2</sup>.
- **3.** Derive and sketch the complete small-signal equivalent circuit for a bipolar transistor at  $I_C = 0.2 \text{ mA}$ ,  $V_{CB} = 3\text{V}$ ,  $V_{CS} = 4\text{V}$ . Device parameters are:  $C_{je0} = 20\text{fF}$ ,  $C_{\mu0} = 10\text{fF}$ ,  $C_{CS0} = 20\text{fF}$ ,  $\beta_0 = 100$ ,  $\tau_F = 15\text{ps}$ ,  $\eta = 10^{-3}$ ,  $r_b = 200\Omega$ ,  $r_c = 100\Omega$ ,  $r_{ex} = 4\Omega$ , and  $r_{\mu} = 5\beta_0 r_o$ . Assume  $\psi_0 = 0.55\text{V}$  for all junctions.
- **4.** An NMOS transistor has parameters  $W = 10\mu \text{m}$ ,  $L = 1\mu \text{m}$ ,  $k' = 194 \,\mu\text{A/V}^2$ ,  $\lambda = 0.024 \,\text{V}^{-1}$ ,  $t_{ox} = 80\text{\AA}$ ,  $\Phi_f = 0.3 \,\text{V}$ ,  $V_{t0} = 0.6 \,\text{V}$ , and  $N_A = 5 \times 10^{15} \,\text{atoms/cm}^3$ . Ignore velocity saturation effects.
  - (a) Sketch the  $I_D$ - $V_{DS}$  characteristics for  $V_{DS}$  from 0 to 3V and  $V_{GS} = 0.5$ V, 1.5V, and 3V. Assume  $V_{SB} = 0$ .
  - (**b**) Sketch the  $I_D$ - $V_{GS}$  characteristics for  $V_{DS} = 2V$  as  $V_{GS}$  varies from 0 to 2V with  $V_{SB} = 0, 0.5V$ , and 1V.
- 5. Derive and sketch the complete small-signal equivalent circuit for the device of Problem 4 with  $V_{GS} = 1$ V,  $V_{DS} = 2$ V, and  $V_{SB} = 1$ V. Use  $\psi_0 = 0.7$ V,  $C_{sb0} = C_{db0} = 20$ fF, and  $C_{gb} = 5$ fF. Overlap capacitance from gate to source and gate to drain is 2fF.
- 6. Razavi, Chapter 2: Problem 2.15.