

PROBLEM SET #12

Issued: Thursday, Apr. 25, 2013

Due (at 5 p.m.): Tuesday, May 7, 2013, in the EE 140/240A HW box near 125 Cory.

- Using feedback techniques, determine the input and output impedance and current gain (I_{out}/I_{in}) of the circuit in Fig. PS12.1. Leave your answer in terms of variables (g_{m1} , R_1 , r_o , etc.) and assume $\gamma = 0$.

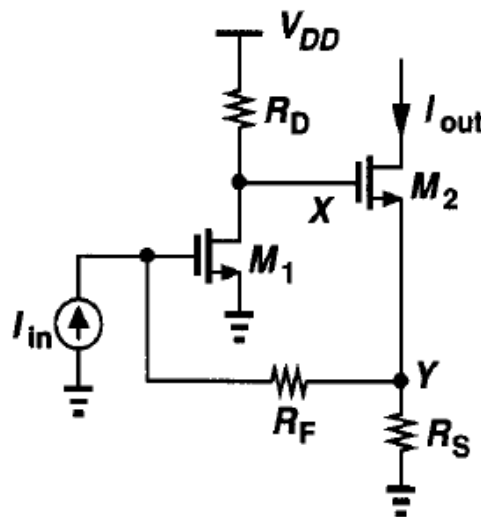


Figure PS12.1

- Consider the circuit in Fig. PS12.2, where $(W/L)_{1-4} = 50/0.5$, $|I_{D1-4}| = 0.5$ mA, $V_{tn} = 0.7$ V, $V_{tp} = -0.8$ V, $k_n' = 134$ $\mu\text{A}/\text{V}^2$, $k_p' = 38$ $\mu\text{A}/\text{V}^2$, $\lambda_n = 0.1$ V^{-1} , $\lambda_p = 0.2$ V^{-1} , and $R_2 = 3$ k Ω .
 - For what range of R_1 are the above currents established while M_2 remains in saturation? What is the corresponding range of V_{in} ?
 - Calculate the closed-loop gain and output impedance for $R_1 = 805$ Ω .

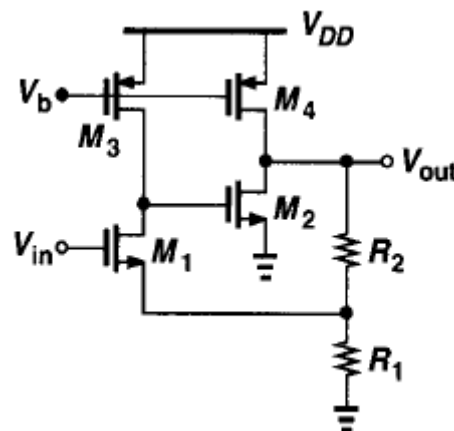


Figure PS12.2

3. In the circuit of Fig. PS12.3, suppose all resistors are equal to $2\text{ k}\Omega$ and $g_{m1} = g_{m2} = 5\text{ mS}$. Assuming $\lambda = \gamma = 0$, calculate the closed-loop gain and output impedance.

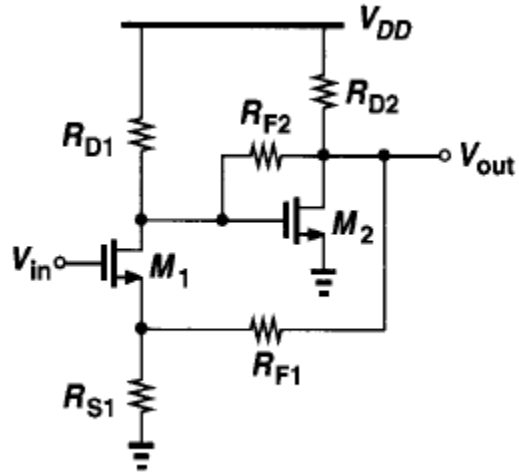


Figure PS12.3