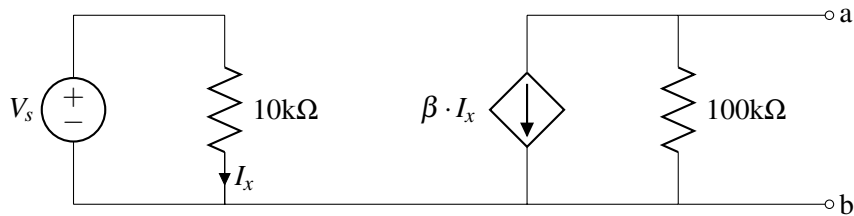


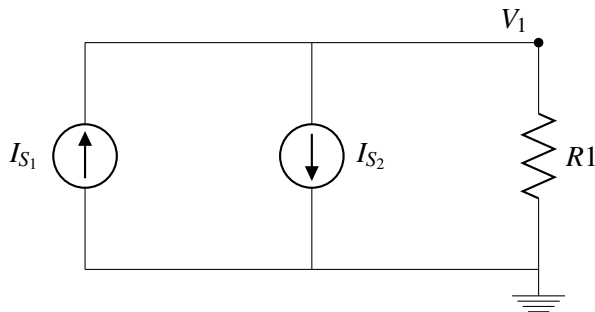
1. **Equivalence** Find the Norton equivalent of the following circuit across the terminals a and b (in terms of V_s and β). Note that the current source is dependent on the current I_x .



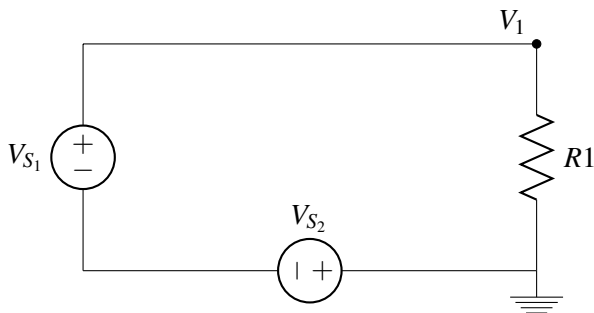
2. **Superposition Practice**

For the following circuits, use the superposition theorem to solve for the node potential V_1 .

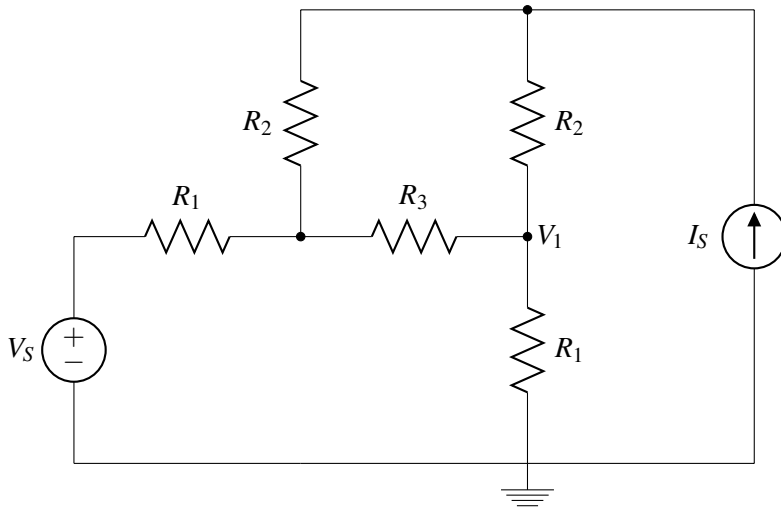
(a)



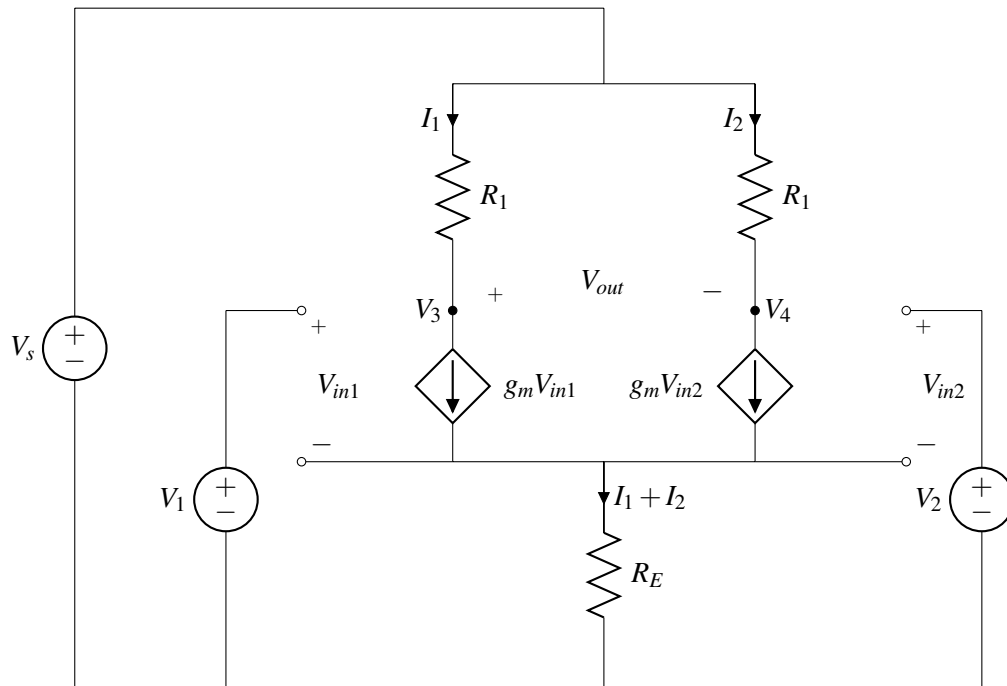
(b)



(c)



3. Superposition



- For the circuit above, first calculate V_{out} with only V_s on?
- Now calculate V_{out} with only V_1 on. Repeat this with only V_2 on.
- Let's now turn on V_s , V_1 and V_2 . What is the output V_{out} ? What does this circuit do to arbitrary input voltages?