

EE16A

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OH Today 11-12

Reminders: HW self-grades to

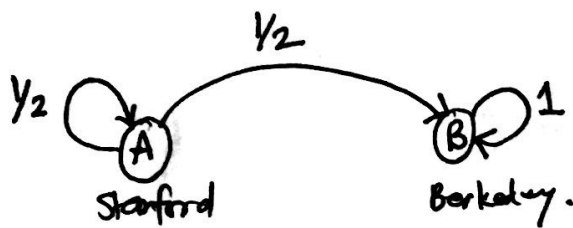
Lab schedule changed.

Extra Credit - Piazza.

Today:

- Page Rank
- Eigenvalue + Eigenspace.
- Determinant.

Two webpages.



$$Q = \begin{bmatrix} 1/2 & 0 \\ 1/2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

"website B was the most popular"

$$\vec{x}(t+1) = Q \cdot \vec{x}(t).$$

Time 1: $\vec{x}(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$

$$\vec{x}(1) = \begin{bmatrix} 1/2 \\ 1/2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \vec{x}(2) = \begin{bmatrix} 1/4 \\ 3/4 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \vec{x}(3) = \begin{bmatrix} 1/8 \\ 7/8 \end{bmatrix}$$

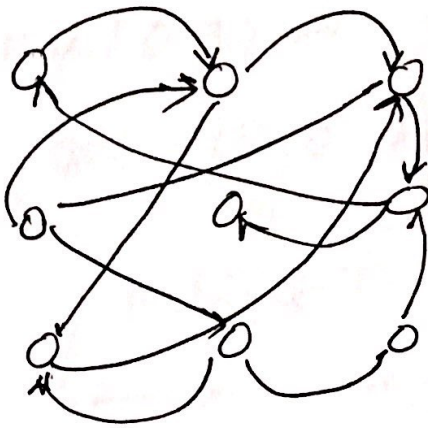
$$\vec{x}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} (1/2)^t \\ 1 - (1/2)^t \end{bmatrix}$$

$t \rightarrow \infty$

$$\vec{x}(\infty) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

"steady state"

New: $\vec{x}'(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \vec{x}'(1) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$



$$\vec{x}(t+1) = \begin{bmatrix} & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \end{bmatrix} Q \vec{x}(t)$$

↑
t+1

↑
fractions of people at t

"transformation matrix"

Steady-state

$\vec{x}(t+1) = Q \cdot \vec{x}(t) = 1 \cdot \vec{x}(t)$

$$Q \cdot \vec{x}(t) - \vec{x}(t) = \vec{0}$$

$$Q \cdot \vec{x}(t) - I \cdot \vec{x}(t) = \vec{0}$$

$$(Q - I) \cdot \vec{x}(t) = \vec{0}$$

Find Null(Q - I)

$$Q = \begin{bmatrix} 1/2 & 0 \\ 1/2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Q - I = \begin{bmatrix} -1/2 & 0 \\ 1/2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1/2 & 0 \\ 1/2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$-1/2 x_1 + 0 \cdot x_2 = 0$$

$$\rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} -1/2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x_2 = t \quad \vec{x}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{span} \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

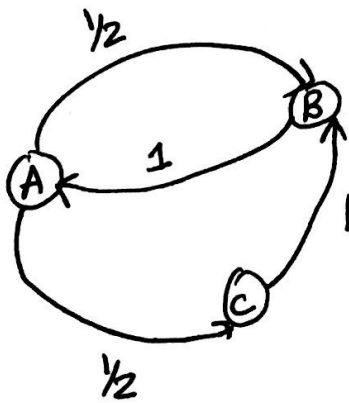
$$\vec{x}(t) = \alpha \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Null(Q - I) = subspace spanned by $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$

$\text{Null}(Q-I) \rightarrow$ can you ever leave?

~~$x(t) \in \text{Null}(Q-I)$~~

$\text{Null}(Q-I)$: eigenspace of Q .



$$Q = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1/2 & 0 & 1 \\ 1/2 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{x}(t) = Q^t \cdot \vec{x}(0)$$

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} Q^t = \begin{bmatrix} .4 & .4 & .4 \\ .4 & .4 & .4 \\ .2 & .2 & .2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Q \cdot \begin{bmatrix} .4 \\ .4 \\ .2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} .4 \\ .4 \\ .2 \end{bmatrix}$$

What happens to

$$\vec{e}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Q \cdot \vec{e}_1 = 0 \vec{e}_1$$

$$\vec{e}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{e}_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

↑ elementary vectors.

Basis for \mathbb{R}^3

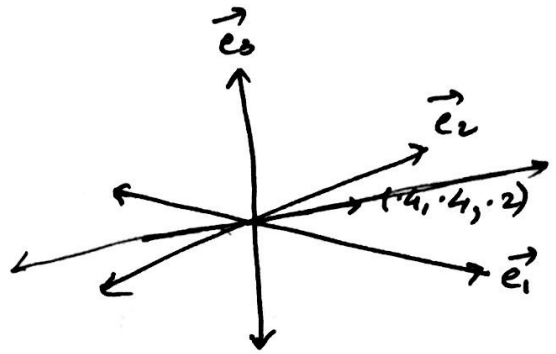
$$\begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{bmatrix} = a \vec{e}_1 + b \vec{e}_2 + c \vec{e}_3$$

Eigenvalue

$$A \vec{v} = \lambda \vec{v}$$

$$A \cdot \vec{v} - \lambda \cdot \vec{v} = \vec{0}$$

$$(A - \lambda \cdot I) \cdot \vec{v} = \vec{0}$$



Null (A - λI) : Eigenspace associated with eigenvalue λ.

$$B = (A - \lambda I)$$

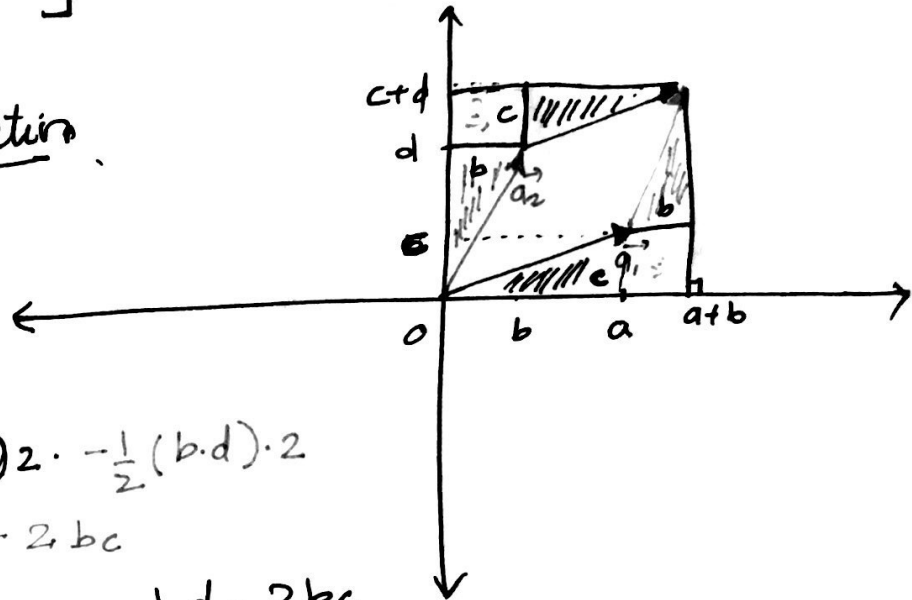
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & \vec{b}_1 \\ \vec{b}_2 & \vec{b}_2 \\ \dots & \dots \\ \vec{b}_n & \vec{b}_n \end{bmatrix} \vec{v} = \vec{0}$$

Find a λ such that $\vec{b}_1 \dots \vec{b}_n$ are linearly dependent?

Determinant: Are the columns linearly dependent?

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2}a_1 & \frac{1}{2}a_2 \\ a_1 & a_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}$$

Geometric interpretation.



$$(a+b)(c+d) - \left(\frac{1}{2}a \cdot c\right) \cdot 2 - \frac{1}{2}(b \cdot d) \cdot 2$$

$$= ac + ad + bc + bd - ac - bd - 2bc$$

$$= ad - bc.$$

$$\text{Det}(A) = ad - bc$$

$$(A - \lambda I) \cdot \vec{v} = \vec{0}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{bmatrix} - \lambda I = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} - \lambda & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} - \lambda \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det(A - \lambda I) = (a_{11} - \lambda)(a_{22} - \lambda) - a_{21}a_{12}$$

$$= \lambda^2 - \lambda(a_{11} + a_{22}) + a_{11}a_{22} - a_{21}a_{12} = 0.$$

Characteristic polynomial.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A - \lambda I$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1-\lambda & 2 \\ 4 & 3-\lambda \end{bmatrix}$$

Ch. Poly:

$$(1-\lambda)(3-\lambda) - 2 \cdot 4 = 0$$

$$\lambda^2 - 4\lambda - 5 = 0$$

$$(\lambda+1)(\lambda-5) = 0$$

Options

$$\lambda_1 = -1,$$



Eigenspace: $\text{Null}(A - (-1)I)$.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 4 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \vec{v} = \vec{0}$$

$$\text{Span} \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 2 & 2 & 0 \\ 4 & 4 & 0 \end{array} \right] \rightarrow$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 2 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$\lambda_2 = 5$ Eigenvalues.



$\text{Null}(A - 5I)$.



$$\begin{bmatrix} -4 & 2 \\ 4 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \vec{v} = \vec{0}$$

$$\text{Span} \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$