

# EE16A Lecture 11 - Module 2/3

- \* current source (design example)
- \* more examples with caps & op-amps
- \* Module 3 - locationing intro - Laura welcome back!

How do we build a current source out of op-amps, R's and voltage supplies?

step 1: Restate objectives: Build a current source - a device that has a constant current  $I$  flowing through regardless of the voltage across it.

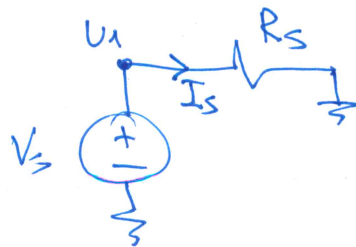
step 2: Strategy Ohm's law  $V_{elem} = I_{elem} R_{elem}$



$$I_{elem} = \frac{V_{elem}}{R_{elem}}$$

step 3: Implement:

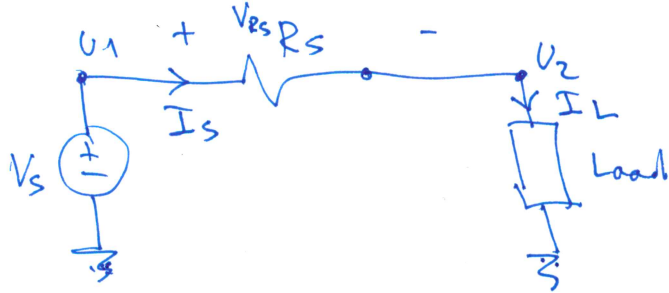
Attempt #1:



$$U_1 = V_s$$
$$U_1 = I_s \cdot R_s = V_s$$

$$I_s = \frac{V_s}{R_s}$$

Q2



(KCL)  $I_s = I_L$

$$I_s = \frac{U_1 - U_2}{R_s} = \frac{V_s - U_2}{R_s}$$

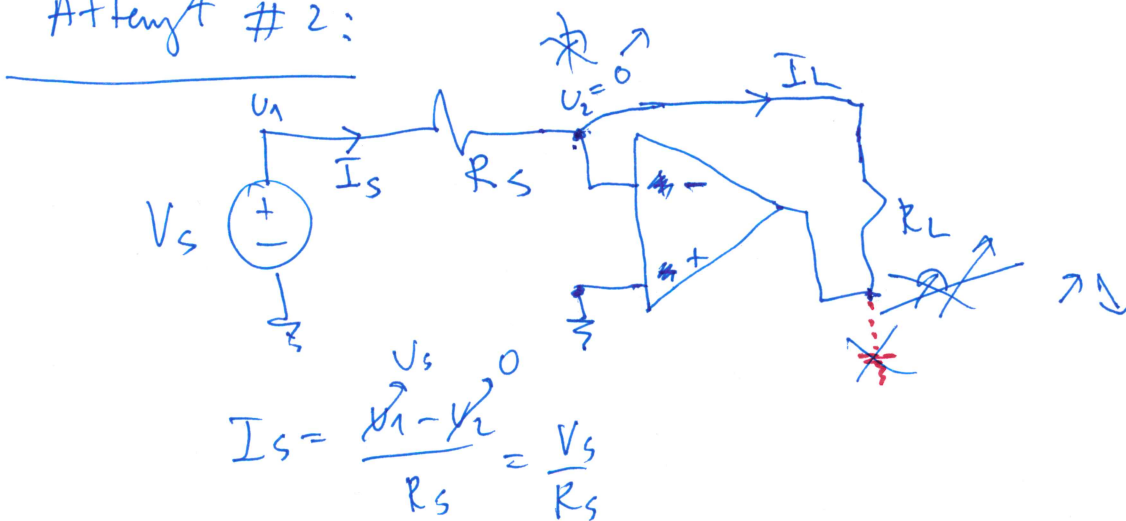
to make  $I_s$  only a fun of  $V_s, R_s$

$\Downarrow$   
 $U_2 = 0$

$\Downarrow$   
 $I_L = 0$

$\Downarrow$   
 $I_s = 0$

Attempt #2:



$I_L = I_s$

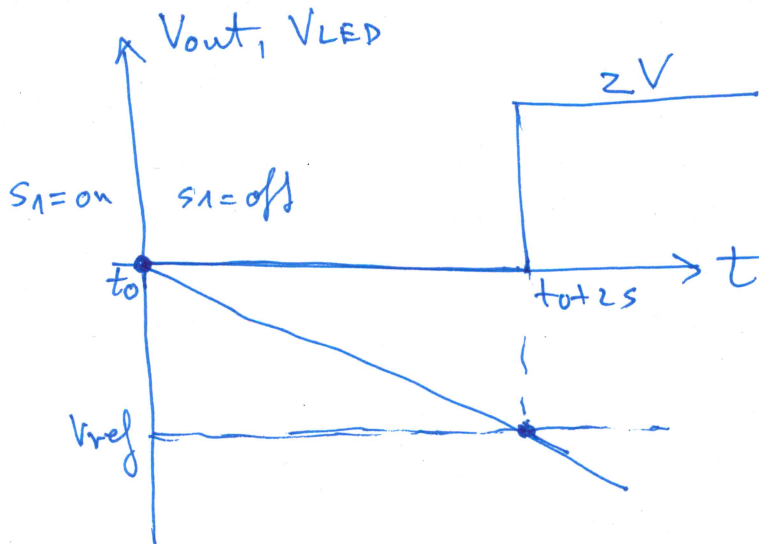
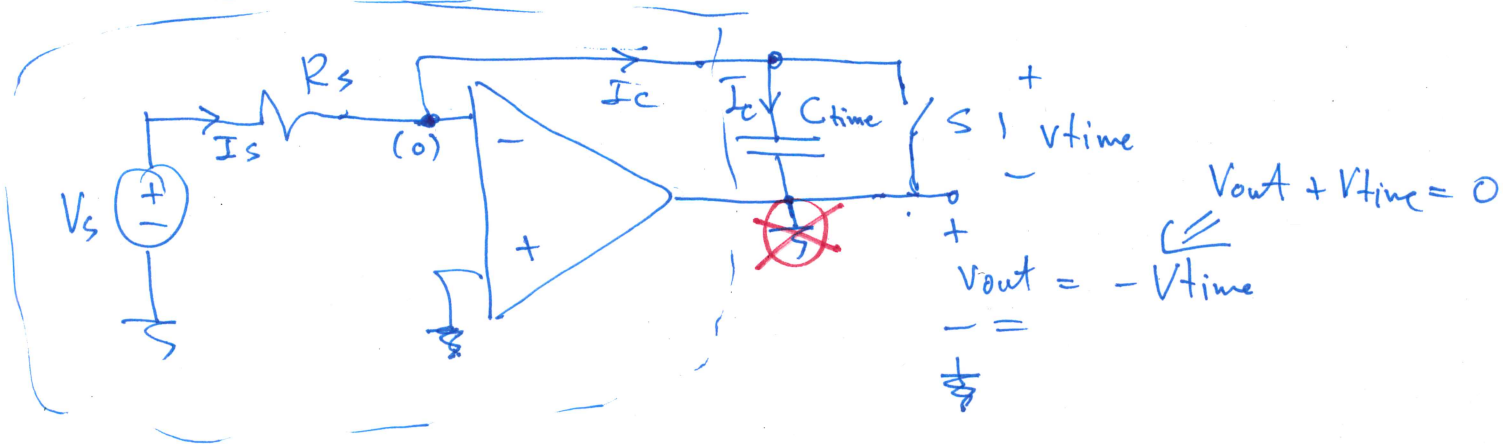
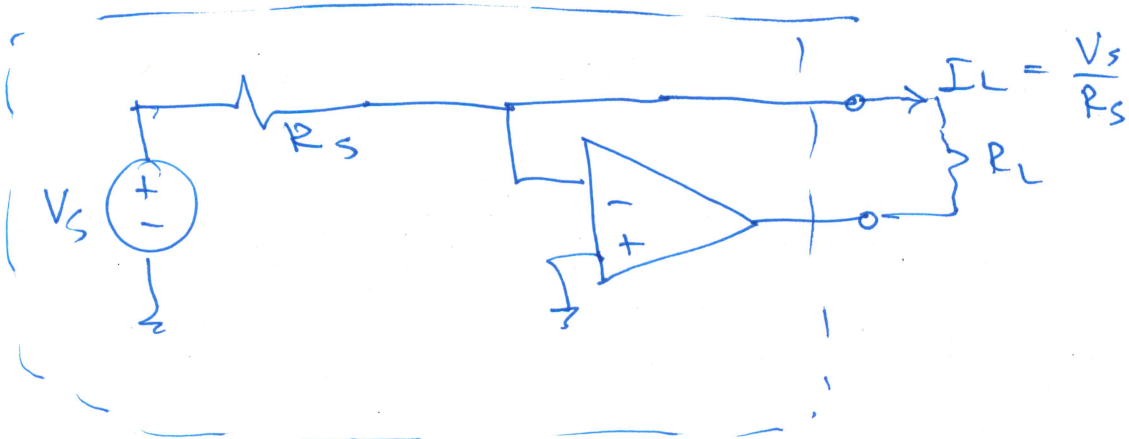
$$I_s = \frac{V_s - U_2}{R_s} = \frac{V_s}{R_s}$$

Almost a cs:

- (1) Don't connect to ground externally
- (2) Whatever you connect - must keep the op-amp in NFB.

Q3

CS :

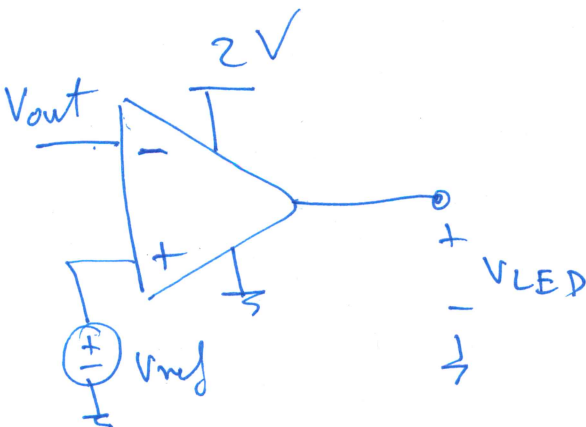


$$I_s = \frac{V_s}{R_s}$$

$$I_c = I_s$$

$$I_c = C_{time} \cdot \frac{dV_{time}}{dt}$$

$$\frac{V_s}{R_s} = -C_{time} \cdot \frac{dV_{out}}{dt}$$



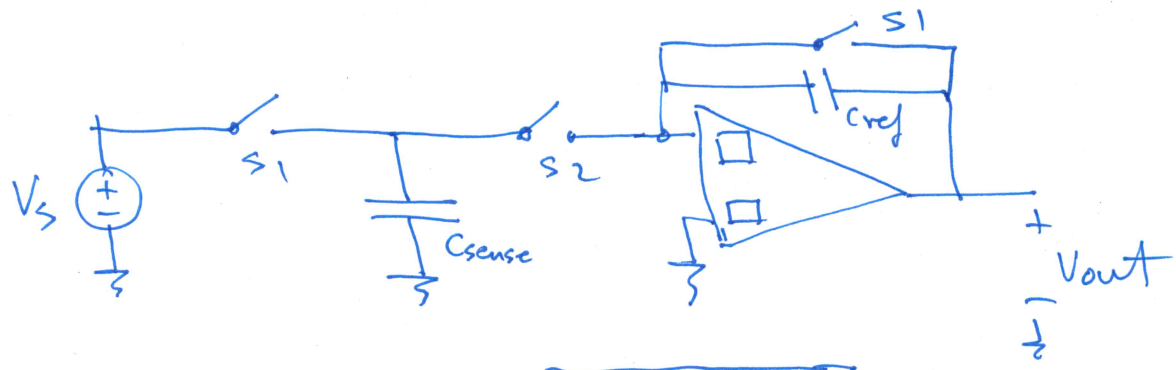
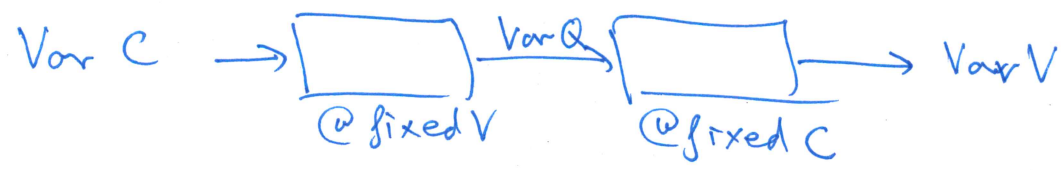
$$V_{out}(t) = -\frac{V_s}{R_s C_{time}} \cdot (t - t_0) + V_{out}(t_0)$$

$V_{out}(t_0) = 0$

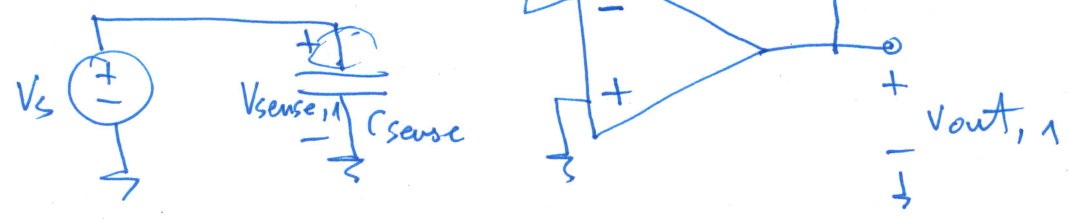
Q4

Op-amps with caps:

Remember the touchscreen



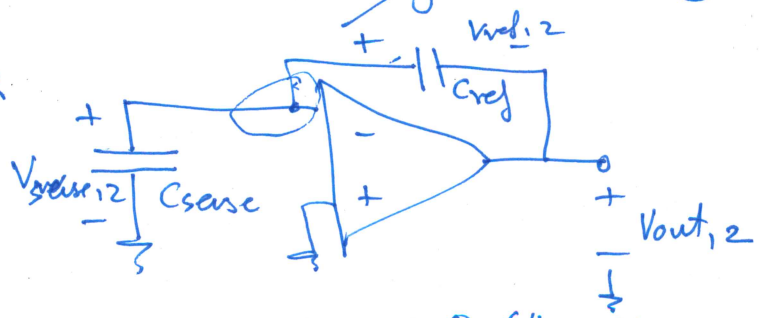
S1 on, S2 off:



$$Q_{sense,1} = C_{sense} \cdot V_{sense,1} = C_{sense} \cdot V_s$$

$$Q_{ref,1} = C_{ref} \cdot V_{ref,1} = 0$$

S1 off, S2 on:



$$Q_{sense,2} = C_{sense} \cdot V_{sense,2} = 0 \text{ (#2 GP)}$$

$$Q_{ref,2} = C_{ref} \cdot V_{ref,2} = -C_{ref} \cdot V_{out,2}$$

15

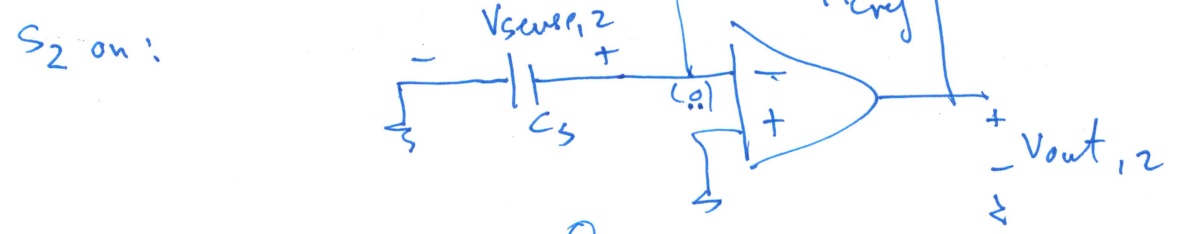
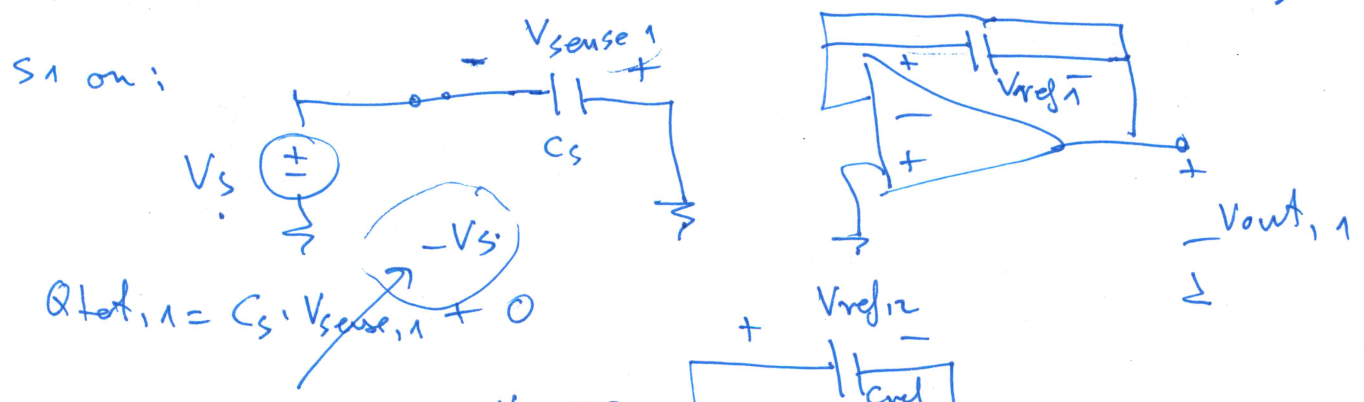
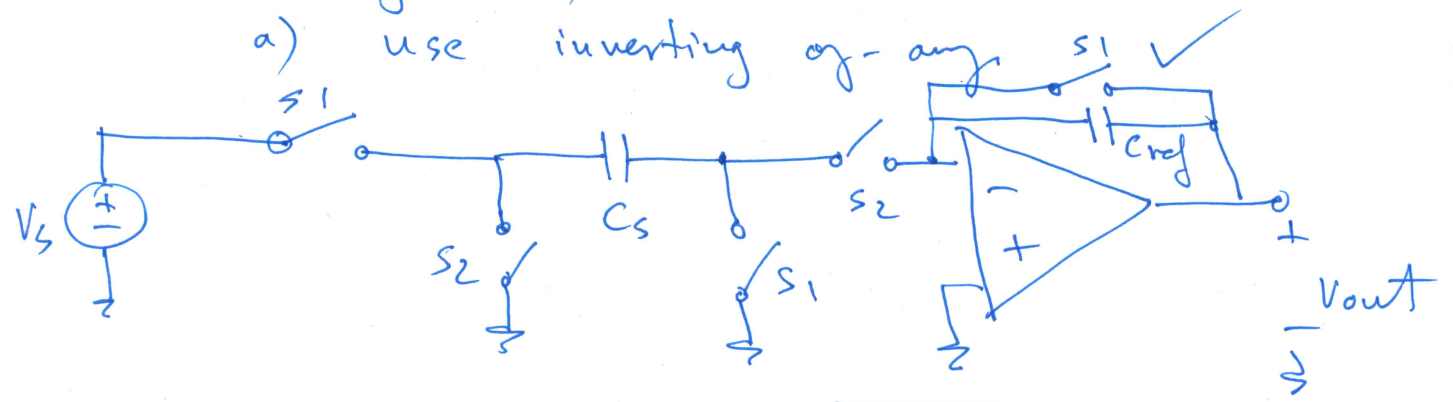
$$Q_{sense,1} + Q_{ref,1} = Q_{sense,2} + Q_{ref,2}$$

$$C_{sense} \cdot V_s = - C_{ref} \cdot V_{out,2}$$

$$V_{out,2} = - \frac{C_{sense}}{C_{ref}} \cdot V_s$$

Get rid of (-)

a) use inverting op-amp



$$Q_{tot,2} = C_s \cdot V_{sense,2} + C_{ref} \cdot V_{ref,2} (-V_{out,2})$$

$$= - C_{ref} \cdot V_{out,2}$$

$$Q_{tot,1} = Q_{tot,2} \Rightarrow C_s \cdot (-V_s) = - C_{ref} \cdot V_{out,2}$$

$$V_{out,2} = \frac{C_s}{C_{ref}} \cdot V_s$$