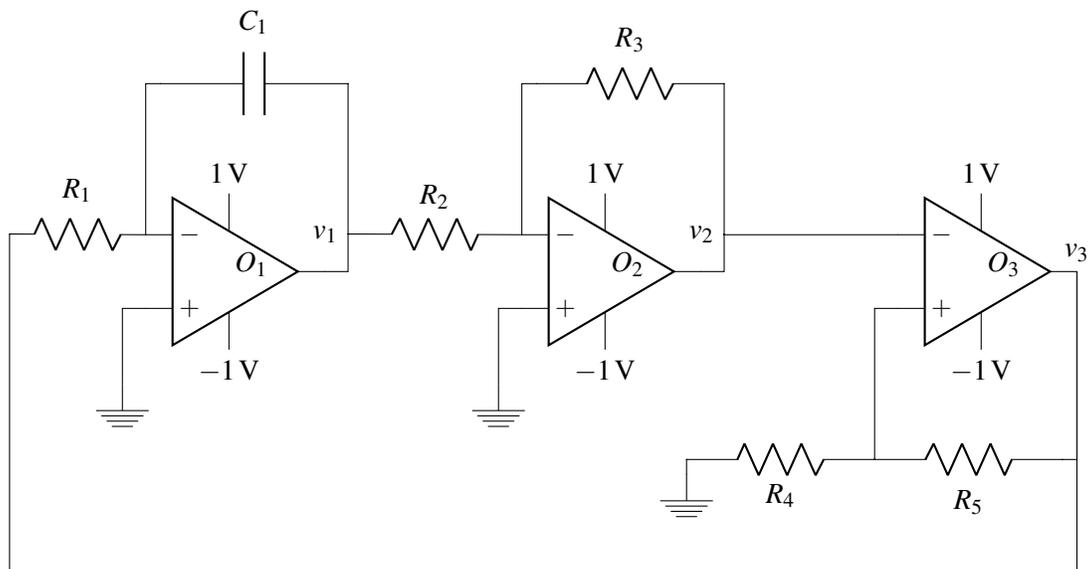


EECS 16A Designing Information Devices and Systems I Discussion 11A

1. Timer Circuit

In this problem, we will walk through the timer circuit, shown below, similar to the one seen in lecture. The circuit is shown below. All resistors have a resistance of $1\text{ k}\Omega$ and $C_1 = 1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$.

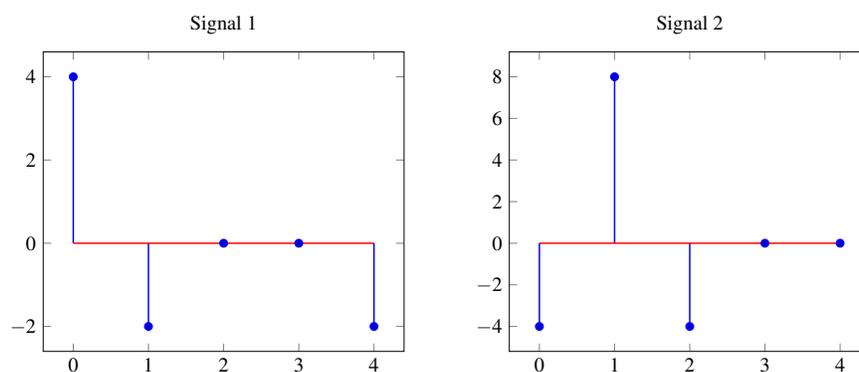


- Find the current through the capacitor C_1 in terms of the voltage V_3 and the resistor R_1 .
- Suppose that at time $t = 0$, C_1 is uncharged. Find the voltage v_1 in terms of t , v_3 , and R_1 . What is the maximum $|v_1|$ could be?
- How is v_2 related to v_1 ? What is the voltage v_2 ?

O_3 is not connected in negative feedback. However, we can analyze its behavior by considering it to be a comparator. Let's independently analyze the circuit in the two possible outputs of the comparator, when $v_3 = 1\text{ V}$ and when $v_3 = -1\text{ V}$.

- Assume that the output of the comparator v_3 has railed to the top rail. With this value of v_3 , what is v_2 as a function of time? What is the voltage at the positive input of O_3 ? At what time will the two inputs of the comparator be equal?
- Now assume that the reverse occurs, that is, the output of the comparator has railed to the bottom rail. Repeat part (d) with this value of v_3 .
- What is v_3 as a function of time? Draw a graph of v_3 and v_2 . Since the graph is periodic, find its period and frequency.
- Suppose that we changed the value of C_1 to be $2\text{ }\mu\text{F}$? What is the new period? Suppose that we change R_5 to be $2\text{ k}\Omega$. What is the new period? What if we change R_5 to be $0\text{ }\Omega$? Will this circuit still operate?

2. Correlation You are given the following two signals:



- Assume the two signals are periodic with period 5. Find their linear cross correlation, that is find $\text{corr}(\vec{s}_1, \vec{s}_2)$.
- Sketch the linear cross-correlation of signal 1 with signal 2, that is find : $\text{corr}(\vec{s}_1, \vec{s}_2)$. Do not assume the signals are periodic.
- Find the circular cross correlation of \vec{s}_2 with \vec{s}_1 , that is find $\text{circcorr}(\vec{s}_1, \vec{s}_2)$
- Sketch the periodic autocorrelation (correlation with itself) of signal 2 assuming a period of 5.