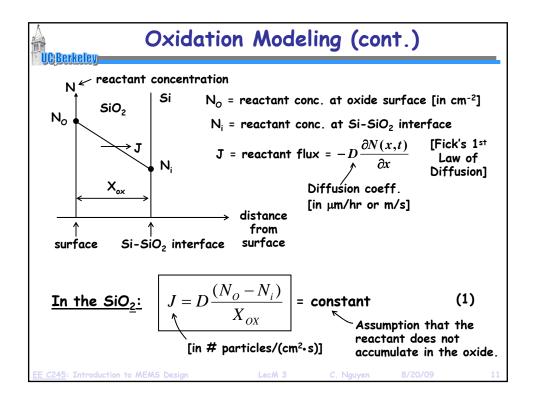
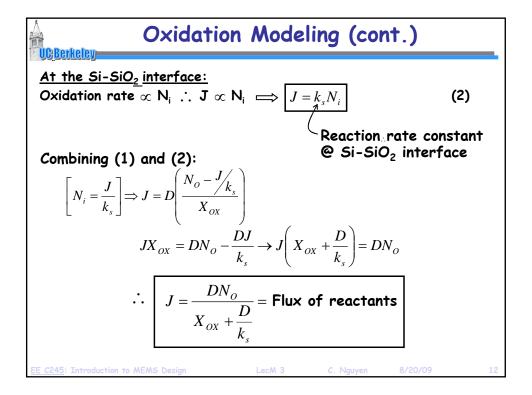
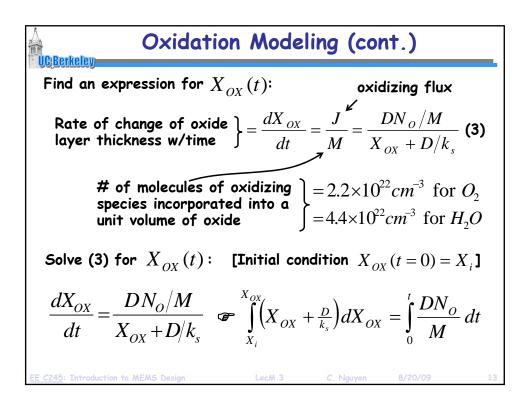
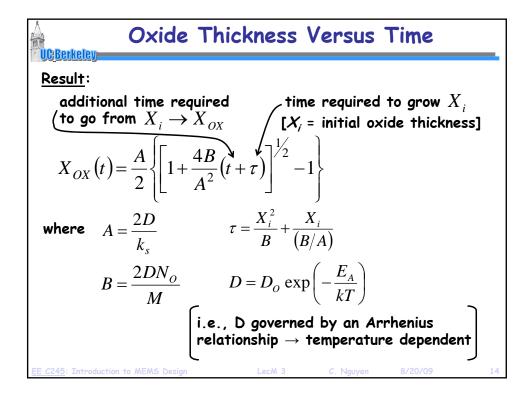


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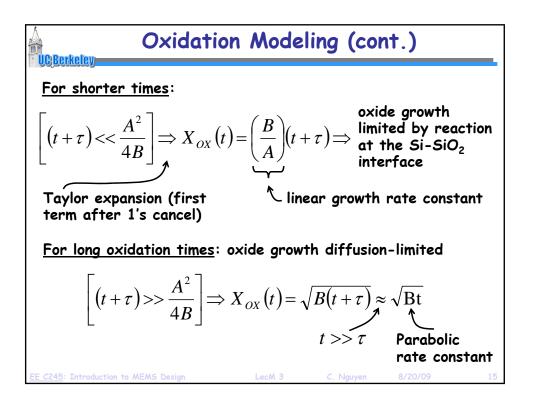
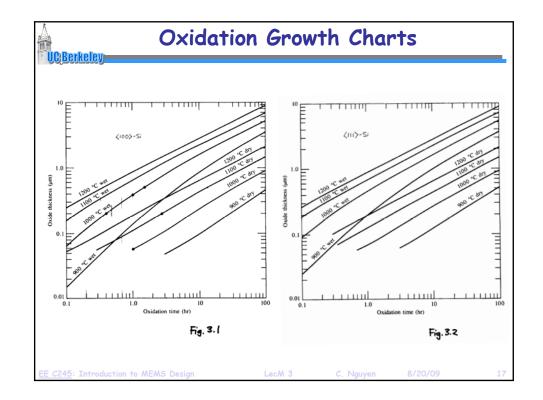
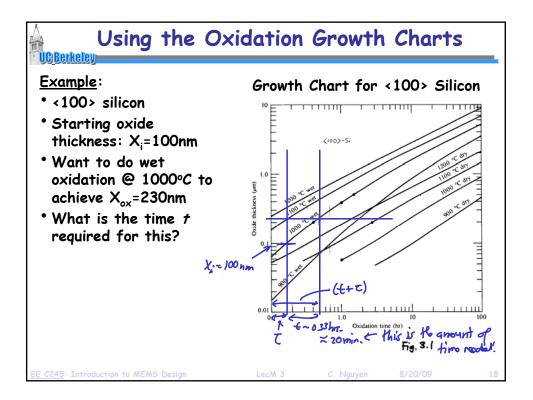
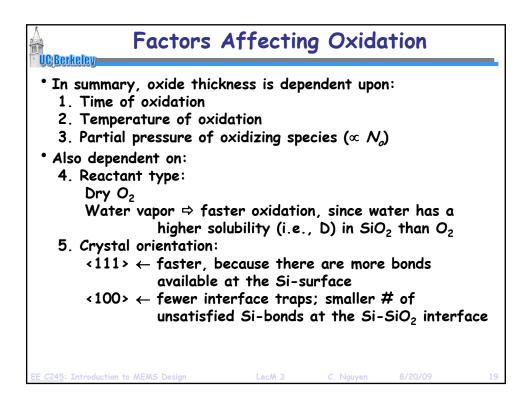
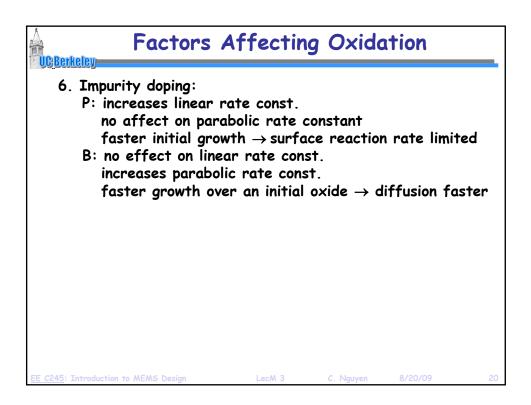


Table 6–2	Rate constants describing (111) silicon oxidation kinetics at 1 Atm toto pressure. For the corresponding values for (100) silicon, all C <sub>2</sub> values should be divided by 1.68.		
Ambient	<b>B</b>	B/A	
Dry O <sub>2</sub>	$C_1 = 7.72 \times 10^2 \mu\mathrm{m}^2\mathrm{hr}^{-1}$	$C_2 = 6.23 \times 10^6 \mu\mathrm{m}\mathrm{hr}^{-1}$	
	$E_1 = 1.23 \text{ eV}$	$E_2 = 2.0 \text{ eV}$	
Wet O <sub>2</sub>	$C_1 = 2.14 \times 10^2 \mu \mathrm{m}^2 \mathrm{hr}^{-1}$	$C_2 = 8.95 \times 10^7 \mu\mathrm{m}\mathrm{hr}^{-1}$	
	$E_1 = 0.71  \mathrm{eV}$	$E_2 = 2.05 \text{ eV}$	
H <sub>2</sub> O	$C_1 = 3.86 \times 10^2 \mu \mathrm{m}^2 \mathrm{hr}^{-1}$	$C_2 = 1.63 \times 10^8 \mu\mathrm{m}\mathrm{hr}^{-1}$	
	$E_1 = 0.78  \mathrm{eV}$	$E_2 = 2.05 \text{ eV}$	
d in prac	ry is great but usually, tice, since measured dat oxidation growth charts o	a is available	

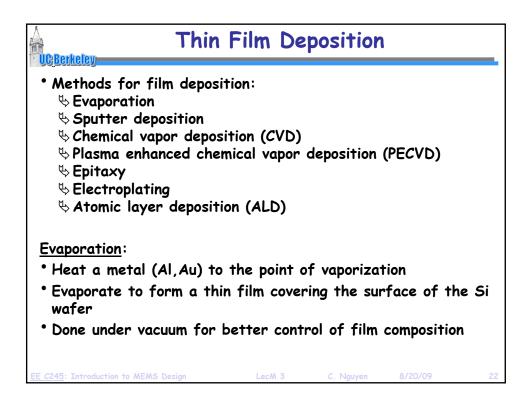


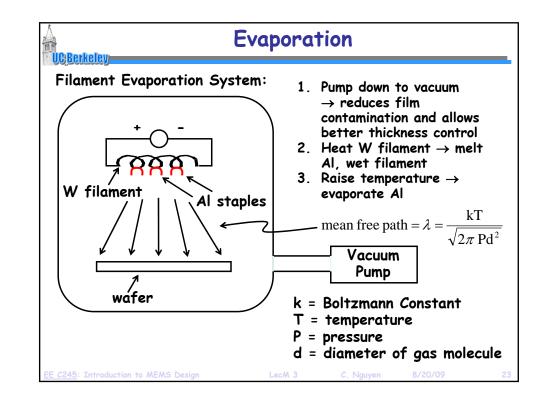


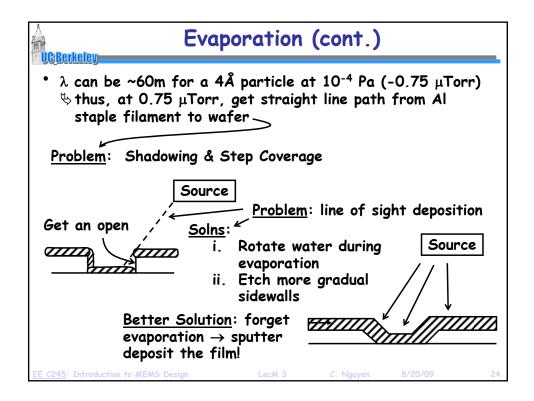


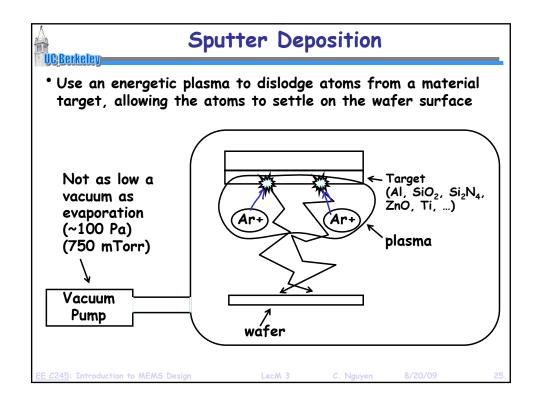


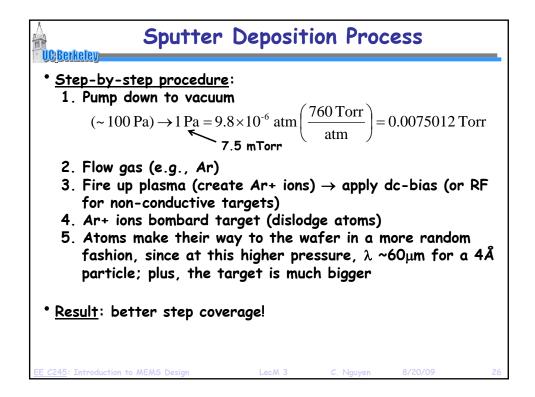


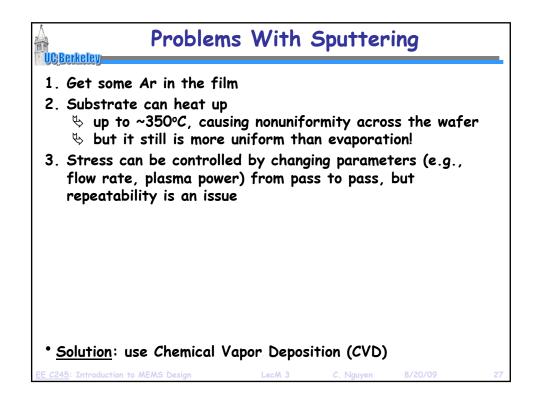


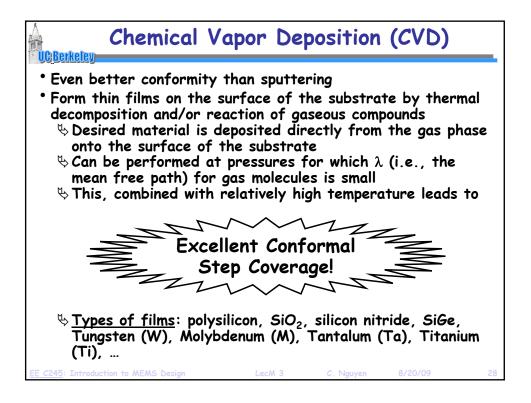


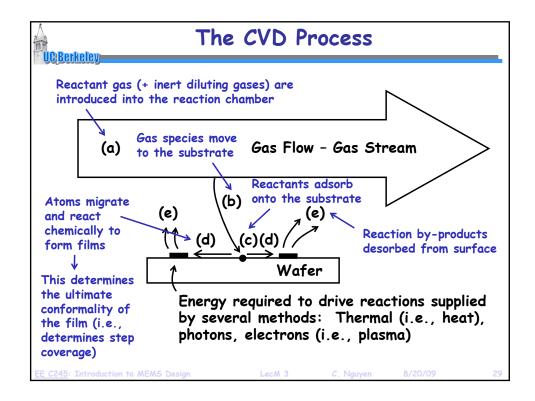


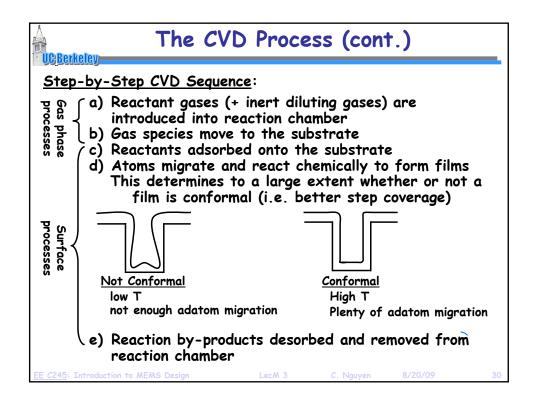


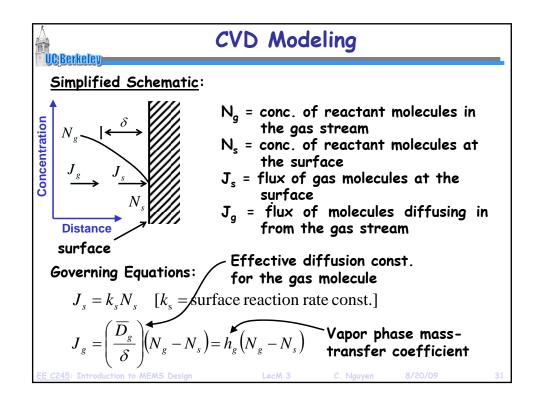


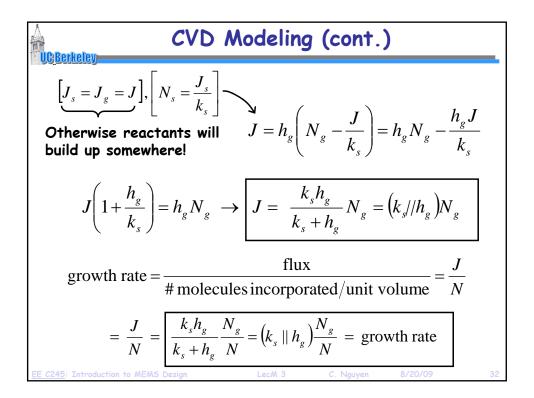




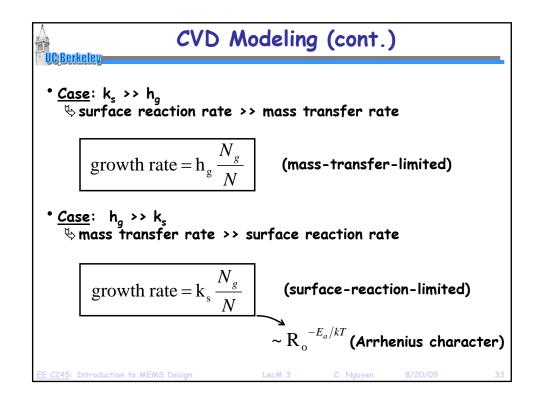


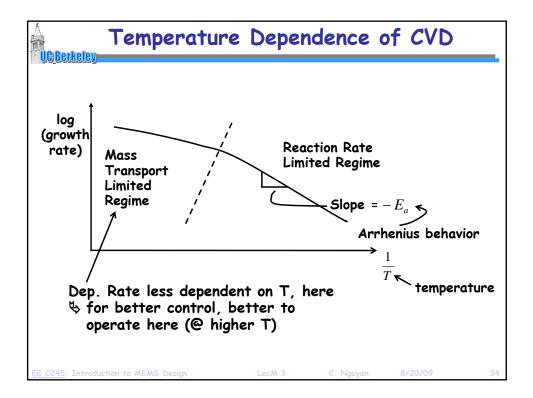


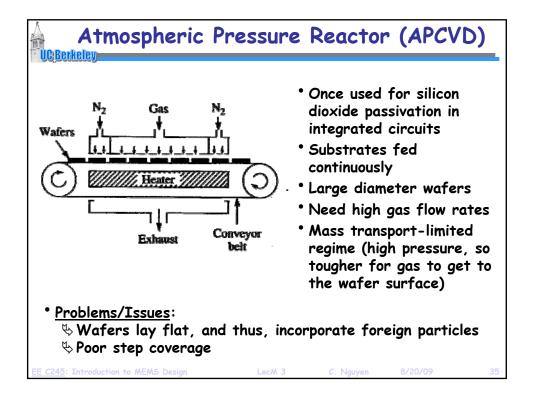


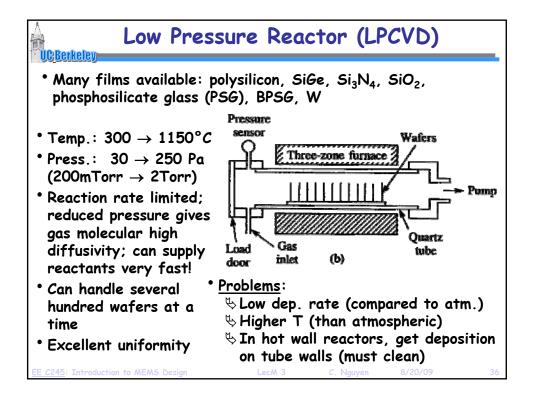


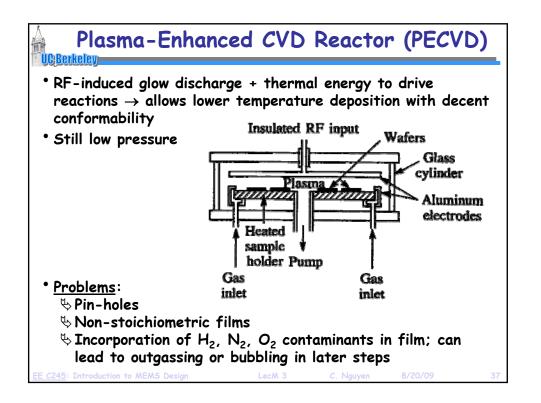
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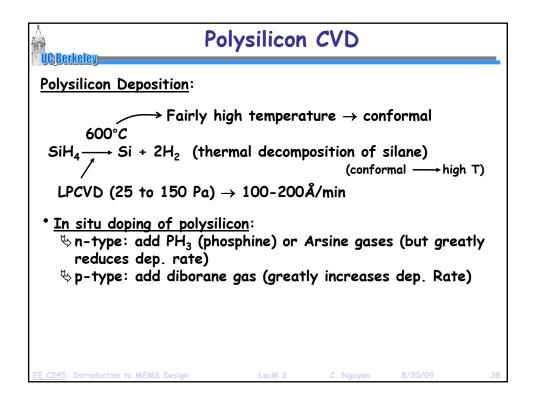


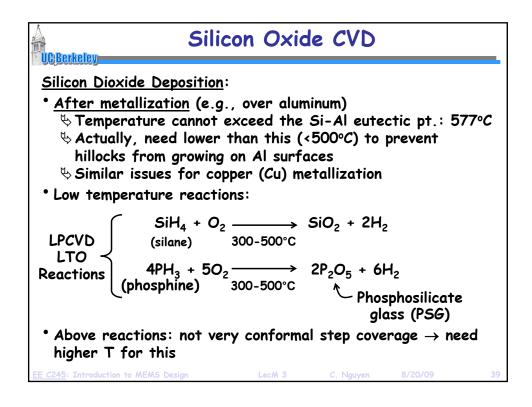


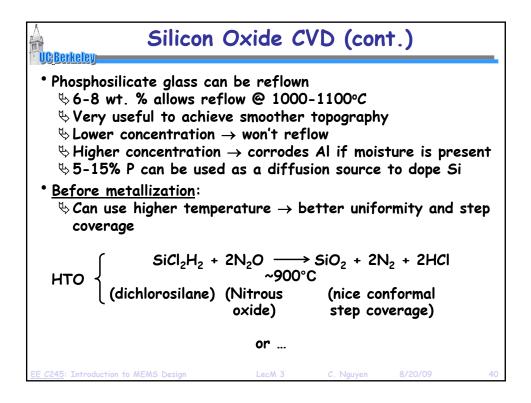


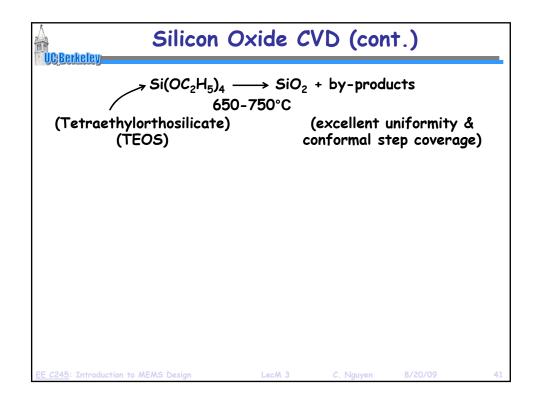


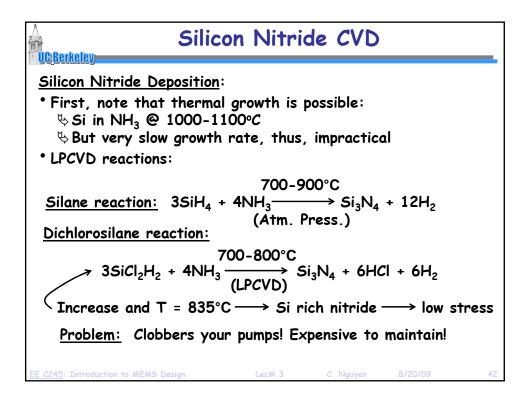


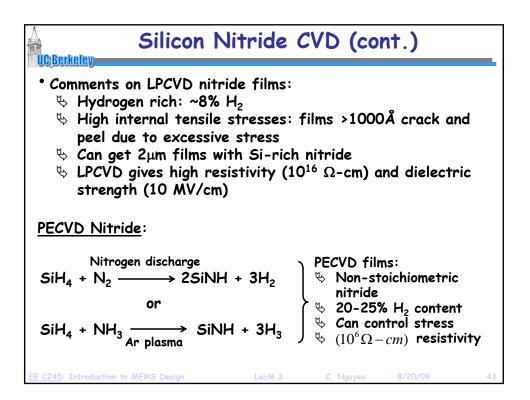




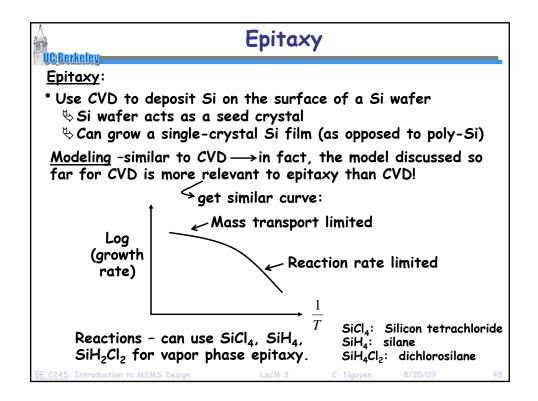


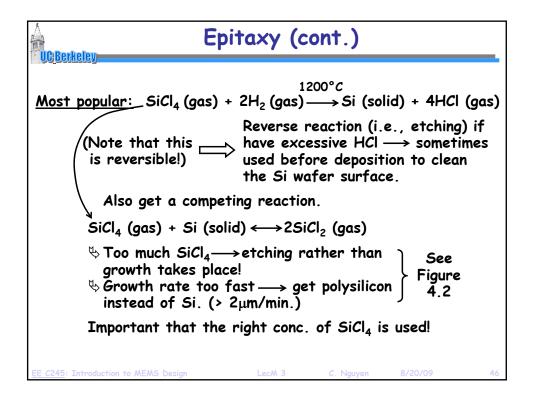


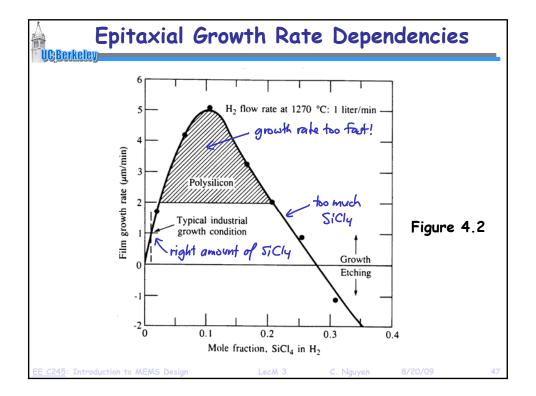




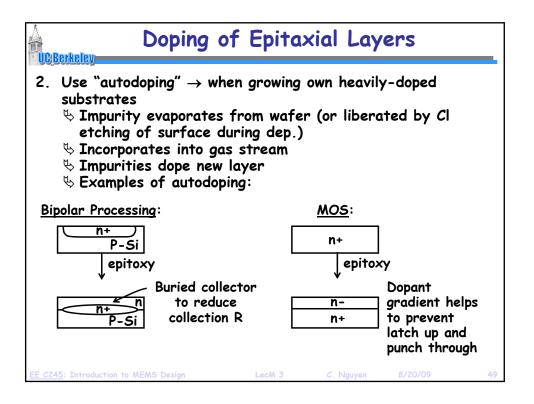
UCBerkeley	Metal C	VD				
CVD Metal Deposition:						
<u>Tungsten (W)</u> - deposited by thermal, plasma or optically- assisted decomposition						
$WF_6 \longrightarrow W + 3F_2$						
or via reaction with $H_2$ :						
WF <sub>6</sub> +	$3H_2 \longrightarrow W$	+ 6HF				
<u>Other Metals</u> - Molybder Titanium (Ti)	ium (Mo), T	antalum (Ta	1), and			
$2MCl_5 + 5H_2 \longrightarrow 2M + 10HCl_2$						
where M = Mo, Ta, or Ti						
(Even Al can be CVD'ed with tri-isobutyl Al but other methods are better.)						
(Cu is normally electro	plated)					
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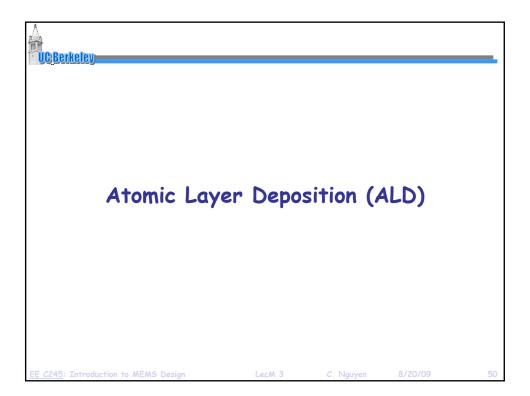


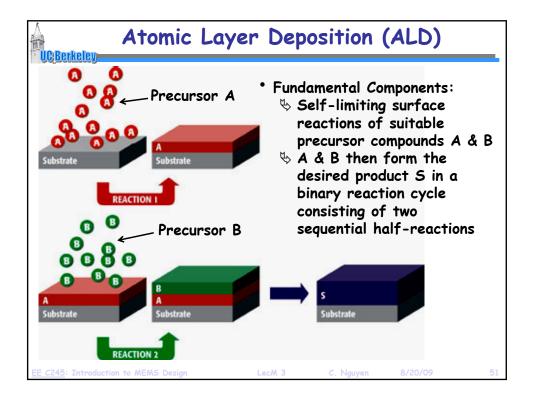


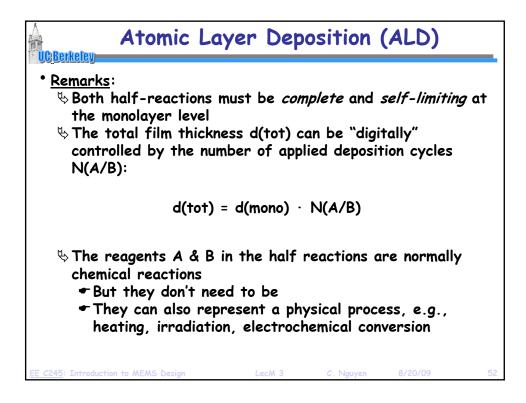


Epita×y (cont.)				
<u>Alternative reaction:</u> pyrolytic decomposition of silane:				
$SiH_4 \xrightarrow{650^{\circ}C} Si + 2H_2$				
not reversible, low T, no HCl formation				
<ul> <li>however, requires careful control of the reaction to prevent formation of poly-Si</li> <li>also, the presence of an oxidizing species</li> </ul>				
Doping of Epitaxial Layers:				
<ol> <li>Just add impurities during growth: Arsine, diborane, Phosphine</li> </ol>				
Control resistivity by varying partial pressure of dopant species				
i. Arsine, Phosphine $ ightarrow$ slow down the growth rate ii. Diborane $ ightarrow$ enhances growth rate				
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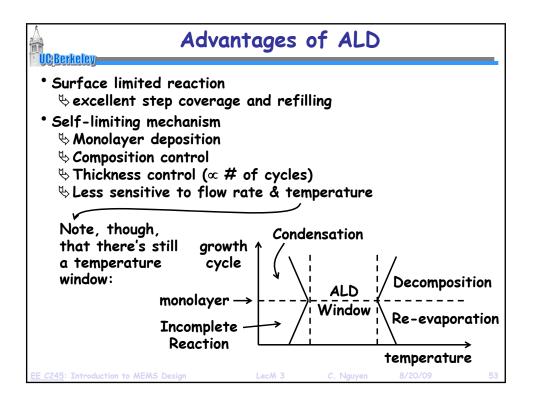


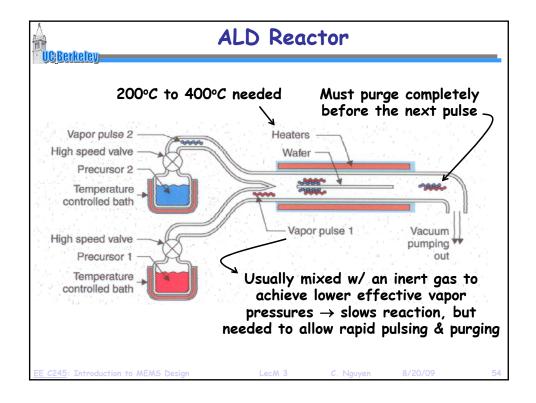


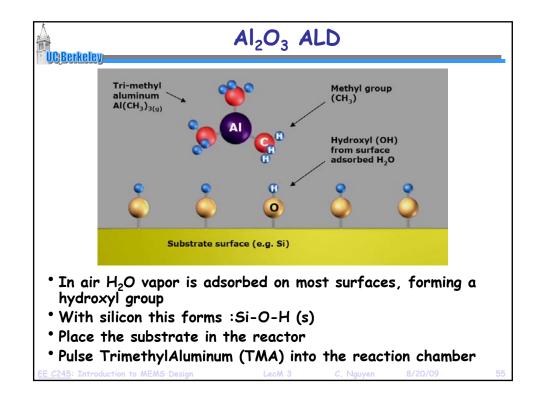


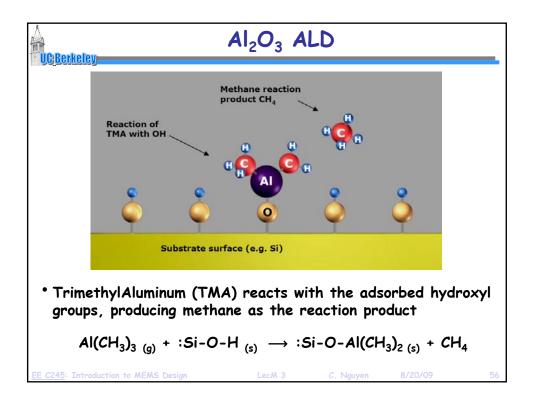


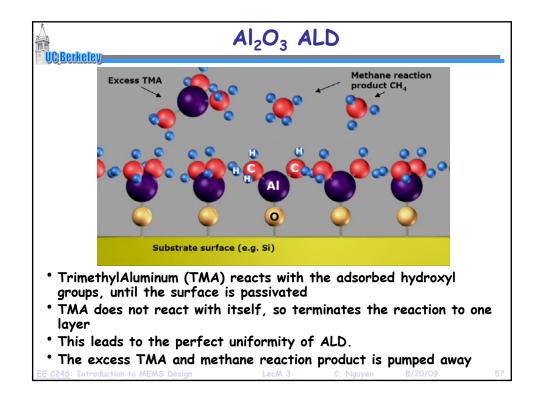
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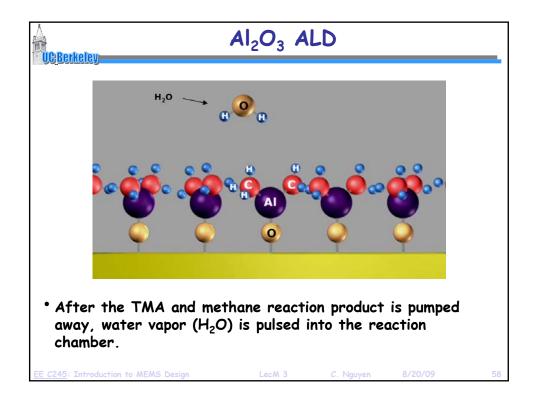


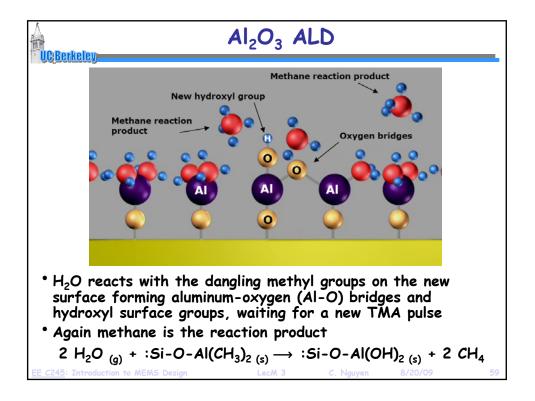


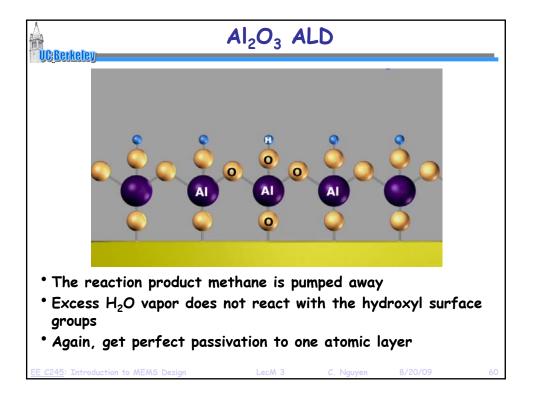


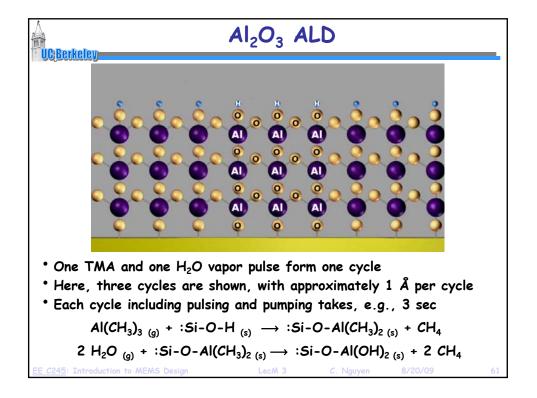


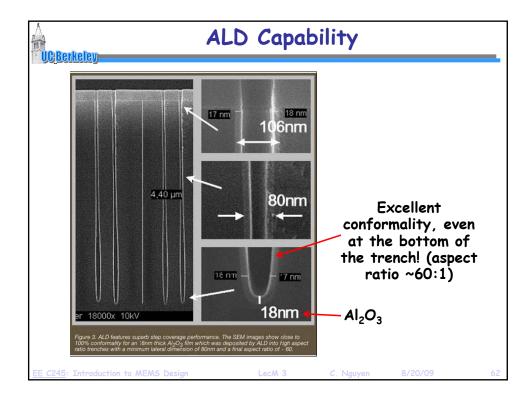












ALD Versus CVD					
CVD					
Less reactive precursors					
Precursors react at the same time on the substrate					
Precursors can decompose at process temperature					
Uniformity requires uniform flux of reactant and temperature					
Thickness control by precise process control and monitoring					
Precursor dosing important					

ALD Versus Other Deposition Methods							
Method	ALD	MBE	CVD	Sputter	Evapor	PLD	
Thickness Uniformity	Good	Fair	Good	Good	Fair	Fair	
Film Density	Good	Good	Good	Good	Poor	Good	
Step Coverage	Good	Poor	Varies	Poor	Poor	Poor	
Inteface Quality	Good	Good	Varies	Poor	Good	Varies	
Number of Materials	Fair	Good	Poor	Good	Fair	Poor	
Low Temp. Deposition	Good	Good	Varies	Good	Good	Good	
Deposition Rate	Fair	Poor	Good	Good	Good	Good	
Industrial Apps.	Good	Fair	Good	Good	Good	Poor	
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