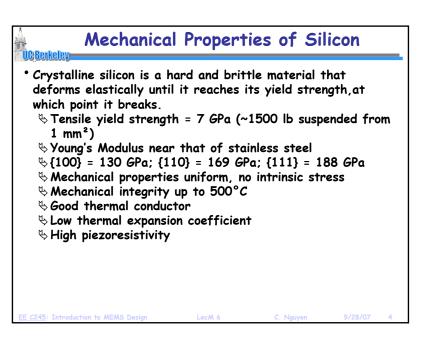
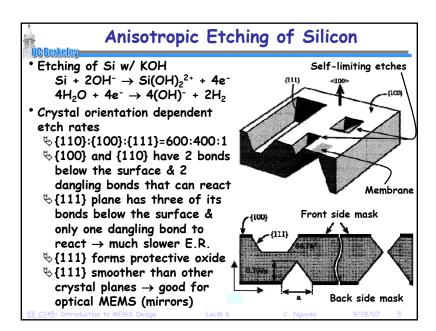
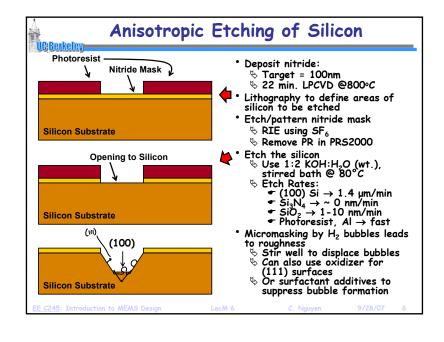


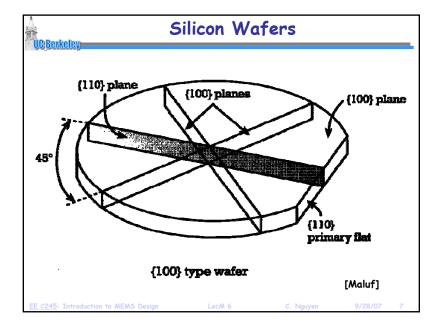
## Lecture Outline "Bulk Micromachining of Silicon" Lecture Topics: Bulk Micromachining Anisotropic Etching of Silicon Boron-Doped Etch Stop Electrochemical Etch Stop Isotropic Etching of Silicon Deep Reactive Ion Etching (DRIE)

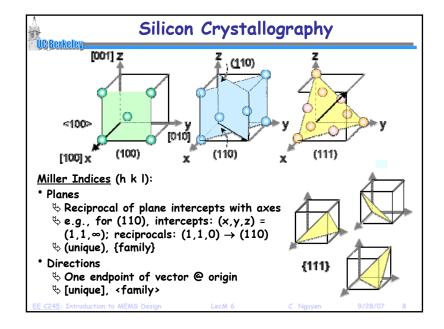


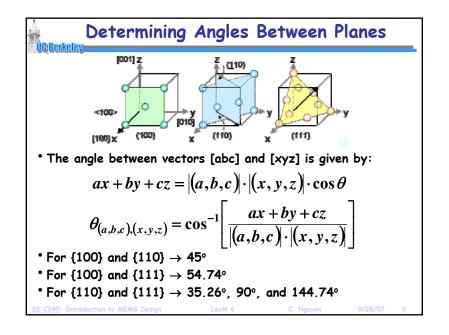
Process compatiblity (w/ existing layers)
 Safety, cost, availability, environmental impact

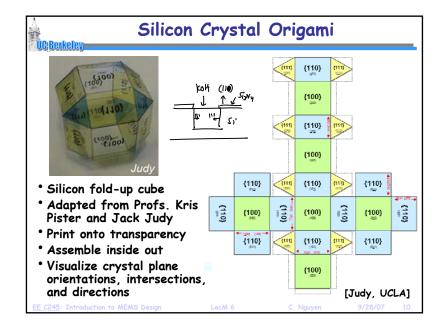


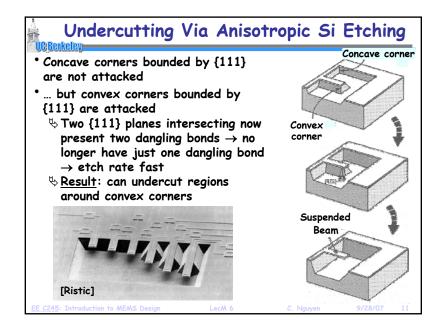


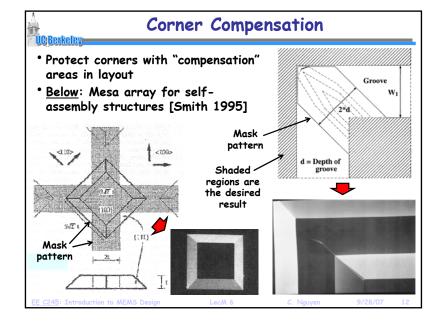


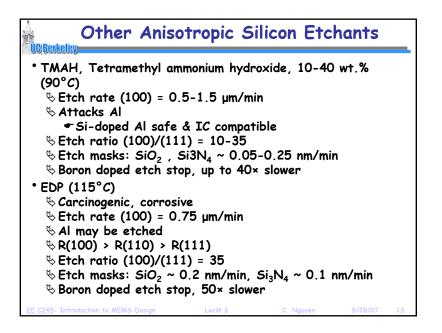


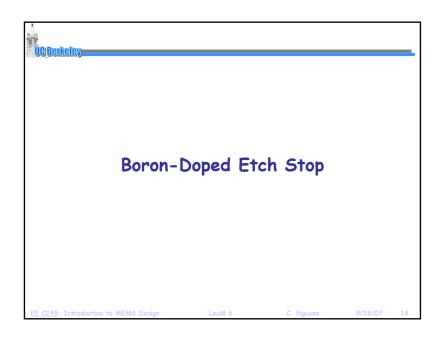


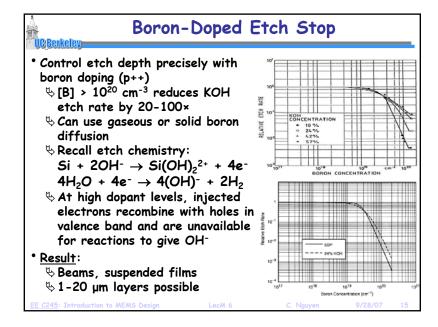


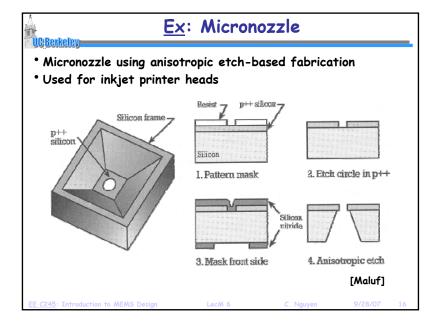


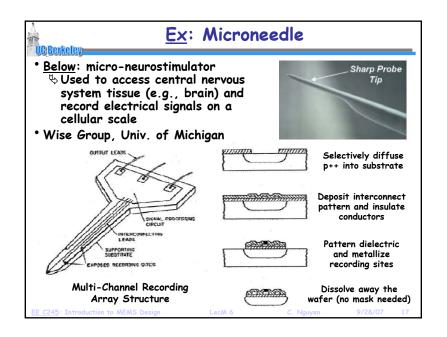


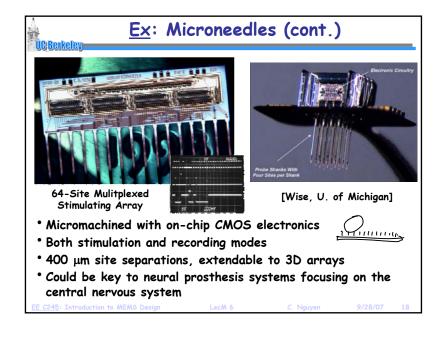


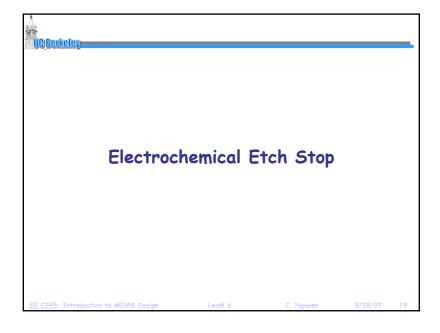


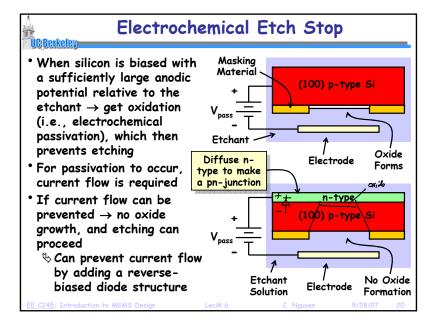


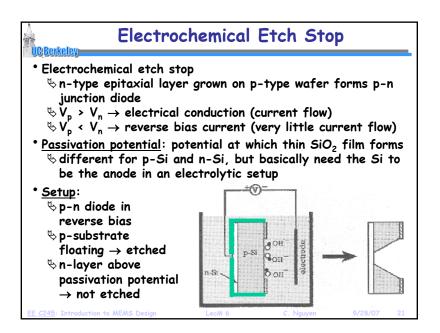


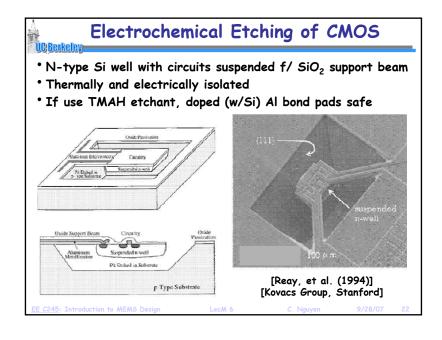


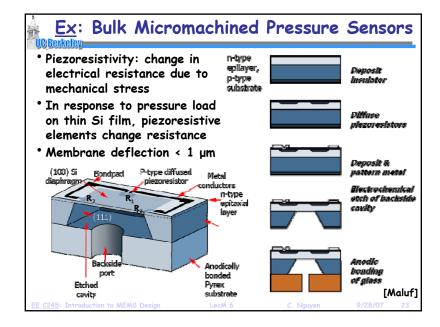


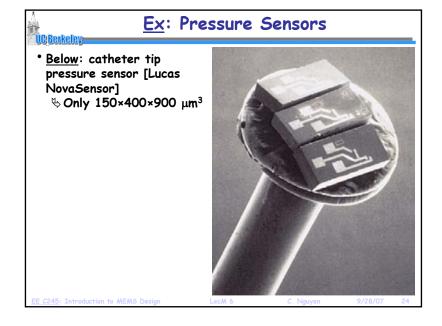


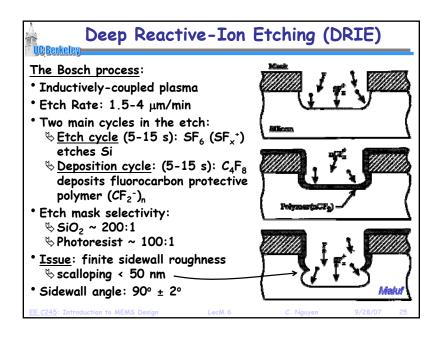


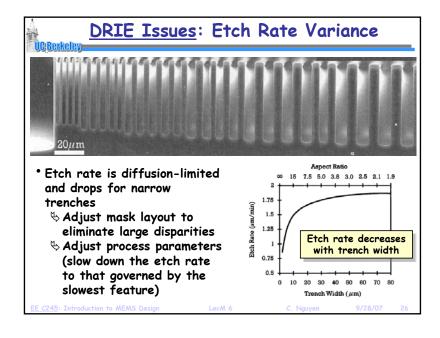


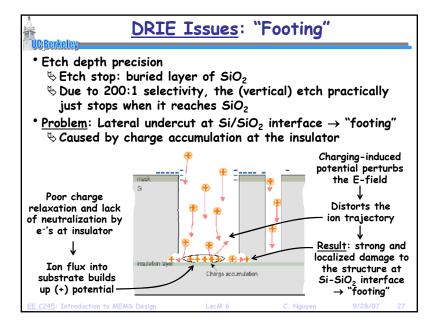




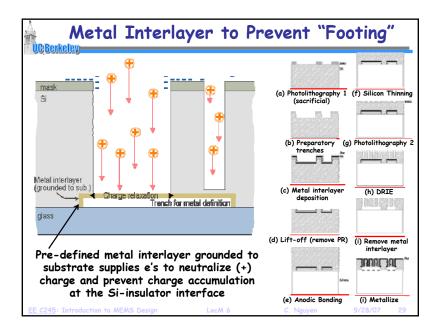


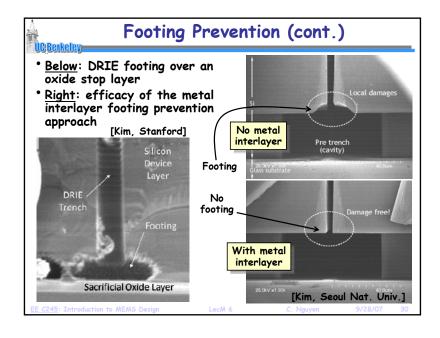


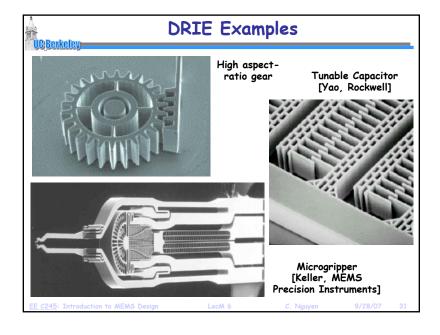


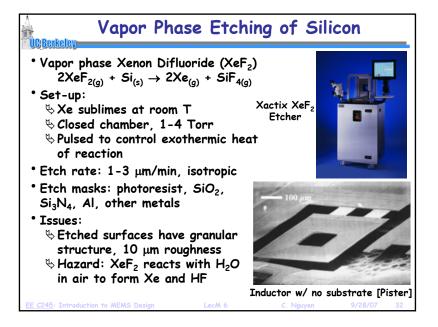


## Recipe-Based Suppression of "Footing" Use higher process pressure to reduce ion charging [Nozawa] $\diamondsuit$ High operating pressure $\rightarrow$ concentration of (-) charge increases and can neutralize (+) surface charge ♦ Issue: must introduce as a separate recipe when the etch reaches the Si-insulator interface, so must be able to very accurately predict the time needed for etching Adjust etch recipe to reduce overetching [Schmidt] $\clubsuit$ Change $C_4F_8$ flow rate, pressure, etc., to enhance passivation and reduce overetching Sissue: Difficult to simultaneously control footing in a narrow trench and prevent grass in wide trenches \* Use lower frequency plasma to avoid surface charging [Morioka] $\$ Low frequency ightarrow more ions with low directionality and kinetic energy → neutralizes (-) potential barrier at trench entrance ♦ Allows e<sup>-'</sup>s to reach the trench base and neutralize (+) charge $\rightarrow$ maintain charge balance inside the trench









Laser-Assisted Chemical Etching

Cl<sub>2</sub> → reaction forms SiCl<sub>2</sub> • Etch rate: 100,000 μm<sup>3</sup>/s ♦ Takes 3 min. to etch

Laser creates Cl radicals from

 $500 \times 500 \times 125 \mu m^3$  trench

Surface roughness: 30 nm rms Serial process: patterned

directly from CAD file

\* At right:

\$Laser assisted etching of a  $500x500 \mu m^2$  terraced silicon well

⇔ Each step is 6 μm-deep

Wafer Bonding

