

Lecture 24: Gyroscopes & Sensing Circuits I

- Announcements:
- First 15 minutes of class were for HKN to lead course evaluations
- HW#6 now due Thursday, April 19, at 10 a.m.
- HW#7 will be online soon (today)
- Module 14 on Sensing Circuits online
- Module 15 on Gyros, Noise, & MDS online
- Project slide #2 due Friday, April 20
- I will be at the EECS Retreat this coming Thursday, so the lecture will be recorded and on video accessible via the lecture link on the course website
- Next Tuesday, I will be in Singapore, so again, the lecture will be recorded and on video
- Please watch both of these lectures before class on Thursday, next week
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- Reading: Senturia, Chpt. 14, Chpt. 16, Chpt. 21
- Lecture Topics:
 - ↳ Gyroscopes
- Reading: Senturia, Chpt. 14
- Lecture Topics:
 - ↳ Detection Circuits
 - Velocity Sensing
 - Position Sensing
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- Last Time:
- Started gyroscopes by going through slides 1-6 in Module 15
- Now, continue with this ...

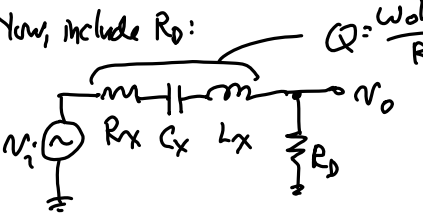
Velocity-to-Voltage Converter

Current is in-phase w/ velocity, which is 90° phase-shifted from displacement

$\frac{\dot{x}}{F_{dl}} = \frac{\omega_0 Q}{k} \mathcal{H}(s)$
 $\{F_{dl} = \eta_1 \eta_2 V_i\}$
 $\frac{\dot{x}}{V_i}(s) = \eta_1 \frac{\omega_0 Q}{k} \mathcal{H}(s)$

$(i_o = \eta_2 \dot{x}) \Rightarrow \frac{i_o}{V_i}(s) = \eta_1 \eta_2 \frac{\omega_0 Q}{k} \mathcal{H}(s)$ ← same
 $\frac{1}{R_{x12}} = \frac{\eta_1 \eta_2 Q}{m \omega_0} \mathcal{H}(s)$

Now, include R_D :



$$Q = \frac{\omega_0 L_x}{R_x}$$

$$\frac{V_o(s)}{V_i(s)} = \frac{R_D}{R_x + \frac{1}{sC_x} + sL_x + R_D} = \dots \text{math} \dots$$

$$= \frac{R_D}{R_x + R_D} \cdot \frac{s \left(\frac{R_x + R_D}{L_x} \right)}{s^2 + s \left(\frac{R_x + R_D}{L_x} \right) + \frac{1}{L_x C_x}}$$

↑ Gain Term
 ↑ Freq. Shaping Term

$$\left[Q = \frac{\omega_0 L_x}{R_x} \rightarrow Q' = \frac{\omega_0 L_x}{R_x + R_D} \rightarrow \frac{R_x + R_D}{L_x} = \frac{\omega_0}{Q'} \right]$$

$$\frac{V_o(s)}{V_i(s)} = \frac{R_D}{R_x + R_D} \cdot \frac{s(\omega_0/Q')}{s^2 + s(\omega_0/Q') + \omega_0^2}$$

$$\frac{V_o(s)}{V_i(s)} = \frac{R_D}{R_x + R_D} \cdot \textcircled{H}(s, Q')$$

$$\uparrow$$

$$Q' = Q \left(\frac{R_x}{R_x + R_D} \right)$$

Problem: $Q' < Q$
 ↓
 We've lost Q' ✗