

# EE 40

## Homework #4

### Solutions and Grading

#### Problem 1: 10 Points

Design constraint #1: Power supplied to resistors is 60 W.

$R_1, R_2, R_3$  in series  $\Rightarrow$  have same current  $I$   
(goes from top to bottom since 24 V is + at top...)

$$P_{\text{total}} = 60 = I^2 R_1 + I^2 R_2 + I^2 R_3 = I^2 (R_1 + R_2 + R_3)$$

$$I = \frac{24 \text{ V}}{R_1 + R_2 + R_3}$$

$$P_{\text{total}} = 60 = \frac{24^2}{(R_1 + R_2 + R_3)^2} (R_1 + R_2 + R_3) = \frac{576}{R_1 + R_2 + R_3}$$

$$\Rightarrow R_1 + R_2 + R_3 = \frac{576}{60} = 9.6 \Omega$$

Design constraint 2:

$$V_2 - \text{Common} = 5 \text{ V} = 24 \cdot \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2 + R_3} = \frac{24 R_2}{9.6}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{R_2 = 2 \Omega}$$

$$\text{Common} - V_3 = 12 \text{ V} = 24 \cdot \frac{R_3}{R_1 + R_2 + R_3} = \frac{24 R_3}{9.6}$$

$$\boxed{R_3 = 4.8 \Omega}$$

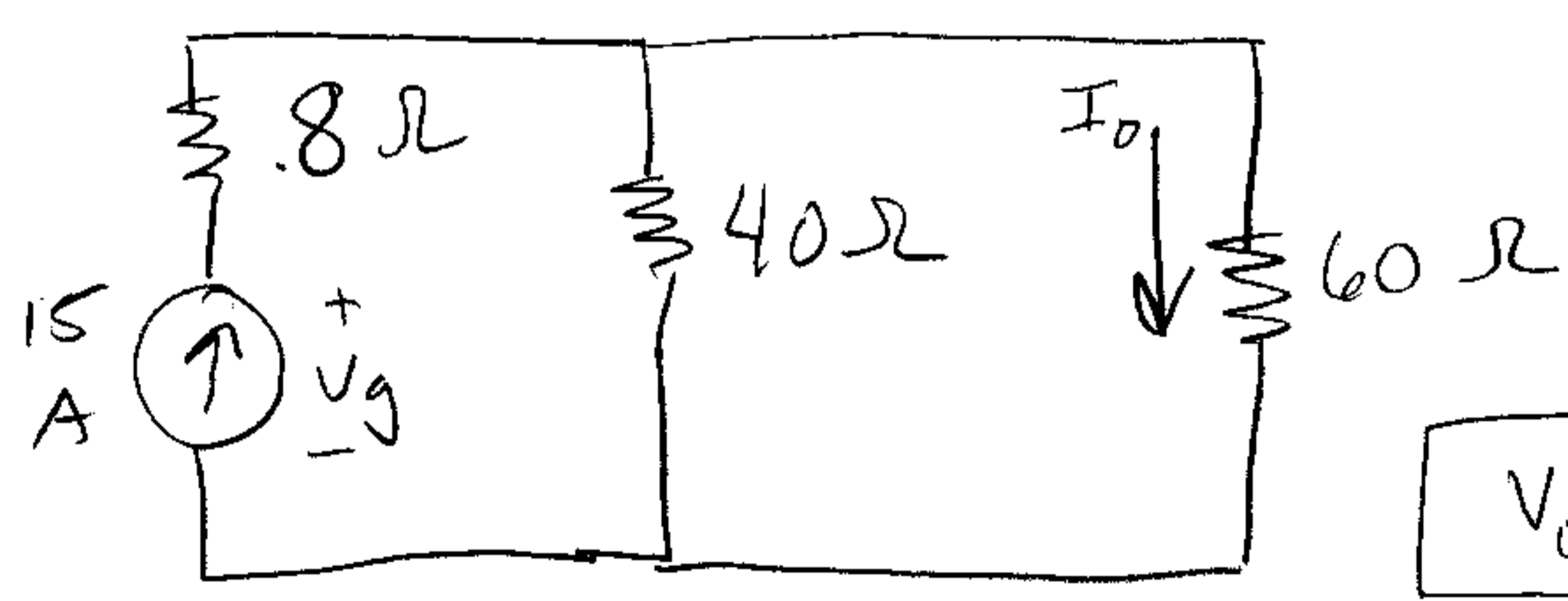
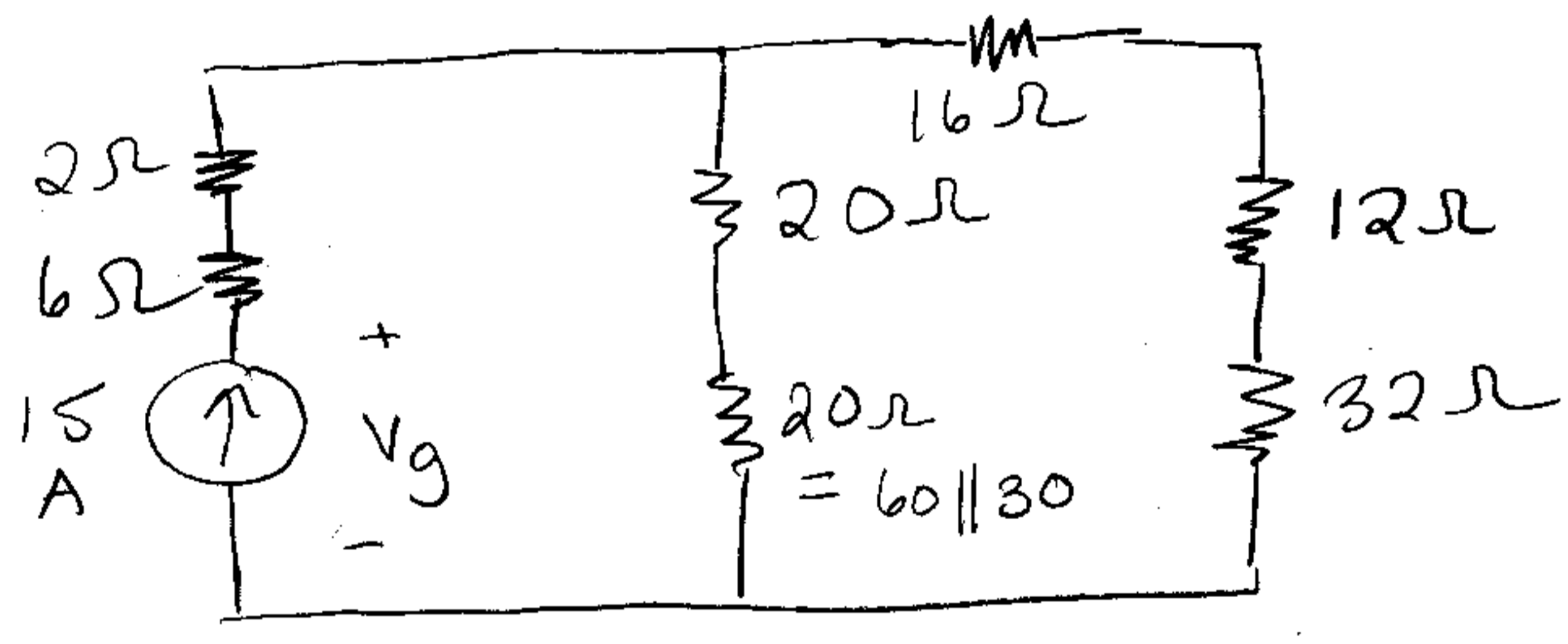
$$V_1 - \text{Common} = 12 = 24 \frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_1 + R_2 + R_3} = \frac{24(R_1 + 2)}{9.6}$$

$$R_1 = 2.8 \Omega$$

- 10 Points for correct answers
- 8 Points for minor & math errors
- 5 Points for a significant error (or multiple math errors)
- 0 Points for multiple significant errors

Problem 2° 10 Points

There are many ways to solve this!  
 I used current division - first simplifying R's



$$I_0 = 15A \cdot \frac{40\Omega}{40 + 60\Omega} = 6A$$

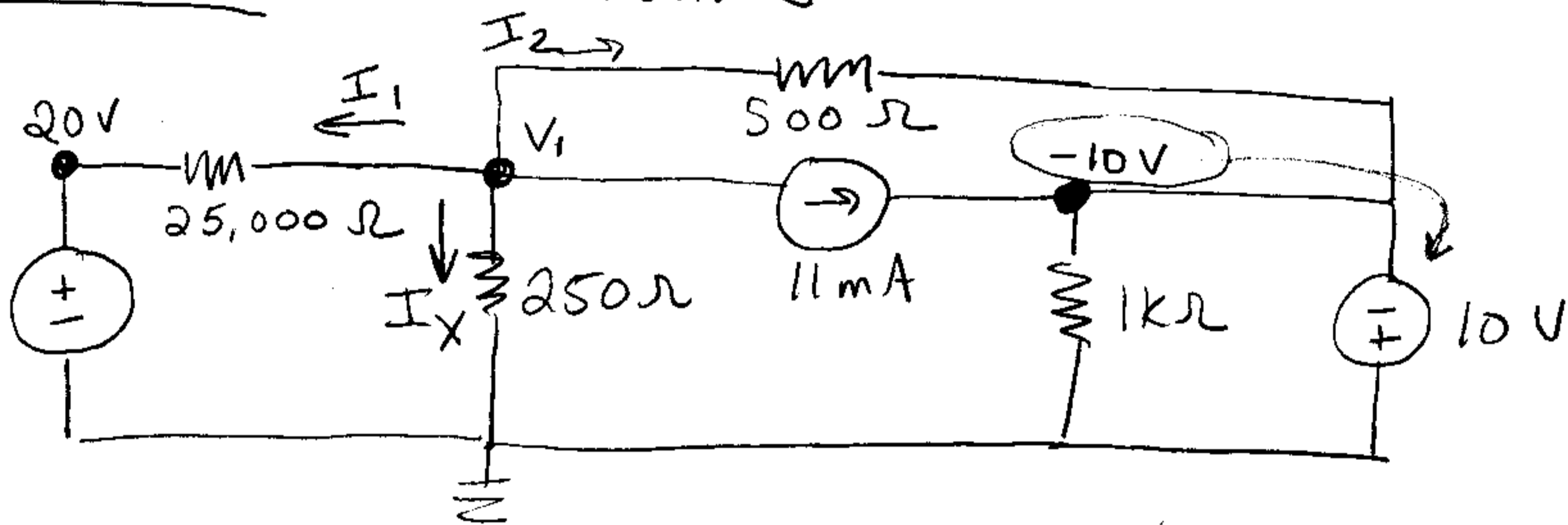
$$V_0 = 32\Omega \cdot 6A = 192V$$

Do KVL around outside loop (clockwise)

$$-V_g + (15A)(8\Omega) + (6A)(60\Omega) = 0 \quad \boxed{V_g = 480V}$$

10 Points for both answers correct  
 8 Points for math, sign, small error  
 6 points for a significant error (or multiple math errors)  
 4 points for 2 significant errors  
 2 " " 3 " "  
 0 " " 4 or more " "

### Problem 3% 20 Points



Above, I have labeled the reference node, the other nodes, <sup>voltage</sup> values for other nodes if known, and the only unknown node voltage  $V_1$ .

KCL @  $V_1$ :

$$\underbrace{\frac{V_1 - 20}{25000}}_{I_1} + \underbrace{\frac{V_1}{250}}_{I_x} + \underbrace{\frac{V_1 - (-10)}{500}}_{I_2} + 11 \times 10^{-3} = 0$$

Solve to find  $V_1 = -5V$

$$I_x = \frac{V_1}{250} = -20mA$$

20 Points for correct answer

18 Points for math + minor error

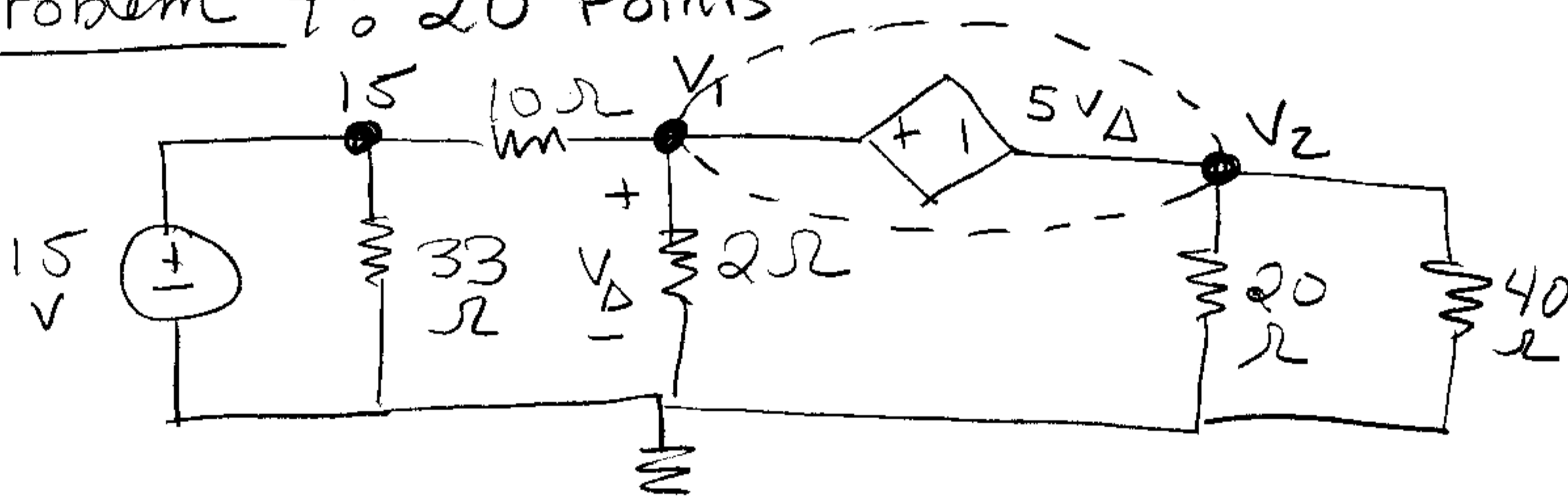
16 Points for multiple math + minor errors

20 - 5n points for n significant errors

10 points if right answer, but not node voltage method (must at least have KCL @  $V_1$ )

0 points for "I<sub>x</sub> not shown" lame excuse

Problem 4: 20 Points



I have labeled the reference node, nodes with known voltages, and the two unknown node voltages  $V_1$  and  $V_2$ .

KCL @  $V_1$  > Can't be done! the voltage source  $+1$   
 KCL @  $V_2$  > source (having unknown current) prevents it!

Make a supernode (as shown) around source

KCL @ Supernode:

$$\frac{V_1 - 15}{10} + \frac{V_1}{2} + \frac{V_2}{20} + \frac{V_2}{40} = 0$$

Inside supernode:

$$V_1 - V_2 = 5V_{\Delta}$$

Extra equation defining controlling current in terms of node voltages:

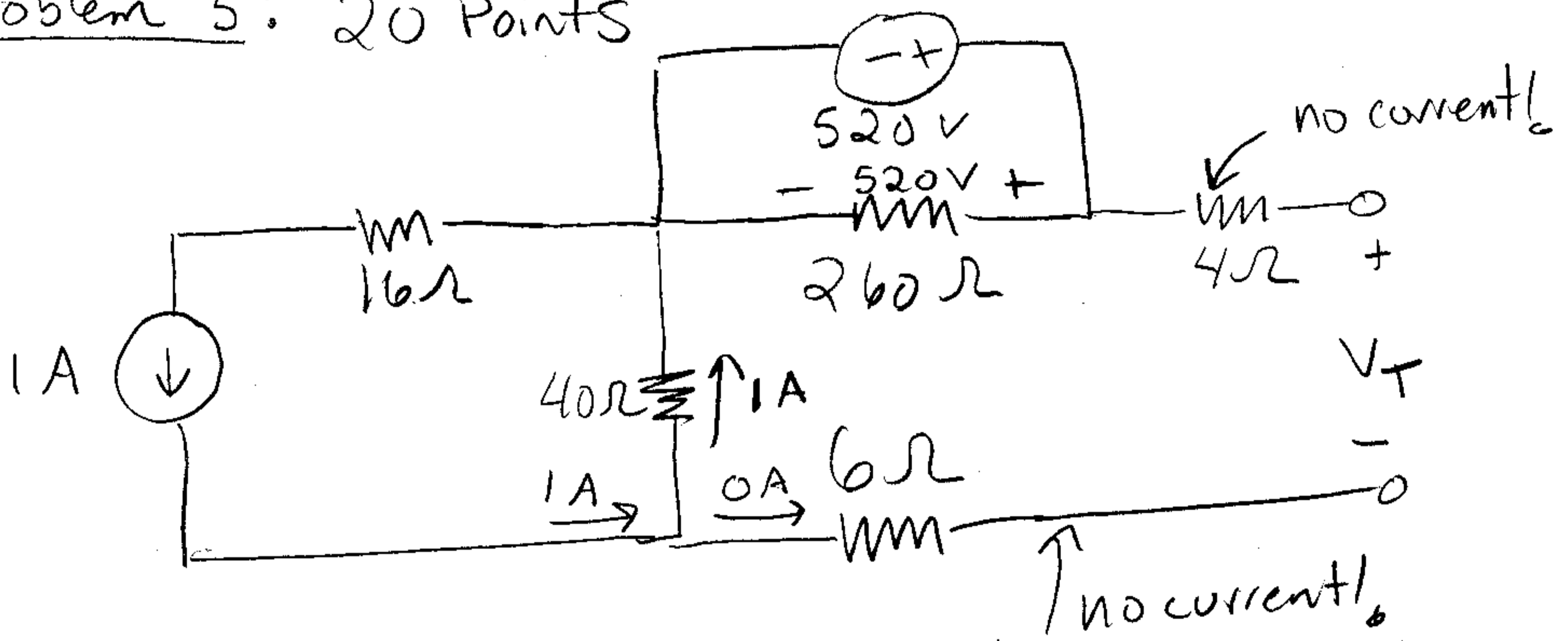
$$V_{\Delta} = V_1$$

Solve these 3 equations in 3 unknowns together:

$$V_{\Delta} = 5V$$

Same grading as Problem 4. It's ok if simplifications were made before doing node voltage analysis.

Problem 5: 20 Points

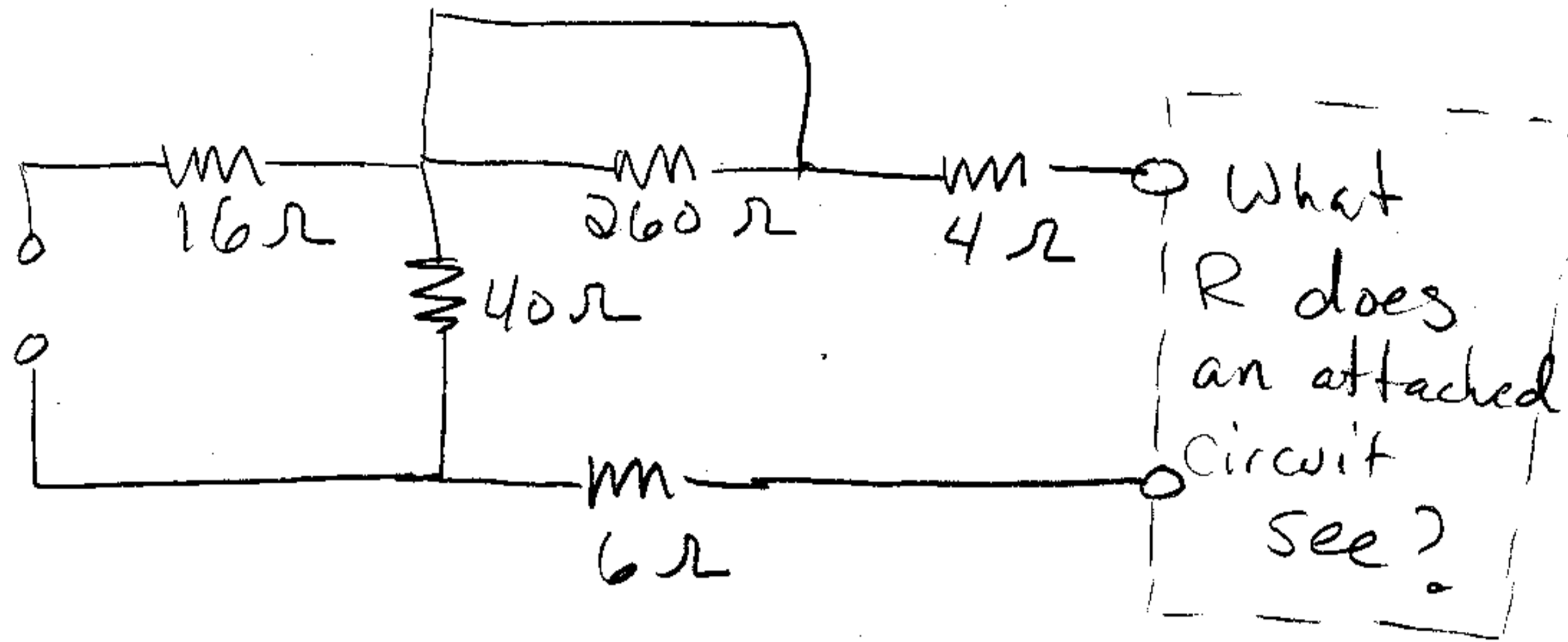


I first observe the above about the circuit. Doing KVL involving  $V_T$  and the  $40\Omega$  resistor (clockwise starting at  $V_T$ )

$$V_T + (40\Omega)(1A) - 520V - (4\Omega)(0A) = 0$$

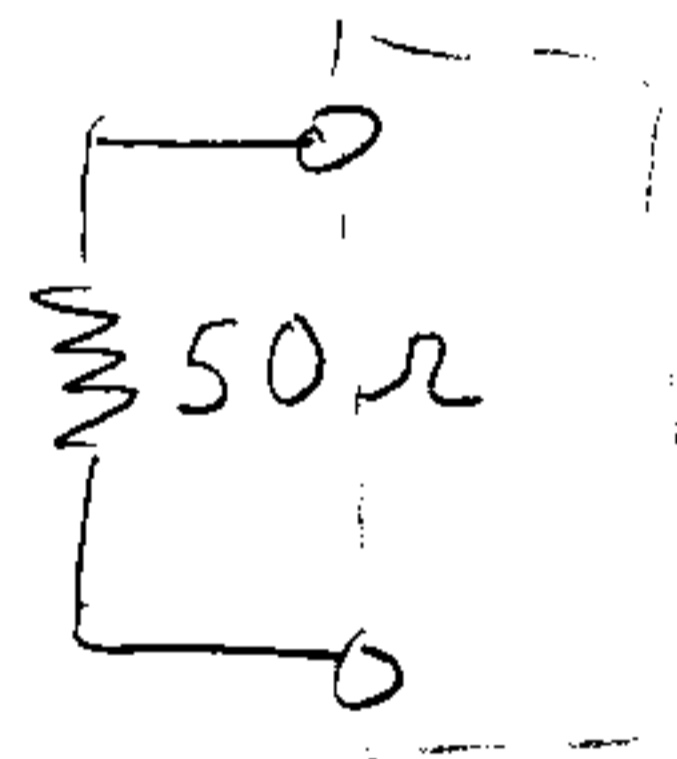
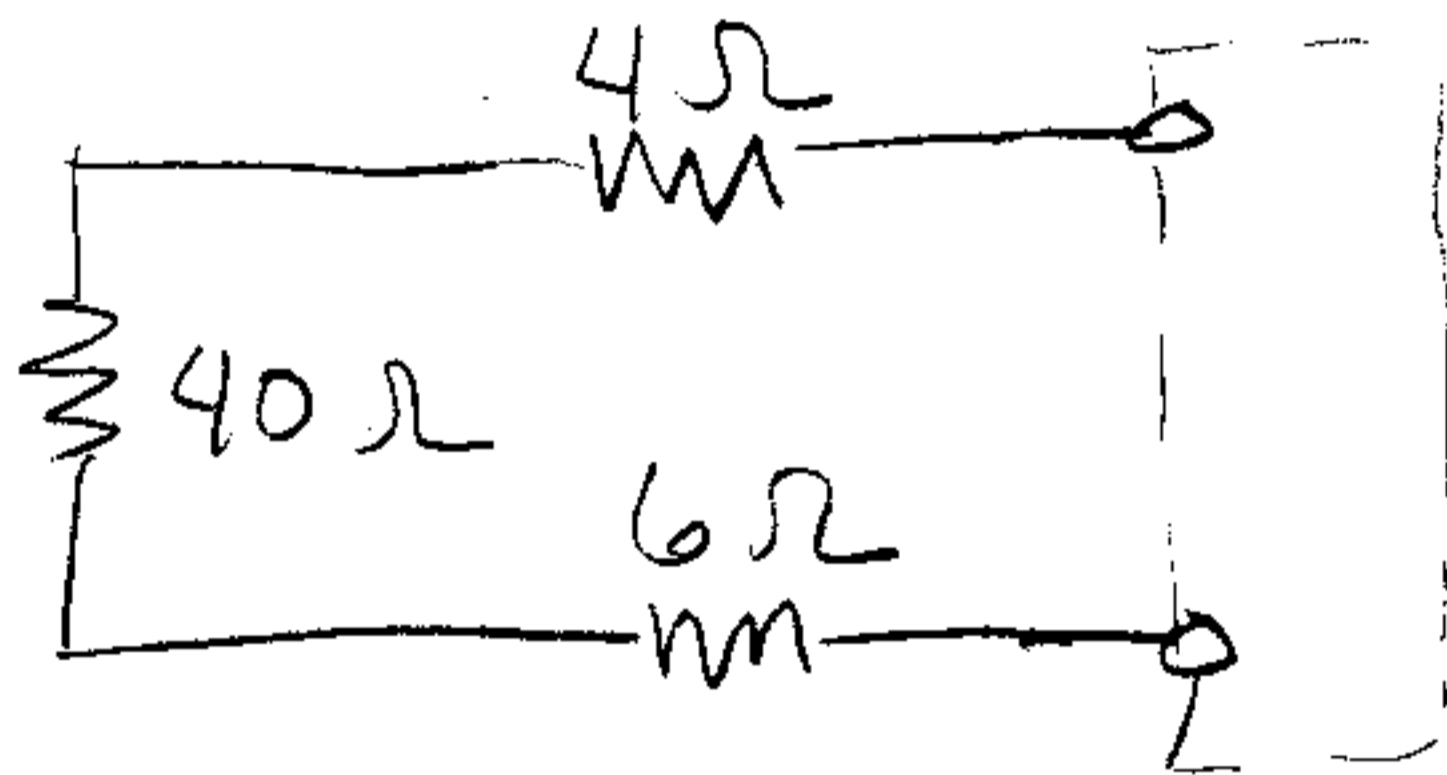
$$V_T = 480V$$

Turn off sources to find  $R_T$  :



$16\Omega$  Cannot carry current - has no effect

$260\Omega$  is in parallel with wire - becomes wire



$R_T = 50\Omega$

20 points for both answers correct

(10 points for each  $V_T$  and  $R_T$ )

$V_T$ : 8 points for minor/math error

5 points for <sup>1-2</sup> major or multiple math error

0 points for more than 2 major errors

$R_T$ : Same grading

Turning off sources wrong is a major error

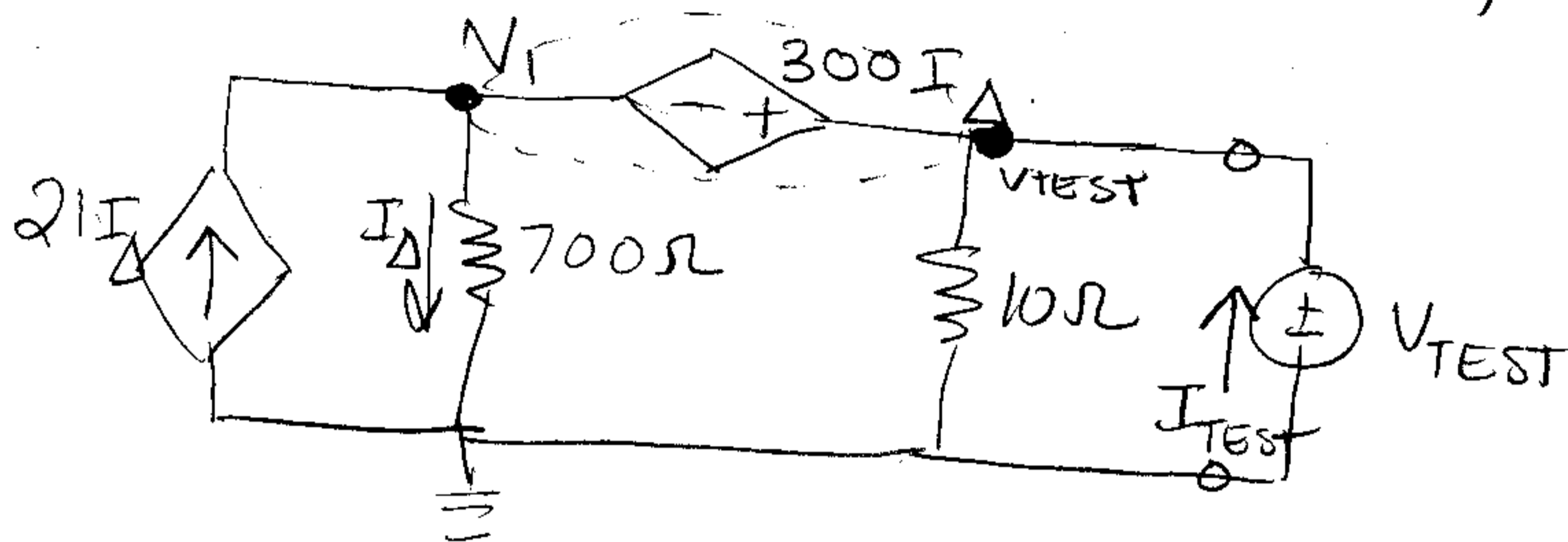
# Problem 6: 20 Points

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Since no independent sources are present,

$$V_T = 0$$

Find  $R_T$  by applying test voltage,  $R_T = \frac{V_{TEST}}{I_{TEST}}$



Do node-voltage analysis with indicated ground node:

KCL @  $V_1$

KCL @  $V_{TEST}$   $\rightarrow$  Voltage source  $\square$  disallows

KCL @ Supernode around source:

$$-2I_{\Delta} + I_{\Delta} + \frac{V_{TEST}}{10} - I_{TEST} = 0$$

Inside supernode:

$$V_{TEST} - V_1 = 300 I_{\Delta}$$

Definition of controlling current  $I_{\Delta}$ :

$$I_{\Delta} = \frac{V_1}{700 \Omega}$$

Subs above in 2nd above

$$V_{TEST} - 700 I_{\Delta} = 300 I_{\Delta} \Rightarrow I_{\Delta} = \frac{V_{TEST}}{1000}$$

Subs in KCL:

$$-20 \left( \frac{V_{TEST}}{1000} \right) + \frac{V_{TEST}}{10} = I_{TEST}$$

$$-20 V_{TEST} + 100 V_{TEST} = I_{TEST} \cdot 1000$$

$$80 V_{TEST} = 1000 I_{TEST}$$

$$\frac{V_{TEST}}{I_{TEST}} = R_T = \frac{1000}{80} = 12.5 \Omega$$

20 Points for correct answer

18 for minor/math error

20-5n for each major error

15 for multiple math errors