

EECS 42 Introduction Digital Electronics

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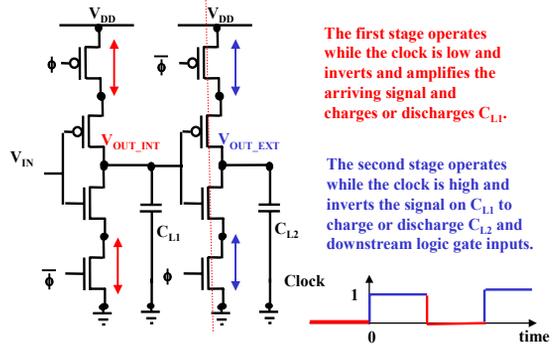
Lecture # 22 Latches and Pipelining

Handout of This Lecture.

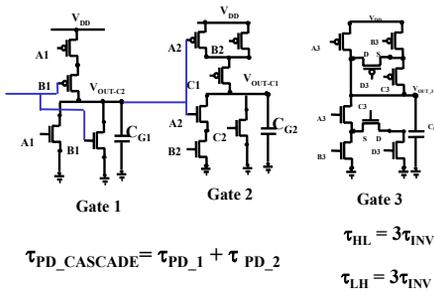
- A) Timing Diagram for a Clocked Latch
- B) Pipelining
- C) Latency and Throughput

<http://inst.EECS.Berkeley.EDU/~ee42/>

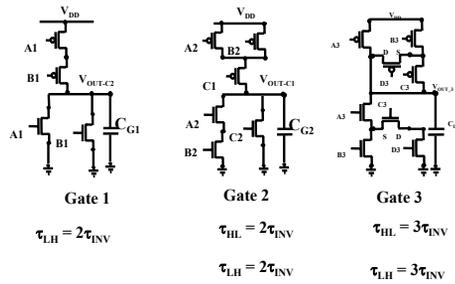
Latch Work Best In Pairs



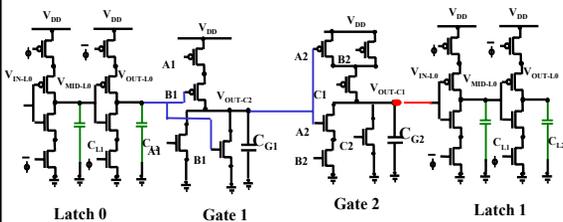
Example of Circuits to Integrate with Latches



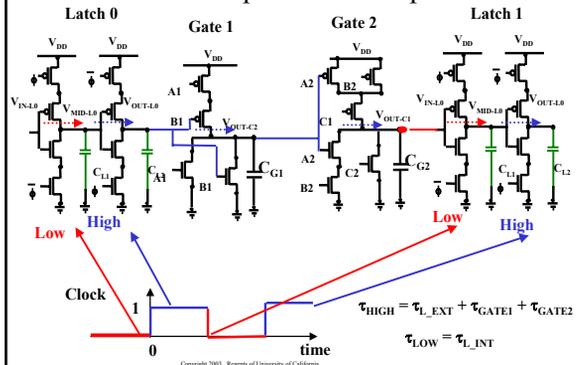
Logic Worst Case Delays



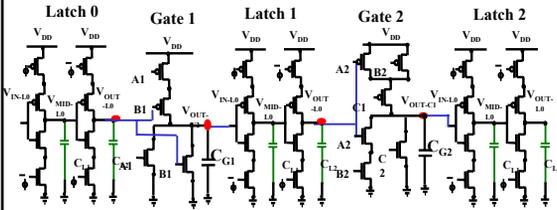
Latch Implementation: Lumped



Latch Operation: Lumped

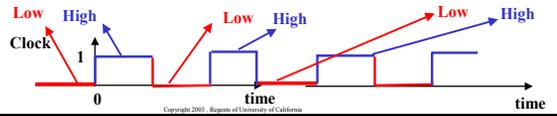
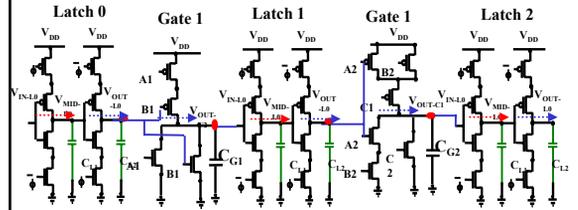


Latch Implementation: Pipelined



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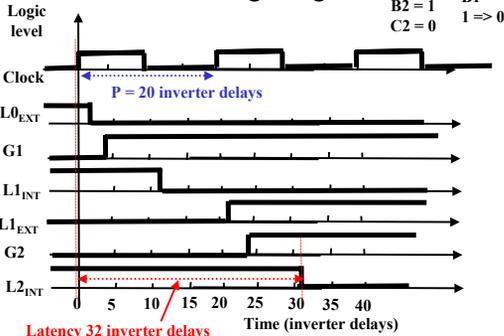
Latch Operation: Pipelined



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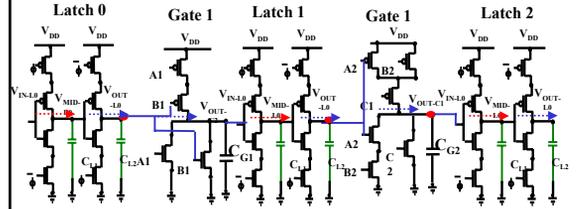
Latch Timing Diagram

A1 = 0 B1
B2 = 1 1 => 0
C2 = 0



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Clock Optimization: Pipelined



$$\tau_{\text{HIGH}} = \tau_{\text{L_EXT}} + \max(\tau_{\text{GATE1}}, \tau_{\text{GATE2}})$$

$$\tau_{\text{LOW}} = \tau_{\text{L_INT}}$$

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Latency and Throughput

Latency L is the delay between the rising edge of the clock on L_0 and the data being valid internally in the last latch.

$$L_{\text{LUMPED}} = \tau_{\text{L_EXT}} + \tau_{\text{GATE1}} + \tau_{\text{GATE2}} + \tau_{\text{L_INT}} \\ = 2\tau_{\text{INV}} + 2\tau_{\text{INV}} + 2\tau_{\text{INV}} + 2\tau_{\text{INV}} = 8\tau_{\text{INV}}$$

$$L_{\text{PIPELINED}} = \tau_{\text{L_EXT}} + \tau_{\text{GATE1}} + \tau_{\text{L_INT}} + \tau_{\text{L_EXT}} + \tau_{\text{GATE2}} + \tau_{\text{L_INT}} \\ = 2\tau_{\text{INV}} + 2\tau_{\text{INV}} + 2\tau_{\text{INV}} + 2\tau_{\text{INV}} + 2\tau_{\text{INV}} + 2\tau_{\text{INV}} = 12\tau_{\text{INV}}$$

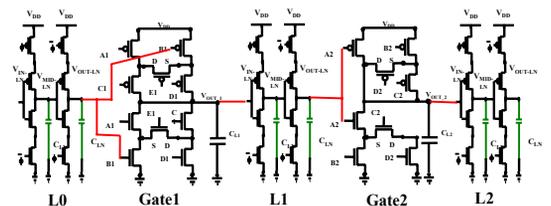
Throughput T is the bits per second through the latches and is the maximum clock frequency.

$$P_{\text{LUMPED}} = \tau_{\text{L_EXT}} + \tau_{\text{GATE1}} + \tau_{\text{GATE2}} + \tau_{\text{L_INT}} \\ = 2\tau_{\text{INV}} + 2\tau_{\text{INV}} + 2\tau_{\text{INV}} + 2\tau_{\text{INV}} = 8\tau_{\text{INV}} \\ F_{\text{LUMPED}} = 1/8(345\text{ps}) = 0.36 \text{ GHz}$$

$$P_{\text{PIPELINED}} = \tau_{\text{L_EXT}} + \text{MAX}(\tau_{\text{GATE1}}, \tau_{\text{GATE2}}) + \tau_{\text{L_INT}} \\ = 2\tau_{\text{INV}} + 2\tau_{\text{INV}} + 2\tau_{\text{INV}} = 6\tau_{\text{INV}} \\ F_{\text{PIPELINED}} = 1/6(345\text{ps}) = 0.48 \text{ GHz}$$

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Another Example



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