## **Functions**

## Welcome to CS 61A!

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Office hours in 781 Soda:

10:30-11:30 Wednesday (starting next week) 10:00-11:00 Thursday (starting this week) 11:00-12:00 Thursday online (see denero.org) 2:20-5:00 Monday 8/27 (next week only) By appointment: denero.org/meet.html



Fastest way to get answers: piazza.com/berkeley/fall2018/cs61a

Contact me, Alex, & Nancy: <u>cs61a@berkeley.edu</u>

## The 61A Community

- 52 teaching assistants (TAs), formally known at Berkeley as GSIs or UGSIs:
- Teach lab & discussion sections
- Hold drop-in office hours
- Lots of other stuff: develop assignments, grade exams, etc.

50+ mentors:

- Teach mentoring sections
- Hold drop-in office hours
- Lots of other stuff: homework parties, mastery sections, etc.

250+ academic interns help answer individual questions & check your progress

2,000+ fellow students make CS 61A unique

#### Parts of the Course

Lecture: Videos posted to cs61a.org before each live lecture
Lab section: The most important part of this course (next week)
Discussion section: The most important part of this course (this week)
Staff office hours: The most important part of this course (next week)
Online textbook: http://composingprograms.com

Weekly homework assignments, three exams, & four programming projects Lots of optional special events to help you complete all this work

Everything is posted to cs61a.org

An Introduction to Computer Science

## What is Computer Science?

What problems can be solved using computation, The study of How to solve those problems, and What techniques lead to effective solutions		
Systems		
Artificial Intelligence	Decision Making	
Graphics	Robotics	
Security	Natural Language Processing	Annuaring Questions
Networking	Naturat Language Frocessing	Answering Questions
Programming Languages	•••	Translation
Theory		
Scientific Computing		

## What is This Course About?

A course about managing complexity

Mastering abstraction

Programming paradigms

An introduction to programming

Full understanding of Python fundamentals

Combining multiple ideas in large projects

How computers interpret programming languages

Different types of languages: Scheme & SQL

A challenging course that will demand a lot of you





Alternatives to CS 61A

## CS 10: The Beauty and Joy of Computing

Designed for students without prior experience

A programming environment created by Berkeley, now used in courses around the world and online

An introduction to fundamentals (& Python) that sets students up for success in CS 61A

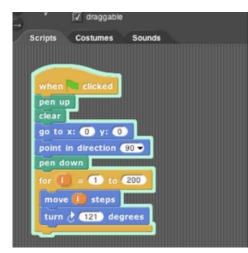
Fall 2018: Dan Garcia

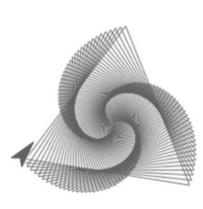
25 seats available

More info: <a href="http://cs10.org/fa18/">http://cs10.org/fa18/</a>









### Data Science 8: Foundations of Data Science

Fundamentals of computing, statistical inference, & machine learning applied to real-world data sets

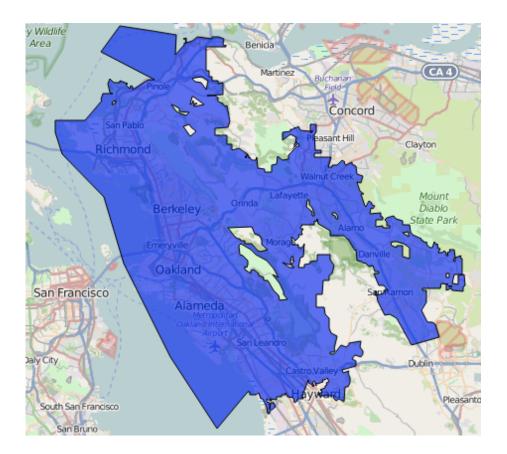
More statistics than computer science

Great programming practice for CS 61A

Listed as CS C8

180+ person waitlist

More info: <a href="http://data8.org/fa18">http://data8.org/fa18</a>



**Course Policies** 

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# Learning

# Community

# Course Staff

Details...

http://cs61a.org/articles/about.html

## Collaboration

#### Asking questions is highly encouraged

•Discuss everything with each other; learn from your fellow students!

- Some projects can be completed with a partner
- Choose a partner from your discussion section

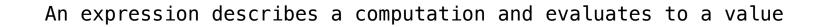
#### The limits of collaboration

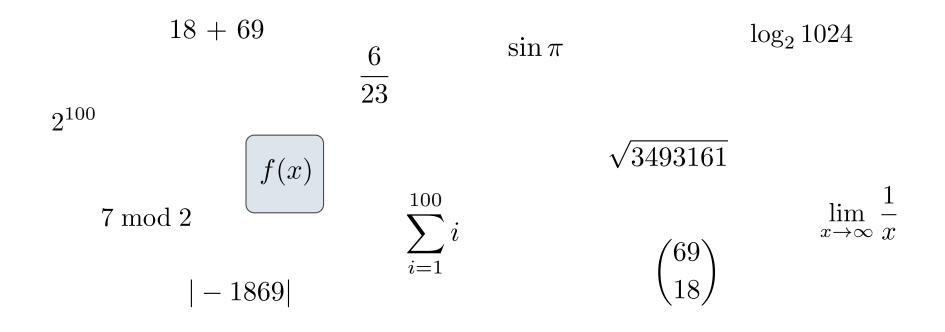
One simple rule: Don't share your code, except with your project partner
Copying project solutions causes people to fail the course
We really do catch people who violate the rules, because...
We also know how to search the web for solutions
We use computers to check your work

#### Build good habits now

Expressions

## Types of expressions





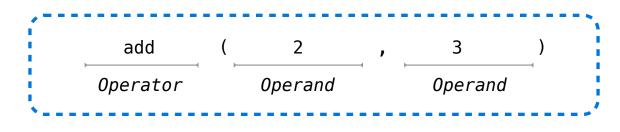
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Call Expressions in Python

## All expressions can use function call notation

(Demo)

## Anatomy of a Call Expression



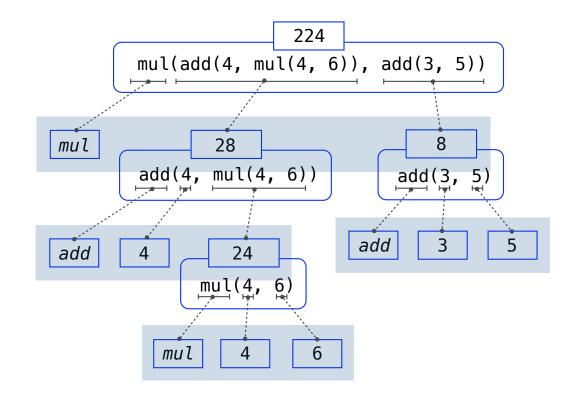
Operators and operands are also expressions

So they evaluate to values

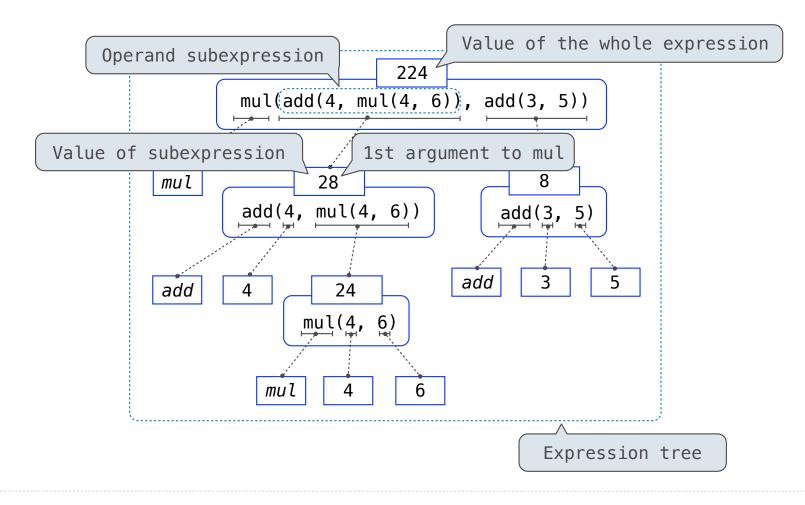
#### Evaluation procedure for call expressions:

- 1. Evaluate the operator and then the operand subexpressions
- 2. Apply the function that is the value of the operator subexpression to the arguments that are the values of the operand subexpression

## **Evaluating Nested Expressions**



## **Evaluating Nested Expressions**



## Functions, Values, Objects, Interpreters, and Data

(Demo)