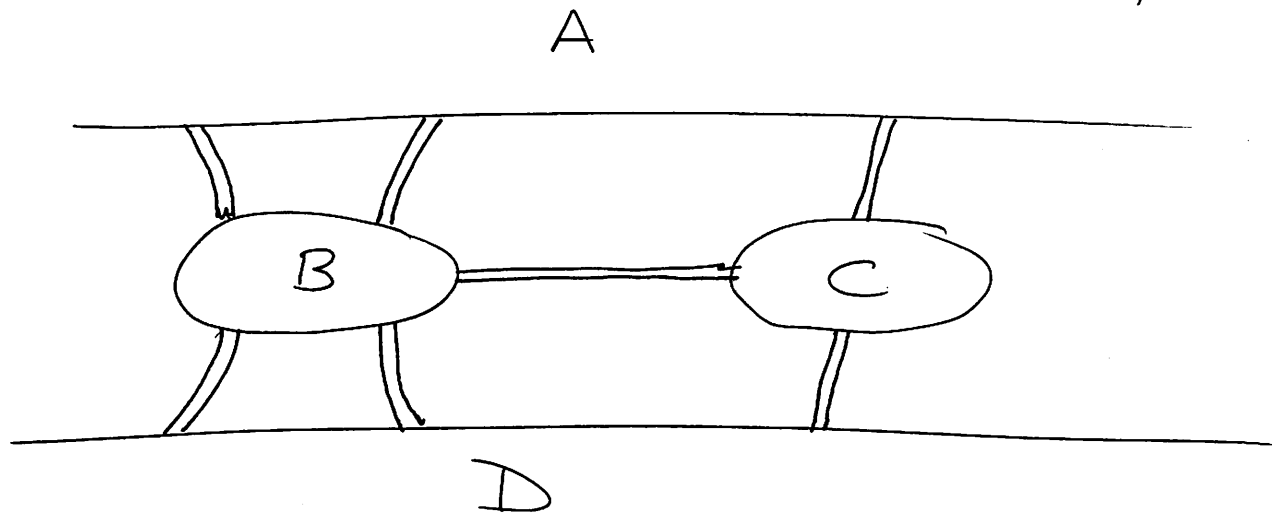


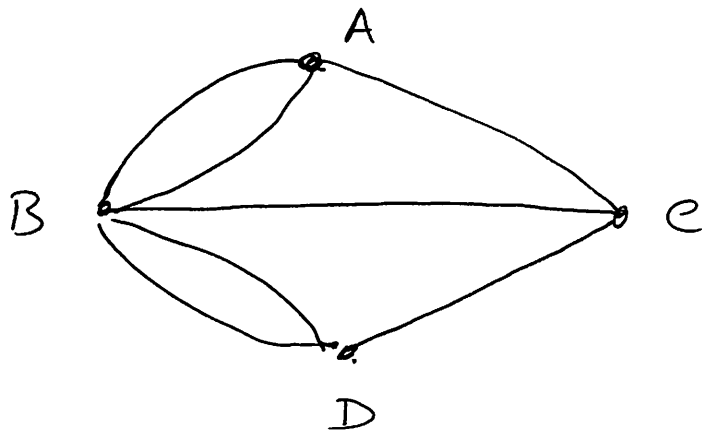
Graphs and Eulerian Tours.

Euler 1735

Königsberg.



Abstraction:



A, B, C, D vertices.
lines edges.
{A, B} {B, D}

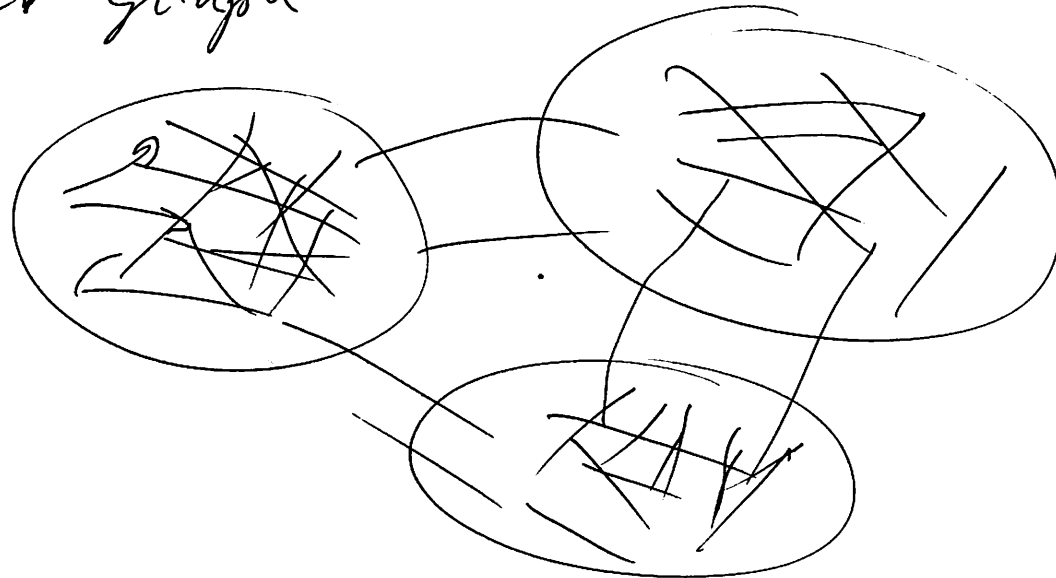
Google

Web graph



Page rank.

Web graph



EU Buys Large Graph for 1.2 Billion Euro.

Connection pattern of the Brain:

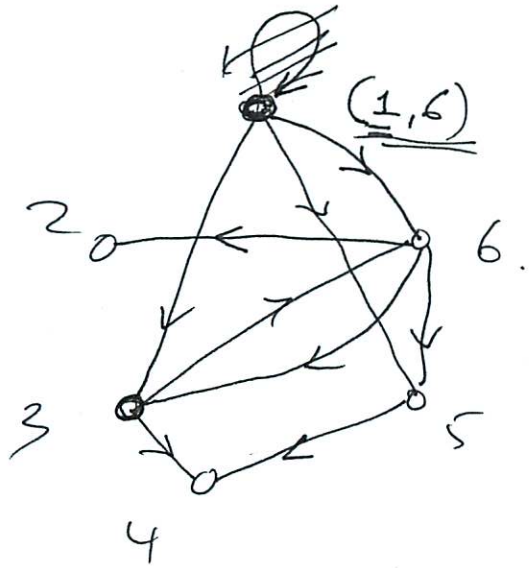
Evolution: Phylogeny trees.

$G(V, E)$

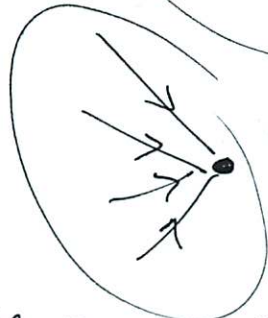
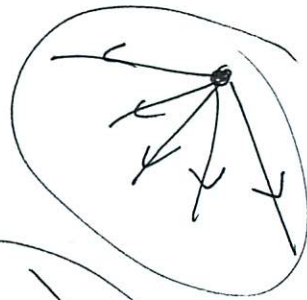
graph G

with vertex set V
and edge set E .

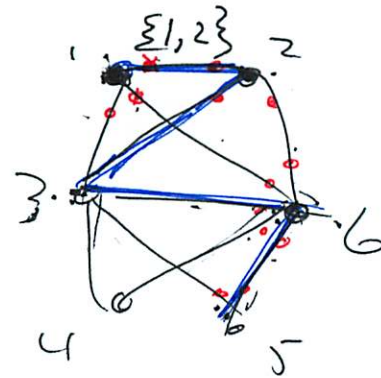
$V = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$



Directed



or Undirected



$\deg(6) = 5$
 $\deg(1) = 3$
 $\deg(3) = 5$
 $\deg(4) = 2$

$E = \{ \{1, 2\}, \{1, 3\}, \{1, 6\}, \{2, 3\}, \{2, 6\}, \{3, 6\}, \{3, 4\}, \{3, 5\}, \{4, 6\}, \{5, 6\} \}$

$U \times W = \{ (u, w) : u \in U \ \& \ w \in W \}$

$U = \{1, 2, 3\} \quad W = \{a, b\}$

$U \times W = \{ (1, a), (1, b), (2, a), (2, b), (3, a), (3, b) \}$

$E \subseteq V \times V \quad \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\} \times \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$

$\{ (1, 1), (1, 2), \dots, (1, 6), (2, 1), (2, 2), \dots, (2, 6) \}$

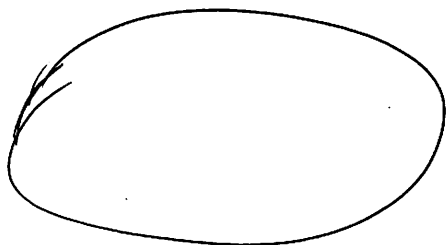
$$\text{in-deg}(6) = 2$$

$$\text{out-deg}(6) = 3$$

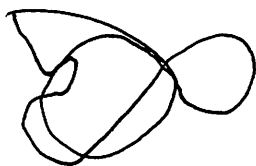
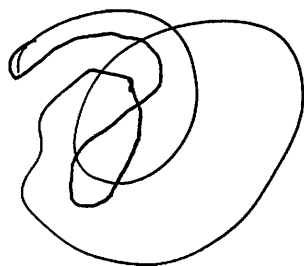
$$\sum_{v \in V} \text{deg}(v) = ? = 2|E|$$

Cor Number of odd degree vertices in any graph $G(V, E)$ must be even.

Simple cycle



tour



if vertex v has no neighbors
i.e. $\text{deg}(v) = 0$ the
 v is called an isolated vertex.

length = 4

Path : 1, 2, 3, 6, 5

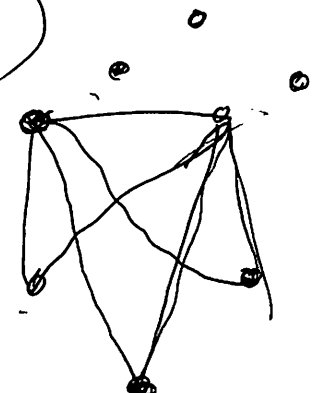
Simple path. no repetitions.

walk : 1, 2, 3, 1, 6, 3, 5

(simple) cycle : 1, 2, 3, 6, 1

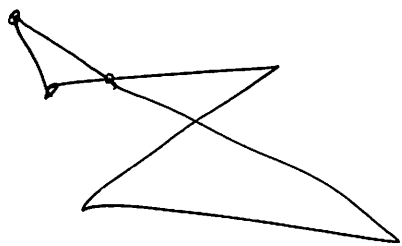
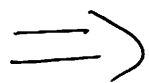
tour : 1, 2, 6, 1, 3, 5, 6, 1

Theorem: A graph has an Eulerian tour
 iff ~~it~~ it is connected (up to isolated
 vertices) and every vertex has even degree.



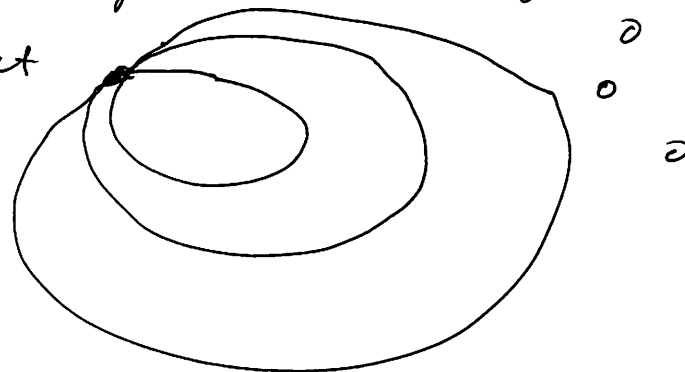
Eulerian Graph.

Idea: every time tour enters a vertex
 it must leave. Each such
 visit uses up two edges out
 of its total degree.



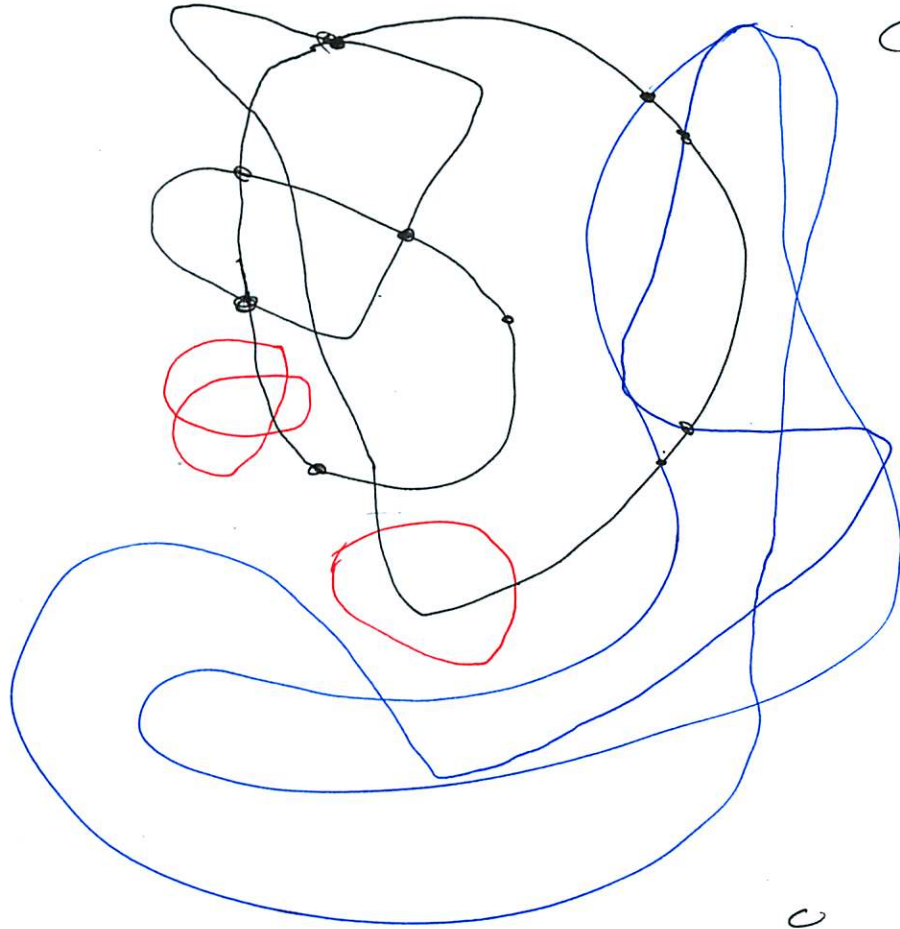
leave every time } even degree.
 enter every vertex }

start

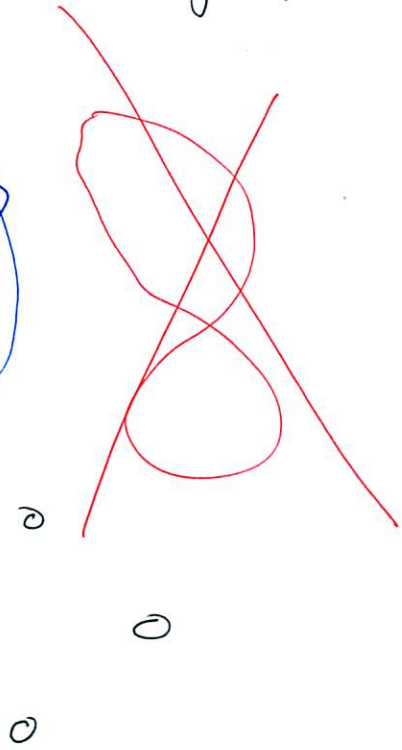


Given: connected graph (up to isolated vertices)
with all vertices even degree.

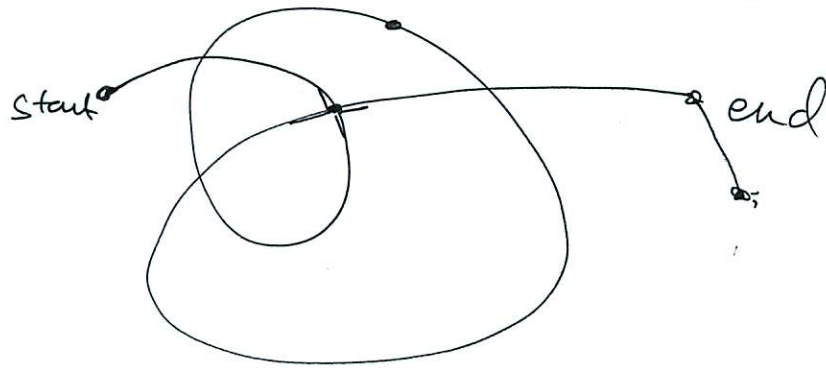
Start walk by from some vertex.



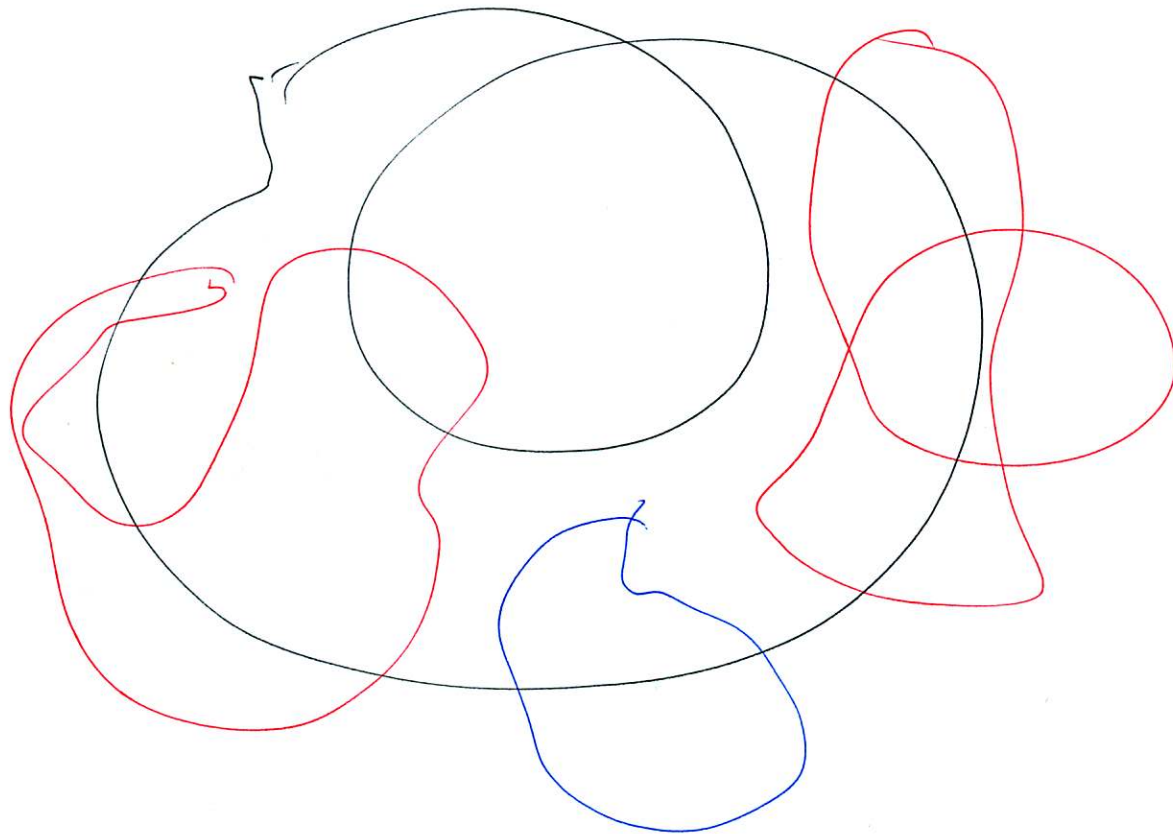
Can't get stuck anywhere
except if you return to
starting point. \square



when return to
only stuck ~~at~~ starting pt:



only two odd
degree vertices
in tour.



Already covered
black part.

All other edges are
connected to black
part of graph
& have even degree.