Stuff

- Project phase III out, due April 25.
- Guest lecturer next Tues: Vern Paxson on Network Security.
- Lecture today:
 - Finish multiple access
 - Link layer addressing
 - Hub vs Switch

Jam Signal: make sure all Exponential Backoff: other transmitters are Goal: adapt retransmission aware of collision: 48 bits attempts to estimated Bit time: .1 microsec for 10 current load Mbps Ethernet ; o heavy load: random wait for K=1023, wait time is will be longer about 50 msec first collision: choose K from {0,1}; delay is K 512 bit transmission times

Ethernet's CSMA/CD (more)

after second collision: choose K from {0,1,2,3}... after ten collisions, choose

K from {0,1,2,3,4,...,1023}

DataLink Laver

Ethernet uses CSMA/CD

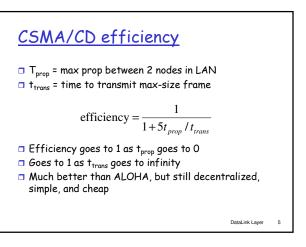
- No slots
- adapter doesn't transmit if it senses that some other adapter is transmitting, that is, carrier sense
- transmitting adapter aborts when it senses that another adapter is transmitting, that is, collision detection

Before attempting a retransmission, adapter waits a random time, that is, random access

DataLink Laver

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DataLink Laver



Ethernet CSMA/CD algorithm

- 1. Adaptor receives datagram from net layer & creates frame
- 2. If adapter senses channel idle, it starts to transmit frame. If it senses channel busy, waits until channel idle and then transmits
- 3. If adapter transmits entire frame without detecting another transmission, the adapter is done with frame !
- 4. If adapter detects another transmission while transmitting, aborts and sends jam signal
- 5. After aborting, adapter enters exponential **backoff**: after the mth collision, adapter chooses a K at random from {0,1,2,...,2m-1}. Adapter waits K.512 bit times and returns to Step 2

DataLink Layer

