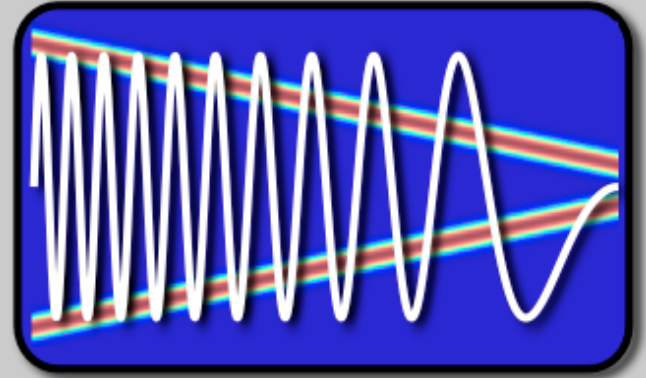


EE123



Digital Signal Processing

Lecture 16
Resampling

Topics

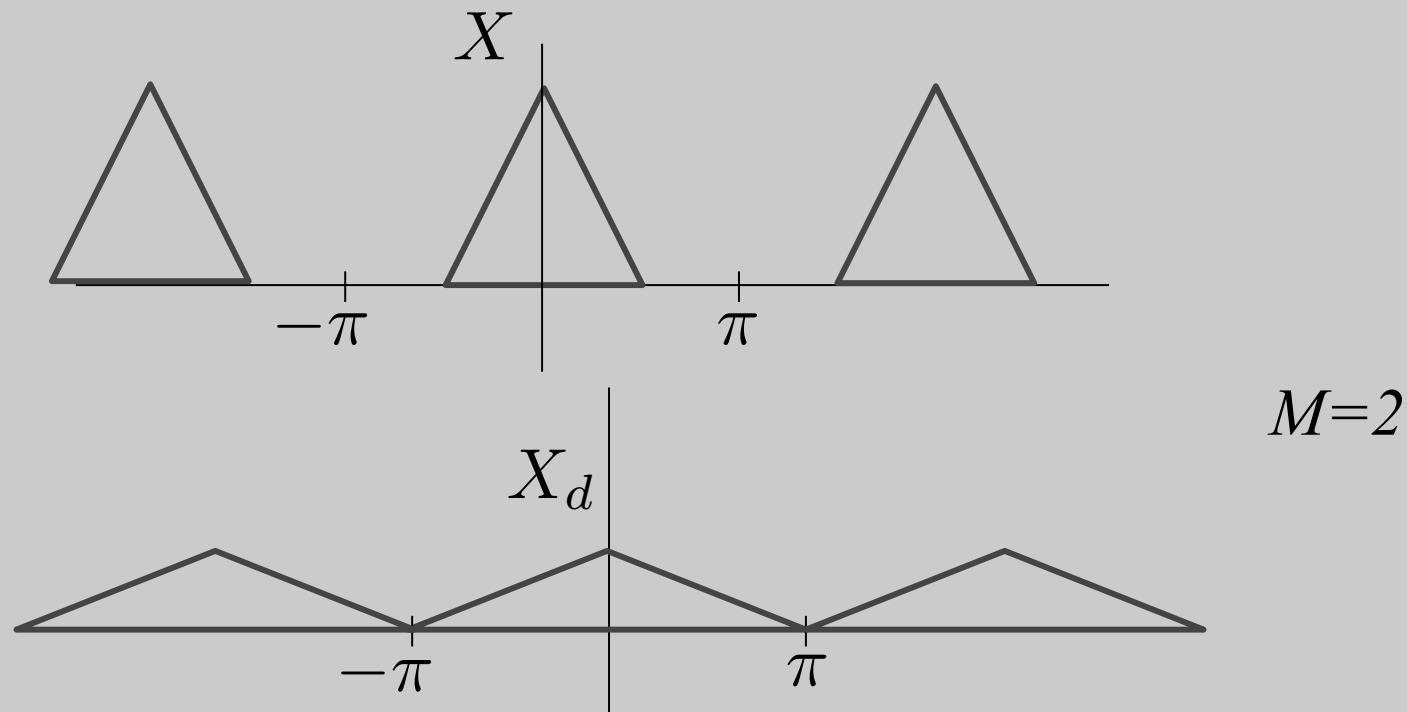
- Did you sign up for the ham exam?
- Last time
 - D.T processing of C.T signals
 - C.T processing of D.T signals (ha?????)
 - Downsampling
- Today
 - Changing Sampling Rate via DSP
 - Upsampling
 - Rational resampling
 - Interchanging operations

Review DownSampling

- Much like C/D conversion
- Expect similar effects:
 - Aliasing
 - mitigate by antialiasing filter
- Finely sampled signal \Rightarrow almost continuous
 - Downsample in that case is like sampling!

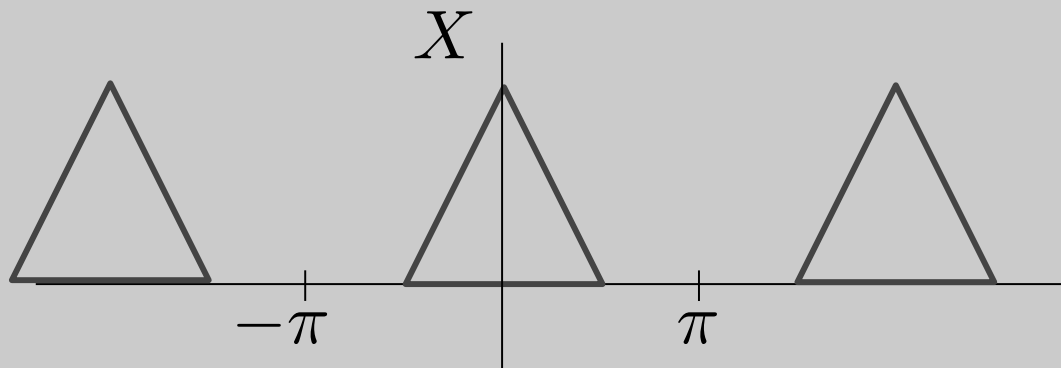
Changing Sampling-rate via D.T Processing

$$X_d(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{1}{M} \sum_{i=0}^{M-1} X \left(e^{j(\omega/M - 2\pi i/M)} \right)$$

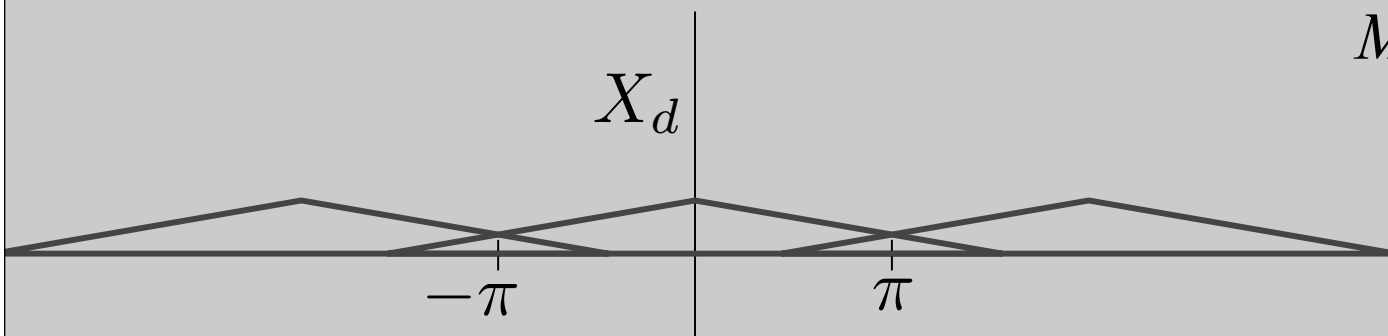


Changing Sampling-rate via D.T Processing

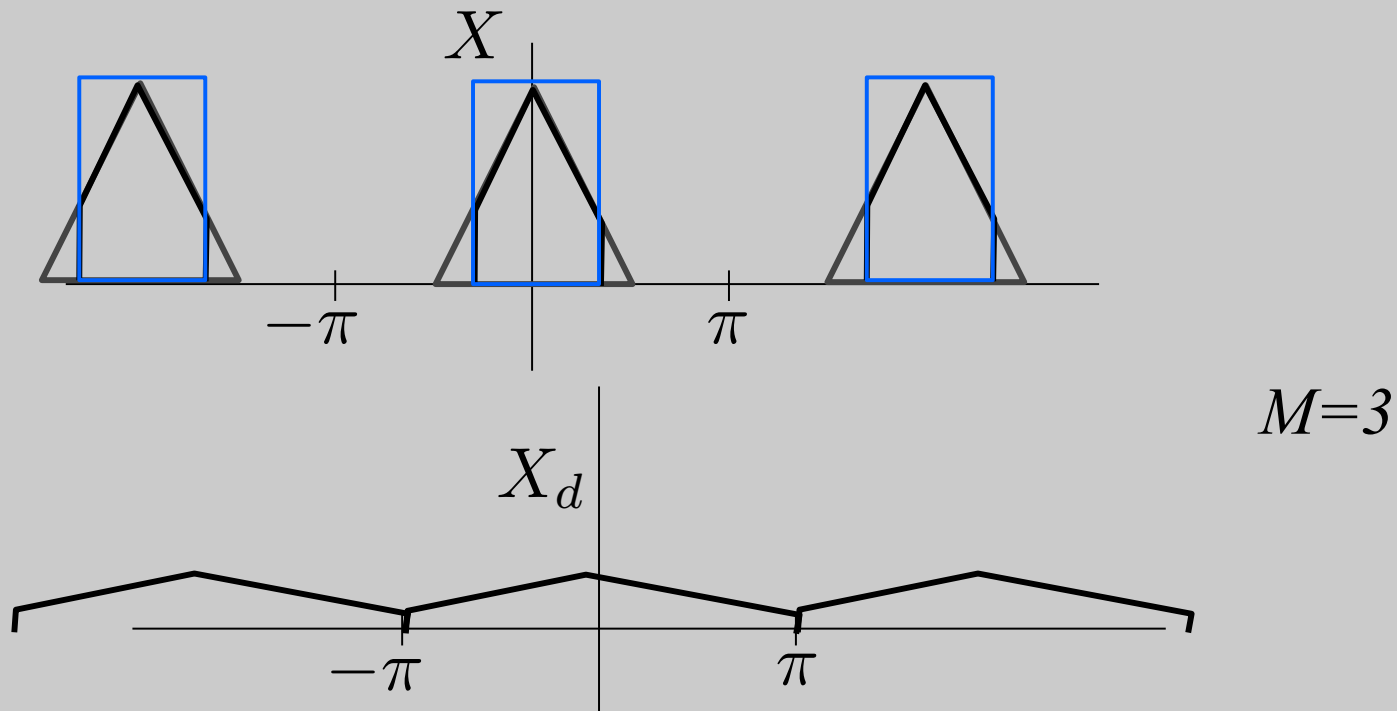
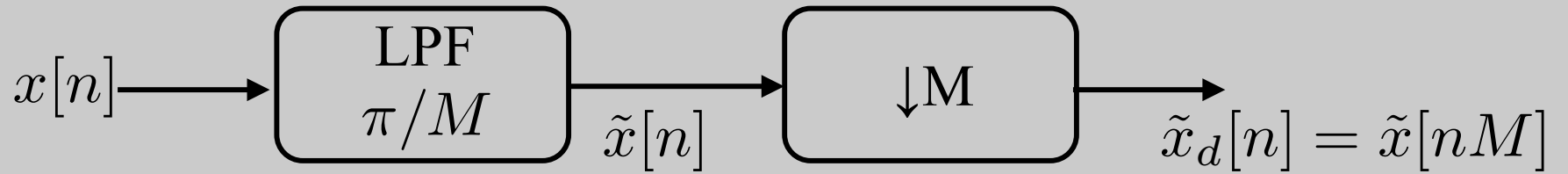
$$X_d(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{1}{M} \sum_{i=0}^{M-1} X \left(e^{j(\omega/M - 2\pi i/M)} \right)$$



$M=3$



Anti-Aliasing



UpSampling

- Much like D/C converter
- Upsample by A LOT \Rightarrow almost continuous
- Intuition:
 - Recall our D/C model: $x[n] \Rightarrow x_s(t) \Rightarrow x_c(t)$
 - Approximate “ $x_s(t)$ ” by placing zeros between samples
 - Convolve with a sinc to obtain “ $x_c(t)$ ”

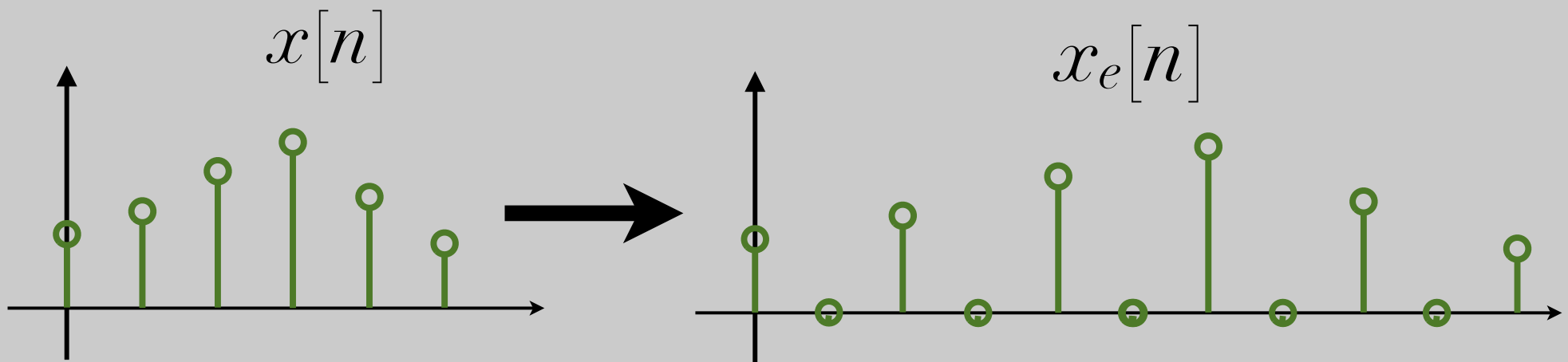
Up-sampling

$$x[n] = X_c(nT)$$

$$x_i[n] = X_c(nT') \quad \text{where } T' = \frac{T}{L} \quad L \text{ integer}$$

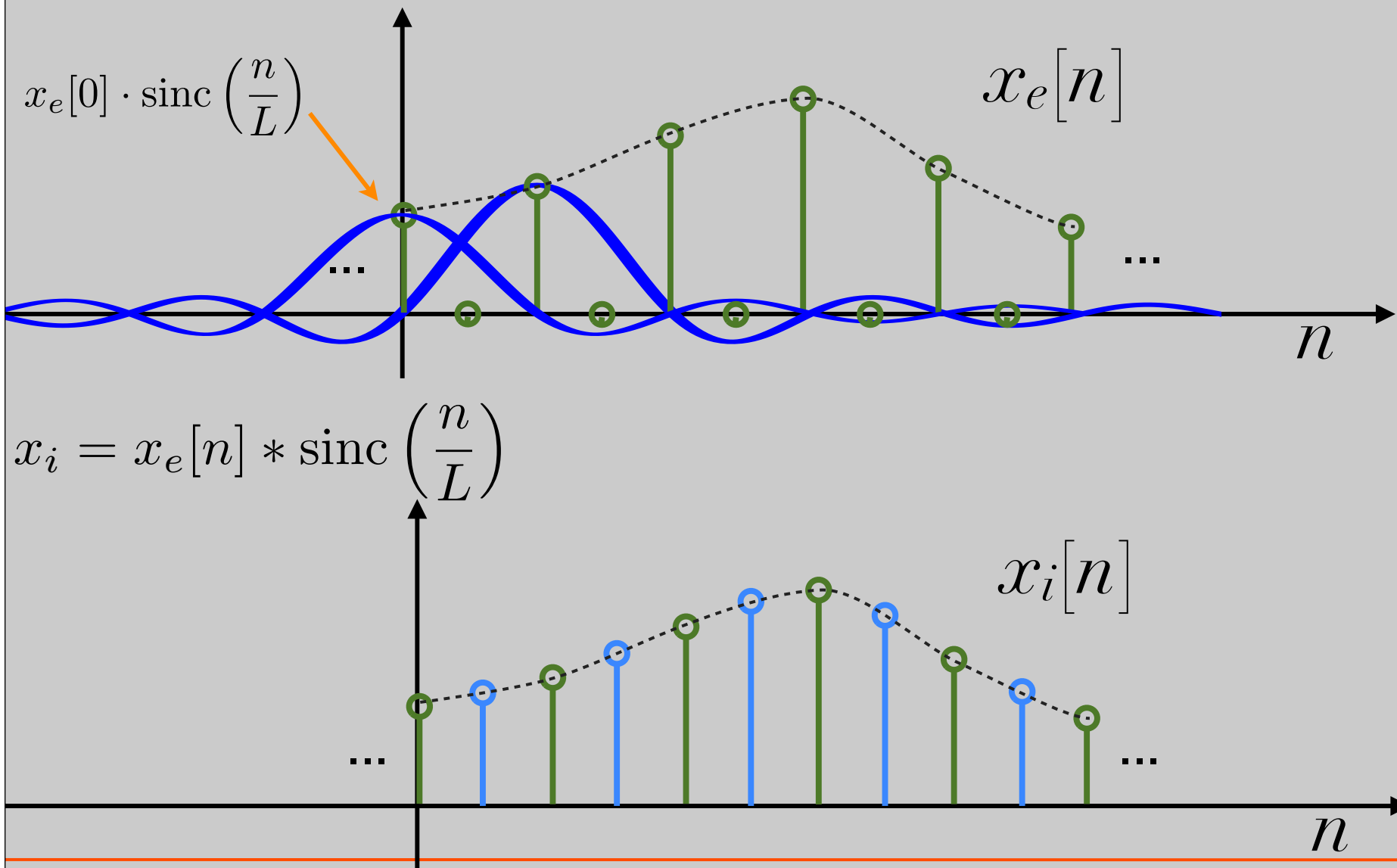
Obtain $x_i[n]$ from $x[n]$ in two steps:

(1) Generate:
$$x_e = \begin{cases} x[n/L] & n = 0, \pm L, \pm 2L, \dots \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$



Up-Sampling

(2) Obtain $x_i[n]$ from $x_e[n]$ by bandlimited interpolation:



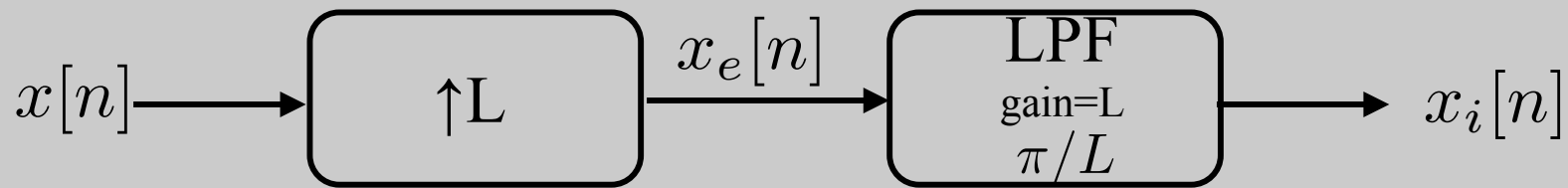
Up-Sampling

$$x_i[n] = x_e[n] * \text{sinc}(n/L)$$

$$x_e[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} x[k] \delta[n - kL]$$

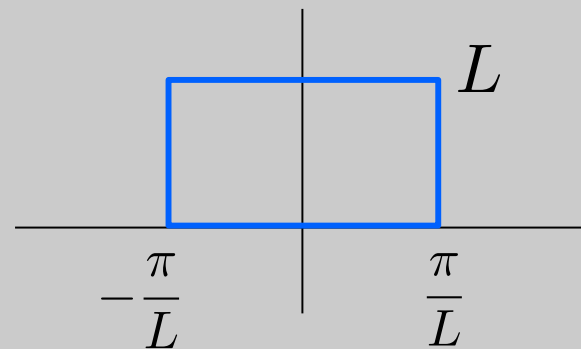
$$x_i[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} x[k] \text{sinc}\left(\frac{n - kL}{L}\right)$$

Frequency Domain Interpretation

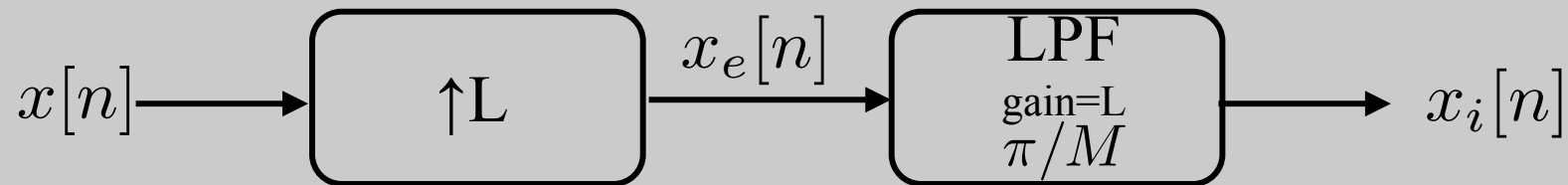


$\text{sinc}(n/L)$

DTFT \Rightarrow



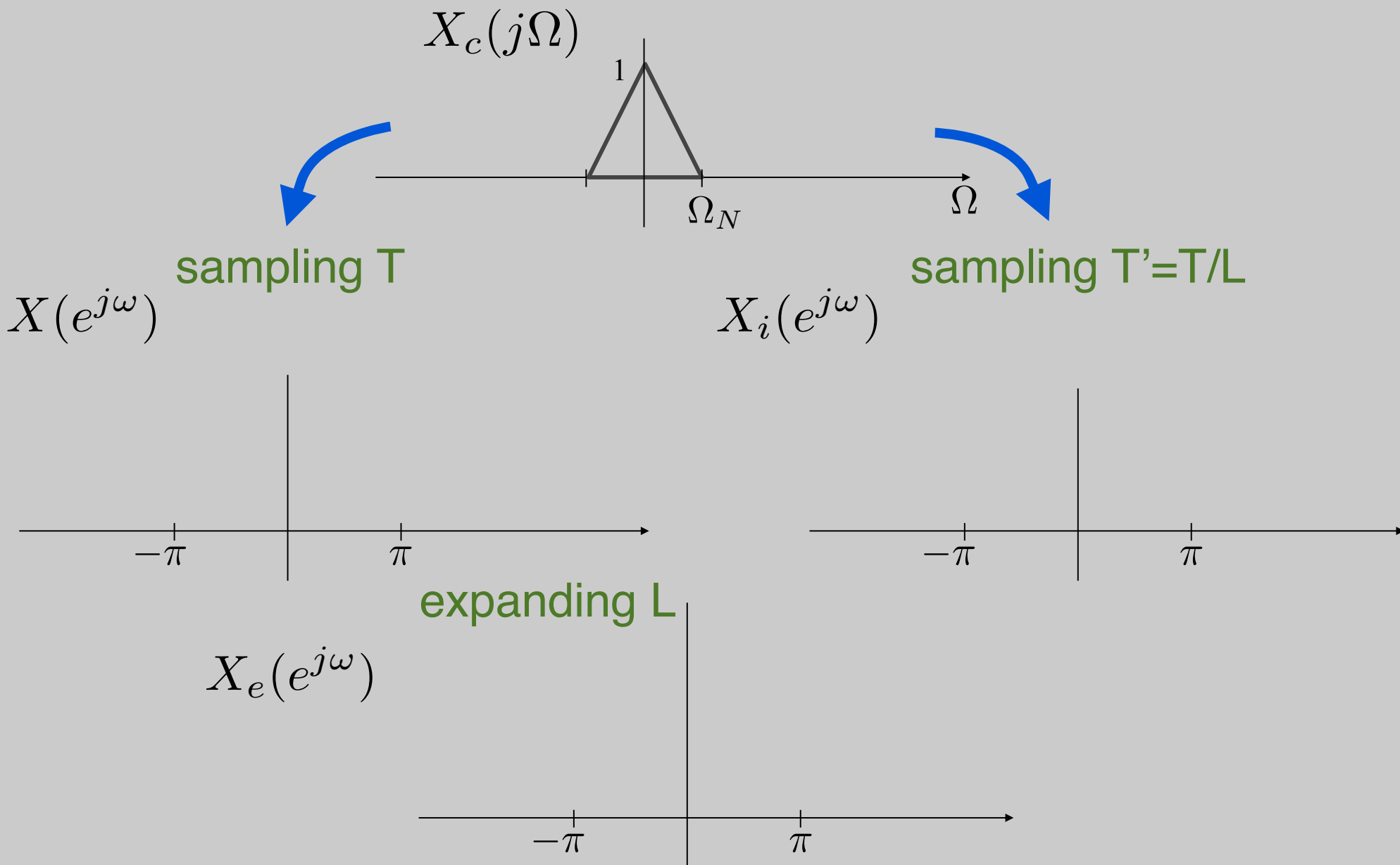
Frequency Domain Interpretation



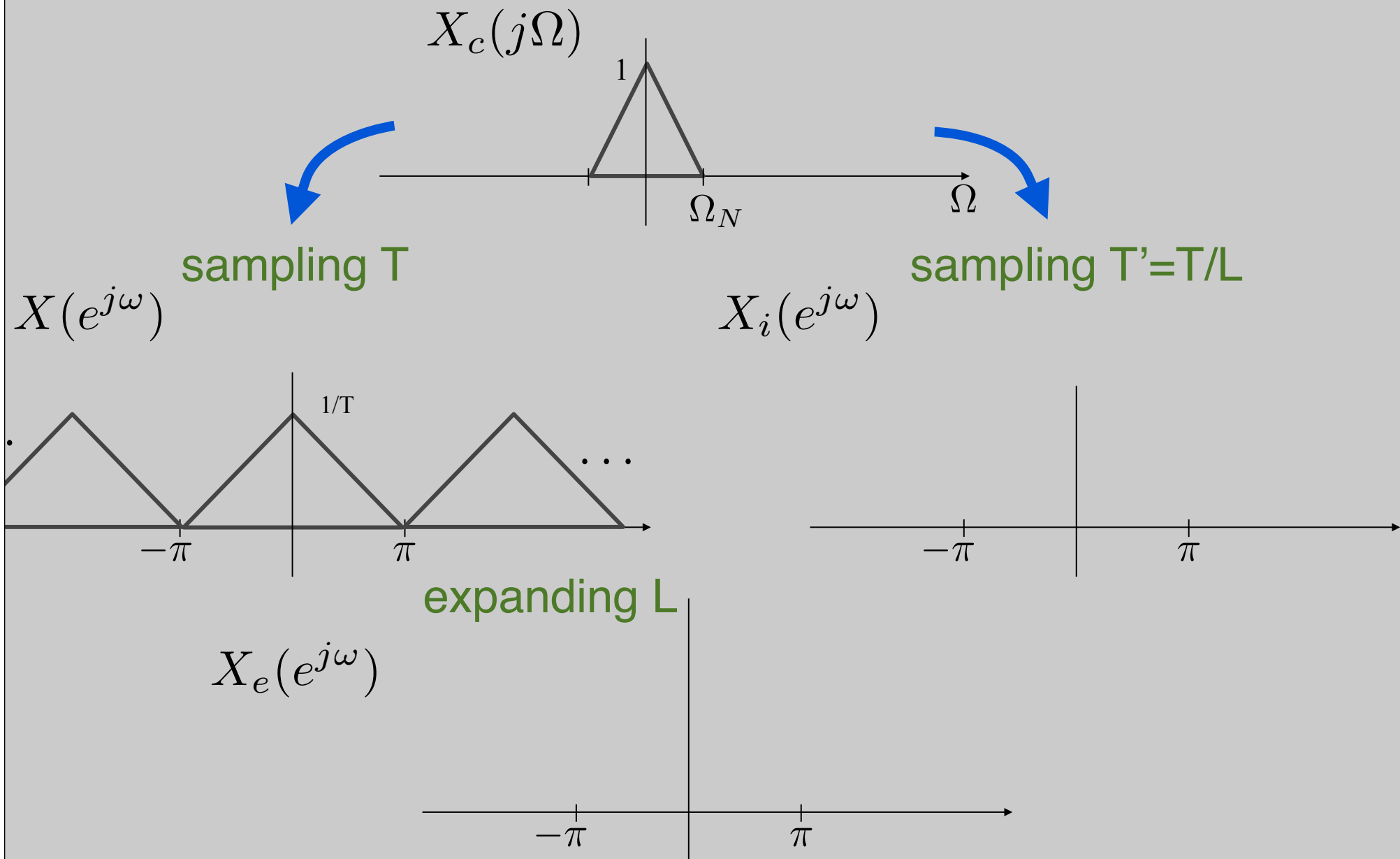
$$\begin{aligned} X_e(e^{j\omega}) &= \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \underbrace{x_e[n]}_{\neq 0 \text{ only for } n=mL \text{ (integer } m)} e^{-j\omega n} \\ &= \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} \underbrace{x_e[mL]}_{=x[m]} e^{-j\omega mL} = X(e^{j\omega L}) \end{aligned}$$

Compress DTFT by a factor of L!

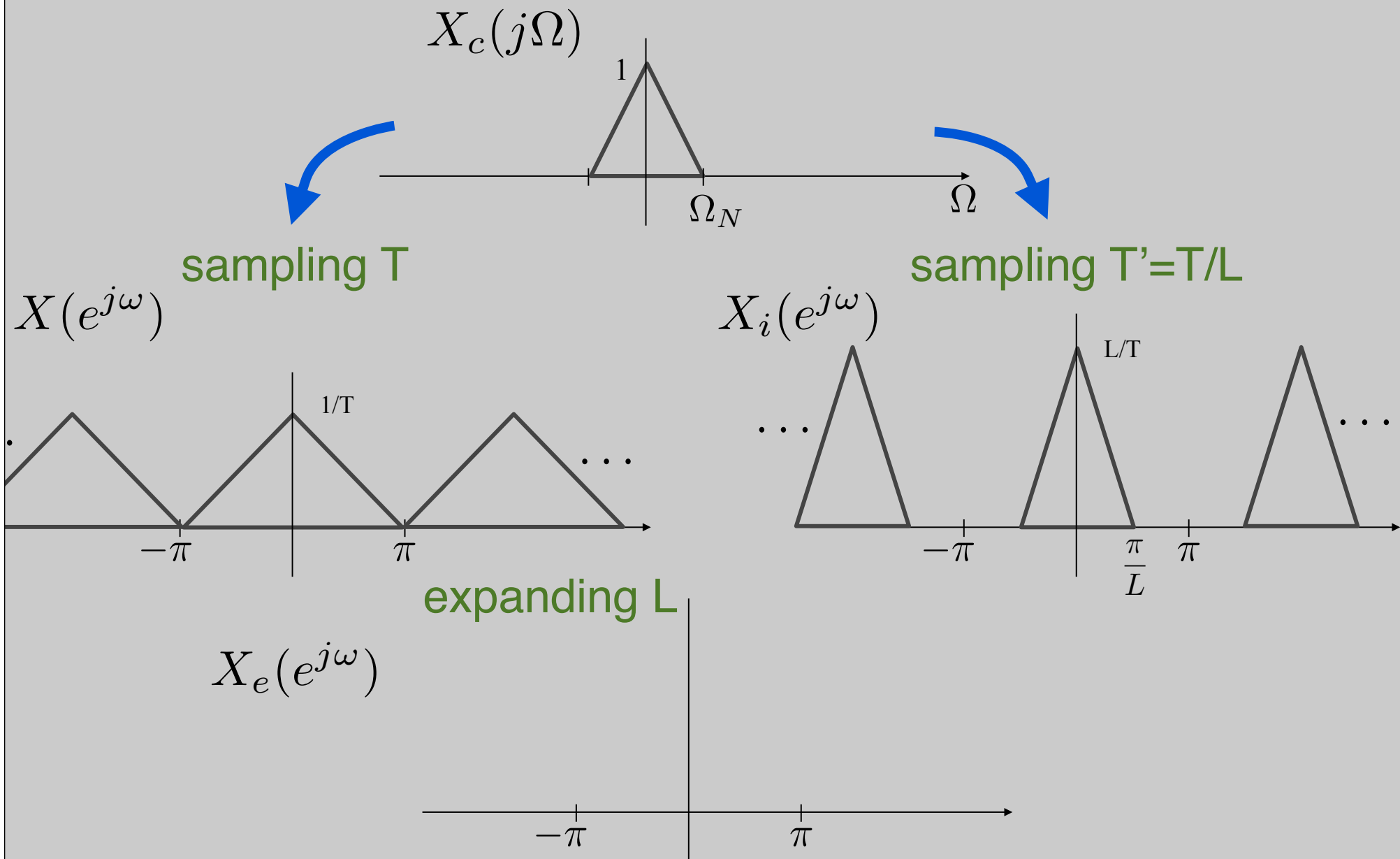
Example:



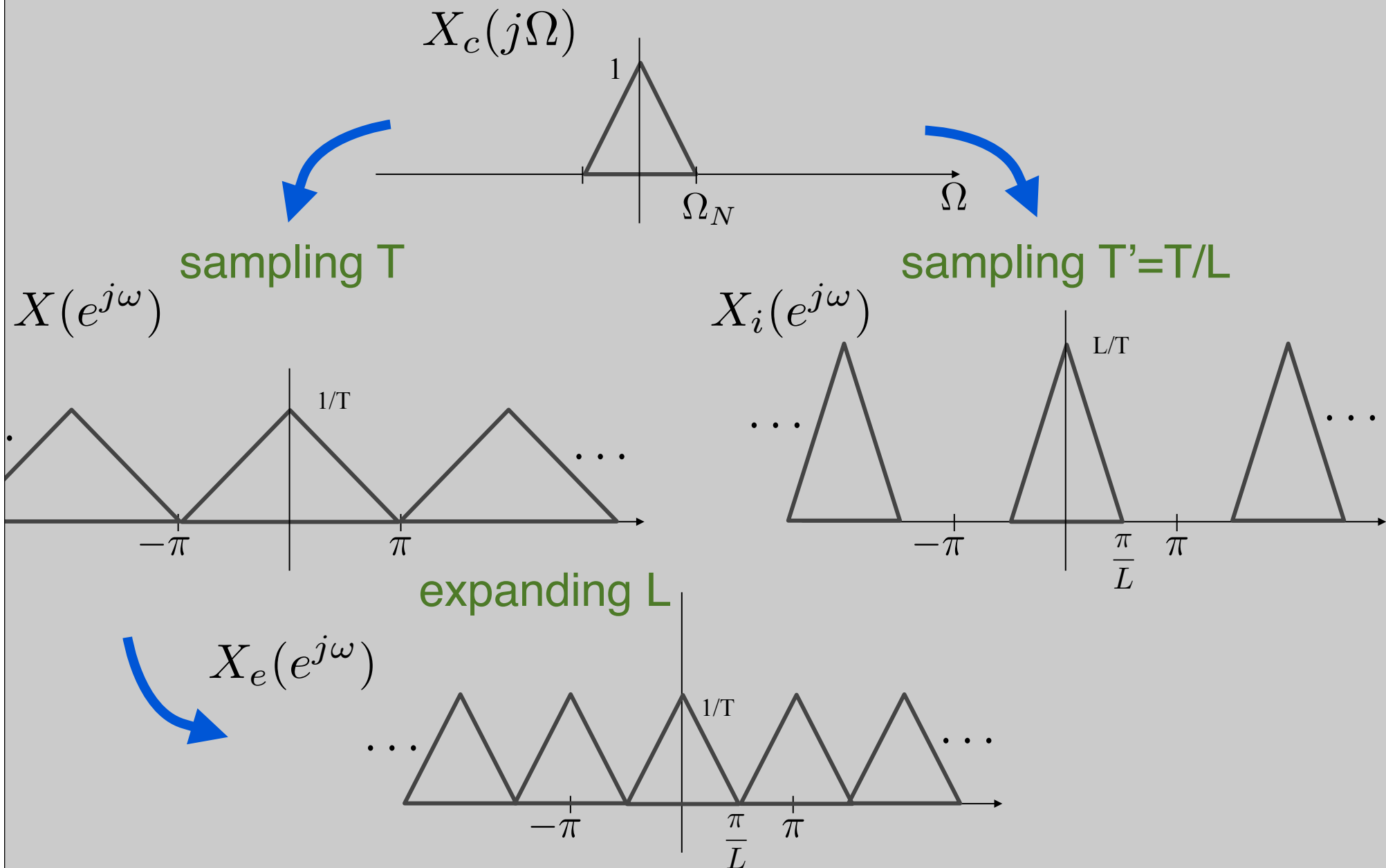
Example:



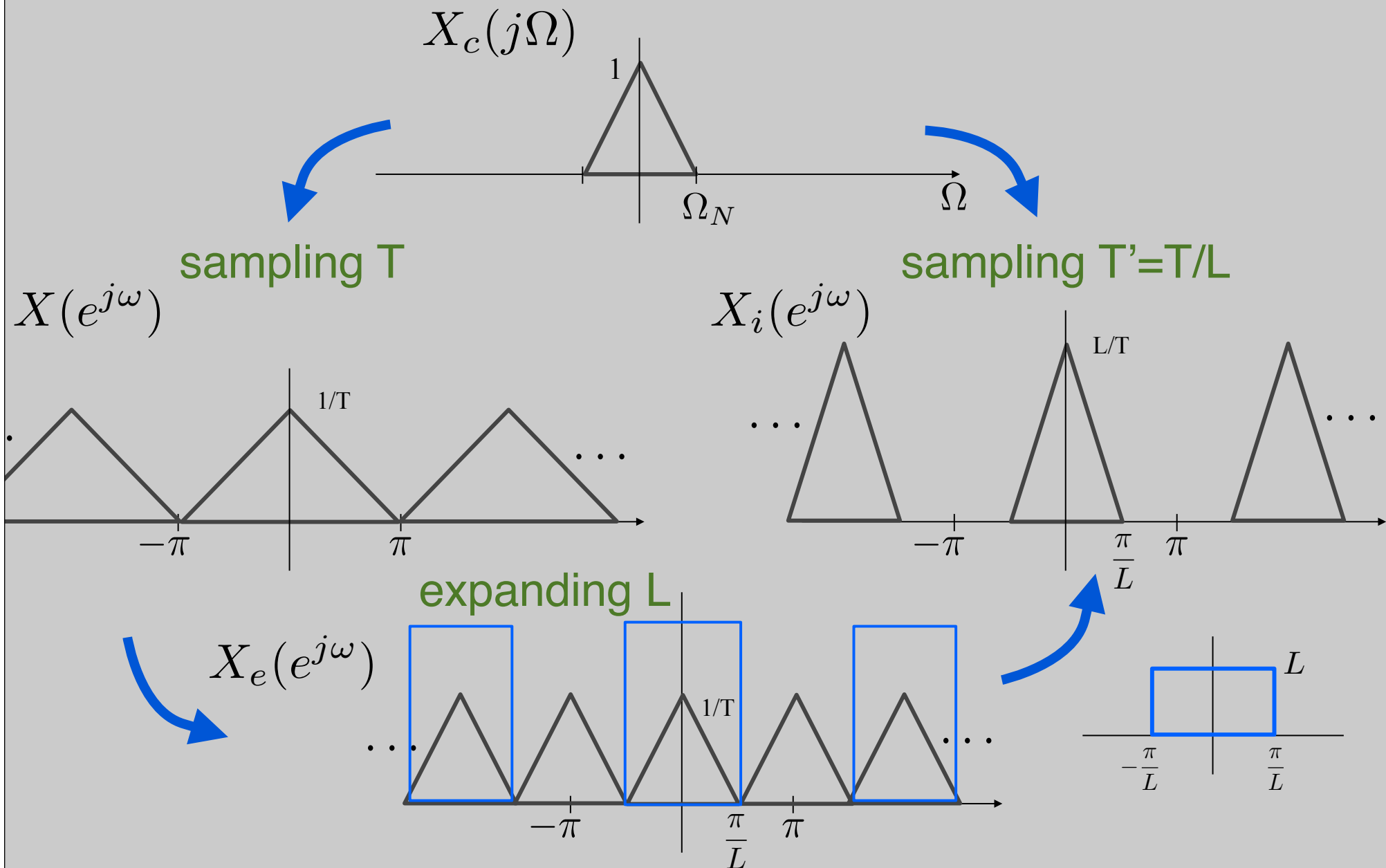
Example:



Example:

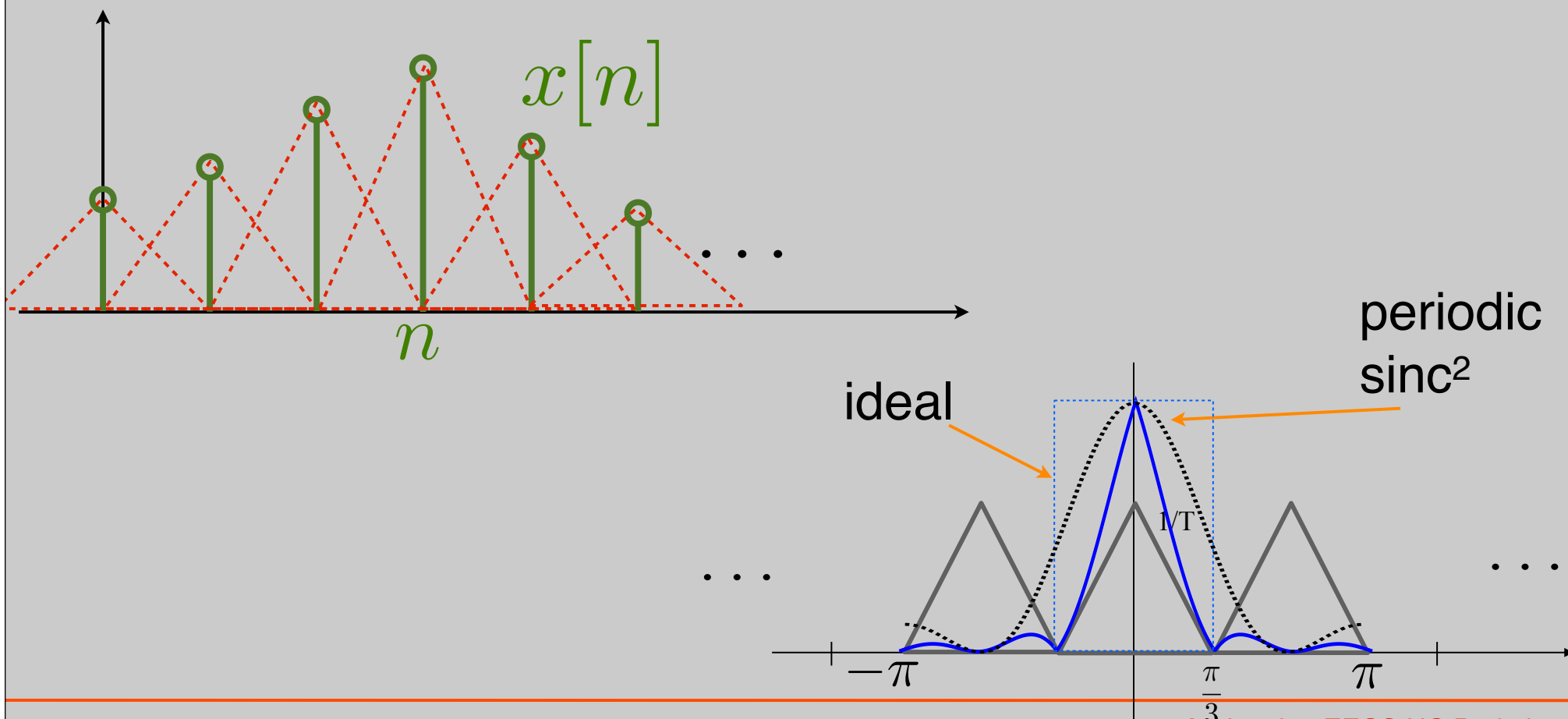


Example:



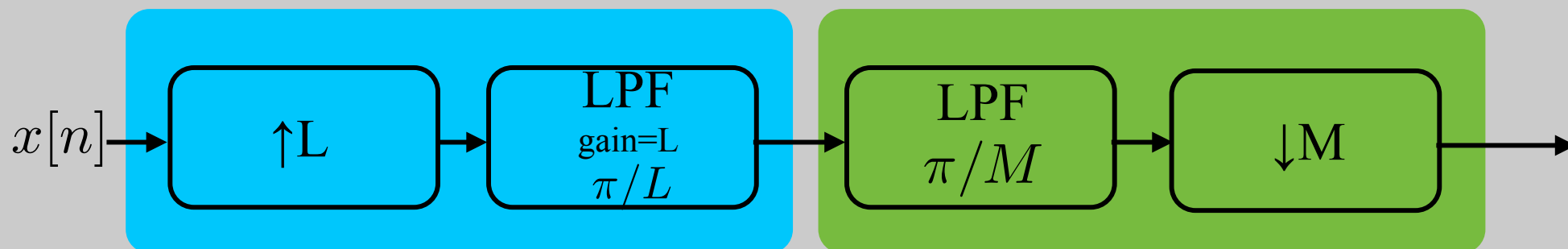
Practical Upsampling

- Can interpolate with simple, practical filters. What's happening?
- Example: $L=3$, linear interpolation - convolve with triangle

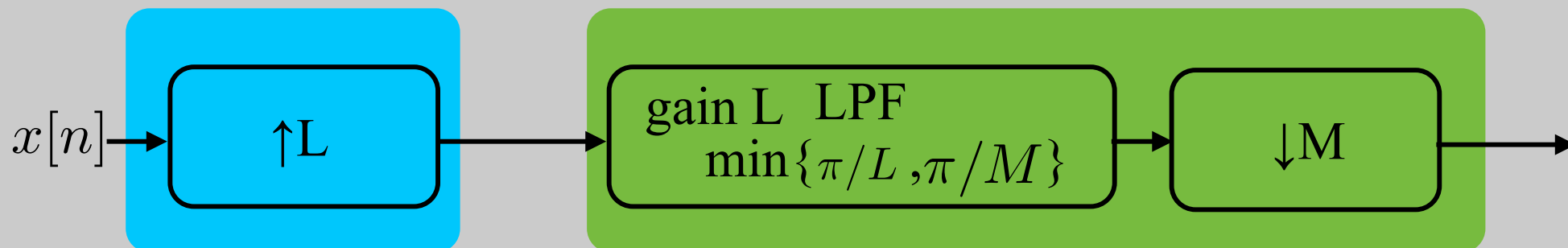


Resampling by non-integer

- $T' = TM/L$ (upsample L , downsample M)



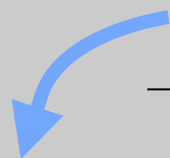
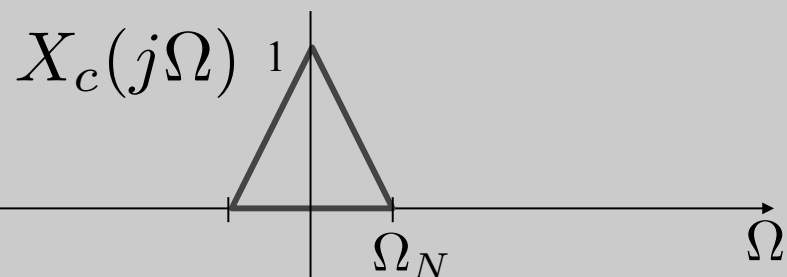
Or,



- What would happen if change order?

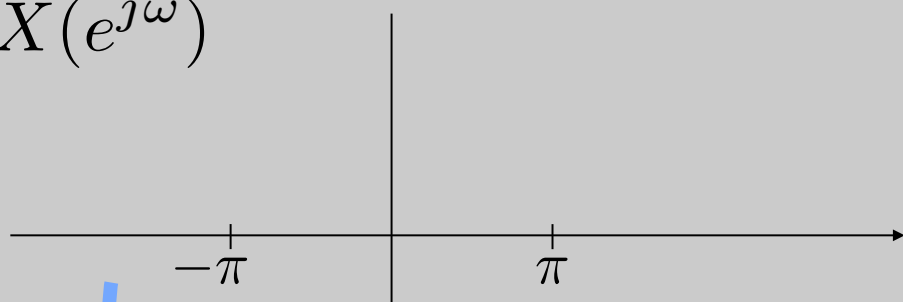
Example:

- $L = 2$, $M=3$, $T'=3/2T$ (fig 4.30)

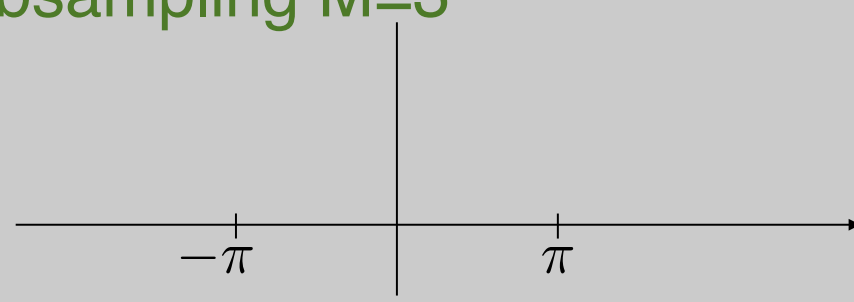


sampling T

$X(e^{j\omega})$

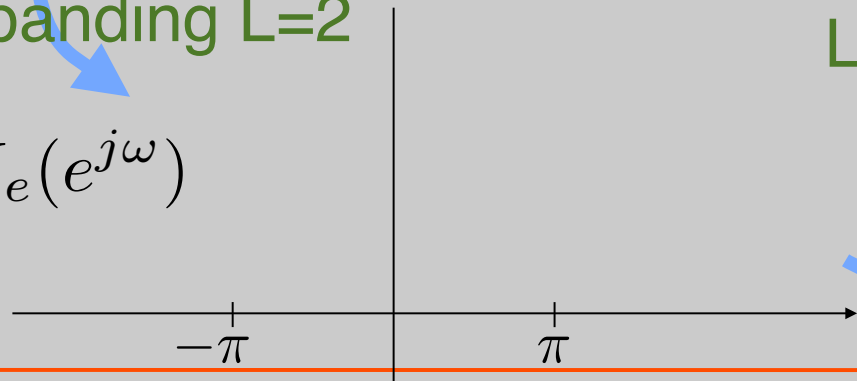


Subsampling $M=3$



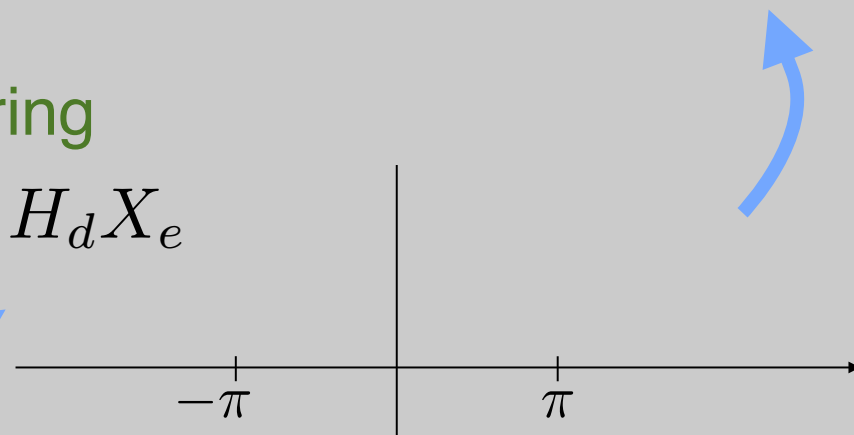
expanding $L=2$

$X_e(e^{j\omega})$



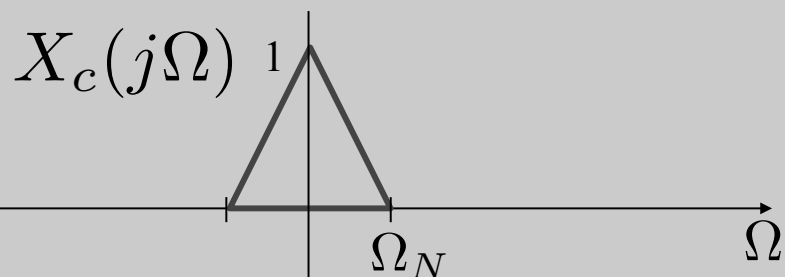
LP filtering

$$\tilde{X}_i = H_d X_e$$

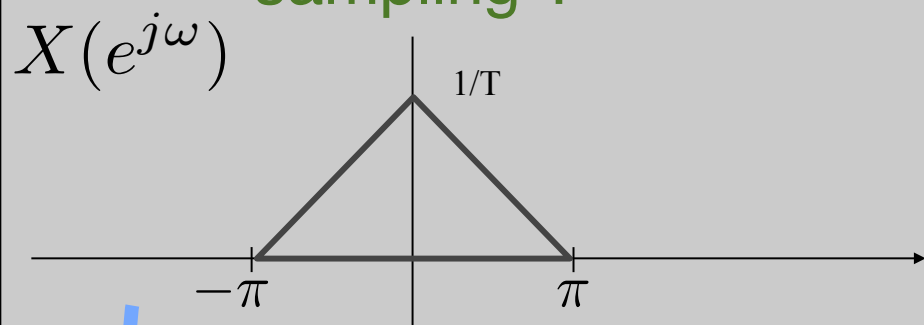


Example:

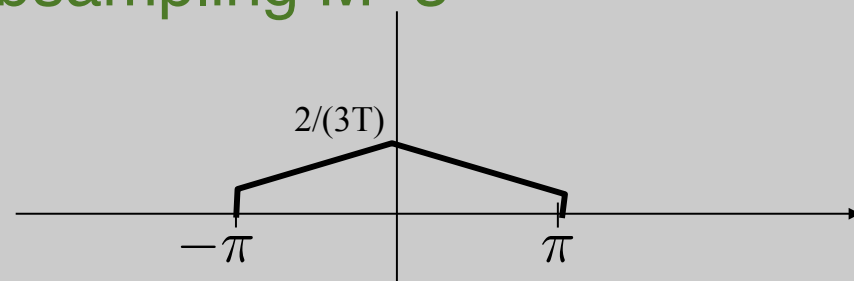
- $L = 2, M=3, T'=3/2T$ (fig 4.30)



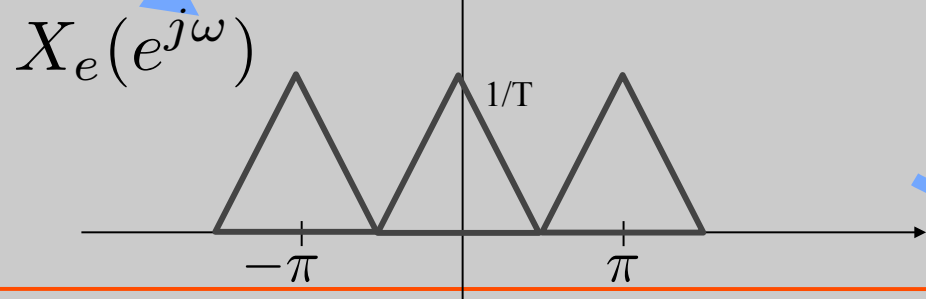
sampling T



Subsampling $M=3$

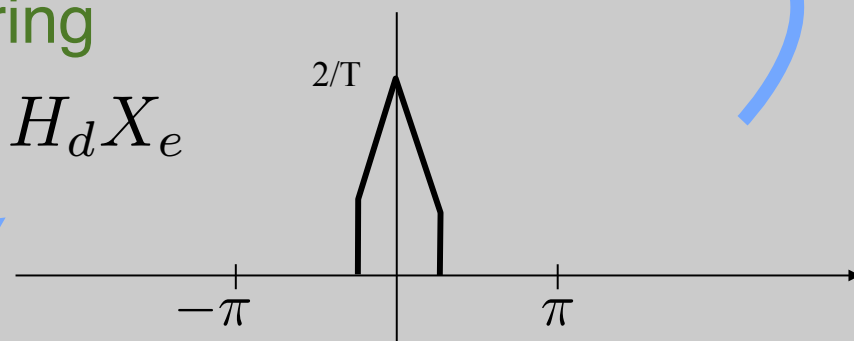


expanding $L=2$



LP filtering

$$\tilde{X}_i = H_d X_e$$

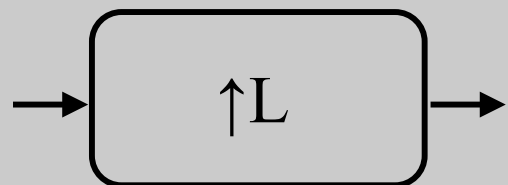


Multi-Rate Signal Processing

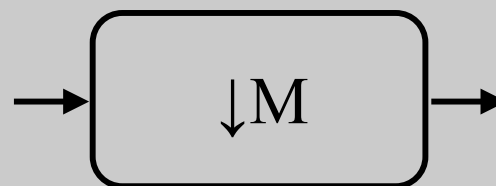
- What if we want to resample by $1.01T$?
 - Expand by $L=100$
 - Filter $\pi/101$ (\$\$\$\$\$)
 - Downsample by $M=101$

- Fortunately there are ways around it!
 - Called multi-rate
 - Uses compressors, expanders and filtering

Interchanging Operations



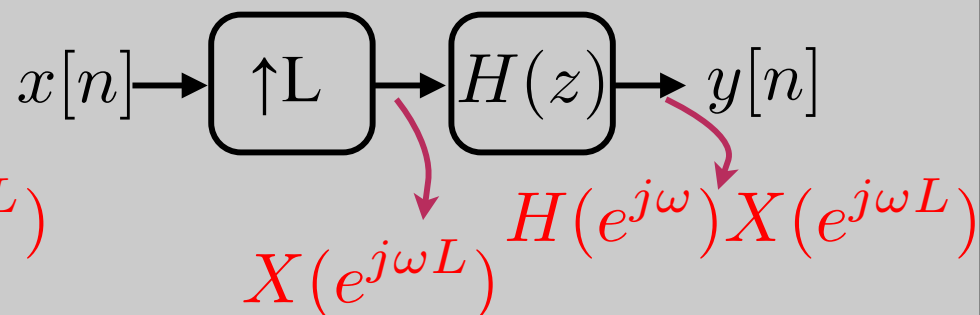
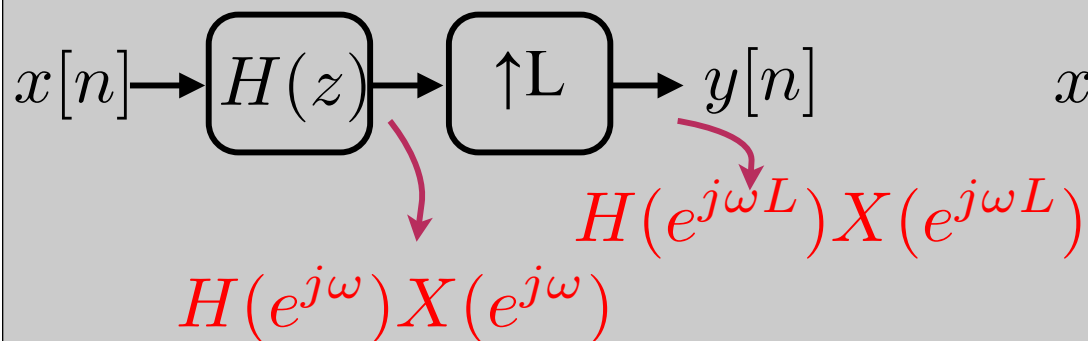
“expander”



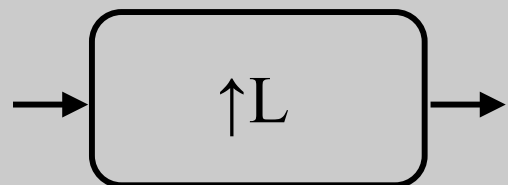
“compressor”

not LTI!

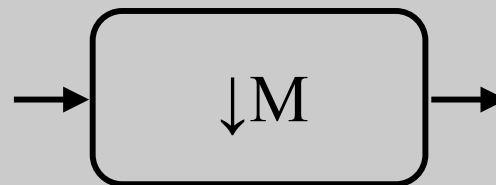
Note:



Interchanging Operations



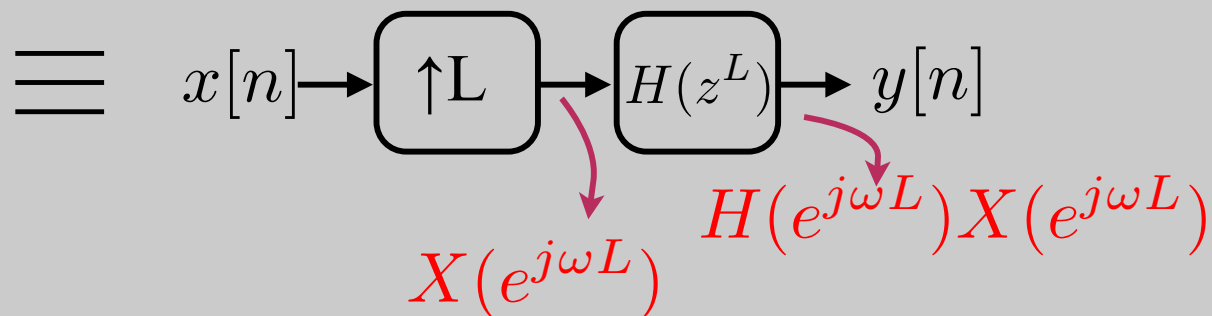
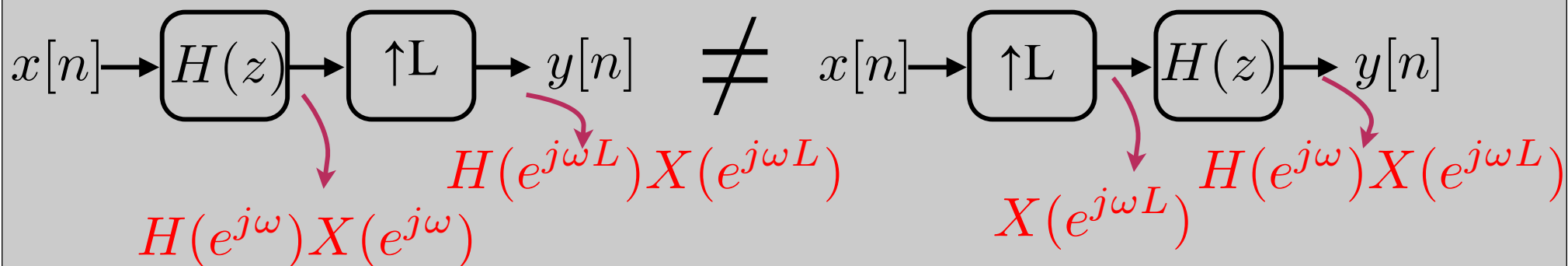
“expander”



“compressor”

not LTI!

Note:



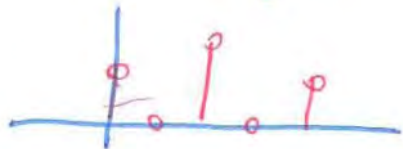
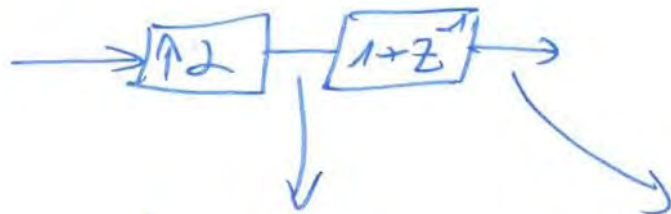
Interchanging Filter Expander

- Q: Can we move expander from Left to Right (with xform)?

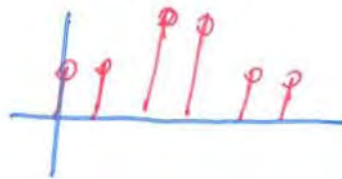


- A: Yes, if $H(z)$ is rational
No, otherwise

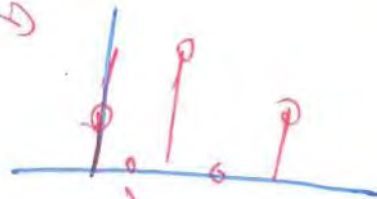
Example:



$$H(z^{\frac{1}{2}}) = 1+z^{-\frac{1}{2}} \text{ not rational}$$



this can't be written
as output of
expander
(every other value is
not zero)



every other value is zero