

Digital Signal Processing

Lecture 35 Last Lecture

M. Lustig, EECS UC Berkeley

Announcements

- Lab6 + HW Due tonight
- Midterm this Friday
 - Material -- covers entire class
 - Focus:
 - Filter Design
 - Xform Analysis of LTI systems
 - There may be some lab related material
 - Conflicts? please email ASAP
- Posted comments on project proposals

Preferred Project

- Transmit an image with best quality in 75 seconds
- With APRS style packets, and no compression
 -- 2500 color pixels (7500b)
- Tips:
 - Start simple
 - no compression
 - APRS packets
 - · resize image to the right size in the encoder
 - · decode and resize to the original size in the decoder
 - Improve on what you got

What did we talk about

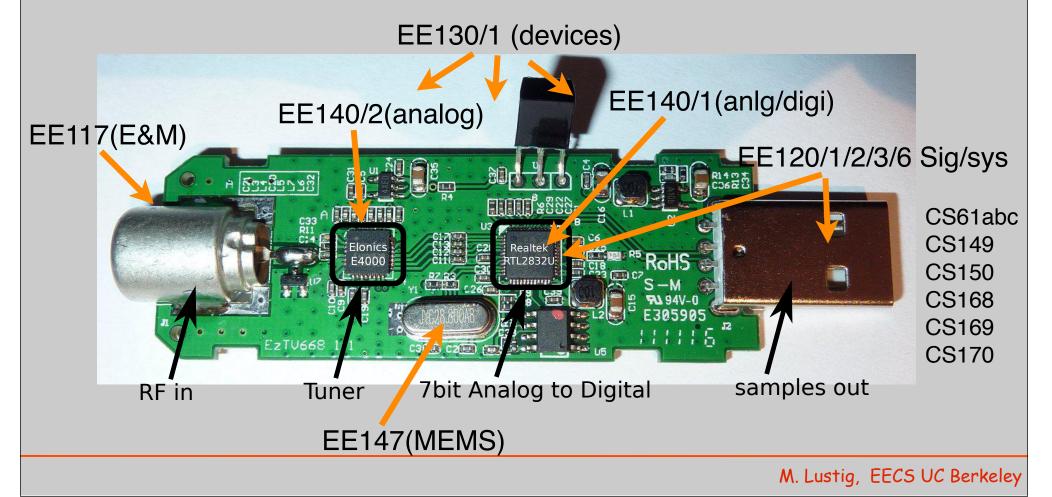
- Discrete time signal and systems
- Transforms: Z, DTFT, DFT, Wavelets....
- Frequency Analysis
- Time-Frequency Tiling
- Sampling Ideal and non-ideal
- 2D
- Compressive Sampling
- Filter Design
- Transform Analysis of LTI Systems

What did we do

- Implemented a Sonar
- Experienced with SDRs ADS-B and FM
- Got a ham license
- Digital Communications -- with real-life pain
- Applications

What Next?

 Inexpensive TV dongle based on RTL2832U and E4000 /820T chipset can be used as SDR



What next?

- EE121 Digital Comm
- EE122 Networking
- EE126 Prob. and Random Processes
- EE127A Optimization
- EE128 Control
- EE145B Medical imaging
- CS188/189 AI+ML (Signal interpretation)
- CS 194 (comp photography)
- CS 194 (Intro to data science)

More Adcanced

- EE225A Statistical signal processing
- EE225B Image Processing
- CS280 Computer Vision
- EE224A, 226A, 227A, 229
- CS 281A+B
- EE225E Principles of MRI



Principles of Magnetic Resonance Imaging EEc225E / BIOEc265



MRI has revolutionized diagnostic medicine. Ever wondered how it really works?

Spring 2016

Prerequisites: Either EE 120 or BioEC165/EI Eng C145B Units: 4 Instructor: Michael (Miki) Lustig

Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) is an incredible non-invasive imaging modality. It is amazing how interactions with atomic nuclei (yes, that's right, nuclei!) through manipulations of radio-frequency and magnetic fields can result in beautiful clinical images with variety of anatomical and functional contrasts. The class will cover:

Fundamentals of MRI:

Multi-dimensional Fourier Transforms and linear systems
Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Physics
Imaging Sequences
Contrast Generation
Image reconstruction
MRI Hardware and Software
Imaging tradeoffs and image artifacts

Advanced Topics:

Rapid imaging
Parallel Imaging
Emerging research opportunities (High-field, dynamic imaging, functional imaging, hyperpolarization, compressed sensing)

This year official lab component.

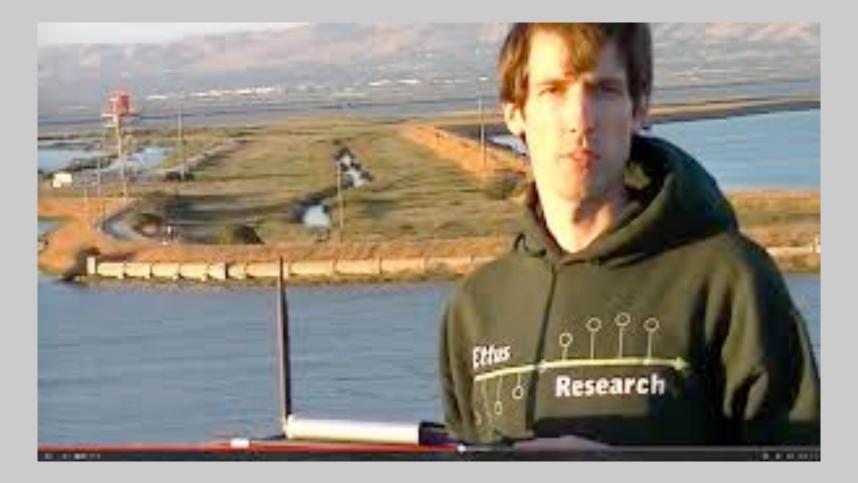
Labs include: Matlab-based sequence design and image reconstruction. Actual scanning on a clinical 3T system at the brain imaging center



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Wednesday

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