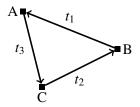
EECS 16A Designing Information Devices and Systems I Spring 2017 Babak Ayazifar, Vladimir Stojanovic Discussion 5B

- 1. Traffic Flows Suppose your goal is to measure flow rates of vehicles along roads in Berkeley. However, the city's limited budget prohibits you from placing a traffic sensor along every road. Fortunately, you realize that there is a specific constraint that traffic must obey: the number of cars entering an intersection must equal the number of cars exiting the intersection. We'll see how this constraint helps us determine how many sensors you need for a given set of roads, and where we should place them.
 - (a) Begin with a loop of road with three intersections, *A*, *B*, and *C*. t_1 cars flow from *B* to *A* per hour. t_2 cars flow from *C* to *B* per hour. And t_3 cars flow from *C* to *A* per hour.



Because we have determined that the number of cars in the network is conserved, the total number of cars per hour flowing into each node is zero. For example, at node B, $t_2 - t_1 = 0$. Let's write this

constraint as a system of linear equations. We can represent the flows on each road as a vector $\vec{t} = \begin{bmatrix} t_1 \\ t_2 \end{bmatrix}$.

Find the matrix *G* such that the equation

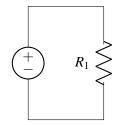
Γ	$\left[t_1 \right]$		[0]
G	<i>t</i> ₂	=	0
L	$\begin{bmatrix} t_3 \end{bmatrix}$		0

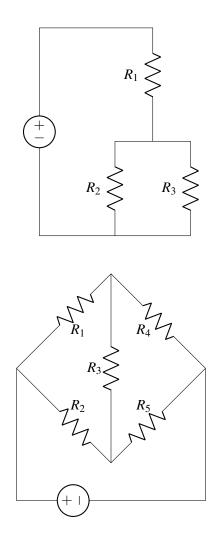
represents the constraint that the sum of flows into each node is zero. The transpose of this matrix is called the *incidence matrix*. What does each row of this matrix represent? What does each column of this matrix represent?

(b) We can place sensors on a road to measure the flow through it. But, as we mentioned earlier, the budget is limited. Our goal is to figure out the minimum number of sensors needed to measure flow along every road.

Suppose for the network above we have one sensor reading, $t_1 = 10$. Is it possible to calculate the flow rates t_2 and t_3 ?

2. Circuits as Graphs





- (a) Translate each of the circuits above into graphs.
- (b) For each graph, write a corresponding incidence matrix. What elements in the circuit are in series? What elements are in parallel?