

# Image-Based Lighting Tutorial

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Presented by Craig Hiller

# Image Based Lighting

- Process of illuminating scenes and objects (real or synthetic) with images of light from the real world
- Based off of reflection-mapping technique
  - Panoramic images as texture maps on models to make shiny objects reflect their environments

# Basic Steps

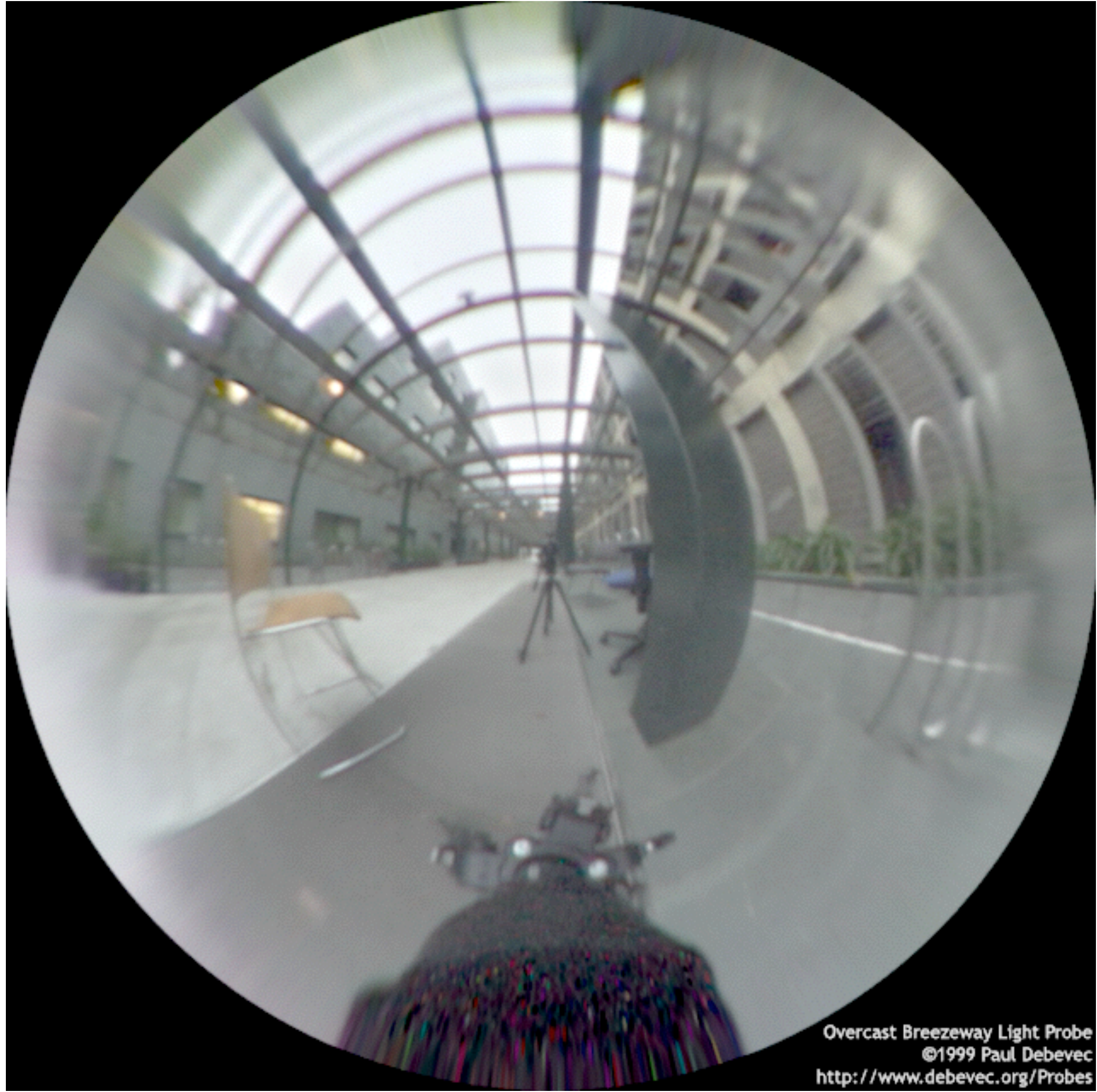
1. Capturing real-world illumination
2. Mapping the illumination onto a representation of the environment
3. Placing the 3D object inside the environment
4. Simulating the light from the environment illuminating the object

# Capturing Light

- Need an omnidirectional and high dynamic range (HDR) image
  - Camera + Mirror Ball
  - Image Stitching
  - Scanning panoramic camera

# Capturing Light

- Pixel values need to be proportionate to light levels
  - Accomplished via HDR photography
  - Normally non-linear due to displays

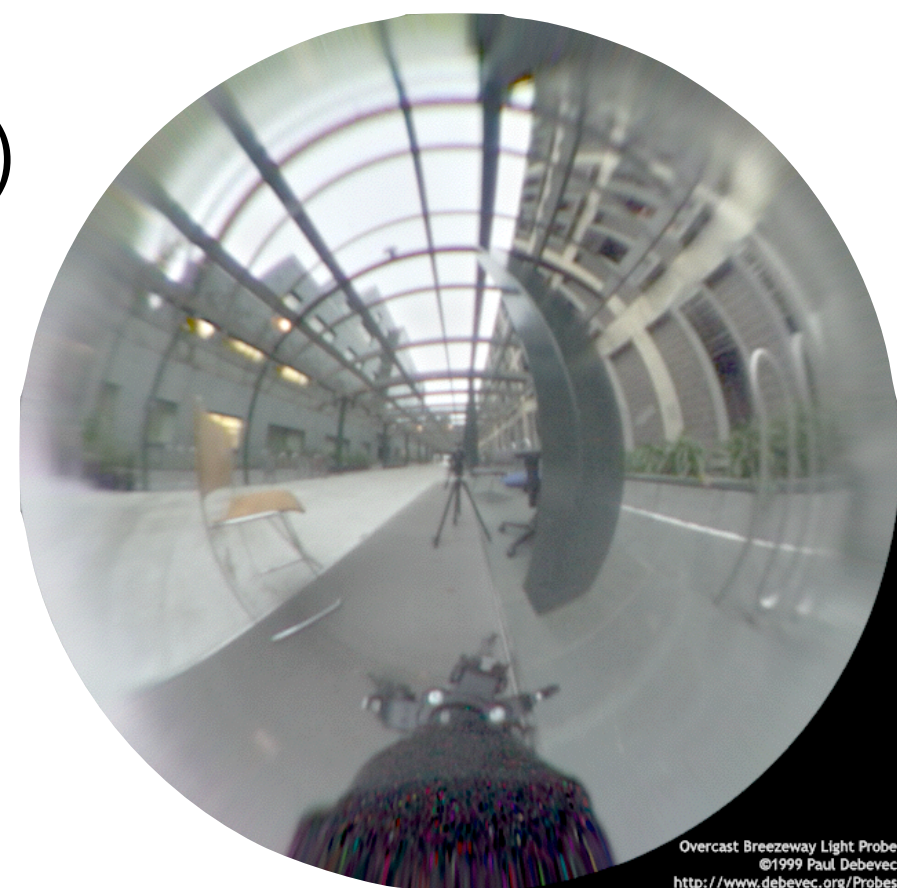


Overcast Breezeway Light Probe  
©1999 Paul Debevec  
<http://www.debevec.org/Probes>



# Light Probe -> Environment

- Convert from  $(x,y,z)$  in scene to  $(u, v)$  in probe
  - $-z$  is forward (outer edge of sphere)
  - $+z$  is backward (center of sphere)
  - $+y$  is up (towards top of sphere)



# Light Probe -> Environment

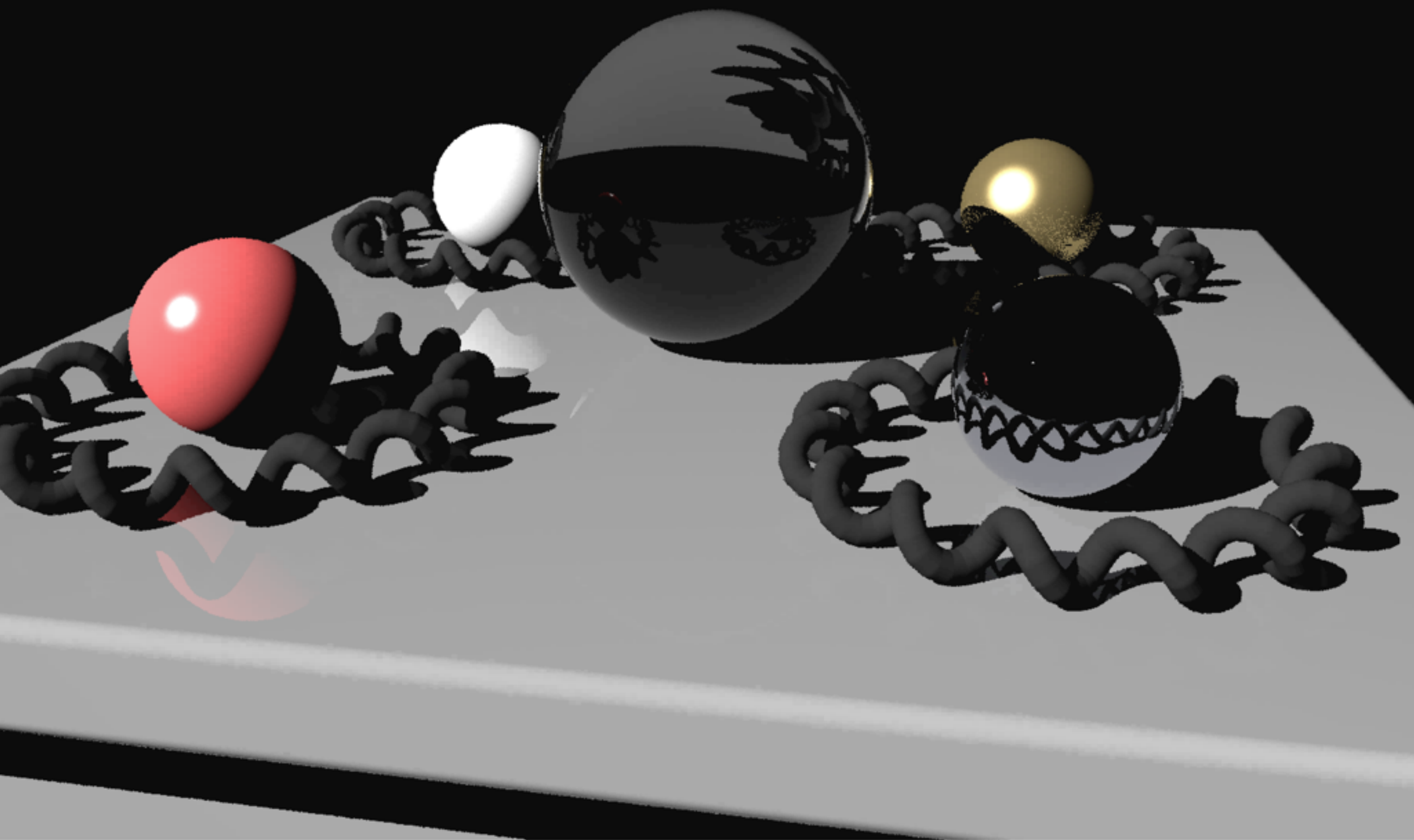
$$d = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$r = 1/(2\pi) * \arccos(z) / d$$

$$u = 0.5 + x*r$$

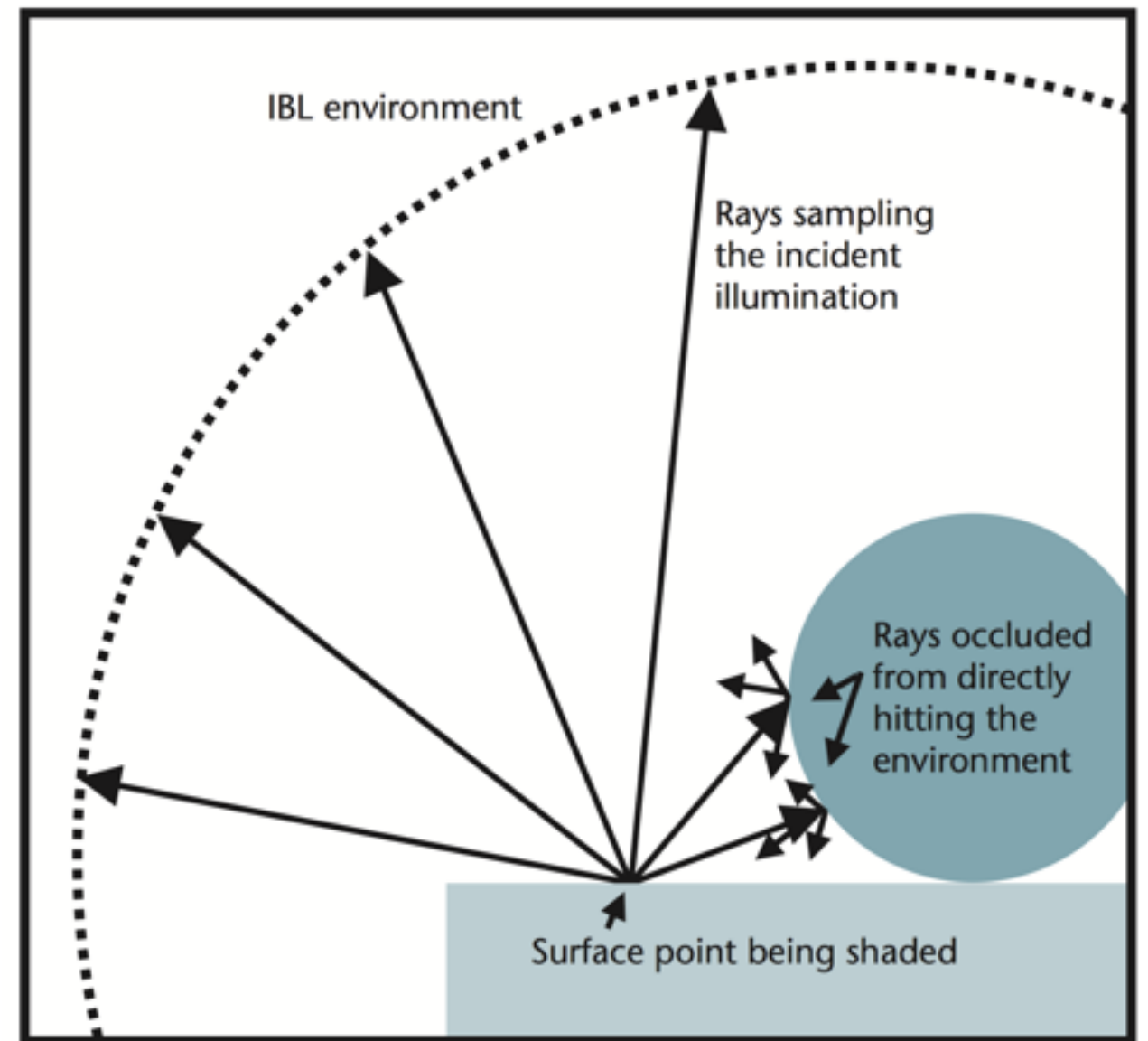
$$v = 0.5 + y*r$$





# Rendering

- Trace rays from the camera to the scene
- When a ray hits the environment, takes value from light probe
- If a ray hits an object, sends out new rays to determine irradiance
- Compute the light reflected toward camera based on object's properties





# Extensions

- Simulate light into large environments
- Use a simulated environment instead of light probe image
- Illuminate real-world objects
  - Need images illuminated under all lighting conditions





**9** A computer model of the ruins of the Parthenon as illuminated just after sunset by a sky captured in Marina del Rey, California. Modeled by Brian Emerson and Yikuong Chen and rendered using the Arnold global illumination system.

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