

UC Berkeley EECS
Sr Lecturer SOE
Dan Garcia

## The Beauty and Joy of Computing

Lecture #12 Social Implications of Computing I



### **BERKELEY CENTRAL PART OF EDX!**

Online education now has a player in the open access / free education space, it's called edX, and UC Berkeley was the first west coast school to become involved with the initiative. Several UC Berkeley classes are now available!

Read project tips!

Your project partners may be in different sections, try to attend "Project Work" labs together

www.edx.org/university\_profile/BerkeleyX



### Overview

- **META: This course is NOT** just about programming!
  - Lecs + Reading: Big ideas
  - Labs: Programming
  - Disc: Distillation
- **META: plug CS195 Social Implications of Computers**
- **Computers in Education** 
  - Most important use?
  - Judah Schwartz' continuum
  - RSA Animate "Changing" **Education Paradigms**"
  - UC Online Pilot









## Peer Instruction (thanks to BH)

The most important use of computers in education so far...

- a) Web search
- b) Arithmetic drill programs
- c) Word processing
- d) iclicker-like technologies
- e) Social networking



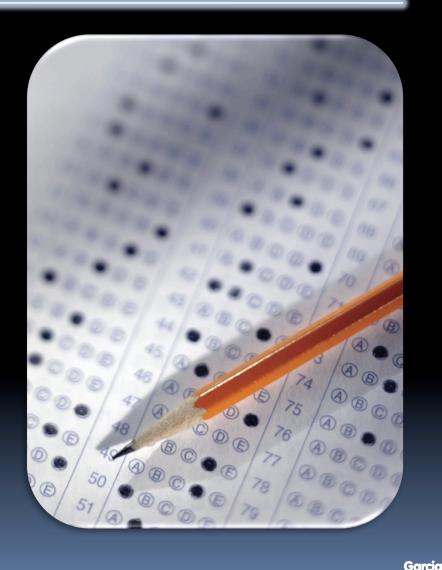






### Answer

"Multiple choice tests have changed what counts as knowledge in schools. Open-ended questions were the norm 30 years ago. The kind of knowledge you can report on multiple-choice tests is unimportant in the big scheme of things, and what's really important is not what you already know, but how you can take what you already know and apply it something you've never seen before. Multiple choice tests make that hard. Teaching follows tests! The folks who invented Standardized Testing didn't foresee how it would affect what knowledge means! (unintended consequence)" - Brian Harvey









## Computers in Education (open?)



Judah Schwartz

Tools

Microworlds

Courseware

**Word Processor** 

Browser

**Programming** language

Interactive geometry

**Physics** simulation

Databases(e.g., atlas)

Arithmetic drill

Computerassisted instruction

Computermanaged instruction



Myphysicslab demo ASSIST movie

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## RSA Animate: Changing Education Paradigms

# CHANGING PARADIGMS





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#### groups.ischool.berkeley.edu/onlineeducation/

## **UC Berkeley Online Pilot**

- **Basics of Pilot** 
  - Blended vs Online
- What should we do?
  - How can CS10 be the course for everyone?
  - How can we use peers?
  - What'd help you most?
- Would you take this course if it'd been offered at another UC?
  - Does f2f matter?



**UC Berkeley EECS** CS10: The Beauty and Joy of Computing Spring 2011



CS10. The Beauty and lov of Computing, is an exciting new course offered by the UC Berkeley EECS Dept. computing has changed the world in profound ways. It has opened up wonderful new ways for people to connect. design, research, play, create, and express themselves. However, just using a computer is only a small part of the picker. The real transformative and empowering experience comes when one learns how to program the computer, to translate ideas into code. This course will teach students how to do exactly that, using \$YSOB (based on Scratch), one f the friendliest programming languages ever invented. It's purely graphical, which means programming involves imply dragging blocks around, and building bigger blocks out of smaller blocks.



We'll focus on some of the "Big Ideas" of computing, such as abstraction, design, recursion, concurrency, simulations, and the limits of computation. We'll show some beautiful about the history of computing, and where it will go in the about the history or computing, and where it will go in the future. Throughout the course, relevance will be emphasized: relevance to the student and to society. As an example, the final project will be completely of the students' choosing, on a topic most interesting to them. The overarching theme is to expose students to the beauty



CS39N: The Beauty and Joy of Computing to 20 students. It was such a success that we decided to move ahead to make this course our new computing course for non-majors, replacing the venerable CS3L; however, we still offer the selfcourse CS3S for those interested in learning to program in Scheme. Last fall (2010) was a 90-person pilot and we

filliams, a computer science professor at North Carolina State niversity: "Two programmers working side-by-side, collaborating n the same design, algorithm, code or test. One programmer, the er, has control of the keyboard/mouse and actively implements river, has control of the Revolvation mouse and actively implements he program. The other programmer, the observer, continuously bserves the work of the driver to identify tactical (syntactic, pelling, etc.) defects and also thinks strategically about the irection of the work. On demand, the two programmers can rainstorm any challenging problem. Because the two programmers eriodically switch roles, they work together as equals to develop

hosen as one of the <u>5 National pilots</u> by the <u>CollegeBoard</u> (the lolks that offer Advanced Placement exams) as a model for an xciting new First Course in Computing: Computer Science rinciples. Our intent is to provide this entire course, through reative Commons, to the global community. As an example, all of or lecture webcasts are available, our readings are all free (linked om our calendar), and our labs and homework are publicly vailable via <u>our Moodle server</u> (also linked from our calendar). Well package the whole thing into a single zip file at the end of the Fall 2010 semester. We'll even provide High Definition lecture videos with extra cool content! As well, we've been working closely with three local high school computer science teachers to develop this course, and they may run variants of this course at their school

- λ losh Paley of Gunn High School in Palo Alto, CA
- λ Ray Pedersen of Albany High School in Albany, CA



λ Eugene Lemon of Ralph Bunche High School in Oakland, CA





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## Taking CS10 Online (via UCOP, edX)

## The <u>most effective</u> thing for your learning, if you were taking CS10 online (remotely)...

- a) "Test yourself" mini-quizzes
- b) More illustrations to learn hard concepts
- c) Tree-structure interface to lectures
- d) "In the browser" Snap! coding for labs so you don't have to leave the browser
- e) A "smart" system that adjusts the difficulty of a problem to match your ability



