# **Web Security**

# CS 161: Computer Security

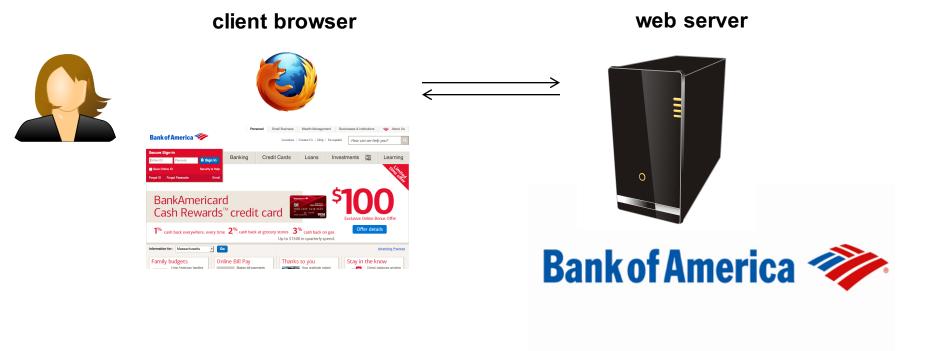
Prof. Raluca Ada Popa



**February 3, 2015** 

## What is the Web?

A platform for deploying applications and sharing information, portably and securely



# HTTP

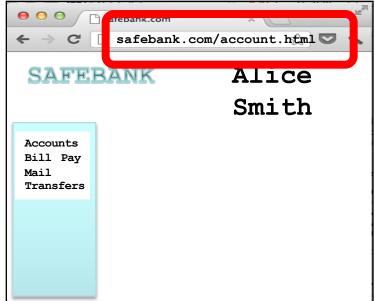
# (Hypertext Transfer Protocol)

A common data communication protocol on the web





WEB SERVER



### HTTP REQUEST:

GET /account.html HTTP/1.1 Host: www.safebank.com

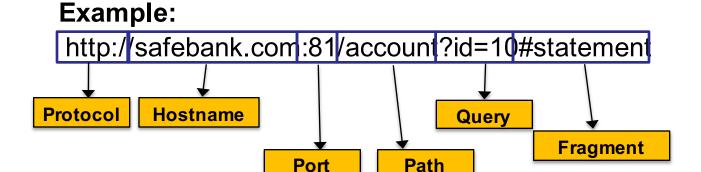
### HTTP RESPONSE:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK <HTML> . . . </HTML>



# **URLs**

### Global identifiers of network-retrievable resources



# HTTP

### CLIENT BROWSER



# safebank.com/account.html SAFEBANK Alice Smith Accounts Bill Pay Mail Transfers

### WEB SERVER

### HTTP REQUEST:

GET /account.html HTTP/1.1

Host: www.safebank.com

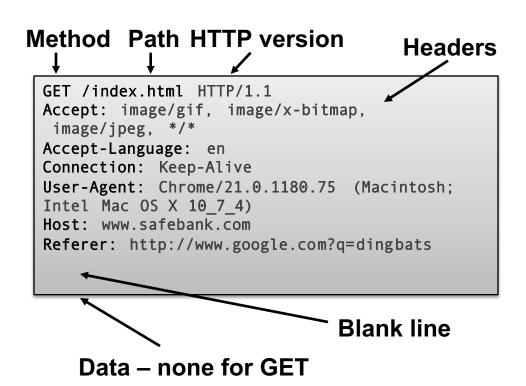
### HTTP RESPONSE:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK

<hr/><hrml> . . </hrml>

# HTTP Request

GET: no side effect POST: possible side effect



# HTTP

### CLIENT BROWSER



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### WEB SERVER

### HTTP REQUEST:

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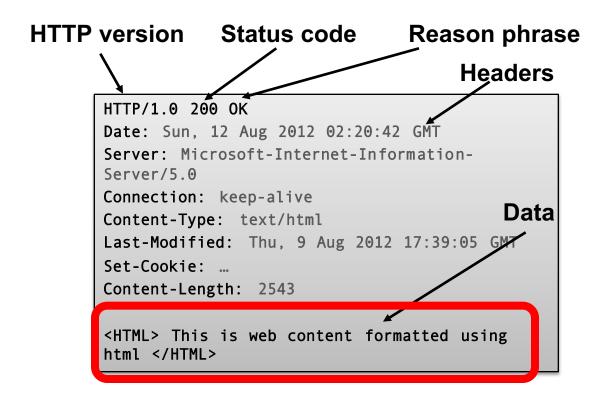
Host: www.safebank.com

### HTTP RESPONSE:

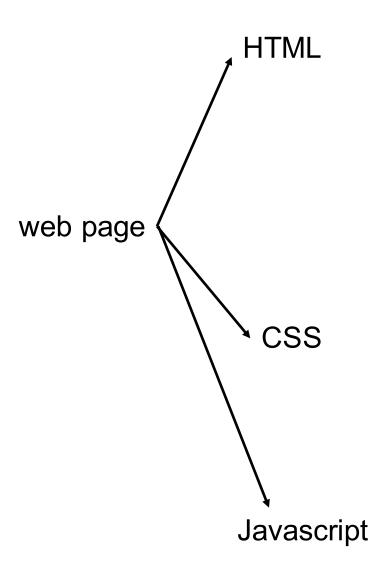
HTTP/1.0 200 OK

<hr/><hrml> . . </hrml>

# HTTP Response



# Web page



# HTML

A language to create structured documents

One can embed images, objects, or create interactive forms

```
index.html
<html>
    <body>
        <div>
            foo
            <a href="http://google.com">Go to Google!</a>
        </div>
            <input type="text" />
            <input type="radio" />
            <input type="checkbox" />
          orm>
    </body>
</html>
```

# CSS

Style sheet language used for describing the presentation of a document

```
index.css

p.serif {
  font-family: "Times New Roman", Times, serif;
  }
  p.sansserif {
  font-family: Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif;
  }
```

# **Javascript**

Programming language used to manipulate web pages

Supported by all web browsers

```
<script>
function myFunction() {
  document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = "Text changed.";
}
</script>
```

## Very powerful!

# HTTP

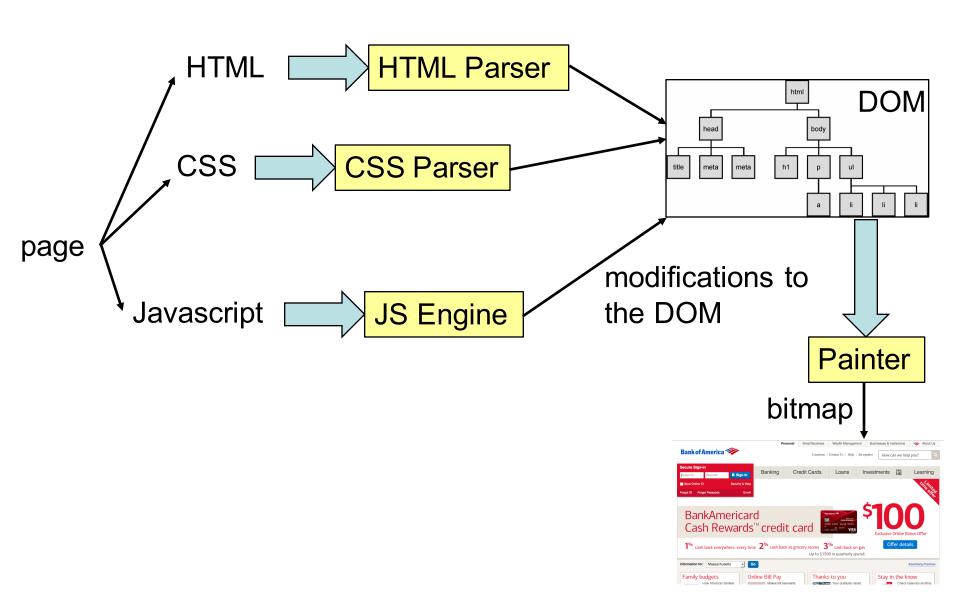
### CLIENT BROWSER



### WEB SERVER



# Page rendering



# DOM (Document Object Model)

a cross-platform model for representing and interacting with objects in HTML

```
HTML
<html>
                                                            DOM Tree
    <body>
                                                  I-> Document
                                                     |-> Element (<html>)
                                                       |-> Element (<body>)
                                                         |-> Element (<div>)
            <input type="text" />
                                                           I-> text node
            <input type="radio" />
                                                         |-> Form
            <input type="checkbox" />
                                                               -/ TEXC-DOX
        </form>
                                                               |-> Radio Button
    </body>
                                                               I-> Check Box
</html>
                                                               |-> Button
```

# Web & HTTP 101

### CLIENT BROWSER



### WEB SERVER



### HTTP REQUEST:

GET /account.html HTTP/1.1 Host: www.safebank.com

### HTTP RESPONSE:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK <HTML> . . </HTML>

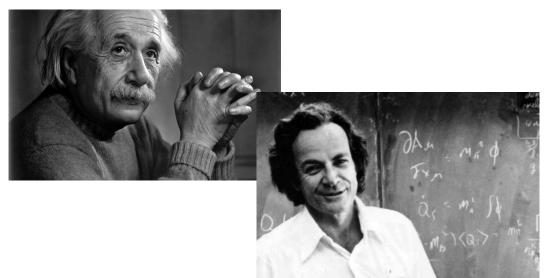


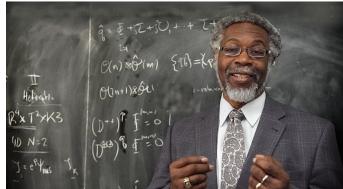
# Web security



# A historical perspective

- The web is an example of "bolt-on security"
- Originally, the web was invented to allow physicists to share their research papers
  - Only textual web pages + links to other pages;
     no security model to speak of





# The web became complex and adversarial quickly

- Then we added embedded images
  - Crucial decision: a page can embed images loaded from another web server
- Then, Javascript, dynamic HTML, AJAX, CSS, frames, audio, video, ...
- Today, a web site is a distributed application
- Attackers have various motivations

Web security is a challenge!

# Desirable security goals

- Integrity: malicious web sites should not be able to tamper with integrity of my computer or my information on other web sites
- Confidentiality: malicious web sites should not be able to learn confidential information from my computer or other web sites
- Privacy: malicious web sites should not be able to spy on me or my activities online

- Risk #1: we don't want a malicious site to be able to trash my files/programs on my computer
  - Browsing to awesomevids.com (or evil.com)
     should not infect my computer with malware, read or write files on my computer, etc.

- Risk #1: we don't want a malicious site to be able to trash my files/programs on my computer
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- Defense: Javascript is sandboxed;
   try to avoid security bugs in browser code;
   privilege separation; automatic updates; etc.

- Risk #2: we don't want a malicious site to be able to spy on or tamper with my information or interactions with other websites
  - Browsing to evil.com should not let evil.com spy on my emails in Gmail or buy stuff with my Amazon account

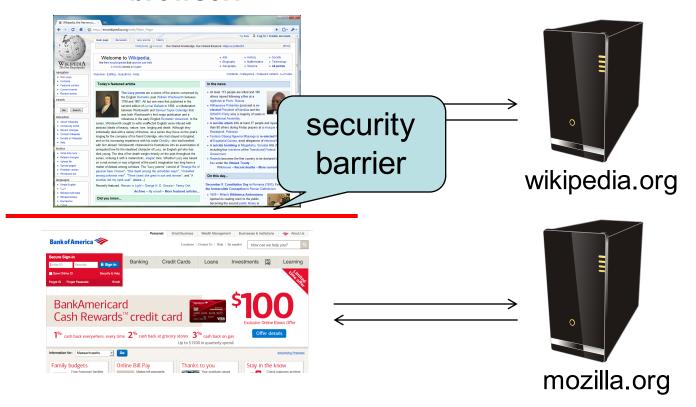
- Risk #2: we don't want a malicious site to be able to spy on or tamper with my information or interactions with other websites
  - Browsing to evil.com should not let evil.com spy on my emails in Gmail or buy stuff with my Amazon account
- Defense: the same-origin policy
  - A security policy grafted on after-the-fact, and enforced by web browsers

 Risk #3: we want data stored on a web server to be protected from unauthorized access

- Risk #3: we want data stored on a web server to be protected from unauthorized access
- Defense: server-side security

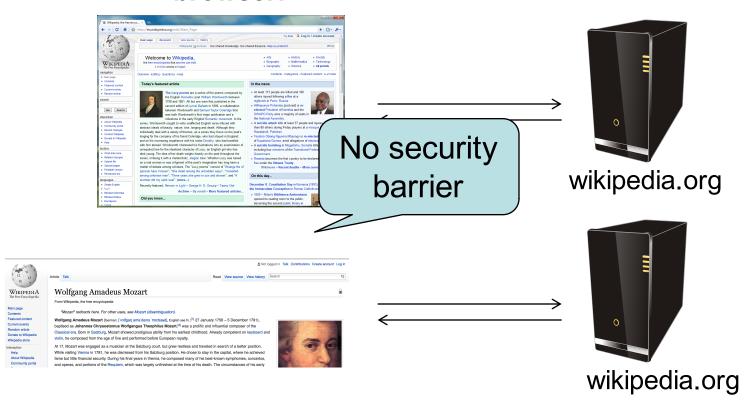
Each site in the browser is isolated from all others

### browser:



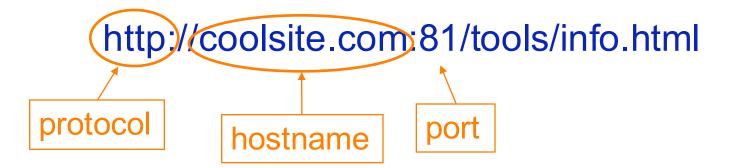
Multiple pages from the same site are not isolated

### browser:



# Origin

- Granularity of protection for same origin policy
- Origin = protocol + hostname + port



One origin should not be able to access the resources of another origin

Javascript on one page cannot read or modify pages from different origins

The origin of a page is derived from the URL it was loaded from

http://en.wikipedia.org - - X W Wikipedia, the free encyc. ttp://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Main\_Page ▶ B - € Try Beta 2 Log in / create account Wikipedia 49 Forever Our shared knowledge. Our shared treasure. Help us protect it. [Show] Welcome to Wikipedia, Arts http://upload.wikimedia.org the free encyclopedia that anyone can edit. WIKIPEDIA 3,118,032 articles in English Geography Contents Overview · Editing · Questions · Help Main page Contents Today's featured article In the news ■ Featured content Current events At least 113 people are killed and 160 The Lucy poems are a series of five poems composed by Random article others injured following a fire at a the English Romantic poet William Wordsworth between search nightclub in Perm. Russia. 1798 and 1801. All but one were first published in the Hifikepunye Pohamba (pictured) is resecond edition of Lyrical Ballads in 1800, a collaboration Go Search between Wordsworth and Samuel Taylor Coleridge that elected President of Namibia and the

SWAPO Party wins a majority of seats it

A suicide attack kills at least 37 people and injures more

Teodoro Obiano Nguema Mbasogo is re-elected President

of Equatorial Guinea, amid allegations of electoral fraud.

than 80 others during Friday prayers at a mosque in

the National Assembly

Rawalpindi, Pakistan,

was both Wordsworth's first major publication and a

series, Wordsworth sought to write unaffected English verse infused with

abstract ideals of beauty, nature, love, longing and death. Although they

individually deal with a variety of themes, as a series they focus on the poet's

longing for the company of his friend Coleridge, who had stayed in England,

and on his increasing impatience with his sister Dorothy, who had travelled

milestone in the early English Romantic movement. In the

interaction

About Wikipedia

Community portal

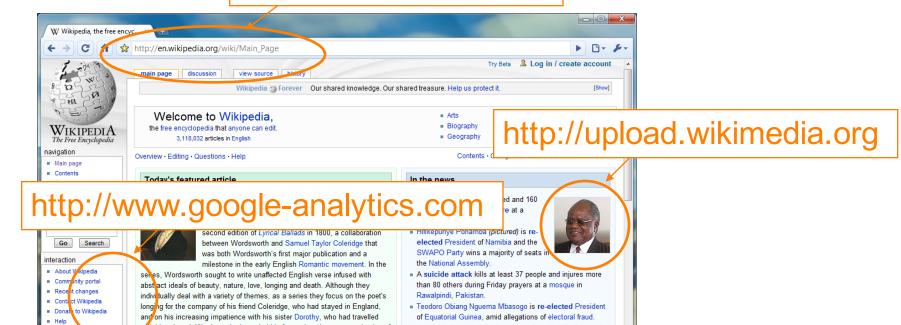
Recent changes

Contact Wikipedia

■ Donate to Wikipedia

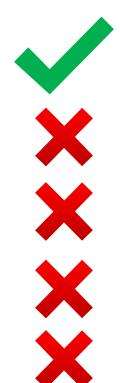
- The origin of a page is derived from the URL it was loaded from
- Special case: Javascript runs with the origin of the page that loaded it

http://en.wikipedia.org



# **Exercises**

Originating document	Accessed document
http://wikipedia.org/a/	http://wikipedia.org/ <b>b</b> /
http://wikipedia.org/	http://www.wikipedia.org/
http://wikipedia.org/	https://wikipedia.org/
http://wikipedia.org:81/	http://wikipedia.org:82/
http://wikipedia.org:81/	http://wikipedia.org/





# Cross-origin communication

- Allowed through a narrow API: postMessage
- Receiving origin decides if to accept the message based on origin



postMessage
 ("run this
 script",
 script)



# Chromodo

# **Private Internet Browser**

Fast and versatile Internet Browser based on Chromium, with highest levels , security and privacy!

Chromodo" Browser disables same origin policy, Effectively turning off web security. Issue 704: Comodo: Comodo 13 people starred this issu and may be notified of changes

tus: Fixed

ner: tav...@google.com

**sed:** Yesterday

project-...@google.com

ıdor-Comodo duct-Chromodo rerity-critical

Project Member Reported by tav...@google.com, Jan 21, 2016

When you install Comodo Internet Security, by default a new browser called Chromodo is installed and set as the default browser. Additionally, all shortcuts are replaced with Chromodo links and all settings, cookies, etc are imported from Chrome. They also hijack DNS settings, among other shady practices.

Chromodo is described as "highest levels of speed, security and privacy", but actually disables all web security. Let me repeat that, they \*\*\*disable the same origin policy\*\*\*... ?!?..

# Coming up: attacks on web servers!

