

Foundations of Computer Graphics (Spring 2012)

CS 184, Lecture 20: Texture Mapping

<http://inst.eecs.berkeley.edu/~cs184>

Many slides from Greg Humphreys, UVA and
Rosalee Wolfe, DePaul tutorial teaching texture mapping visually
Chapter 11 in text book covers some portions

To Do

- Work on HW5 milestone
- Prepare for final push on HW 5, HW 6

Texture Mapping

- Important topic: nearly all objects textured
 - Wood grain, faces, bricks and so on
 - Adds visual detail to scenes
- Meant as a fun and practically useful lecture



Polygonal model



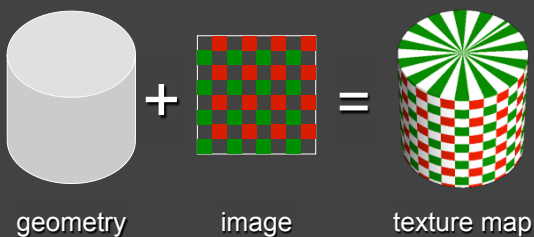
With surface texture

Adding Visual Detail

- Basic idea: use images instead of more polygons to represent fine scale color variation

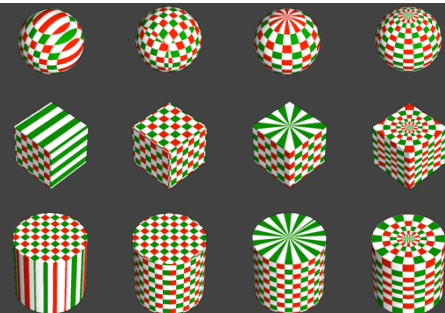


Parameterization

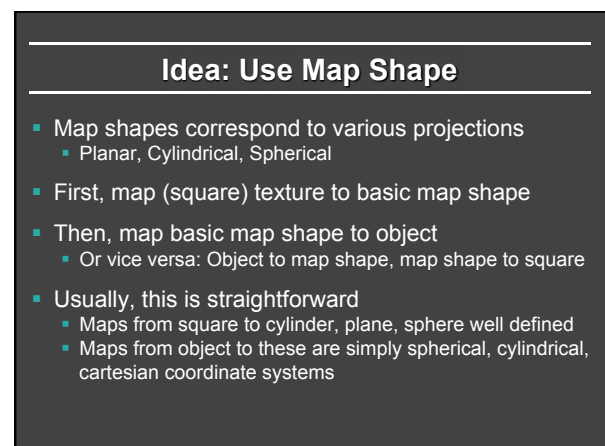
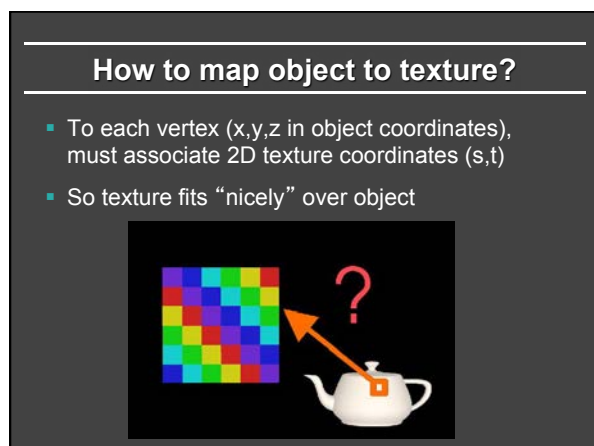
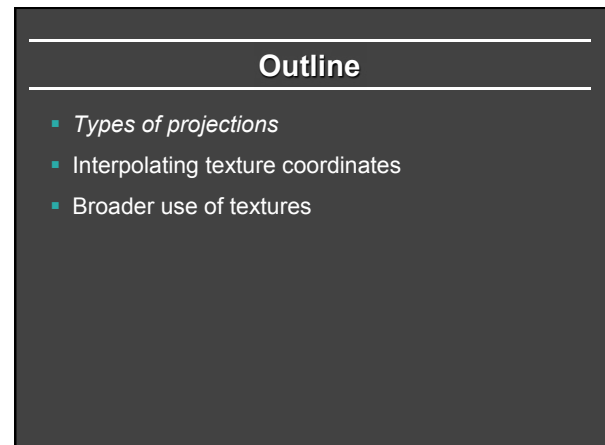
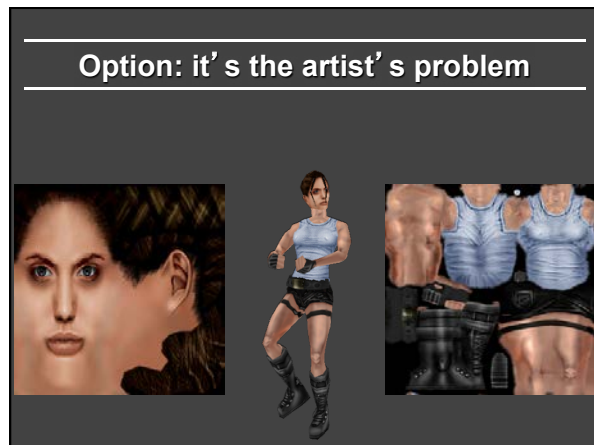
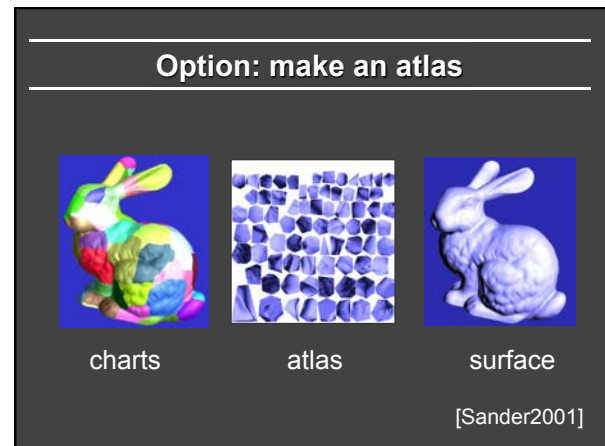
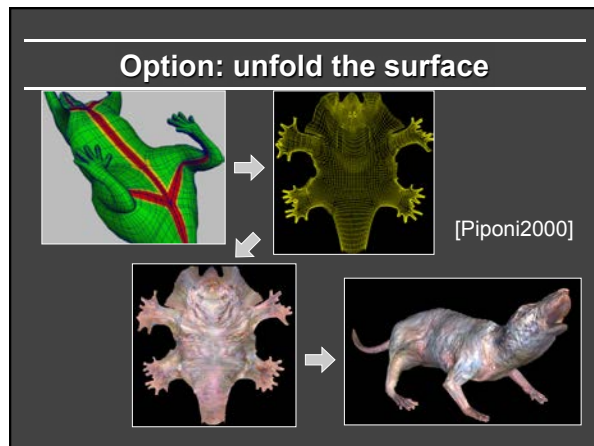


- Q: How do we decide *where* on the geometry each color from the image should go?

Option: Varieties of projections

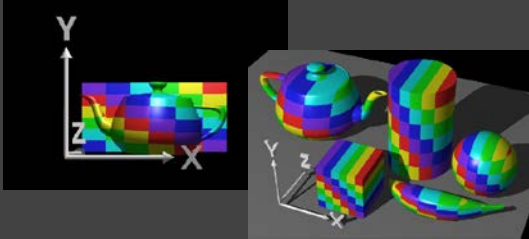


[Paul Bourke]



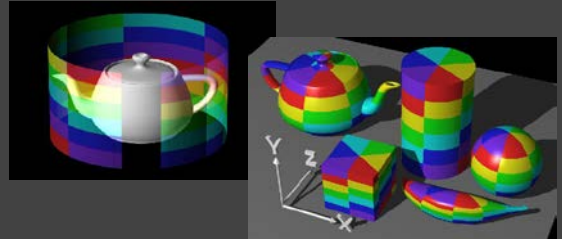
Planar mapping

- Like projections, drop z coord $(s,t) = (x,y)$
- Problems: what happens near $z = 0$?



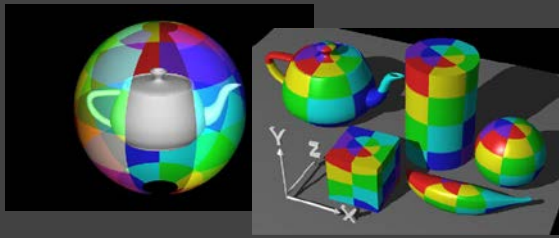
Cylindrical Mapping

- Cylinder: r, θ, z with $(s,t) = (\theta/(2\pi), z)$
- Note seams when wrapping around ($\theta = 0$ or 2π)

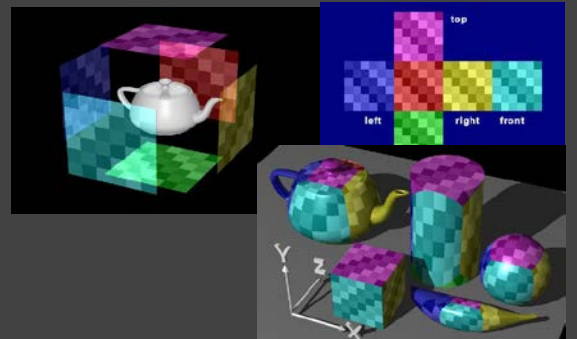


Spherical Mapping

- Convert to spherical coordinates: use latitude/long.
- Singularities at north and south poles



Cube Mapping



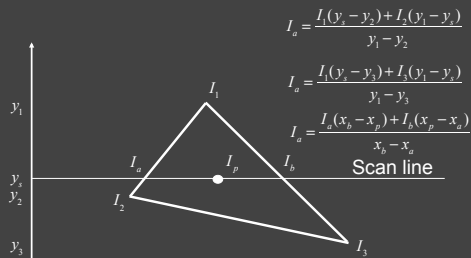
Cube Mapping



Outline

- Types of projections
- Interpolating texture coordinates
- Broader use of textures

1st idea: Gouraud interp. of texcoords



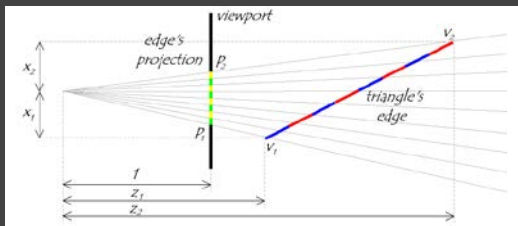
Actual implementation efficient: difference equations while scan converting

Artifacts

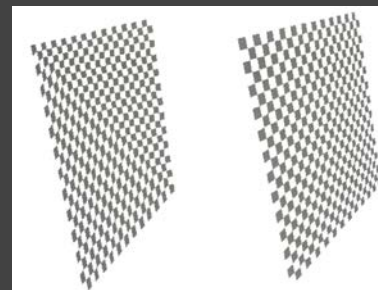
- McMillan's demo of this is at <http://graphics.lcs.mit.edu/classes/6.837/F98/Lecture21/Slide05.html>
- Another example <http://graphics.lcs.mit.edu/classes/6.837/F98/Lecture21/Slide06.html>
- What artifacts do you see?
- Why?
- Why not in standard Gouraud shading?
- Hint: problem is in interpolating parameters

Interpolating Parameters

- The problem turns out to be fundamental to interpolating parameters in screen-space
 - Uniform steps in screen space \neq uniform steps in world space



Texture Mapping



Linear interpolation of texture coordinates Correct interpolation with perspective divide

WB Figure 8.42

Interpolating Parameters

- Perspective foreshortening is not getting applied to our interpolated parameters
 - Parameters should be compressed with distance
 - Linearly interpolating them in screen-space doesn't do this

Perspective-Correct Interpolation

- Skipping a bit of math to make a long story short...
 - Rather than interpolating u and v directly, interpolate u/z and v/z
 - These do interpolate correctly in screen space
 - Also need to interpolate z and multiply per-pixel
 - Problem: we don't know z anymore
 - Solution: we do know $w \sim 1/z$
 - So...interpolate uw and vw and w , and compute $u = uw/w$ and $v = vw/w$ for each pixel
 - This unfortunately involves a divide per pixel
- <http://graphics.lcs.mit.edu/classes/6.837/F98/Lecture21/Slide14.html>

Texture Map Filtering

- Naive texture mapping aliases badly
- Look familiar?


```
int uval = (int) (u * denom + 0.5f);
int vval = (int) (v * denom + 0.5f);
int pix = texture.getPixel(uval, vval);
```
- Actually, each pixel maps to a region in texture
 - $|PIX| < |TEX|$
 - Easy: interpolate (bilinear) between texel values
 - $|PIX| > |TEX|$
 - Hard: average the contribution from multiple texels
 - $|PIX| \sim |TEX|$
 - Still need interpolation!

Mip Maps

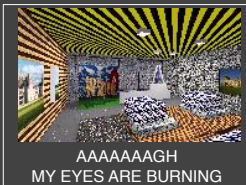
- Keep textures prefiltered at multiple resolutions
 - For each pixel, linearly interpolate between two closest levels (e.g., trilinear filtering)
 - Fast, easy for hardware



- Why "Mip" maps?

MIP-map Example

- No filtering:



- MIP-map texturing:



Outline

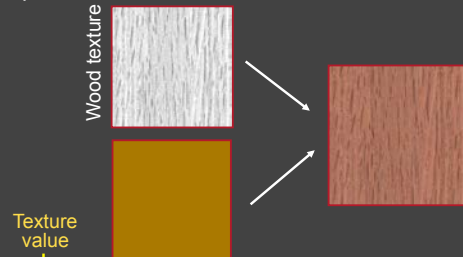
- Types of projections
- Interpolating texture coordinates
- Broader use of textures

Texture Mapping Applications

- Modulation, light maps
- Bump mapping
- Displacement mapping
- Illumination or Environment Mapping
- Procedural texturing
- And many more

Modulation textures

Map texture values to scale factor



$$I = T(s, t)(I_E + K_A I_A + \sum_L (K_D (N \cdot L) + K_S (V \cdot R)^n) S_L I_L + K_T I_T + K_S I_S)$$

Bump Mapping

- Texture = change in surface normal!

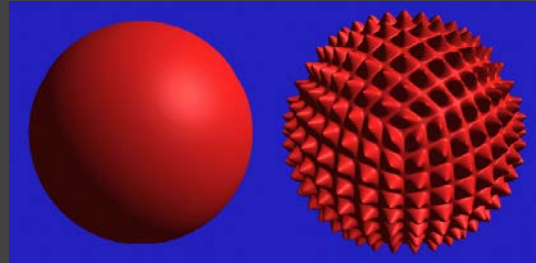


Sphere w/ diffuse texture

Swirly bump map

Sphere w/ diffuse texture and swirly bump map

Displacement Mapping



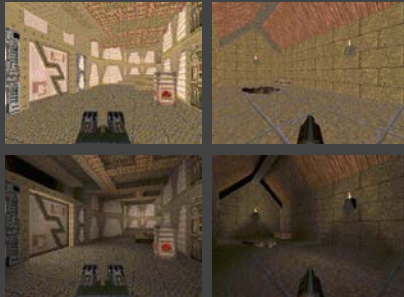
Illumination Maps

- Quake introduced *illumination maps* or *light maps* to capture lighting effects in video games

Texture map:



Light map



Texture map
+ light map:

Environment Maps



Images from *Illumination and Reflection Maps*:
Simulated Objects in Simulated and Real Environments
Gene Miller and C. Robert Hoffman
SIGGRAPH 1984 "Advanced Computer Graphics Animation" Course Notes

Solid textures

Texture values indexed
by 3D location (x,y,z)

- Expensive storage, or
- Compute on the fly,
e.g. Perlin noise →



Procedural Texture Gallery



