

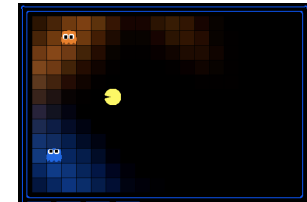
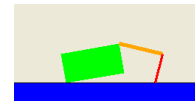
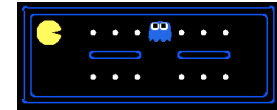
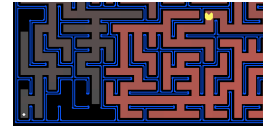
CS 188: Artificial Intelligence

Advanced Applications: Robotics**

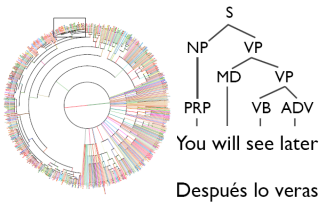


Instructors: Pieter Abbeel & Dan Klein --- University of California, Berkeley
These slides were created by Dan Klein, Pieter Abbeel and Anca Dragan for CS188 Intro to AI at UC Berkeley.
All CS188 materials are available at <http://ai.berkeley.edu>

So Far: Foundational Methods



Now: Advanced Applications



S
NP VP
MD VP
PRP VB ADV
You will see later
Después lo veras



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Google is trying to make artificial intelligence history — and it could happen this week

Drake Baer

Mar. 7, 2016, 3:49 PM

9,639

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Wired

In Two Moves, AlphaGo and Lee Sedol Redefined the Future

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IN TWO MOVES, ALPHAGO AND LEE SEDOL REDEFINED THE FUTURE

Lee Sedol

GEORDIE WOOD FOR WIRED

SEOUL, SOUTH KOREA — In Game Two, the Google machine made a move that no human ever would. And it was beautiful. As the world looked on, the move so perfectly demonstrated the enormous power of modern AI.

GOOD STORIES START WITH GREAT CHARACTER

LATEST NEWS

MOBILE

It's Official: The Smartphone Market Has Gone Flat 5 HOURS

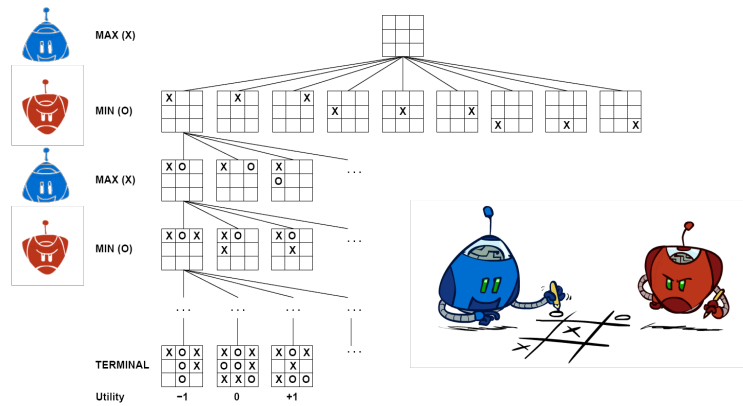
DESIGN

Neural Nets Get You

Game	Difficulty Level	Visual Representation
Checkers	SOLVED!	Red bar with checker pieces
Chess	EXPERT	Light bar with chess king
Go	EXPERT	Yellow bar with Go board diagram (highlighted in blue box)
Pacman	EXPERT	Dashed line with Pacman character and question mark

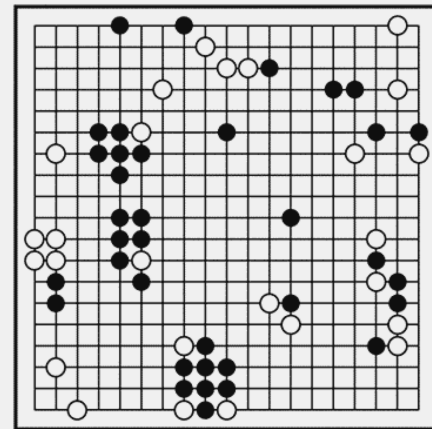
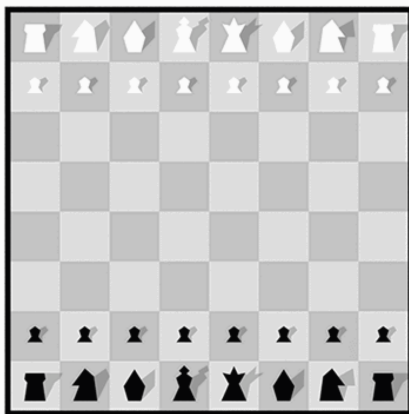
How would you make an AI for Go?

MiniMax!

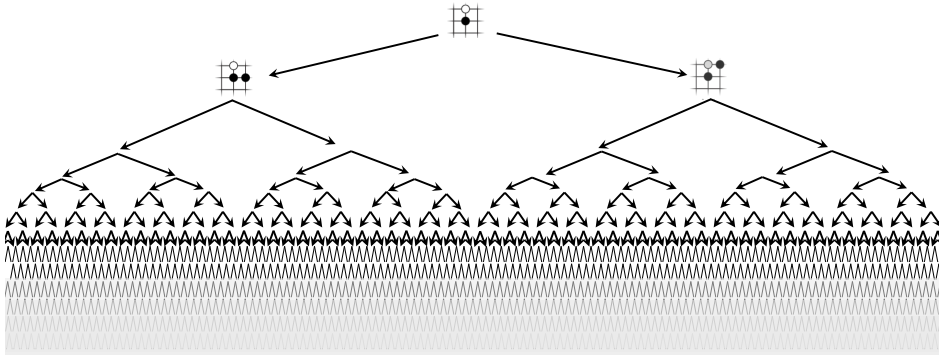


Why is it hard?

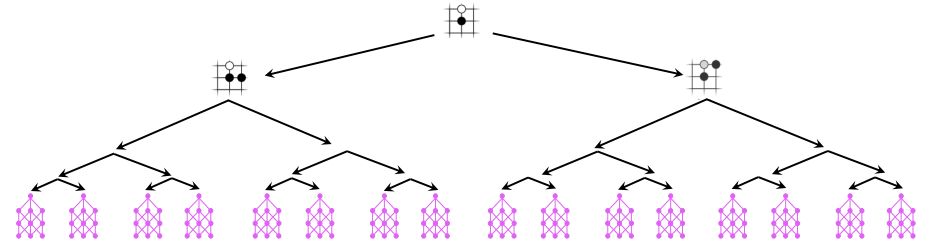
In particular, why is it harder than chess?



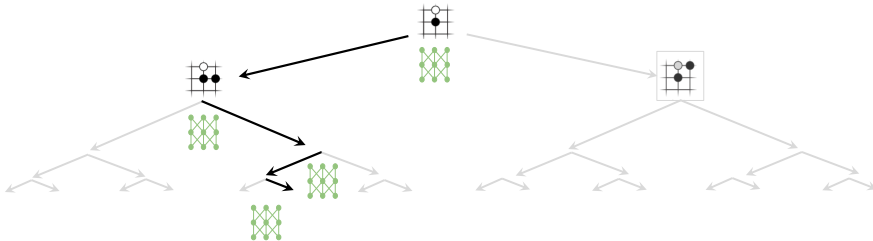
Exhaustive search



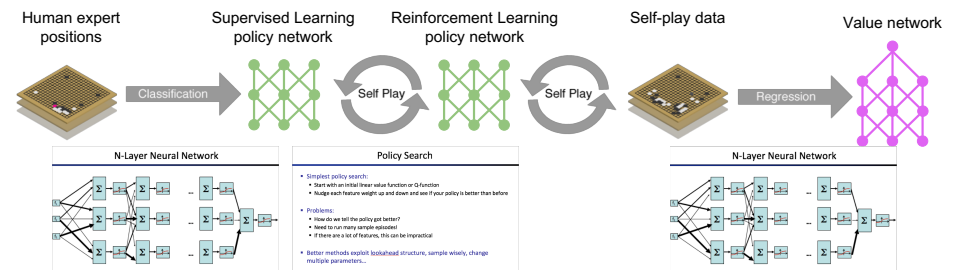
Reducing depth with value network



Reducing breadth with policy network



Neural network training pipeline



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Altmetric: 2161 Citations: 1

[More detail >>](#)

Article

Mastering the game of Go without human knowledge

David Silver , Julian Schrittwieser, Karen Simonyan, Ioannis Antonoglou, Aja Huang, Arthur Guez, Thomas Hubert, Lucas Baker, Matthew Lai, Adrian Bolton, Yutian Chen, Timothy Lillicrap, Fan Hui, Laurent Sifre, George van de Driessche, Thore Graepel & Demis Hassabis

Nature **550**, 354–359 (19 October 2017)

doi:10.1038/nature24270

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Computational science

Computer science

Reward

Received: 07 April 2017

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Published: 18 October 2017

nature research journal

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Editorial Summary

AlphaGo Zero goes solo

To beat world champions at the game of Go, the computer program AlphaGo has relied largely on supervised learning from millions of human expert moves. David Silver and colleagues have now produced a system called

Associated Content

Nature | News & Views

[Artificial intelligence: Learning to play Go from scratch](#)

Satinder Singh, Andy Okun & Andrew Jackson

Motivating Example



- How do we execute a task like this?

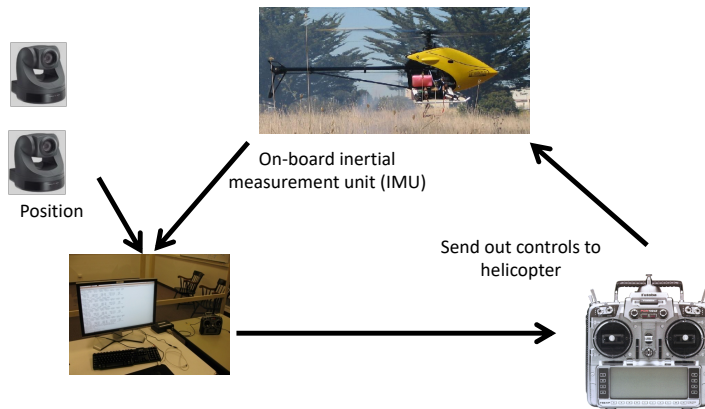
[VIDEO: tictoc_results.wmv]

Autonomous Helicopter Flight

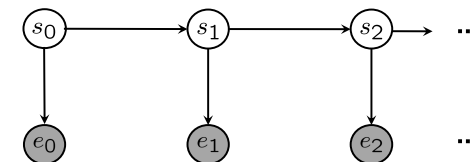


- Key challenges:
 - Track helicopter position and orientation during flight
 - Decide on control inputs to send to helicopter

Autonomous Helicopter Setup



HMM for Tracking the Helicopter



- State: $s = (x, y, z, \phi, \theta, \psi, \dot{x}, \dot{y}, \dot{z}, \dot{\phi}, \dot{\theta}, \dot{\psi})$
- Measurements: [observation update]
 - 3-D coordinates from vision, 3-axis magnetometer, 3-axis gyro, 3-axis accelerometer
- Transitions (dynamics): [time elapse update]
 - $s_{t+1} = f(s_t, a_t) + w_t$ f : encodes helicopter dynamics, w : noise

Helicopter MDP

- State: $s = (x, y, z, \phi, \theta, \psi, \dot{x}, \dot{y}, \dot{z}, \dot{\phi}, \dot{\theta}, \dot{\psi})$

- Actions (control inputs):

- a_{lon} : Main rotor longitudinal cyclic pitch control (affects pitch rate)
- a_{lat} : Main rotor latitudinal cyclic pitch control (affects roll rate)
- a_{coll} : Main rotor collective pitch (affects main rotor thrust)
- a_{rud} : Tail rotor collective pitch (affects tail rotor thrust)



- Transitions (dynamics):

- $s_{t+1} = f(s_t, a_t) + w_t$
[f encodes helicopter dynamics]
[w is a probabilistic noise model]



- Can we solve the MDP yet?

Problem: What's the Reward?

- Reward for hovering:

$$\begin{aligned} R(s) = & -\alpha_x (x - x^*)^2 \\ & -\alpha_y (y - y^*)^2 \\ & -\alpha_z (z - z^*)^2 \\ & -\alpha_{\dot{x}} \dot{x}^2 \\ & -\alpha_{\dot{y}} \dot{y}^2 \\ & -\alpha_{\dot{z}} \dot{z}^2 \end{aligned}$$

RL: Helicopter Flight



[Andrew Ng]

[Video: HELICOPTER]

Problem for More General Case: What's the Reward?

- Rewards for "Flip"?

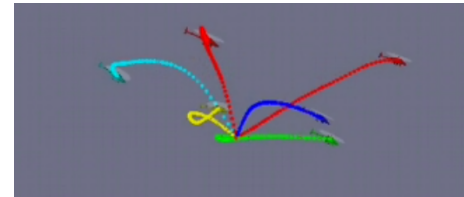
- Problem: what's the target trajectory?
- Just write it down by hand?

Flips (?)



[VIDEO: 20061204---bad.wmv]

Helicopter Apprenticeship?

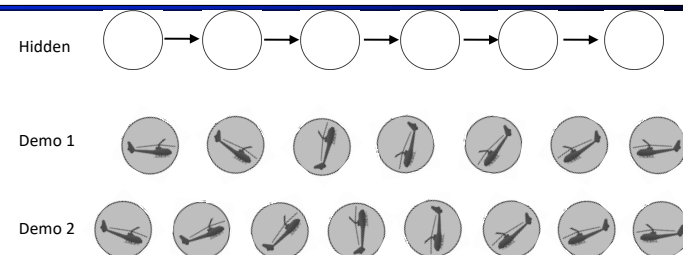


Demonstrations

[VIDEO: airshow_unaligned.wmv]

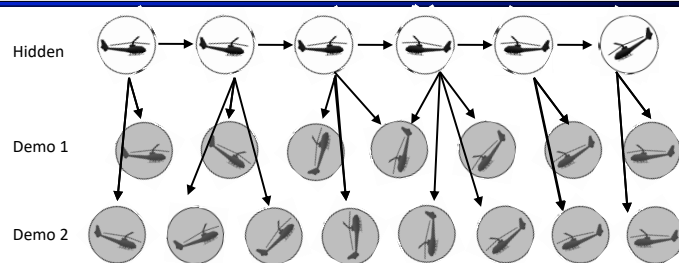


Learning a Trajectory



- HMM-like generative model
 - Dynamics model used as HMM transition model
 - Demos are observations of hidden trajectory
- Problem: how do we align observations to hidden trajectory?

Probabilistic Alignment using a Bayes' Net



- Dynamic Time Warping
(Needleman&Wunsch 1970, Sakoe&Chiba, 1978)
- Extended Kalman filter / smoother

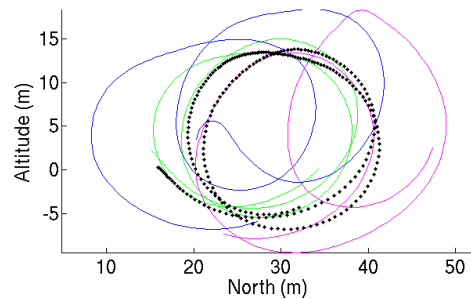
Abbeel, Coates, Ng, URR 2010

[VIDEO: airshow_unaligned.wmv]

Aligned Demonstrations



Alignment of Samples



- Result: inferred sequence is much cleaner!

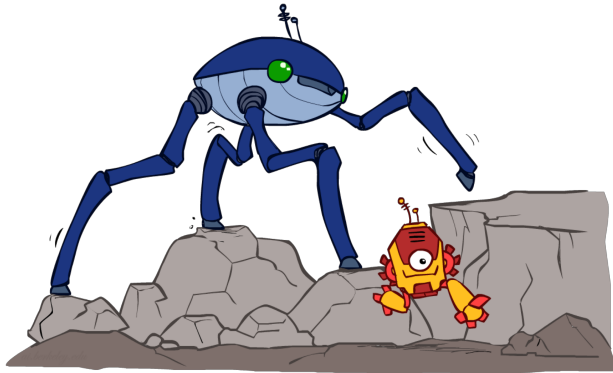
Learned Behavior



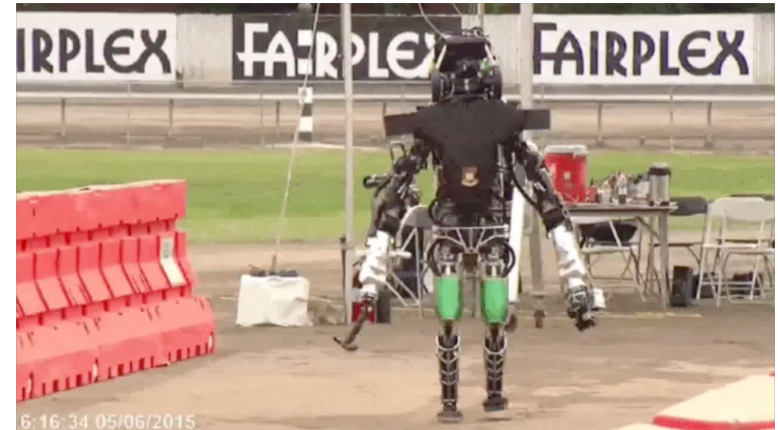
[VIDEO: airshow_trimmed.wmv]

[Abbeel, Coates, Quigley, Ng, 2010]

Legged Locomotion

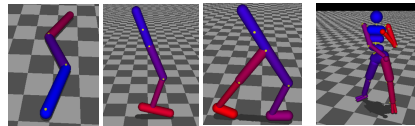


For Perspective: Darpa Robotics Challenge (2015)



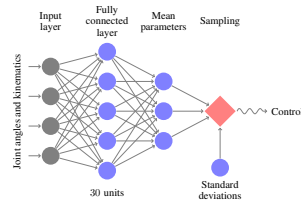
How About Continuous Control, e.g., Locomotion?

Robot models in physics simulator
(MuJoCo, from Emo Todorov)



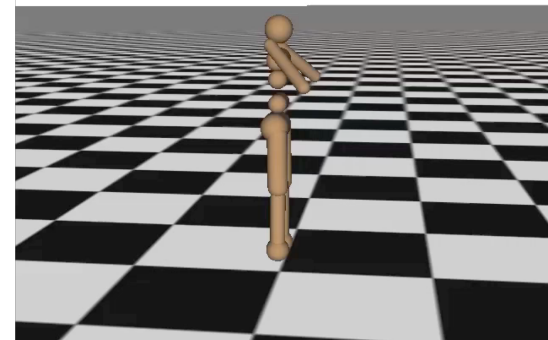
Input: joint angles and velocities
Output: joint torques

Neural network architecture:



Learning Locomotion

Iteration 0



[Schulman, Moritz, Levine, Jordan, Abbeel, 2015]

Deep RL: Virtual Stuntman



[Peng, Abbeel, Levine, van de Panne, 2018]

Pieter Abbeel -- UC Berkeley | Gradescope | Covariant.AI

Quadruped



- Low-level control problem: moving a foot into a new location
→ search with successor function ~ moving the motors
- High-level control problem: where should we place the feet?
 - Reward function $R(x) = w \cdot f(s)$ [25 features]

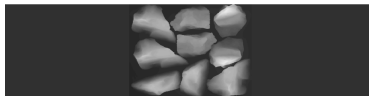
[Kolter, Abbeel & Ng, 2008]

Reward Learning + Reinforcement Learning

- Demonstrate path across the “training terrain”



- Learn the reward function
- Receive “testing terrain”---height map.



- Find the optimal policy with respect to the *learned reward function* for crossing the testing terrain.

[Kolter, Abbeel & Ng, 2008]

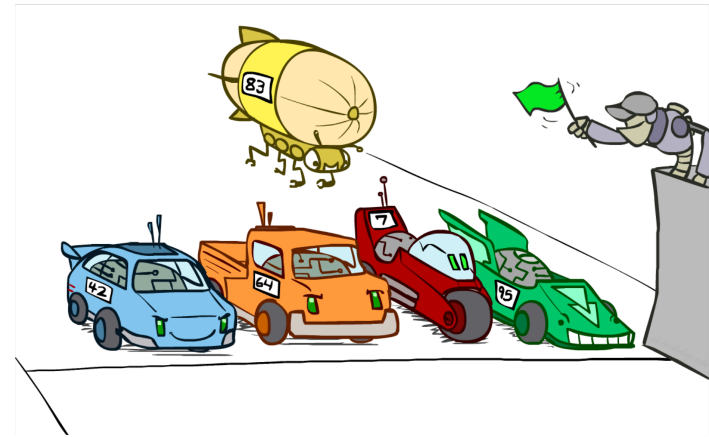
Without reward learning



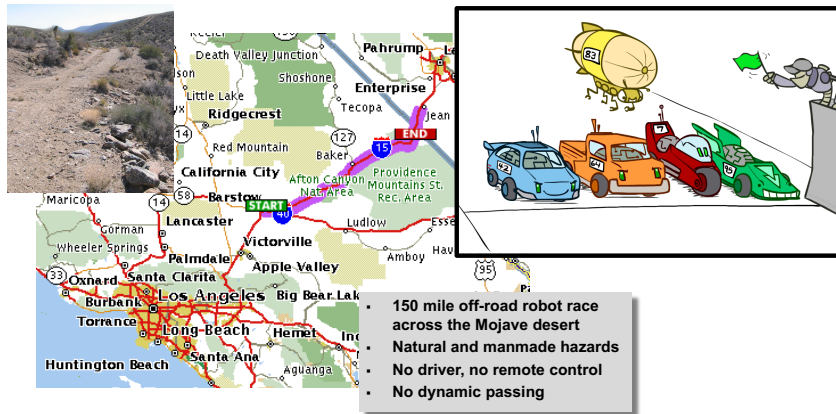
With reward learning



Autonomous Driving



Grand Challenge 2005: Barstow, CA, to Primm, NV



Autonomous Vehicles



Autonomous vehicle slides adapted from Sebastian Thrun

Grand Challenge 2005 Nova Video



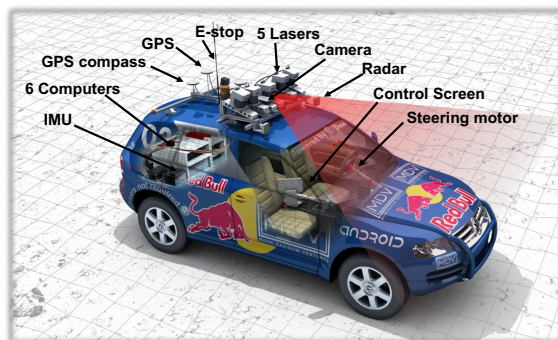
[VIDEO: nova-race-supershort.mp4]

Grand Challenge 2005 – Bad

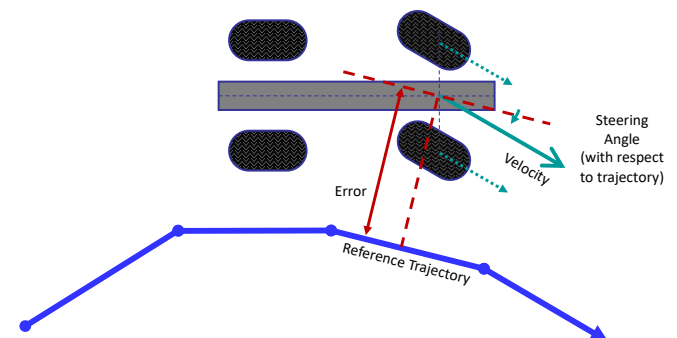


[VIDEO: grand challenge – bad.wmv]

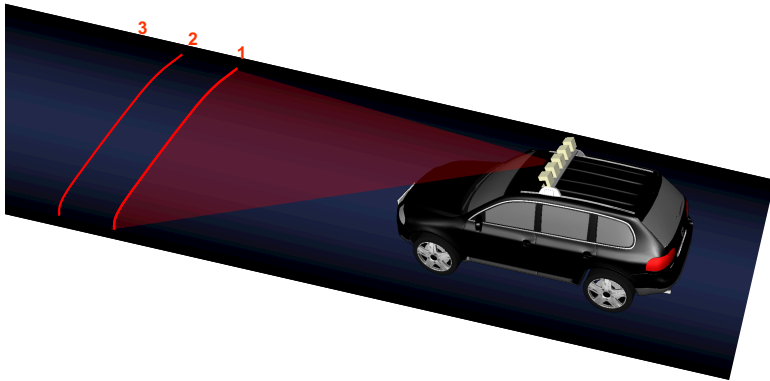
An Autonomous Car



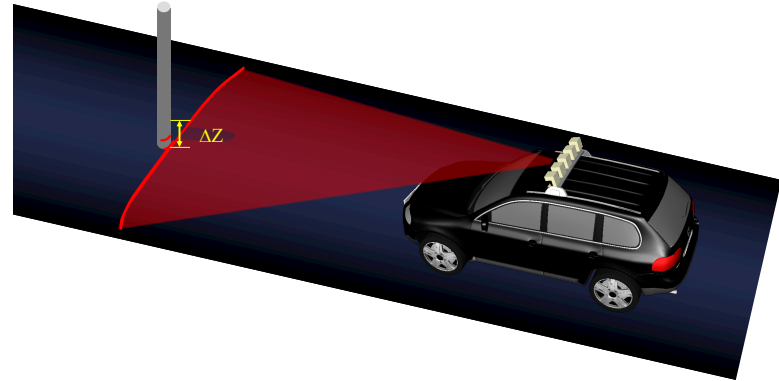
Actions: Steering Control



Laser Readings for Flat / Empty Road

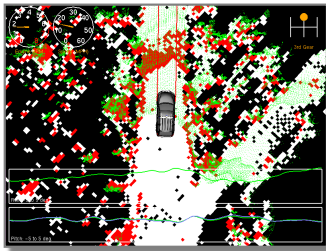


Laser Readings for Road with Obstacle



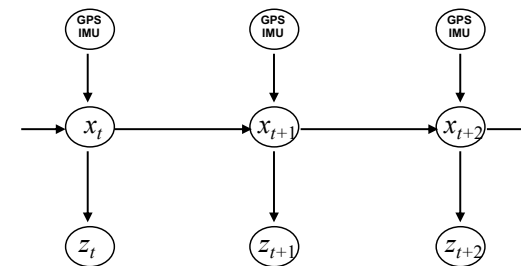
Obstacle Detection

Trigger if $|Z - Z^i| > 15\text{cm}$ for nearby z^i, z^j

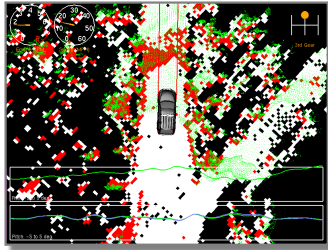


Raw Measurements: 12.6% false positives

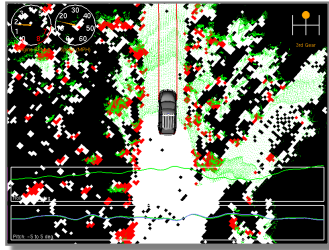
Probabilistic Error Model



HMMs for Detection



Raw Measurements: 12.6% false positives



HMM Inference: 0.02% false positives

Sensors: Camera



Vision for a Car



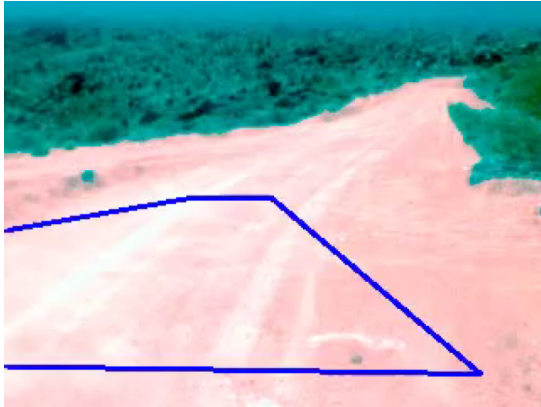
Vision for a Car

[VIDEO: lidar vision for a car]

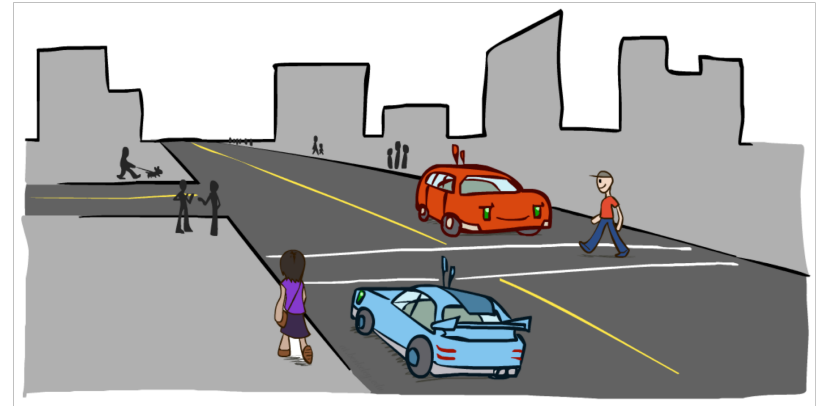


Self-Supervised Vision

[VIDEO: self-supervised vision]



Urban Environments



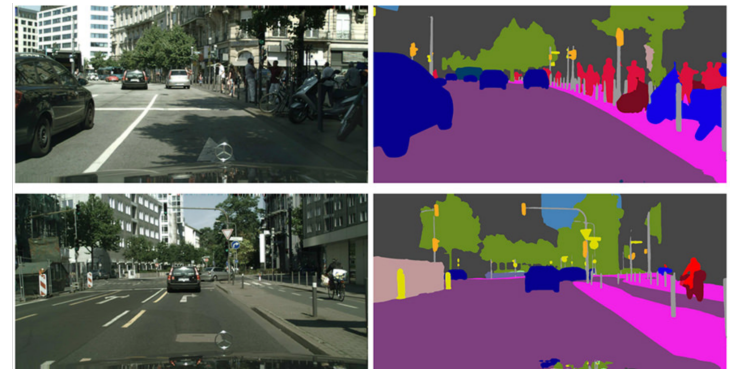
Google Self-Driving Car (2013)

[VIDEO: ROBOTICS – gcar.m4v]



(mostly lidar)

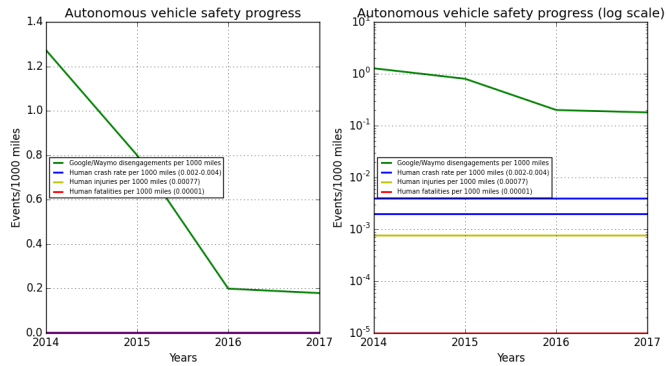
Recent Progress: NN Semantic Scene Segmentation



PSPNet50

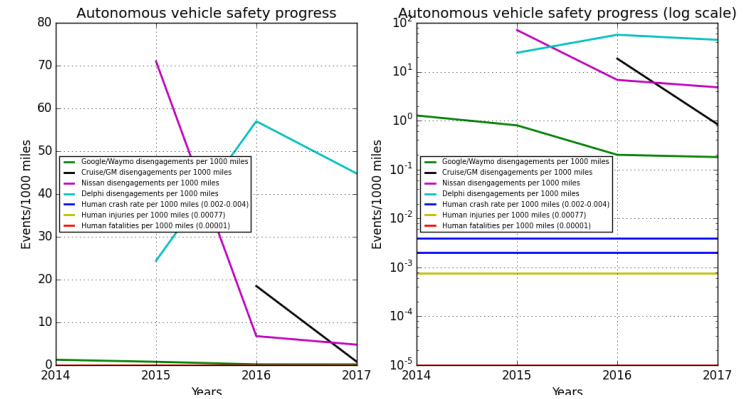
~ neural net classifies every pixel

Self-Driving Cars -- Stats



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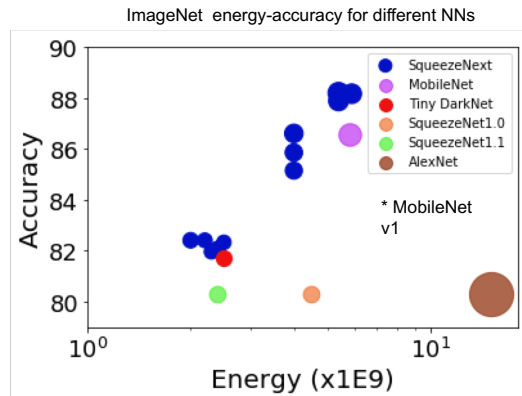
Self-Driving Cars -- Stats



Energy-Inference-Accuracy Landscape on the Squeezelator

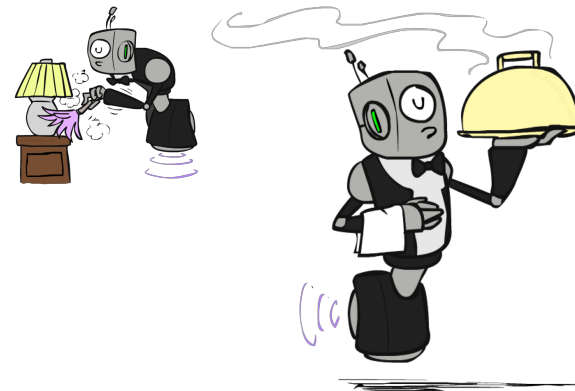
SqueezeNext vs SqueezeNet/AlexNet

- 8% more accurate
- 2.25x better than SqueezeNet
- 7.5x better than AlexNet



[slide credit: Kurt Keutzer]

Personal Robotics



PR-1

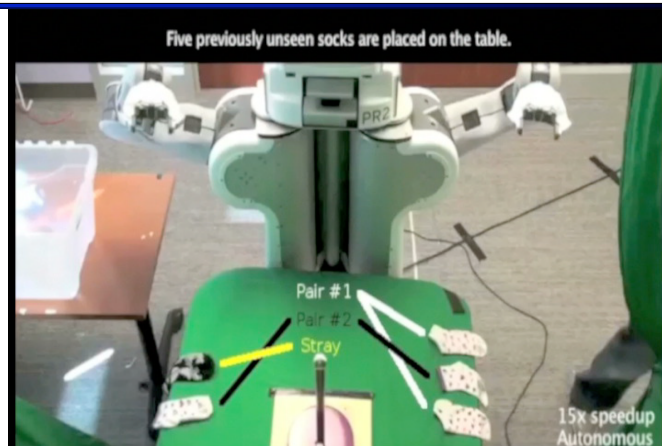
[Wyrobek, Berger, van der Loos, Salisbury, ICRA 2008]

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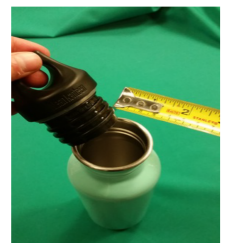
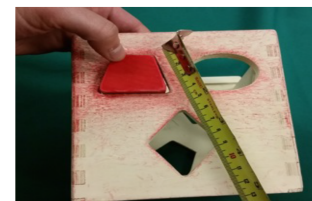
Challenge Task: Robotic Laundry



Sock Sorting



How about a range of skills?



Pieter Abbeel — UC Berkeley /
[Levine*, Finn*, Darrell, Abbeel, JMLR 2016] Gradescope

Reinforcement Learning



[Levine*, Finn*, Darrell, Abbeel, JMLR 2016]

Learned Skills



Pieter Abbeel — UC Berkeley / JMLR 2016
[Levine*, Finn*, Darrell, Abbeel, JMLR 2016]



[Levine et al, 2016]

Next Time:

- Natural language processing
- Final contest
- Course wrap-up
- Where to go next