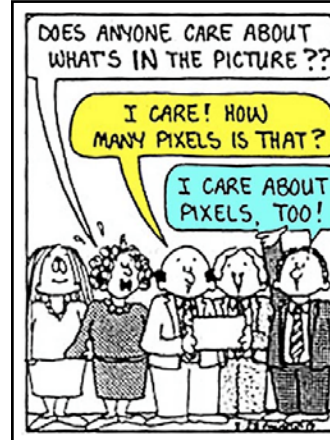


'Pixel': A Brief History

Richard F. Lyon
Chief Scientist, Foveon, Inc.,
Spouse Member of the ACM,
& Fellow of the IEEE



What is a pixel?
Where does the word 'pixel' come from?
Why do I care?

'Pixel' = 'Picture Element' — since 1969



ONLINE ETYMOLOGY DICTIONARY

pixel

1969, coined to describe the photographic elements of a television image, from *pix* (1932 abbreviation of *pictures*, coined by "Variety" headline writers) + *el(ement)*.



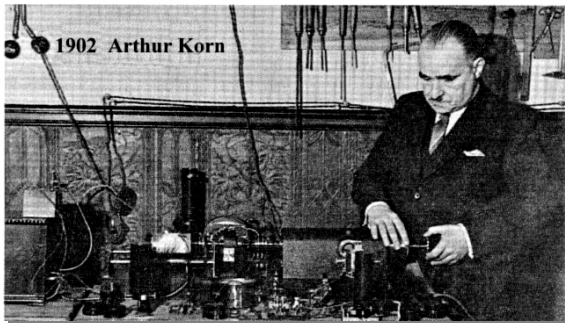
Paul Nipkow
1884
'Bildpunkte'
(picture points)



Arthur Korn

1904 *Elektrische Fernphotographie:*

'Punkt ... ist streng genommen ein kleines **Flächenelement**...'



'Picture Elements' auf Deutsch:

'Bildelemente'

- Paul Nipkow 1884 "Bildpunkte"
- Arthur Korn 1904 "Flächenelement"
- Gustav Eichhorn of Zürich, 1926, "*Wetterfunk Bildfunk Television (Drahtloses Fernsehen)*": "die Tönung der **Bildelemente**," "**Bildpunkte** des Rasterbildes," "**Flächenelementen**"
- Fritz Schröter, 1932, "**Rasterelementen**," "**Rasterzahl**," "**Punkten**"
- Manfred von Ardenne, 1933, "**Durchmesser eines Bildelements**," "**Bildelementdurchmessers**," "**Bildpunkte**"

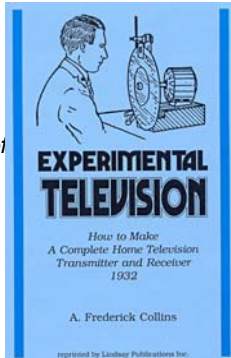
Schröter
invented
interlaced
scanning



Von Ardenne
developed
CRT displays

First 'Picture Element' Publications

- 1927 *Wireless World* mag. (according to William Safire's "On Language" column)
- 1929 H. Horton Sheldon & Edgar Norman Grisewood, *Television: Present Methods of Picture Transmission*
- 1932 A. Frederick Collins, *Experimental Television: How to Make A Complete Home Television Transmitter and Receiver*



RCA: Zworykin, Kell, Engstrom, ...

- '33 'picture element' used separately by Vladimir K. Zworykin, Raymond D. Kell, and Elmer "Shorty" Engstrom.
- '37 Five papers: Alfred Goldsmith, C. E. Burnett, R. R. Beal, Harley Iams, Albert Rose
- '37 Zworykin "The picture element is a purely fictitious concept when applied to the mosaic."
- '38 'theoretical picture element' I. G. Maloff and D. W. Epstein



Last RCA picture elements':
'46, '48 Albert Rose
'48 Otto Shade
'49 Janes, Johnson, and Moore

Vladimir K. Zworykin and his 'iconoscope'

'Picture Elements' in the 1960s — surprisingly few

- Lawrence G. Roberts 1961, 1962
– Dithering and Playboy pix
- Béla Julesz 1962
- Al Oppenheim, Ron Schafer, and Tom Stockham 1968
- L. R. Malling and J. Denton Allen 1966
- Robert B. Leighton et al 1967
- Azriel Rosenfeld 1969
- Andrew T. Young 1969
- G. E. Forsen 1969
- Paul K. Weimer 1969

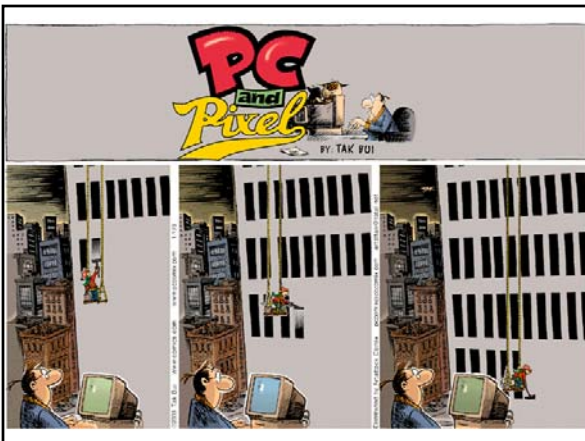


William F. Schreiber and 'Pel'



MIT Prof. Schreiber's secretary Claire Kay coined 'pel' for him in 1964 (alternative to German BP), published 1967 in Proc. IEEE

Schreiber, Troxel, and Seitz didn't use 'pel' nor 'pixel' in their 1969 paper on wirephoto standards converter



Pixel-like Terms

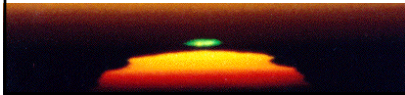
- point
- sample
- spot
- position
- cell
- dot
- bit
- element
- picture element
- pel
- p. e.
- area element
- image element
- raster element
- matrix element
- resolution element
- video element
- picture point
- raster point
- digital sample
- gray value
- sample spot
- beam spot size
- point of the picture
- mass of dots
- elemental area of the picture
- elemental area of said image
- elemental tone value
- a mosaic of selenium cells
- a great number of small parts
- thousands of little squares
- little areas of varying brilliance
- optical fragment
- photosite
- photoelement
- photodiode
- photodetector
- photosensor

Mariner 6 (to Mars)



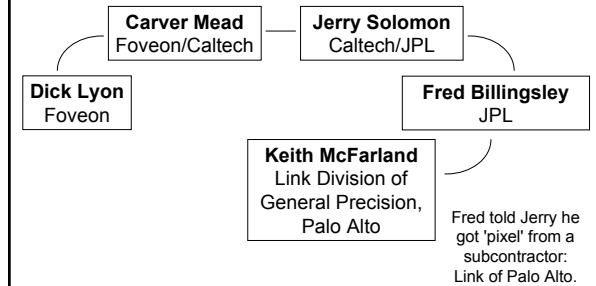
1969 Article Cited by O.E.D.

- Robert Leighton, Norman Horowitz, Alan Herriman, **Andrew Young**, Bradford Smith, Merton Davies, Conway B. Leovy, "Mariner 6 Television Pictures: First Report," *Science*, Aug. 15, 1969.
- "resolution elements ('pixels')"
- Young: "I thought *pixel* was a vile neologism, and tried to avoid it myself. It was in use by the guys in the Image Processing Lab."



Andrew T. Young's "Green Flash"

The Billingsley Connection



'Pixel' in the 1960s

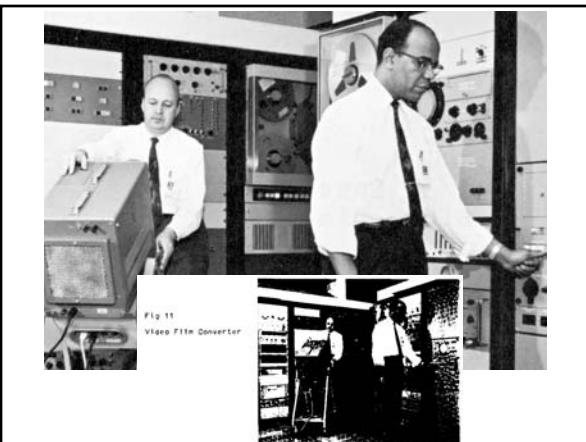


- 1965 Fred C. Billingsley (in two different SPIE workshops)
- 1966, 1967 Keith E. McFarland, Link Div. of Gen. Precision, subcontractor, equipment manuals
- 1968 Charles Fernald case study on McFarland's Video-Film Converter ('pizel')
- 1969 Leighton et al. *Science* article cited by O.E.D.
- 1969, 1970 Robert F. Rice internal JPL memos, (the first outside the Image Processing Lab)
- 1970 T. C. Rindfleisch et al., external symposium on astronomical uses of TV image sensors
- 1970 G. Edward Danielson, Jr, same symposium

Billingsley's first 1965 'Pixel' 'Digital Video Processing at JPL'

back to real time and there are zero time base displacement errors. Since the information band-width goes to 200 KC, by the sampling theorem, we must sample at least 400,000 samples per second. We have chosen to sample at a 500 KC rate and we define each one of these samples as a picture element or a **pixel**.

We have sampled each **pixel** with 6-bit accuracy which is commensurate with the signal/noise ratio and the data accuracy. This is also an optimum sample size from the viewpoint of digital computation since it fits digital computer words and also fits the standard digital tape format.



1971 — 'Pixel' Escapes into the Wild

- Robert F. Rice & James R. Plaunt (JPL), *IEEE Trans-Comm.* article
- NASA SP-263, *The Mariner 6 and 7 Pictures of Mars*
- Raimo Bakis, Michael A. Wesley, and **Peter M. Will** (IBM), Willow Run Lab. Remote Sensing Workshop
- Peter A. Franaszek, David D. Grossman, and **Peter M. Will** (IBM), U.S. patent application
- Lynn H. Quam, Stanford, dissertation



Few 'Pixel' Publications 1972–75

Univ. Missouri at Columbia 1972

(Degroot, Hall, Sutton, Lodwick, & Dwyer)

USC 1972–75 (Pratt, Welch, & Chen)

CMU 1973–75 (Rubin)

NC State 1974 (Eastman & Stoudhammer)

Stanford 1974 (Sobel)

Fairchild 1974 (Dyck & Jack)

Purdue 1975 (Wintz)

SUNY (Albany and Buffalo) 1975

(A. K. Jain, Alvord & Quinn, Herman, Lent & Lutz)

Scientific American 1975 (Gordon, Herman, & Johnson)



Wen-Hsiung Chen
— 1973
dissertation

Pratt, Chen, & Welch 1972

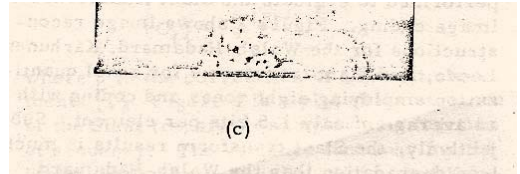
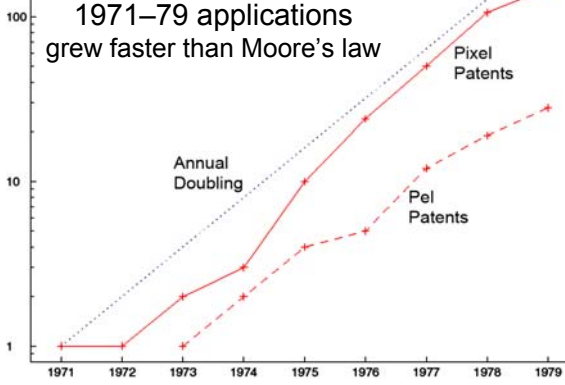


Figure 7. Reduced bandwidth images obtained by transform coding with zonal quantization, 1.5 bits/pixel. (a) Walsh-Hadamard coded; (b) Slant coded; (c) Karhunen-Loeve coded.

PRATT
PAGE 6

Pixel and Pel Patents: 1971–79 applications grew faster than Moore's law



Technical Books with 'Pixel', 1975–79

- '75 Carlo Séquin and Michael Tompsett, *Charge Transfer Devices* (Dyck & Jack figure only)
- '75 T. S. Huang, *Picture Processing and Digital Filtering* (Billingsley chapter only)
- '76 Azriel Rosenfeld, revised, *Picture Processing by Computer*
- '77 Raphael C. Gonzalez and Paul Wintz, *Digital Image Processing*
- '78 William K. Pratt, *Digital Image Processing*
- '79 Ken Castleman, *Digital Image Processing* ("to 'Uncle Bob' Nathan, pioneering pixel pusher")
- '79 Newman & Sproull, *Interactive Computer Graphics*, 2nd edition (not in 1973 1st edition)



'Pixel' in Paper Titles, 1981–84

'81 "Pixel-Planes: A VLSI-Oriented Design for a Raster Graphics Engine," Henry Fuchs & John Poulton, *VLSI Design*

scanner designed by Joseph Malinowski. The scanner samples gray levels



Communications of the ACM
December 1982
Volume 25
Number 12

'82 "ACM president's letter: Pixel Art," Adele Goldberg, Robert Flegal, *Comm. ACM*

'84 "A line transfer color image sensor with 576x462 pixels," Berger et al., *Proc. ISSCC*

'84 "An analytic visible surface algorithm for independent pixel processing," Edwin Catmull, *SIGGRAPH*

'Pixel' in Book Titles, 1985–86, & 2000

'85 *Inside MacPaint: Sailing Through the Sea of Fatbits on a Single-Pixel Raft*, Jeffrey S. Young

'85 *Mr. Pixels Computer Program, Pixel Works*

'86 *From Pixels to Predicates*, Sandy Pentland.



Nicholas Negroponte, *Being Digital*, 1995

- After discussing Ivan Sutherland's work, Negroponte states: **“The computer graphics community invented the term ‘pixel’.”**
- But the first SIGGRAPH papers containing ‘pixel’ were in 1976 — by Negroponte & Pangaro, among others...



No ‘Pixel’ at Utah

- University of Utah and Evans & Sutherland computer graphics people used “raster elements” and other terms
- “Picture elements” were points, lines, polygons, etc.
- First publication with ‘pixel’ **after leaving Utah:**
- First dissertation with ‘pixel’ was Tom Stockham’s student Olivier Faugeras, 1976.

Alan Kay
Jim Clark
John Warnock
Martin Newell
Jim Blinn
Chuck Seitz
Ivan Sutherland
Bob Sproull
Raphael Rom
Lance Williams
Ed Catmull
Frank Crow
William Newman
Patrick Baudelaire
Henry Fuchs
Henri Gouraud
Nolan Bushnell
Brian Barsky



‘Picture Element’ as a unit of sensor hardware

1969 P. K. Weimer et al. of RCA: “the array must contain hundreds of thousands of **picture elements**”

1976 P. L. P. Dillon et al. of Kodak: “**picture elements**” in a **“CFA” color filter mosaic sensor**

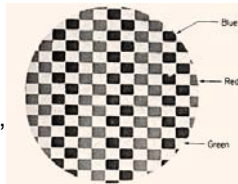


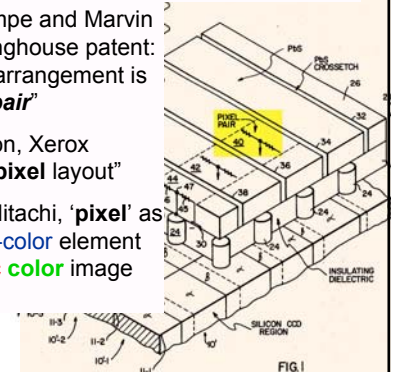
Fig. 2 Photomicrograph of actual CFA

‘Pixel’ as a unit of sensor hardware

’75 Donald R. Lampe and Marvin H. White, Westinghouse patent: “Such a sensor arrangement is termed a **pixel pair**”

’80 Richard F. Lyon, Xerox Optical Mouse “**pixel layout**”

’82 Aoki et al. of Hitachi, ‘**pixel**’ as individual **single-color element** of a **filter-mosaic color image sensor**



1980 “Lyon Eye” Optical Mouse

“The guts of each imager **pixel** (subcircuit or cell) is therefore a dynamic node, a transistor to ‘reset’ it high and then isolate it, and an ‘inverter’ circuit to sense the voltage of the node and communicate it out to other circuits.”

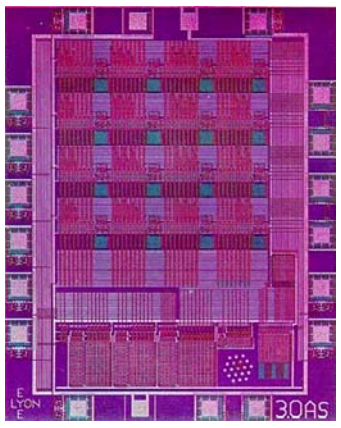
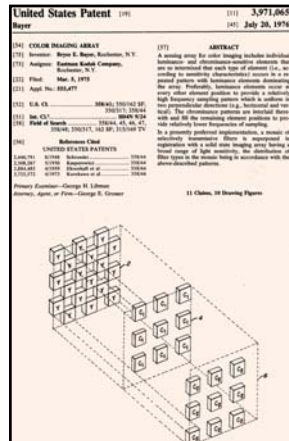


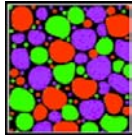
Photo on Smithsonian website



1975: Bryce Bayer’s “**luminance- and chrominance-sensitive elements**”

unlike Dillon 1976, and Aoki 1982, and everyone today

Early Color Filter Arrays



1904: Autochrome, Lumière brothers —
Potato starch as color filter mosaic:
Potato Elements?



Paget Mosaic —
Used by Zworykin,
1925 Color TV Patent

QuickTake 100
Digital Camera for Macintosh

Features:

- Produces high-quality, 24-bit color images
- Two image sizes:
 - 320 by 240 pixels (standard)
 - 640 by 480 pixels (high resolution)

1994

Megapixel Cameras:

- 1991 Kodak/Nikon DCS 100
- 1994 Kodak/Nikon DCS 200
- 1995 Kodak/Canon DCS 3

CCD containing 1.3 megapixels?

EOS DCS 3 [A] [E] [J]
SLR Digital Camera

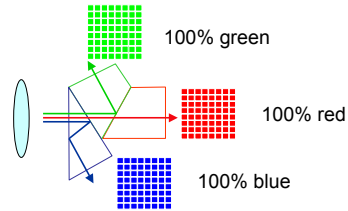
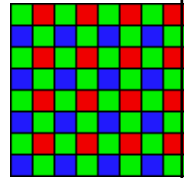


with a high density area CCD containing 1.3 megapixels.

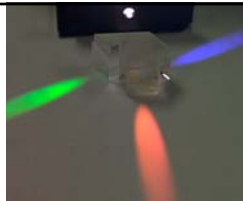
'Pixel Sensors' Just Sense Light

So why not use all the light?

50% green
25% red
25% blue



Foveon Prism Cameras

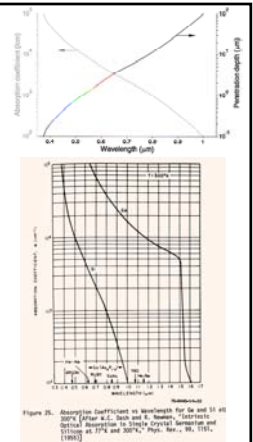


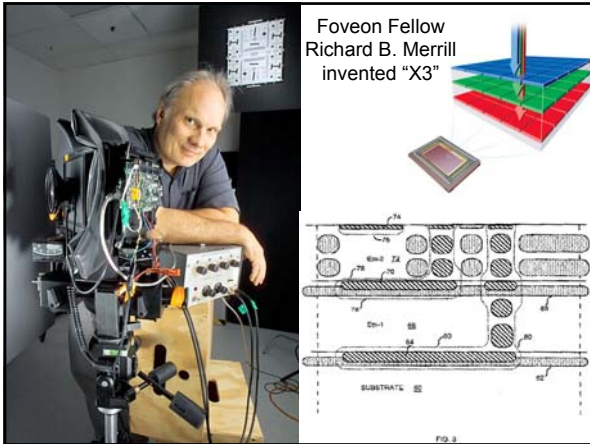
Absorption Coefficient vs. Wavelength

from Theuvsen 1995,
from M. H. White 1976,
from Dash & Newman 1955



Marvin H. White at Lehigh Univ.
(the 'pixel pair' guy)





Foveon Fellow
Richard B. Merrill
invented "X3"

What's in a Megapixel?

Accepted definitions:

- **Picture Element (pixel):** an RGB triple in a sampled color image
- **Pixel Sensor:** a photodetector with a readout circuit

<p><u>Each conventional cell</u> 1 pixel sensor 1/3 picture element (with R or G or B)</p> <p>1/3 pixel? 1 pixel?</p>	<p><u>Each Foveon X3 cell</u> 3 pixel sensors 1 picture element (with R and G and B)</p> <p>1 pixel? 3 pixels?</p>
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FOVEON

<h4>What's in a Me</h4> <p>Accepted definitions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Picture Element (pix • Pixel Sensor: a phot <p><u>Each conventional cell</u> 1 pixel sensor 1/3 picture element</p> <h4>Qu'est-ce qu'</h4> <p>Définitions acceptées:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Élément d'image (p • Capteur de pixel: u <p><u>Chaque cellule conventionnelle</u> 1 capteur de pixel 1/3 élément d'image (avec R ou V ou B)</p> <p>1/3 pixel? 1 pixel?</p>	<h4>Was ist ein Megapixel?</h4> <p>Allgemein gültige Bezeichnungen/Definitionen:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bildelement (Pixel; Picture Element): Ein RGB-Tripel einer Farbbildaufnahme (besteht aus 3 Werten R, G und B) • Pixelsensor: Besteht aus einem Photodetektor mit eigenem Ausleseschaltkreis <p><u>Herkömmliche Zelle</u> 1 Pixelsensor 1/3 Bildelement (mit R oder G oder B)</p> <p>1/3 Pixel ? 1 Pixel ?</p>	<p><u>Foveon X3-Zelle</u> 3 Pixelsensoren 1 Bildelement (mit R und G und B)</p> <p>1 Pixel ? 3 Pixel ?</p> <p><u>Chaque cellule X3 Foveon</u> 3 capteurs de pixel 1 élément d'image (avec R et V et B)</p> <p>1 pixel? 3 pixels?</p>
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FOVEON

3.4 MP File from
10.2 MP Camera

— Resolution to Spare





 International Organization for Standardization

"... **digitized code values** may be referred to as **picture elements**, or **pixels**" but

"The term **resolution** should not be used ..."

ISO 12231 (published 2005-02-01)

Photography -- Electronic still picture imaging -- Vocabulary

2 Terms and definitions

2.1 **addressable photoelements** — number of active photoelements on an image sensor. This is equal to the number of active lines of photoelements times the number of active photoelements per line.

NOTE The term **resolution** should not be used when referring to the number of **addressable photoelements** on an image sensor. It is possible that the number of addressable photoelements may be different for the different colour records of an image. When the signal values of the photoelements are digitized, the digitized code values may be referred to as **picture elements**, or **pixels**.

