61A Lecture 31

Announcements

Declarative Languages

Database Management Systems

Database management systems (DBMS) are important, heavily used, and interesting!

A table is a collection of records, which are rows that have a value for each column



The Structured Query Language (SQL) is perhaps the most widely used programming language SQL is a *declarative* programming language

Declarative Programming

In declarative lan g	guages such as SQL {	x Prolog:	Cities:		
•A "program" is a d	lescription of the c	lesired result	Latitude	Longitude	Name
•The interpreter fi	38	122	Berkeley		
In imperative lang	ages such as Pythor	n & Scheme:	42	71	Cambridge
•A "program" is a c	lescription of compu	itational processes	45	93	Minneapolis
• The interpreter ca	arries out execution	/evaluation rules			
create table citie	s as			Region	Name
select <mark>38</mark> as <mark>la</mark> t	itude, <mark>122</mark> as longi	tude, "Berkeley" as nam	e union	west coast	Berkeley
select 42,	71,	"Cambridge"	union	other	Minneapolis
select 42, select 45,	71, 93,	"Cambridge" "Minneapolis";	union	other other	Minneapolis Cambridge
<pre>select 42, select 45, select "west coast</pre>	71, 93, " as region, name f	"Cambridge" "Minneapolis"; rom cities where longit	union ude >= 115	other other union	Minneapolis Cambridge

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Structured Query Language (SQL)

SQL Overview

The SQL language is an ANSI and ISO standard, but DBMS's implement custom variants
•A select statement creates a new table, either from scratch or by projecting a table
•A create table statement gives a global name to a table
•Lots of other statements exist: analyze, delete, explain, insert, replace, update, etc.
•Most of the important action is in the select statement



Today's theme:

http://awhimsicalbohemian.typepad.com/.a/6a00e5538b84f3883301538dfa8f19970b-800wi

Getting Started with SQL

Install sqlite (version 3.8.3 or later): <u>http://sqlite.org/download.html</u>

Use sqlite online: http://kripken.github.io/sql.js/GUI/

Selecting Value Literals

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A select statement always includes a comma-separated list of column descriptions
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A column description is an expression, optionally followed by as and a column name

select [expression] as [name], [expression] as [name];

union

union

union

union

union

Selecting literals creates a one-row table

The union of two select statements is a table containing the rows of both of their results

select "delano" as parent, "herbert" as child; union select "abraham" . "barack" select "abraham" , "clinton" select "fillmore" , "abraham" select "fillmore" , "delano" select "fillmore" , "grover" select "eisenhower" , "fillmore";



Naming Tables

SQL is often used as an interactive language The result of a select statement is displayed to the user, but not stored A create table statement gives the result a name

create table [name] as [select statement];

create	table parents as	
select	"delano" as parent,	"herbe
select	"abraham" ,	"barac
select	"abraham" ,	"clint
select	"fillmore" ,	"abrah
select	"fillmore" ,	"delan
select	"fillmore" ,	"grove
select	"eisenhower" ,	"fillm

rt" as child union :k" union on" union am" union 0" union er" union

nore";

Parents:

Parent	Child
abraham	barack
abraham	clinton
delano	herbert
fillmore	abraham
fillmore	delano
fillmore	grover
eisenhower	fillmore

Projecting Tables

Select Statements Project Existing Tables



Arithmetic

Arithmetic in Select Expressions

In a select expression, column names evaluate to row values Arithmetic expressions can combine row values and constants

create table lift as select 101 as chair, 2 as single, 2 as couple union select 102 , 0 , 3 union select 103 , 4 , 1;

select chair, single + 2 * couple as total from lift;

chair	total
101	6
102	6
103	6





Discussion Question

Given the table ints that describes how to sum powers of 2 to form various integers

create ta	able int	s as													
select	"zero"	as word,	0	as	one,	0	as	two,	0	as	four,	0	as	eight	union
select	"one"	ر	1		ر	0		ر	0		ر	0			union
select	"two"	ر	0		ر	2		ر	0		ر	0			union
select	"three"	ر	1		ر	2		ر	0		ر	0			union
select	"four"	ر	0		ر	0		ر	4		ر	0			union
select	"five"	ر	1		ر	0		ر	4		و	0			union
select	"six"	ر	0		ر	2		ر	4		ر	0			union
select	"seven"	ر	1		ر	2		ر	4		ر	0			union
select	"eight"	ر	0		ر	0		ر	0		و	8			union
select	"nine"	و	1		و	0		و	0		ر	8	;		

(Demo)

(A) Write a select statement for a two-column table of the word and value for each integer

word	value
zero	0
one	1
two	2
three	3

(B) Write a select statement for the **word** names of the powers of two

word	
one	
two	
four	
eight	

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