## Meta-metaevaluation

## QUESTION

Write lookup-variable-value, which takes a variable and starting environment and returns the value associated with the variable or an error if it isn't found after the global environment.

## **Regular Metaevaluation**

## QUESTIONS

Modify your lookup-variable-value code above to create set-variable-value! (which takes an additional value argument).

If we find the variable, instead of returning the corresponding value, we should change it:

2. (define (eval-definition exp env)

(define-variable! (definition-variable exp) ;; (cadr exp) (mc-eval (definition-value exp) env) ;; (caddr exp) env)

```
'okay)
```

Modify your set-variable-value! code above to create define-variable!. You should write a helper addbinding-to-frame! that takes a variable, value, and frame, and adds the binding into the given frame.

This should be easier than the questions before, as we don't have to traverse through other environments at all!

```
((eq? var (car vars))
      (set-car! vals val))
      (else (scan (cdr vars) (cdr vals)))))
(scan (frame-variables frame)
      (frame-values frame))))
(define (add-binding-to-frame! var val frame)
  (set-car! frame (cons var (car frame)))
  (set-cdr! frame (cons val (cdr frame))))
```

3. Write (extend-environment vars vals base-env) that takes in a list of variables, a list of values, and an environment to extend, and creates the new environment (as when you call a procedure in the environment model).

```
(define (extend-environment vars vals base-env)
 (if (= (length vars) (length vals))
    (cons (make-frame vars vals) base-env)
    (if (< (length vars) (length vals))
        (error "Too many arguments supplied" vars vals)
        (error "Too few arguments supplied" vars vals))))
```

4. Scheme's map won't work in mc-eval. Why?

The procedure we would try to map is not a Scheme procedure, but a mc-eval procedure. This will fail since you can't map a list onto some arguments.

5. Write (mc-map fn ls) to work with mc-eval. It will be installed as the primitive procedure associated with map. fn is defined in our new representation.

```
(define (mc-map fn ls)
  (if (null? ls)
        ls
        (cons (mc-apply fn (list (car ls))) (mc-map fn (cdr ls)))))
```