## Lecture 4: Environment Diagrams

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## Announcements

- Homework 1 is due Sunday $6 / 26$
- Project 1 is released, due Thursday 6/30
- Earn 1 EC point for completing it by Wednesday 6/29
- Go to discussion today! Each discussion is worth two exam recovery points
- Ask questions during lecture on Piazza!


## Roadmap

## Introduction

## Functions

Data
Mutability

- This week (Introduction), the goals are:

Objects

## Interpretation

Paradigms
Applications

## Abstraction

## Abstraction

"The essence of abstraction is preserving information that is relevant in a given context, and forgetting information that is irrelevant in that context."

- John V. Guttag, Introduction to Computation and Programming Using Python


## Discussion Question 1



## Tools for abstraction

- Assignment is a simple form of abstraction: bind names to values
- Function definition is a more powerful form of abstraction: bind names to a series of computations
- Functional abstraction is the idea that we can call functions without thinking about how the function works



## Miscellaneous Python features

(demo)

- Operators
- Multiple return values
- Docstrings
- Doctests
- Default arguments

Environment Diagrams

## Lists and for Loops

(demo)
$\mathbf{s}=[3,1,4,1,5,9]$
def max_difference(s):
smallest $=\mathrm{s}[0]$
largest $=s[0]$
for elem in s:
if elem < smallest:
smallest = elem
if elem > largest:
largest $=$ elem
return largest - smallest
max_difference(s)

## Functions and while loops

(demo)

$$
\mathrm{x}=2
$$

def repeated(f, $n, x):$
while n > $0:$

$$
\mathrm{x}=\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})
$$

$$
\mathrm{n}-=1
$$

return x
def square(x):
return $x$ * $x$
repeated(square, $x, 3)$

Lambda Expressions

## Lambda Expressions

```
>>> x = 10
An expression: this one
    evaluates to a number
>>> square ={ * x Also an expression:
evaluates to a function
>>> square = lambda x: x * x: Important: No "return" keyword!
    A function
        with parameter x
            that returns the value of "x * x":
                        Must be a single expression
```

Lambda expressions in Python cannot contain statements at all!

Lambda expressions aren't common in Python, but important in general

## lambda

## (demo)

$x=2$
def repeated $(f, n, x):$
while $\mathrm{n}>0:$

$$
x=f(x)
$$

$$
\mathrm{n}-=1
$$

return $x$
def square(x):
return $x$ * $x$
repeated(square, $x, 3)$

$$
x=2
$$

```
def repeated(f, \(n, x)\) :
        while \(\mathrm{n}>0:\)
            \(\mathrm{x}=\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})\)
            \(\mathrm{n}-=1\)
```

    return \(x\)
    square $=$ lambda $\mathrm{x}: \mathrm{x} * \mathrm{x}$
repeated(square, $\left.x_{,} 3\right)$

## lambda



