Due: Wed., 15 September 2004 (at midnight)

Create a directory to hold your solutions and copy the files from \$master/hw/hw2 into it. Use the command submit hw2 to submit your solutions to the problems below.

1. Complete the following Java function so that it performs as indicated in its comment. The files IntList.java and IntList2.java in ~cs61b/hw/hw2 contain the declarations of the classes IntList and IntList2. Put your answers in a file called Lists.java, using the template in ~cs61b/hw/hw2. You may find the functions in the file ~cs61b/hw/hw2/Utils.java to be useful for testing.

```
/** The list of lists formed by breaking up L into "natural runs":
    * that is, maximal ascending sublists, in the same order as
    * the original. For example, if L is (1, 3, 7, 5, 4, 6, 9, 10),
    * then result is the three-item list ((1, 3, 7), (5), (4, 6, 9, 10)).
    * Destructive: creates no new IntList items, and may modify the
    * original list pointed to by L. */
static IntList2 naturalRuns (IntList L) {
        /* *Fill in here* */
}
```

2. Complete the following Java functions so that they perform as indicated in their comments. Remember that some arrays can have zero elements. Put your answers to this problem (all parts) in a file named Arrays.java (copy the template in ~cs61b/hw/hw2/Arrays.java). You may find the contents of the file ~cs61b/hw/hw2/Utils.java useful in testing your answers.

Continued...

HW #2

```
c. /** The array of arrays formed by breaking up A into
    * maximal ascending lists, without reordering.
    * For example, if A is {1, 3, 7, 5, 4, 6, 9, 10}, then
    * returns the three-element array
    * {{1, 3, 7}, {5}, {4, 6, 9, 10}}. */
    static int[][] naturalRuns (int[] A) {
        /* *Fill in here* */
}
```

3. Define a class that allows the following operations:

```
// Q is an empty collection of Strings.
OrderedStrings Q = new OrderedStrings();
Q.add ("zebra");
Q.add ("dog");
Q.add ("aardvark");
Q.add ("gnu");
// Print Q in order.
while (! Q.isEmpty ())
   System.out.println (Q.removeFirst ());
```

That is, an OrderedStrings is a collection of Strings to which one can add new strings (with add), remove and return the smallest remaining string (first in alphabetical order) with removeFirst, and test for emptiness with isEmpty. Aside from String, don't use any existing library classes in the implementation, except for testing purposes. You can define additional classes if you find it useful. Put your solution in file OrderedStrings.java.