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## 1 Design

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Nice! You got an interview with Chalisee Fahwajiarns, CEO of Pearbnb, the hot new geoponics startup based in the Central Valley. For each of the following scenarios, determine which data structures (doesn't have to be strictly Java) would give the best performance and what algorithms would be used. Additionally, give the worst-case runtime for any operations listed.

- a. Chalisee says she has a list of  $N$  names of crops, where each entry in the list represents an acre of farmland in the Central Valley. Find the number of acres grown for each crop.
  
- b. Pearbnb is a trusted community marketplace for people to list, discover, and order unique produce and plants around the world. Chalisee wants to start developing auto-complete for search on Pearbnb's website. When a user types in the first  $K$  characters of a query, she wants the website to say how many products have the same  $K$  character prefix. Assume that no products have a name longer than  $M$  and there are  $N$  distinct products. Optimize for both constructing the solution and matching a query.
  
- c. One of the things that Pearbnb does is optimize the profits for farmers. Pearbnb uses a database of  $N$  `Orders`. Each `Order` represents an order from a customer for a specific product and has the following: the customer's name, the `Date` the order was made, the `Date` requested for the delivery, the name of the product ordered, the quantity of the product ordered, and the price per unit for the product. Chalisee, a champion for Big Data, wants to run analytics on Pearbnb's database and query for `Orders` requested to be delivered within a certain range of dates for a certain product. Optimize for both constructing the solution and matching a query.
  
- d. Pearbnb runs a subsidiary company, ImPearfect Produce, that handles its deliveries to customers in urban areas. ImPearfect Produce likes to optimize its deliveries and also promote fairness, but it only allows each of its trucks to carry one type of product at a time. Therefore, ImPearfect Produce has the policy to send a truck carrying the product of the earliest uncompleted order, while trying to fulfill as many orders as possible for that product. ImPearfect Produce must maintain some collection of  $N$  `Orders` that optimizes adding new orders and figuring out what products to deliver on its next truck.

## 2 Weighted Quick Union Trees with Path Compression

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Assume we have eight sets, represented by integers 1 through 8, that start off as completely disjoint sets. Draw the WQU Tree after the series of `union()` and `find()` operations with path compression. Write down the result of `find()` operations. Break ties by choosing the smaller integer to be the root.

```
union(2, 3);
union(1, 6);
union(5, 7);
union(8, 4);
union(7, 2);
find(3);
union(6, 4);
union(6, 3);
find(7);
find(8);
```

## 3 Hash 'Em? I Hardly Knew 'Em!

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Consider a `HashSet<String>` object that is implemented using a Hash Table with the following properties. The Hash Table has an initial size of 4, resolves collisions via chaining, and doubles its size immediately once the load factor becomes 1.5. If inserted `String` objects are hashed based on their lengths, then draw out the HashTable after performing the following operations.

```
add("Turkey");
add("Stuffing");
add("Mashed Potatoes");
add("Green Bean");
add("Cranberry");
add("Chicken Pot Pie");
add("Ice Cream");
add("Cats");
```