

CS61B Lecture #5: Simple Pointer Manipulation

Recreation Prove that for every acute angle $\alpha > 0$,

$$\tan \alpha + \cot \alpha \geq 2$$

Announcement

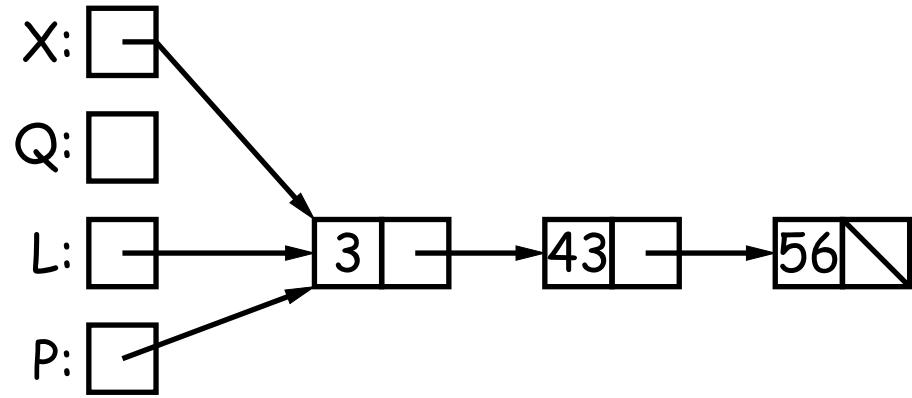
- Today: More pointer hacking.
- Handing in labs and homework: We'll be lenient about accepting late homework and labs for lab1, lab2, and hw0. Just get it done: part of the point is getting to understand the tools involved. We will **not** accept submissions by email.

Destructive Incrementing

Destructive solutions may modify objects in the original list to save time or space:

```
/** Destructively add N to L's items. */
static IntList dincrList(IntList P, int n) {
    if (P == null)
        return null;
    else {
        P.head += n;
        P.tail = dincrList(P.tail, n);
        return P;
    }
}
/** Destructively add N to L's items. */
static IntList dincrList(IntList L, int n)
{
    // 'for' can do more than count!
    for (IntList p = L; p != null; p = p.tail)
        p.head += n;
    return L;
}
```

```
X = IntList.list(3, 43, 56);
/* IntList.list from HW #1 */
Q = dincrList(X, 2);
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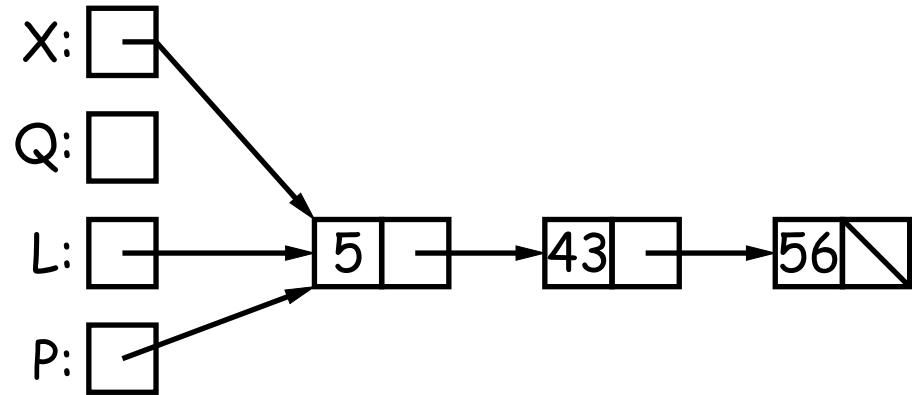


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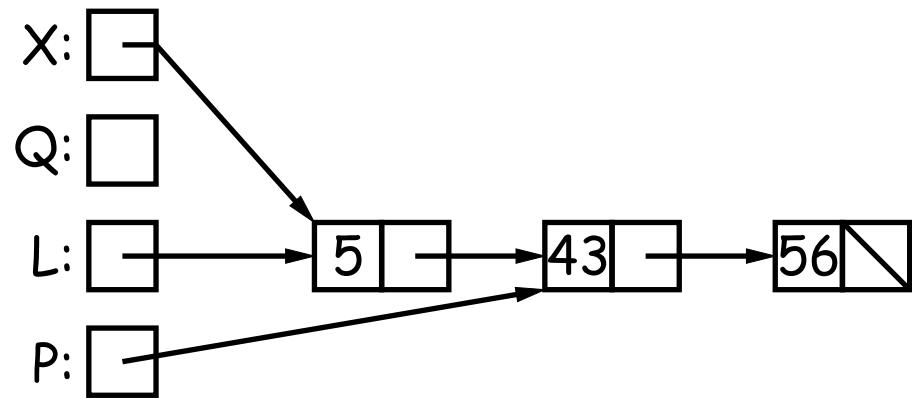


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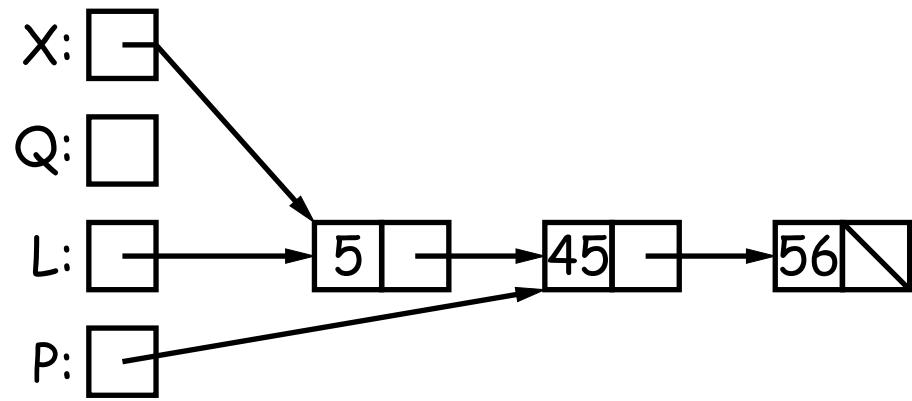


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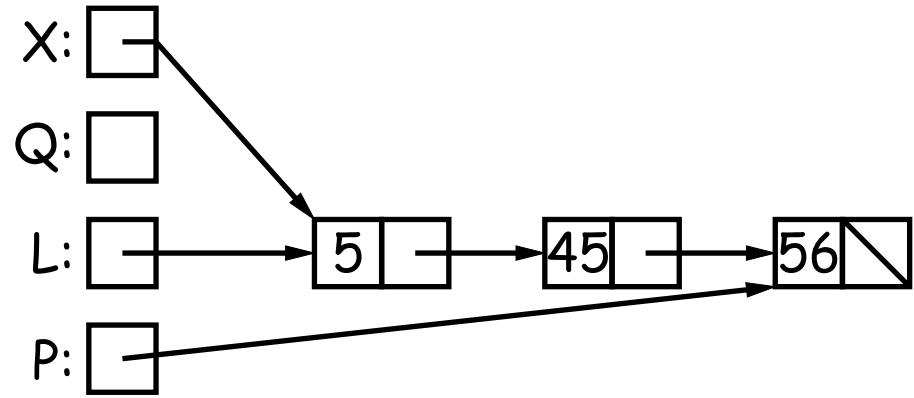


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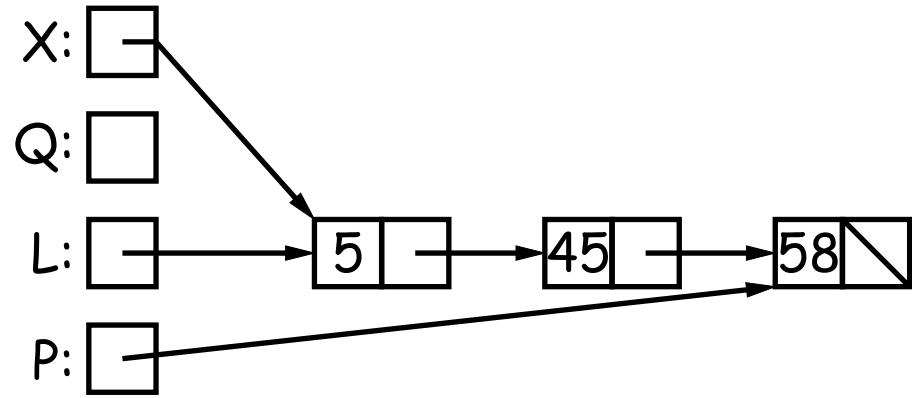


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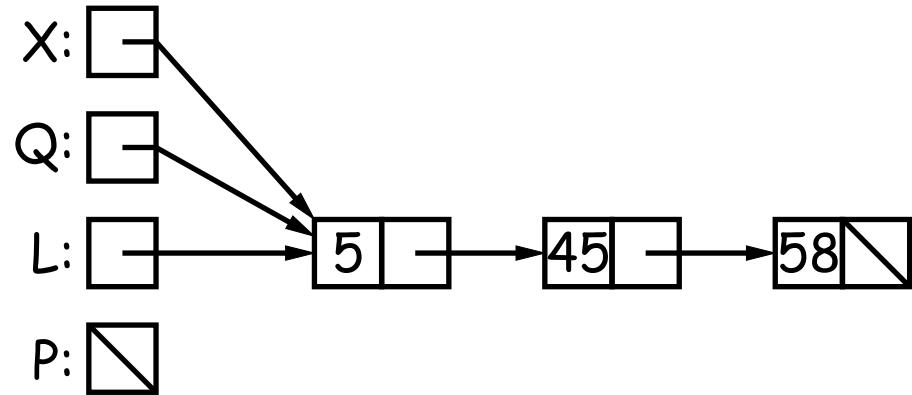


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Another Example: Non-destructive List Deletion

If L is the list $[2, 1, 2, 9, 2]$, we want $\text{removeAll}(L, 2)$ to be the new list $[1, 9]$.

```
/** The list resulting from removing all instances of X from L
 * non-destructively. */
static IntList removeAll(IntList L, int x) {
    if (L == null)
        return /*( null with all x's removed )*/;
    else if (L.head == x)
        return /*( L with all x's removed (L!=null, L.head==x) )*/;
    else
        return /*( L with all x's removed (L!=null, L.head!=x) )*/;
}
```

Another Example: Non-destructive List Deletion

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        return null;
    else if (L.head == x)
        return removeAll(L.tail, x);
    else
        return /*( L with all x's removed (L!=null, L.head!=x) );*/
}
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If L is the list [2, 1, 2, 9, 2], we want removeAll(L, 2) to be the new list [1, 9].

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/** The list resulting from removing all instances of X from L
 * non-destructively. */
static IntList removeAll(IntList L, int x) {
    if (L == null)
        return null;
    else if (L.head == x)
        return removeAll(L.tail, x);
    else
        return new IntList(L.head, removeAll(L.tail, x));
}
```

Iterative Non-destructive List Deletion

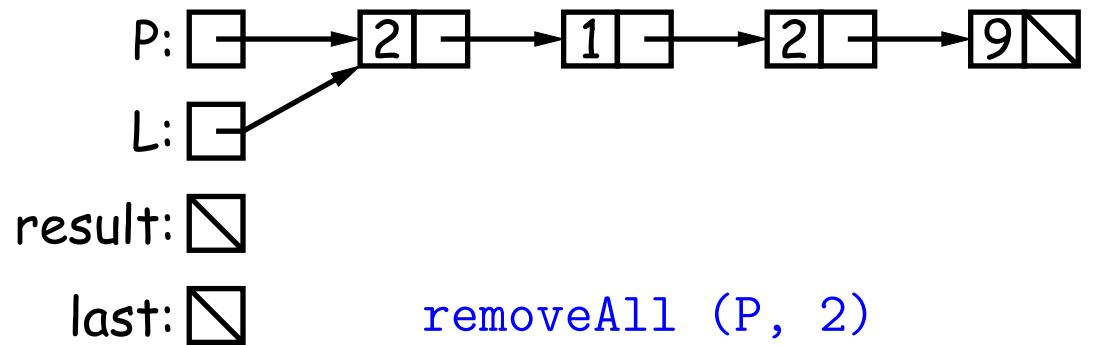
Same as before, but use front-to-back iteration rather than recursion.

```
/** The list resulting from removing all instances
 *  of X from L non-destructively. */
static IntList removeAll(IntList L, int x) {
    IntList result, last;
    result = last = null;
    for ( ; L != null; L = L.tail) {
        if (x == L.head)
            continue;
        else if (last == null)
            result = last = new IntList(L.head, null);
        else
            last = last.tail = new IntList(L.head, null);
    }
    return result;
}
```

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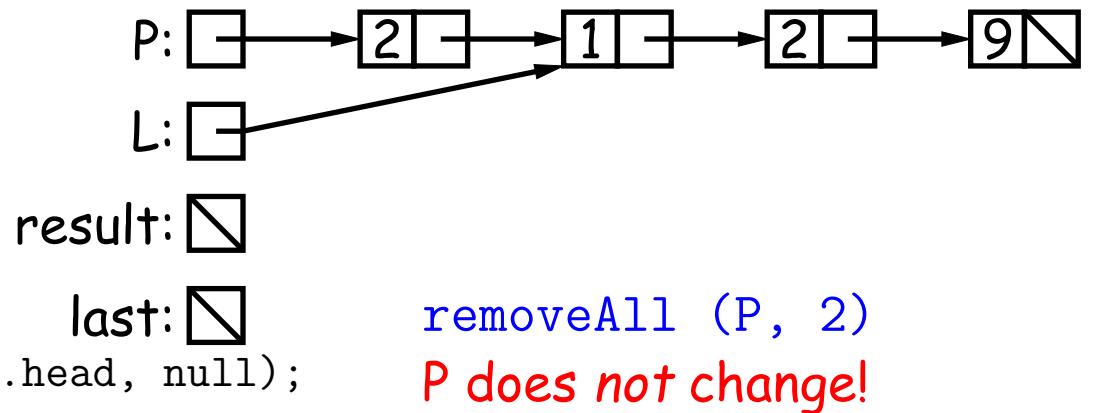
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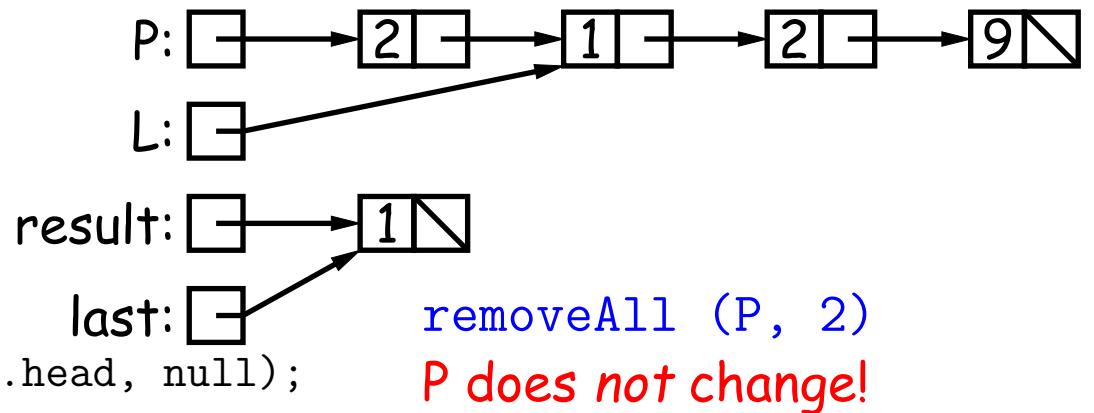
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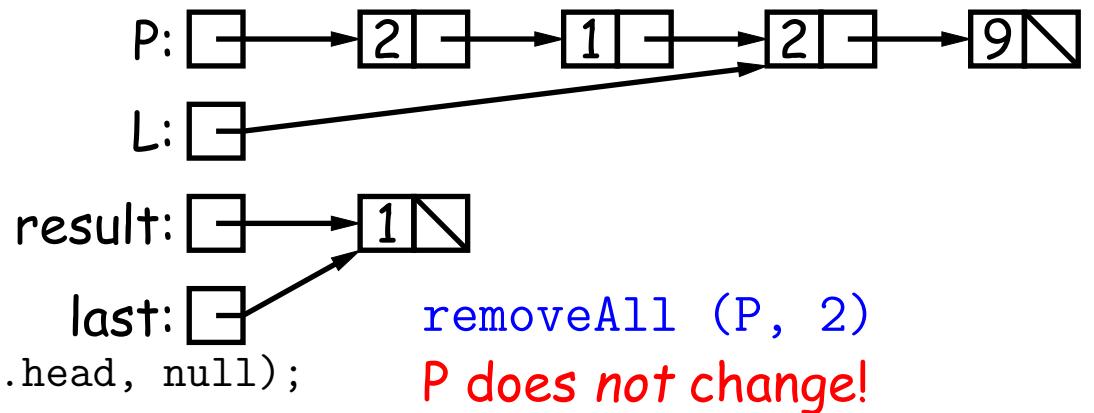
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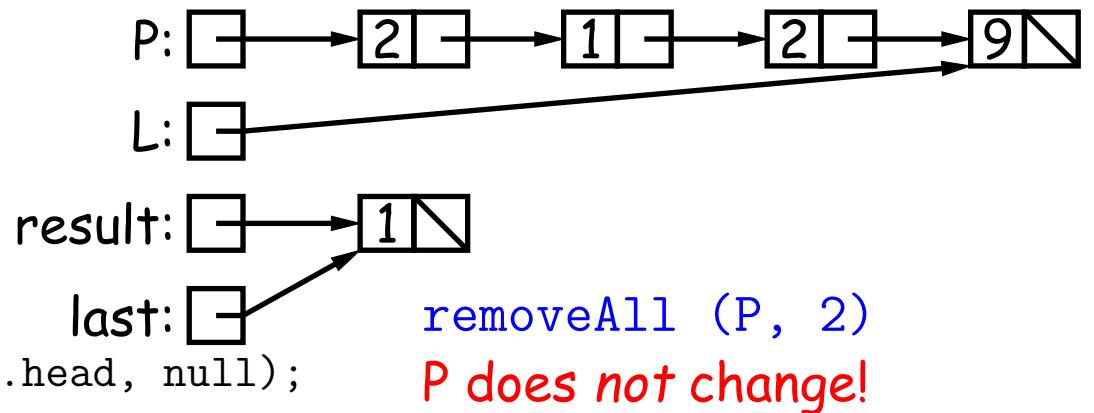
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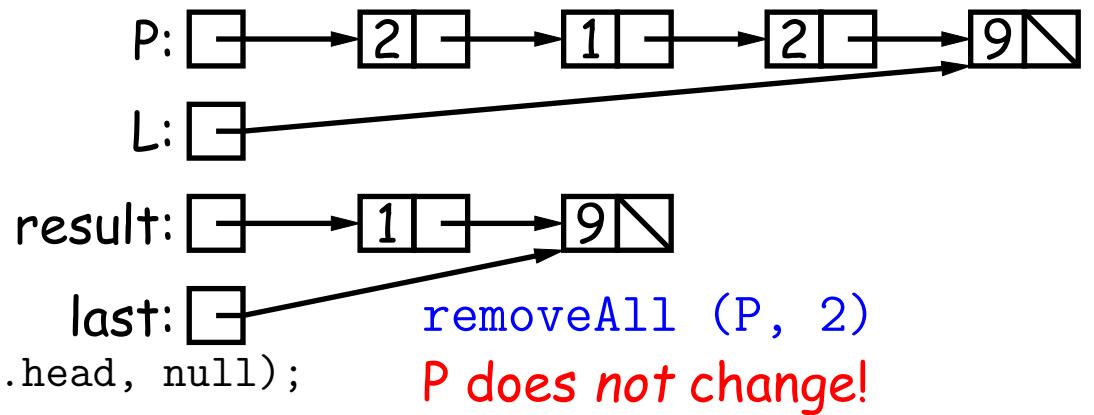
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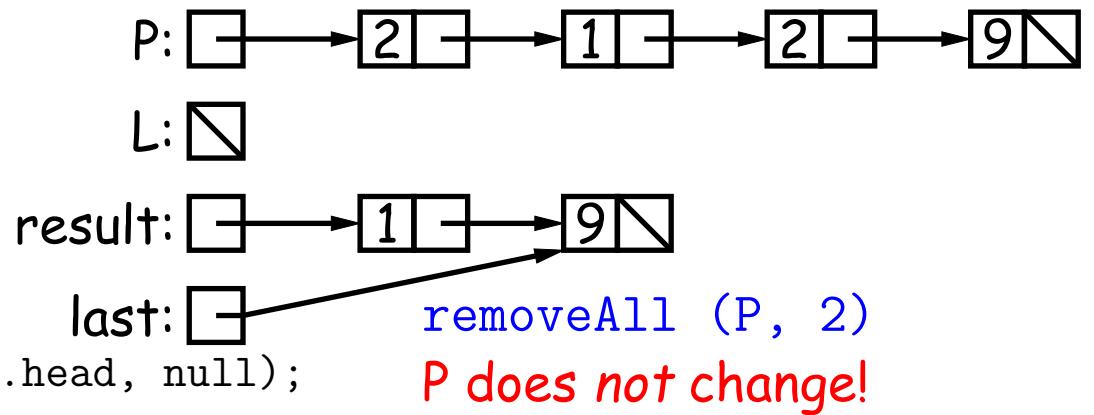
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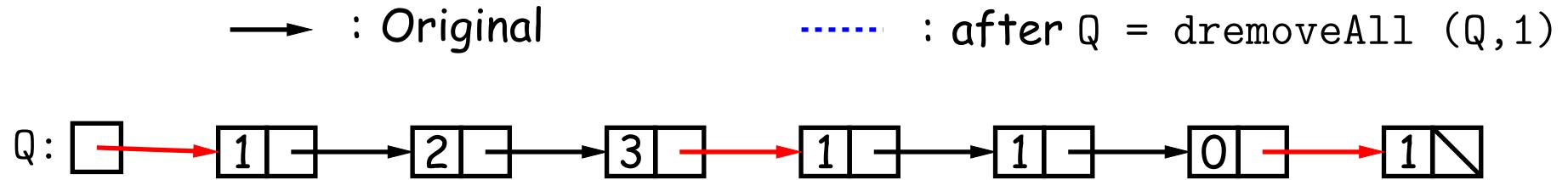
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    else {  
        /*{ Remove all x's from L's tail. }*/;  
        return L;  
    }  
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Destructive Deletion

→ : Original

----- : after Q = dremoveAll (Q,1)



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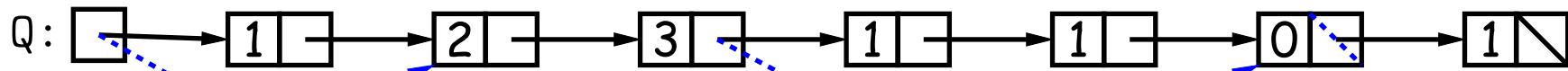


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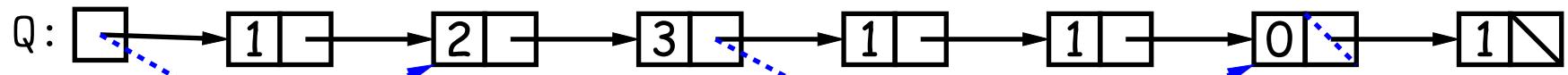


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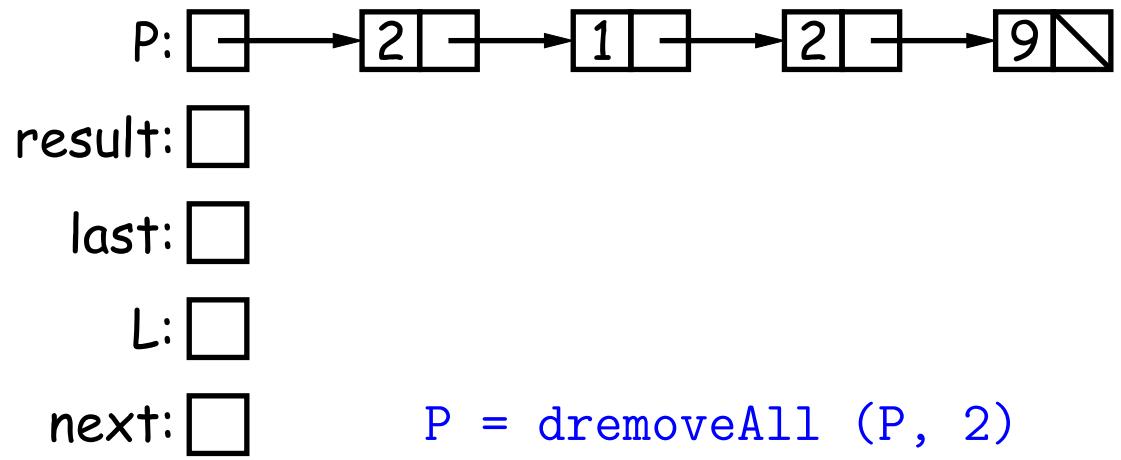
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Iterative Destructive Deletion

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/** The list resulting from removing all X's from L
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    IntList result, last;
    result = last = null;
    while (L != null) {
        IntList next = L.tail;
        if (x != L.head) {
            if (last == null)
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        L = next;
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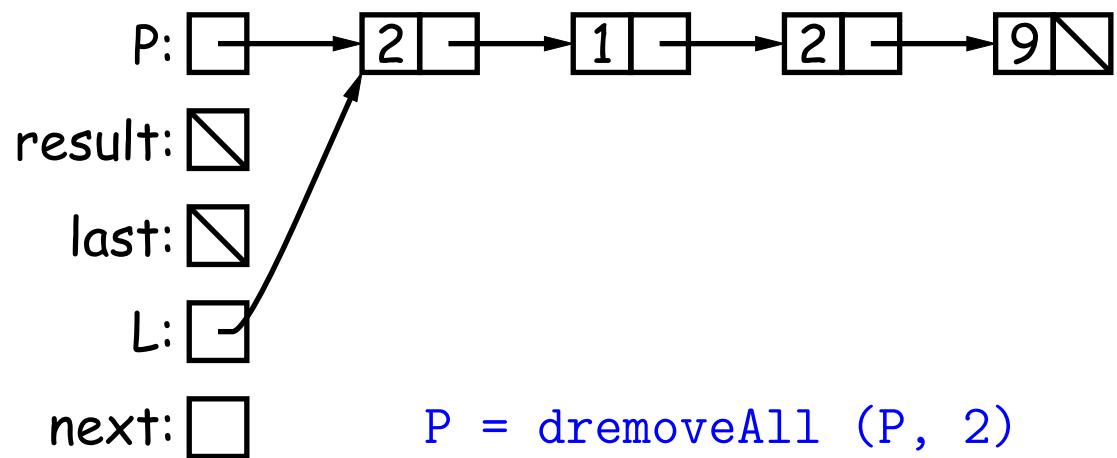
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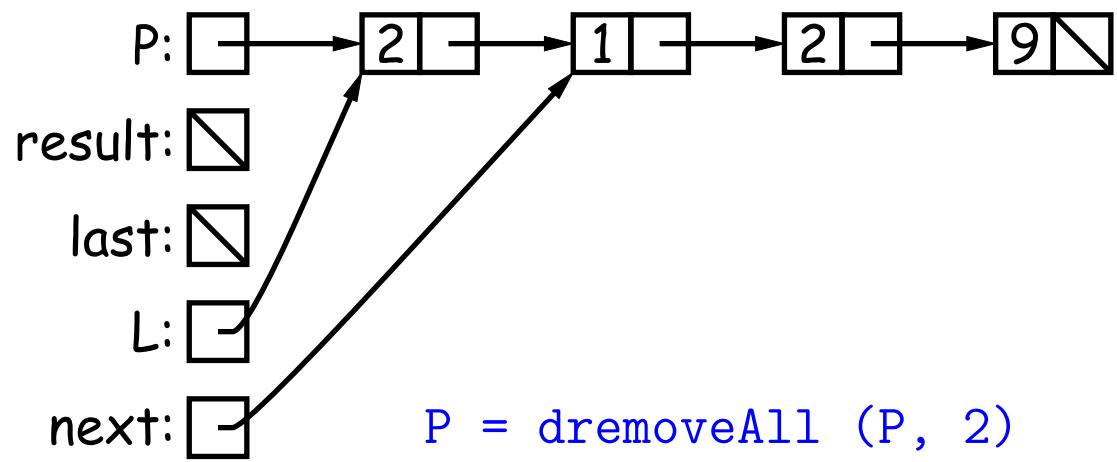
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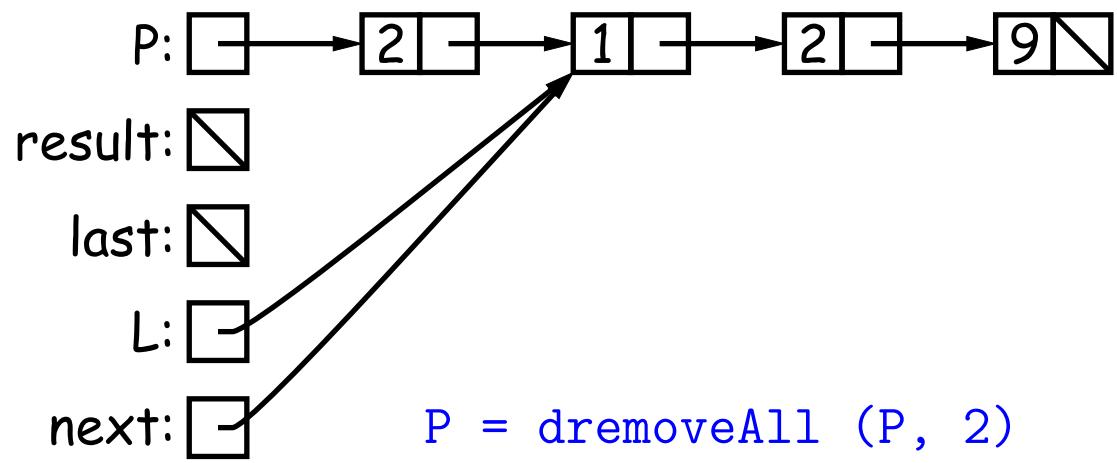
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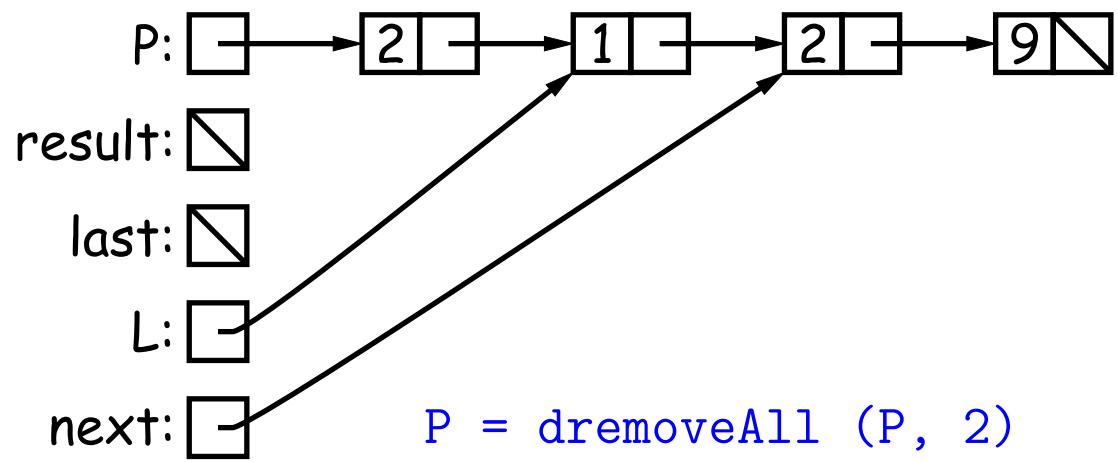
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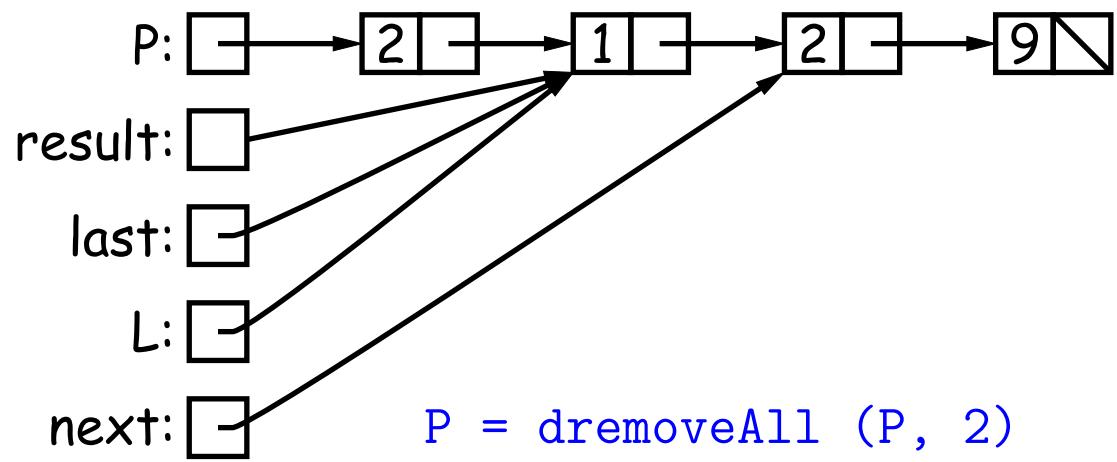
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                last = last.tail = L;
            L.tail = null;
        }
        L = next;
    }
    return result;
}
```



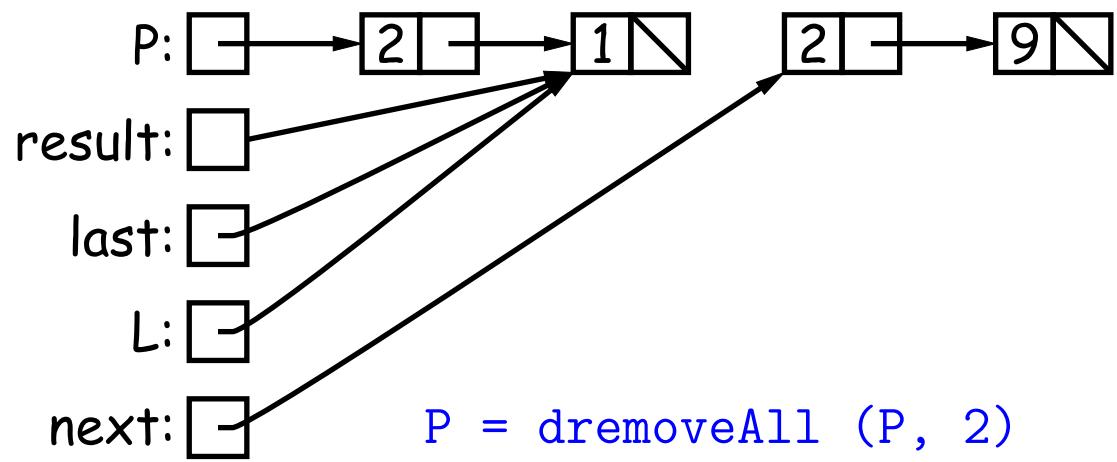
Iterative Destructive Deletion

```
/** The list resulting from removing all X's from L
 * destructively. */
static IntList dremoveAll(IntList L, int x) {
    IntList result, last;
    result = last = null;
    while (L != null) {
        IntList next = L.tail;
        if (x != L.head) {
            if (last == null)
                result = last = L;
            else
                last = last.tail = L;
            L.tail = null;
        }
        L = next;
    }
    return result;
}
```



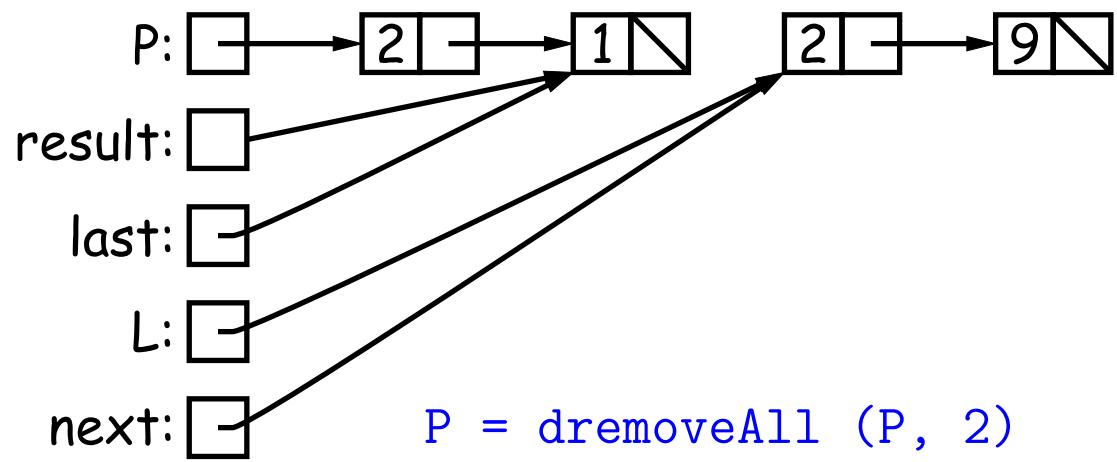
Iterative Destructive Deletion

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            else
                last = last.tail = L;
            L.tail = null;
        }
        L = next;
    }
    return result;
}
```



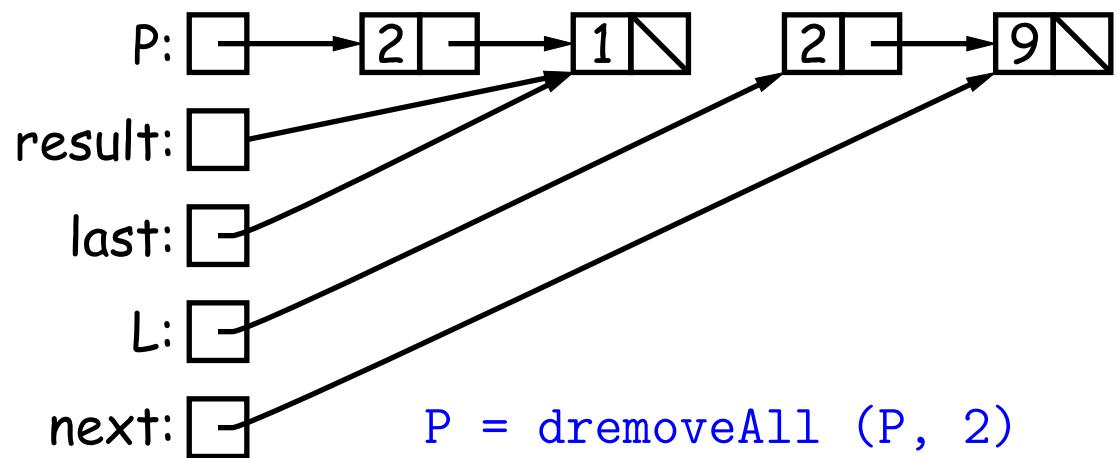
Iterative Destructive Deletion

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            else
                last = last.tail = L;
            L.tail = null;
        }
        L = next;
    }
    return result;
}
```



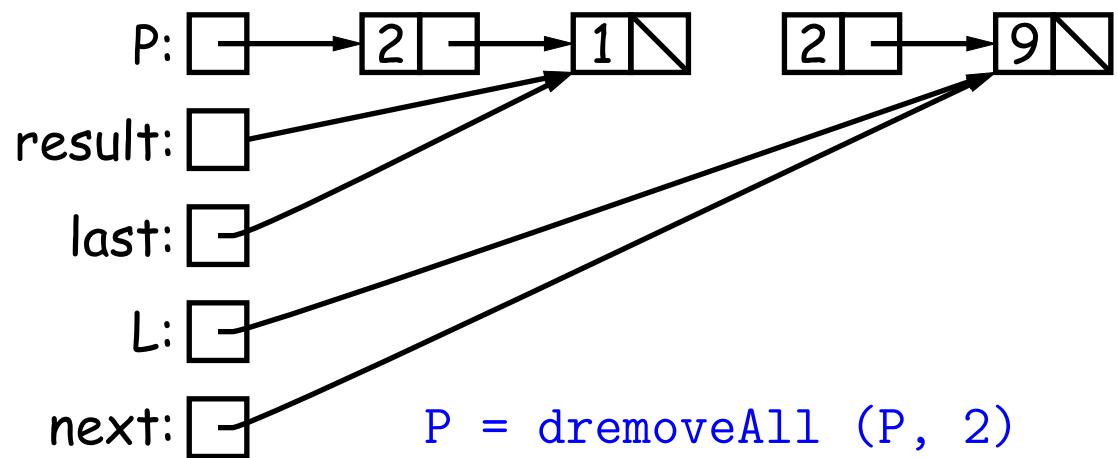
Iterative Destructive Deletion

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            else
                last = last.tail = L;
            L.tail = null;
        }
        L = next;
    }
    return result;
}
```



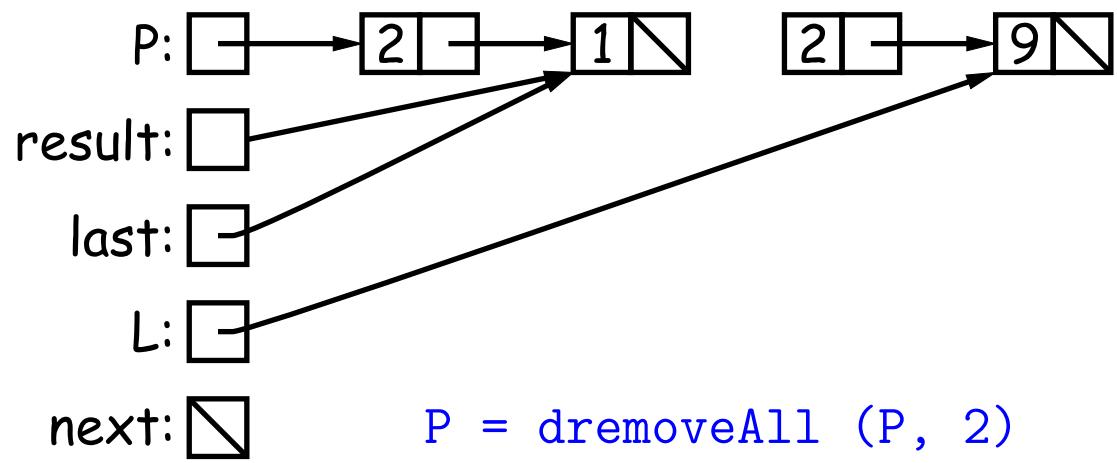
Iterative Destructive Deletion

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/** The list resulting from removing all X's from L
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            if (last == null)
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            else
                last = last.tail = L;
            L.tail = null;
        }
        L = next;
    }
    return result;
}
```



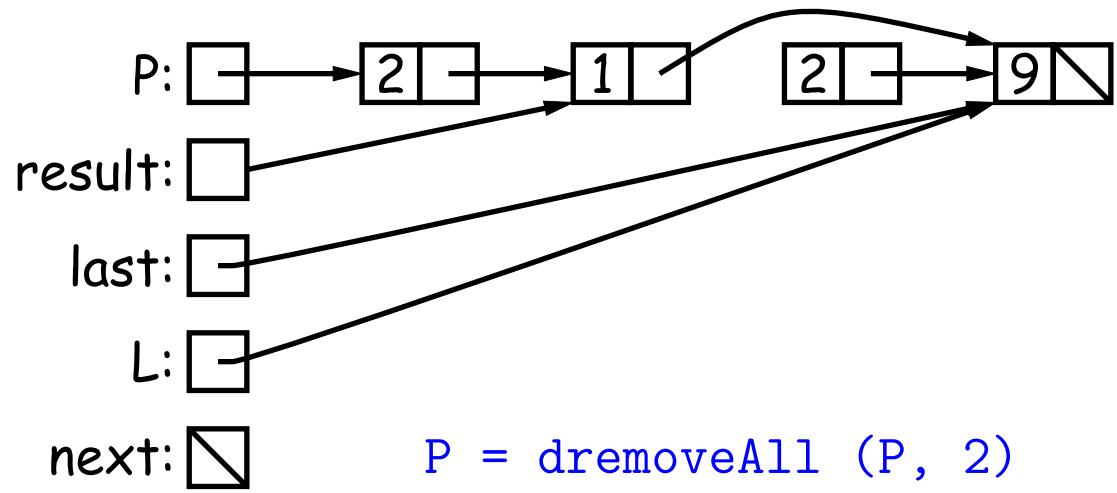
Iterative Destructive Deletion

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/** The list resulting from removing all X's from L
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static IntList dremoveAll(IntList L, int x) {
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        if (x != L.head) {
            if (last == null)
                result = last = L;
            else
                last = last.tail = L;
            L.tail = null;
        }
        L = next;
    }
    return result;
}
```



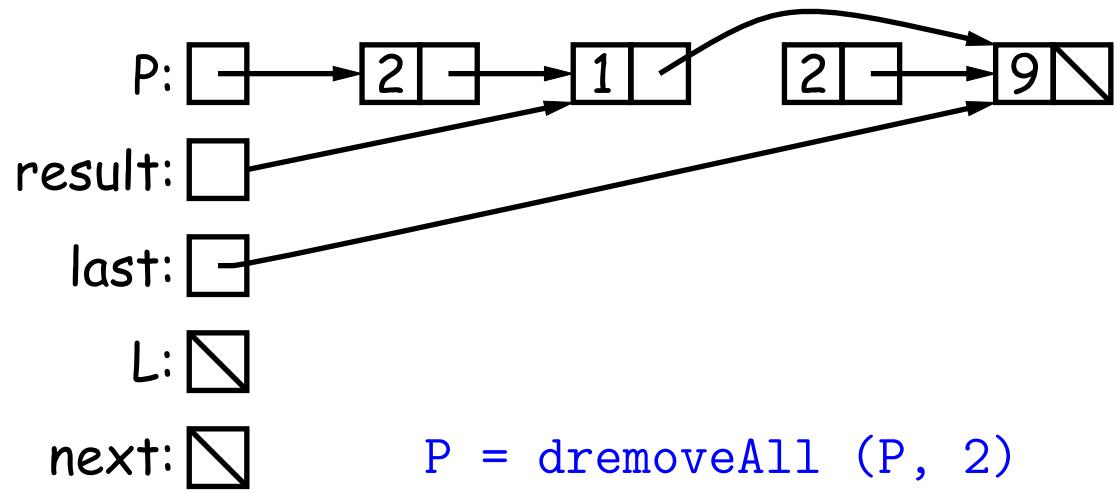
Iterative Destructive Deletion

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/** The list resulting from removing all X's from L
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static IntList dremoveAll(IntList L, int x) {
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    while (L != null) {
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        if (x != L.head) {
            if (last == null)
                result = last = L;
            else
                last = last.tail = L;
            L.tail = null;
        }
        L = next;
    }
    return result;
}
```



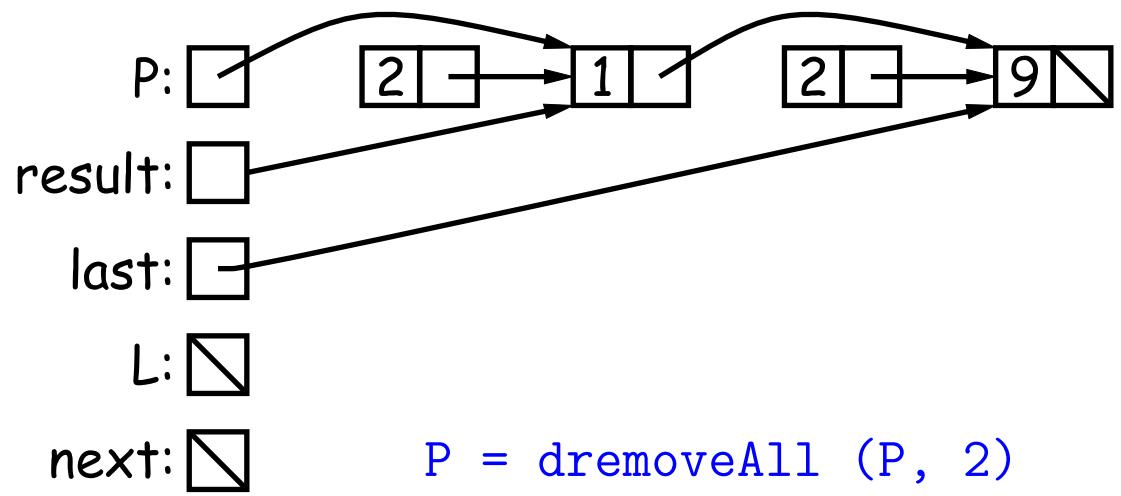
Iterative Destructive Deletion

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/** The list resulting from removing all X's from L
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static IntList dremoveAll(IntList L, int x) {
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    result = last = null;
    while (L != null) {
        IntList next = L.tail;
        if (x != L.head) {
            if (last == null)
                result = last = L;
            else
                last = last.tail = L;
            L.tail = null;
        }
        L = next;
    }
    return result;
}
```



Iterative Destructive Deletion

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/** The list resulting from removing all X's from L
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        if (x != L.head) {
            if (last == null)
                result = last = L;
            else
                last = last.tail = L;
            L.tail = null;
        }
        L = next;
    }
    return result;
}
```



Aside: How to Write a Loop (in Theory)

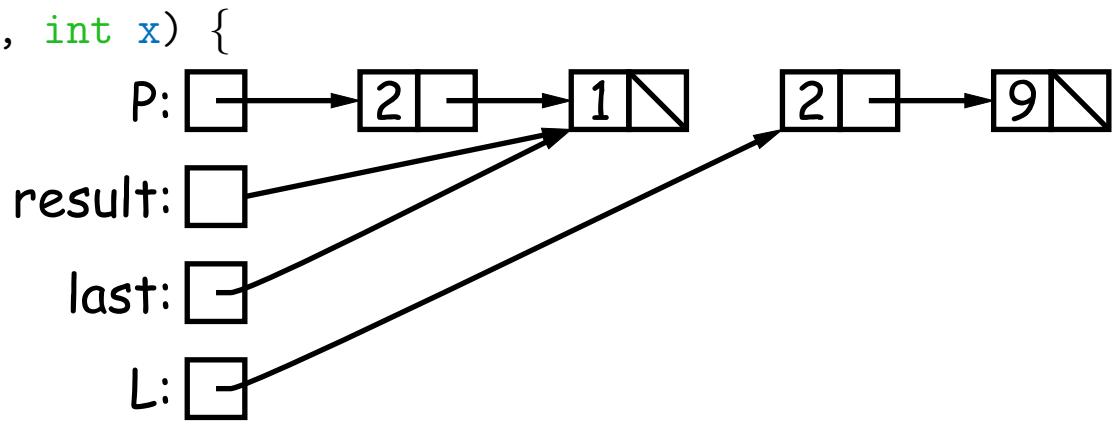
- Try to give a description of how things look on *any arbitrary iteration* of the loop.
- This description is known as a *loop invariant*, because it is always true at the start of each iteration.
- The loop body then must
 - Start from any situation consistent with the invariant;
 - Make progress in such a way as to make the invariant true again.

```
while (condition) {  
    // Invariant true here  
    loop body  
    // Invariant again true here  
}  
// Invariant true and condition false.
```

- So if our loop gets the desired answer whenever *invariant* is true and *condition* is false, our job is done!

Example: Loop Invariant for dremoveAll

```
/** The list resulting from removing all X's from L
 * destructively. */
static IntList dremoveAll(IntList L, int x) {
    IntList result, last;
    result = last = null;
    while ** (L != null) {
        IntList next = L.tail;
        if (x != L.head) {
            if (last == null)
                result = last = L;
            else
                last = last.tail = L;
            L.tail = null;
        }
        L = next;
    }
    return result;
}
```



P = dremoveAll (P, 2)

** Invariant:

- **result** points to the list of items in the final result except for those from **L** onward.
- **L** points to an unchanged tail of the original list of items in **L**.
- **last** points to the last item in **result** or is null if **result** is null.