

Based on the average of the difference between 1 and 3 gates (two gate delays) what is the average gate delay at each of the Vdd supply voltages? (Note: we do not want to use measurements from the last gate since it is not loaded by any other logic gate input).

Avg Gate Delay = _____ at Vdd=5V; Avg Gate Delay = _____ at Vdd=2V.

4. Verify the static logic for the XOR circuit by wiring inputs to logic high (Vdd) or low (Vss=0V) and using the scope to view the output.

Verify Vdd=5V Static Logic			Verify Vdd=2V Static Logic		
A	B	Output	A	B	Output
0	0		0	0	
0	1		0	1	
1	0		1	0	
1	1		1	1	

7. Now use the square wave input on input A and measure propagation delay for the XOR. Make sure to adjust the square wave to match the Vdd voltage levels. How do these delay times compare with the inverter gate delays?

Set Vdd=5V, wire B=0, then measure delay: from A(0 to 1) to Output =
from A(1 to 0) to Output =

Now wire A=1, then measure delay: from B(0 to 1) to Output =
from B(1 to 0) to Output=

Set Vdd=2V, wire B=0, measure delay: from A(0 to 1) to Output =
from A(1 to 0) to Output =

Now wire A=1, then measure delay: from B(0 to 1) to Output =
from B(1 to 0) to Output=

More fun: Try setting up the Oscilloscope as a Digital Logic Analyzer for measuring gate delay and comment.

More fun: Calculate the series resistor to use in the LED logic probe (LLP) for $I_{diode}=5mA$ and construct the LLP using the power supply Vdd as a logic "1". What color LED do you have (this affects V_{diode})? Note the change in LED brightness between Vdd=5V and 2V.