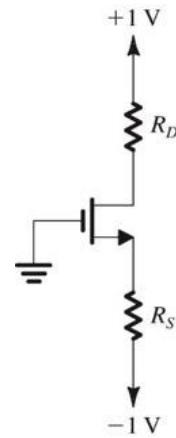


HW#6

(Submit to bCourses by 11 pm on 3/15)

- 1) Calculate the total charge stored in the channel of an NMOS transistor having $C_{ox} = 9 \text{ fF}/\mu\text{m}^2$, $L = 0.36 \mu\text{m}$, and $W = 3.6 \mu\text{m}$, and operated at $V_{OV} = 0.2 \text{ V}$ and $V_{DS} = 0 \text{ V}$.
- 2) Consider a CMOS process for which $L_{min} = 0.36 \mu\text{m}$, $t_{ox} = 6 \text{ nm}$, $\mu_n = 460 \text{ cm}^2/\text{V} \cdot \text{s}$, and $V_t = 5 \text{ V}$.
 - a) Find C_{ox} and k'_n .
 - b) For an NMOS transistor with $W/L = 20 \mu\text{m}/0.25 \mu\text{m}$, calculate the values of V_{OV} , V_{GS} , and $V_{DS,min}$ needed to operate the transistor in the saturation region with a dc current $I_D = 0.5 \text{ mA}$.
 - c) For the device in (b), find the values of V_{OV} and V_{GS} required to cause the device to operate as a 100Ω resistor for very small v_{DS} ?

- 3) The NMOS transistor in the circuit below has $V_t = 0.4 \text{ V}$ and $k_n = k'_n(W/L) = 4 \text{ mA}/\text{V}^2$. The voltages at the source and the drain are measured and found to be -0.6 V and $+0.2 \text{ V}$, respectively. What current I_D is flowing, and what must the values of R_D and R_S be? What is the largest value for R_D for which I_D remains unchanged from the value found?



- 4) The NMOS transistor in the circuit below has $V_t = 0.5 \text{ V}$, $k'_n = 0.25 \text{ mA}/\text{V}^2$, $\lambda = 0$, and $L_1 = L_2 = 0.25 \mu\text{m}$. Find the required values of the gate width for Q_1 and Q_2 , and the value of R , to obtain the voltage and current values indicated.

