Midterm 1

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Rules.

- Unless otherwise stated, all your answers need to be justified and your work must be shown. Answers without sufficient justification will get no credit.

- You have 80 minutes to complete the exam. (DSP students with $X\%$ time accommodation should spend $80 \cdot X\%$ time on the exam and 10 minutes to submit).

- This exam is not open book. No calculator or phones allowed.

- Collaboration with others is strictly prohibited. If you are caught cheating, you may fail the course and face disciplinary consequences.

- Write in your SID on every page to receive 1 point.

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1 A Potpourri of Probability [7 + 9 + 8 + 8 + 8 points]

(a) Zhiwei’s Anime Collection [2 + 5 points]

Zhiwei just finished his EECS126 midterm. He decides to watch some anime before going to bed. Zhiwei has 4 animes to choose from: 1) Attack on Titan, 2) Beast King GoLion, 3) Cowboy Bebop, and 4) Demon Slayer. Every time he finishes one episode from an anime, he picks the next one to watch randomly from the other 3 animes with equal probability. Assume that Zhiwei never runs out of episodes to watch from any anime.

(i) Find the probability that the fifth episode Zhiwei watches is Attack on Titan given that the first episode that he watched was uniformly randomly chosen from the 4 animes.

(ii) Find the probability that the first episode he watched was Cowboy Bebop given that the fifth episode he watches is Attack on Titan, and he chooses the first episode uniformly at random from the 4 animes.
(b) **Donut [9 points]**

A point \((x, y)\) is chosen uniformly at random from the region in the \(xy\)-plane defined by \(\frac{1}{4} \leq x^2 + y^2 \leq 1\). Let \(X\) be a random variable representing the \(x\)-coordinate of the point. Compute \(E[X]\) and \(\text{var}(X)\). (Hint: Think about symmetry and the general equation for a circle.)
(c) Independence and Correlation [4 + 4 points]

i) Show that independence implies uncorrelatedness.

ii) Is the converse true? If not, provide a counterexample.
(d) **Exponential Bound [8 points]**

Let $b > 0$ be a constant. Suppose $X$ is a non-negative continuous random variable such that for any $z > 0$, the inequality $P(X > z) \leq \exp(-\frac{z}{b})$ holds. Show that $E[X] \leq b$. 
(e) **Big Theorem [2 + 2 + 2 + 2 points]**

Consider an infinite sequence of independent coin flips with probability $\frac{1}{4}$ of heads. Let $\{X_n, n \geq 0\}$ be a Markov Chain, with $X_0 = 0$ and $\{X_n, n \geq 1\}$ denoting the total number of heads so far at flip $n$ (inclusive) modulo 3.

i) Find the period of the Markov Chain.

ii) Is this Markov Chain irreducible?

iii) Find the transition probability matrix of this Markov Chain.

iv) Find the invariant distribution of this Markov Chain.
2 An Unfair Game [2 + 7 points]

Suppose you’re playing a sequence of coin-flipping games, where for the $i$-th game you flip a fair coin $i$ times. If all $i$ flips turn up heads, you win $2^i$ dollars. Else, you lose 1 dollar. Let $X_i$ be the amount of money you win or lose in your $i$-th game (i.e. $X_i$ can be $2^i$ or $-1$).

(a) Compute $E[X_i]$.

(b) Let $S_n = X_1 + \cdots + X_n$. Show that $P(\lim_{n \to \infty} S_n/n = -1) = 1$. 
3 Picking Apples [10 points]

Akshit is picking apples until he gets bored. After every apple picked, he gets bored and leaves with probability $p$. Each apple has radius $R \sim \mathcal{N}(a, 2)$ and mass $M \sim \mathcal{N}(R^2, 4)$. Let $T$ be the total mass of apples that Akshit picks. Find $E[T]$. (Assume that the probabilities for $R$ and $M$ being negative are negligible.)
4 Some Inversions [5 + 7 points]

Given a list containing the integers \{1, 2, \ldots, n\}, define an inversion to be a pair of integers \(i\) and \(j\) such that \(i < j\) but \(i\) appears after \(j\) in the list. For example, the list \[3, 1, 4, 2\] has 3 inversions: (3, 1), (4, 2) and (3, 2). Now, consider a random permutation. Let \(X\) denote the number of inversions it has.

(a) Find \(E[X]\).

(b) Inspector Catherine comes along and chooses two positions at random. If the numbers in those positions are not inverted, she is satisfied and does not change the list. However, if the numbers in those positions are out of order, she sorts the entire list. Let \(X'\) be the number of inversions after Inspector Catherine is finished. Find \(E[X']\) in terms of \(E[X]\) and \(E[X^2]\).