

EECS 127

Machine Learning Applications.

Admin: Find project partners! Post to Piazza + Slack.

Classification problem. : Support Vector Machines (SVMs).

 cat or dog.

Bowl or not, Disease or not ... loan or not ...

(\vec{x}, y) $y \in \{+1, -1\}$

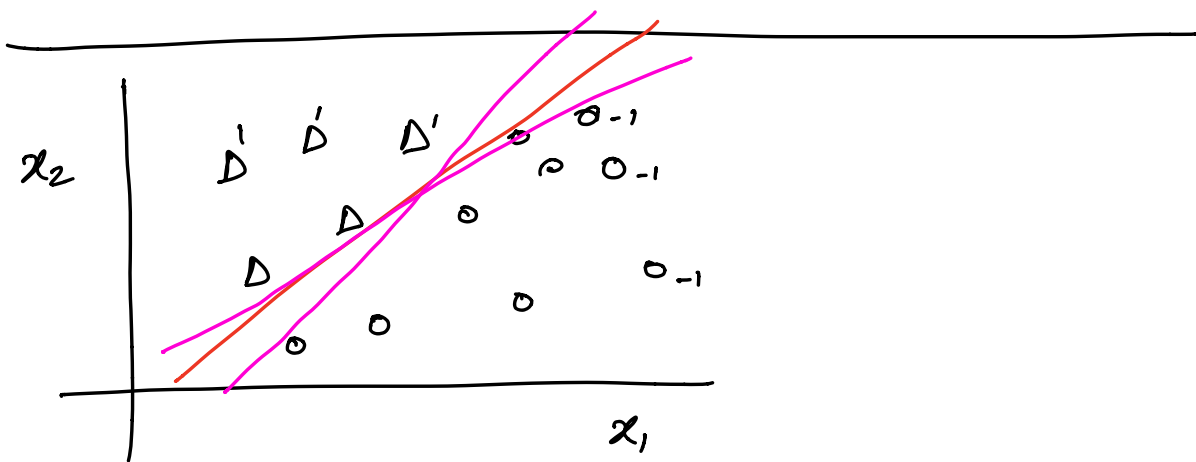
↑ ↑
feature label
vector.

Training data: $(\vec{x}_1, y_1), (\vec{x}_2, y_2) \dots (\vec{x}_n, y_n)$
n data points
eg. cat pictures v/s dog pictures.

\vec{x}_{new} : want to find label

Logistic Regression.

Linear Regression: $\begin{bmatrix} \vec{x}_1 \\ \vdots \\ \vec{x}_n \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \uparrow \\ \uparrow \\ \uparrow \\ \uparrow \end{bmatrix} \vec{w} = \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \\ \vdots \\ y_n \end{bmatrix}$



Find: A separating hyperplane that separates the two classes.

Want to find: $f(\vec{x}) = \vec{w}^T \vec{x} - b$ such that

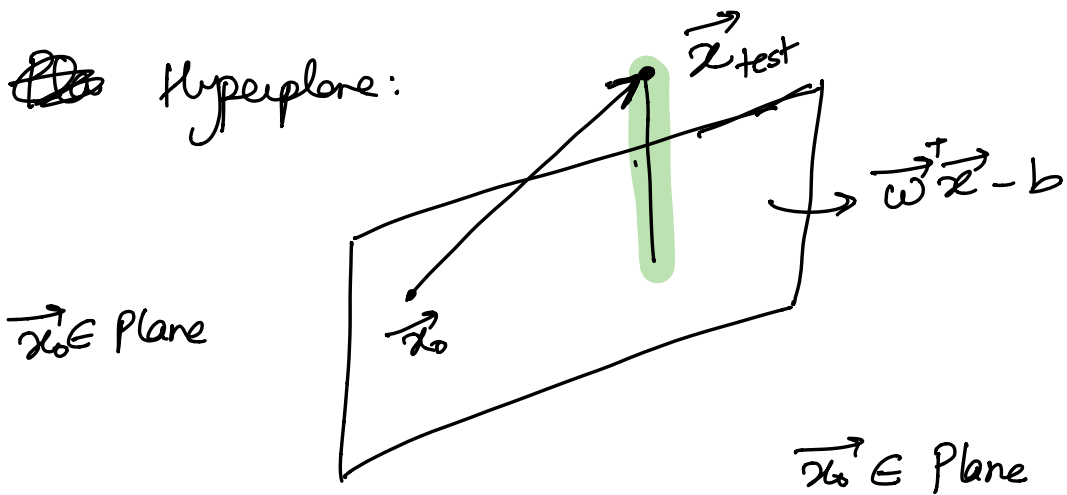
$$\begin{aligned} f(\vec{x}_i) = \vec{w}^T \vec{x}_i - b &> 0 && \text{if } y_i = +1 \\ f(\vec{x}_i) = &< 0 && \text{if } y_i = -1 \end{aligned}$$

"Best" linear separator:

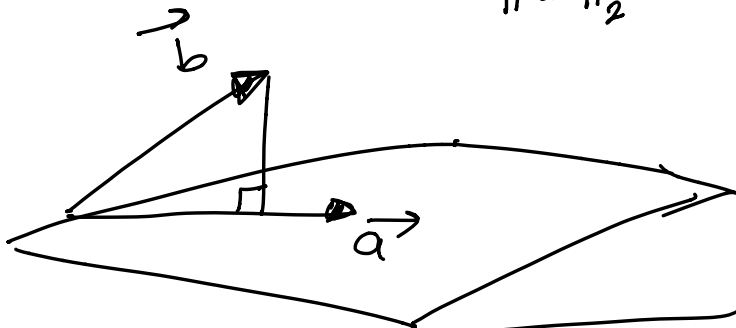
How far away are points from the separator?

"MARGIN" : Want to find a separator with maximum margin.

Distance of the closest point to the hyperplane.



Projection:
$$\frac{\vec{w}^T (\vec{x}_{\text{test}} - \vec{x}_0)}{\|\vec{w}\|_2}$$



$$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{x} = \vec{b}$$

Find the best \vec{x} ?

$$(\vec{a}^T \vec{a})^{-1} \vec{a}^T \vec{b} = \frac{\vec{a}^T \vec{b}}{\|\vec{a}\|_2^2}$$

$$\text{Distance: } \frac{\vec{w}^T (\vec{x} - \vec{x}_0)}{\|\vec{w}\|_2} \quad \left. \vphantom{\frac{\vec{w}^T (\vec{x} - \vec{x}_0)}{\|\vec{w}\|_2}} \right\} \text{margin}$$

$$m = \frac{\vec{w}^T (\vec{x} - \vec{x}_0)}{\|\vec{w}\|_2} \quad \text{no square.}$$

maximize m
 \vec{w}, b, m

* $y_i (\vec{w}^T \vec{x}_i - b) \geq 0 \quad \forall i$ Classify Correctly!

$$\frac{|\vec{w}^T \vec{x}_i - b|}{\|\vec{w}\|_2} \geq m \quad \forall i$$

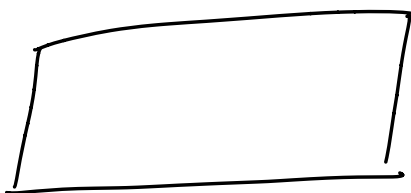
$\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{\text{distance}} \quad \underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{\text{margin}}$

$$\rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{l} \text{if } y_i = +1, \quad \vec{w}^T \vec{x}_i - b > 0 \\ \text{if } y_i = -1, \quad \vec{w}^T \vec{x}_i - b < 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$|\vec{w}^T \vec{x}_i - b| = y_i (\vec{w}^T \vec{x}_i - b)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \max_{\vec{w}, m, b} \quad m \\ & \frac{y_i (\vec{w}_i^T \vec{x}_i - b)}{\|\vec{w}\|_2} \geq m \quad \forall i \\ & m \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

Hard-margin SVM.



$$\begin{aligned} \vec{w}^T \vec{x} - b &= 0 \\ \alpha \vec{w}^T \vec{x} - \alpha b &= 0. \end{aligned}$$

If (m, \vec{w}, b) is a solution to the optimization, then $(m, \alpha \vec{w}, \alpha b)$ is also a solution.

$$y_i \frac{\alpha (\vec{w}^T \vec{x}_i - b)}{\alpha \|\vec{w}\|_2} \geq m$$

One way to solve this: $\|\vec{w}\|_2 = 1$

Choose: $\|\vec{w}\|_2 = \frac{1}{m}$ ←

Rewrite constraint:

$$y_i (\vec{w}^T \vec{x}_i - b) \geq 1$$

Program: $\max (\|\vec{w}\|_2)^{-1}$ ←

$$\text{s.t. } y_i (\vec{w}^T \vec{x}_i - b) \geq 1 \quad \forall i$$

$$\min \frac{1}{2} \|\vec{w}\|_2^2 \quad \leftarrow \text{Quadratic}$$
$$\text{s.t. } y_i (\vec{w}^T \vec{x}_i - b) \geq 1 \quad \forall i \quad \leftarrow \text{Linear}$$

Standard form of the ~~two~~ hard margin SVM.

Q.P. $\vec{w}^T \vec{x} - b = 1$ $\frac{1}{n}$ $\frac{1}{n}$

$$m = \frac{1}{\|\vec{w}\|_2}$$

Δ \vec{w} Δ $m = \frac{1}{\|\vec{w}\|_2}$
 Δ m
 $\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x} - b = -1$

$\frac{2}{\|\vec{w}\|_2}$ distance between the closest points on either side.

Soft margin SVM.

Relax: $y_i (\vec{w}^T \vec{x}_i - b) \geq 1$

$$\Rightarrow y_i (\vec{w}^T \vec{x}_i - b) \geq 1 - \xi_i$$

\uparrow
Slack variable

$$\xi_i \geq 0$$

$$\min_{\vec{w}, b, \xi_i} \frac{1}{2} \|\vec{w}\|_2^2 + C \cdot \sum_{i=1}^n \xi_i \quad \leftarrow \text{Regularizer}$$

s.t. $y_i (\vec{w}^T \vec{x}_i - b) \geq 1 - \xi_i \quad \forall i$
 $\xi_i \geq 0 \quad \forall i$

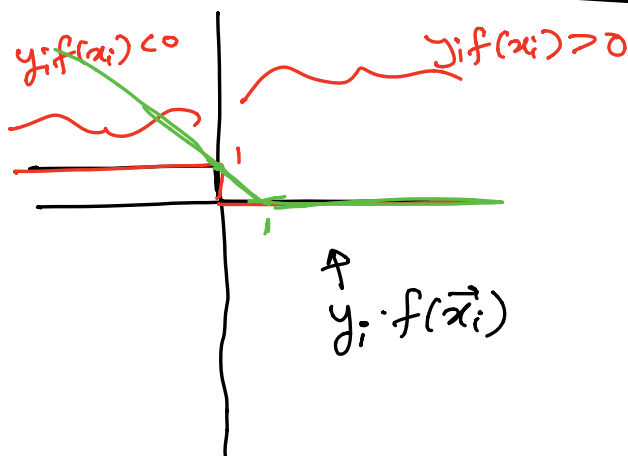
C : Hyperparameter.

Small C : less sensitive to violations of margin

Large C : Super sensitive to violation of margin.

Soft - Margin SVM.

Hinge-loss formulation



$$L_{0,1}(y_i, f(x_i)) = \begin{cases} 0 & y_i f(x_i) > 0 \\ 1 & y_i f(x_i) < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\min \cdot \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n L_{0,1}(y_i, \vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}_i - b) \quad \text{Non-convex}$$

$$L_{\text{hinge}}(y_i, f(x_i)) = \max(0, 1 - y_i \cdot f(\vec{x}_i))$$

$$\min_{\vec{w}, b} \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n L_{\text{hinge}}(y_i, \vec{w}^T \vec{x}_i - b) + \underbrace{\lambda \|\vec{w}\|_2^2}_{\text{regularizer.}}$$

Rewrite soft-margin SVM.

$$\min \frac{1}{2} \|\vec{w}\|_2^2 + \underbrace{C \cdot \sum_{i=1}^n \xi_i}$$

$$\Rightarrow \xi_i \geq \max(0, 1 - y_i (\vec{w}^T \vec{x}_i - b))$$

$$\Rightarrow \min \frac{1}{2} \|\vec{w}\|_2^2 + C \sum_{i=1}^n \xi_i$$

$$\xi_i = \max(0, 1 - y_i (\vec{w}^T \vec{x}_i - b))$$

$$\rightarrow \min_{\vec{w}, b} \frac{1}{2} \|\vec{w}\|_2^2 + C \cdot \sum_{i=1}^n \max(0, 1 - y_i \dots)$$

↳ Regularized hinge loss problem.