

Due at 1700, Fri. Dec. 6 in gradescope. Note: up to 2 students may turn in a single writeup. Reading Nise 13.

1. (30 pts) Continuous vs Discrete Time Control (Handout and Matlab)

For each part, hand in relevant Matlab code as well as plots. Use `hold on` to superimpose plots.

Given the following continuous time (CT) system

$$\dot{\mathbf{x}} = \mathbf{A}\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{B}u = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -40 & -44 & -14 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u(t), \quad y = [4 \ 1 \ 0] \mathbf{x}$$

[4pts] a) Find the corresponding discrete time (DT) system $x[n+1] = Gx[n] + Hu[n]$, $y[n] = Cx[n]$ which can be found using the Matlab function `c2d(ctsys,T,'zoh')`, with sampling period $T_s = 0.1$ sec. (Note `ctsys` can be found from `ss(A,B,C,D)`.) Compare eigenvalues for CT A and DT G ; are both systems stable?

[8pts] b) The continuous time system uses output feedback such that $u(t) = r(t) - kC\mathbf{x}(t)$. Find k such that damping factor associated with dominant poles $\zeta \approx 0.3$ (using `rlocus()` is sufficient). Plot the closed-loop step response using Matlab.

[6pts] c) Consider the CT system having output feedback applied in discrete time using a D/A converter such that $u[n] = u(nT) = r[n] - k_d C\mathbf{x}[n]$. (Use `rlocus()` on the discrete time system to find k_d to give $\zeta \approx 0.3$). Thus the closed loop DT system has state equation $x[n+1] = (G - Hk_d C)x[n] + Hr[n]$, $y[n] = Cx[n]$. Plot the step response for the closed loop step response on the same axes as the CT step response of part b).

[6pts] d) Consider the step response for the DT converted system (using `c2d()`) for $\dot{\mathbf{x}} = (A - BkC)\mathbf{x} + Br$, and plot. Explain why the step response using output feedback for the DT system from part c) does not look like this DT version of the step response.

[6pts] e) Use Matlab (iteratively if necessary) to find a sampling period T_s which gives a closed-loop step response for DT that is “reasonably close” (within 5%) to the CT closed-loop step response (using $k_d = k$). Determine DT closed-loop pole locations, and plot the DT step response on same axes as part c. How does the T_s found compare to the fastest eigenvalue of the openloop CT system?

2. (10 pts) Laplace to Z conversion (Nise 13.3)

Given $H(s) = \frac{1}{(s+\alpha)^2}$ and sample rate T , find $H(z)$ using the definition of Z transform, i.e.

$$H(z) = \sum_k h(kT)z^{-k}.$$

3. (10 pts) Z transform (Nise 13.3)

For each $F(z)$, find $f(kT)$ using partial fraction expansion.

a) $F(z) = \frac{(z+4)(z+1)}{(z-0.3)(z-0.6)}$

b) $F(z) = \frac{(z+0.2)(z+1)}{z(z-0.1)(z-0.2)(z-0.3)}$

4. (10 pts) Final value (Nise 13.7)

For each linear difference equation with input $u(kT)$, find $\lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} f(kT)$ for a unit step input.

a) $f((k+1)T) = u(kT) + \frac{1}{2}f(kT)$

b) $f(kT) = u((k-1)T) - u((k-2)T) - f((k-1)T) - \frac{1}{4}f((k-2)T)$

5. (20 pts) SS to TF (Nise 3.6, 13.3, 13.4, DT handout)

Given the following discrete time (DT) system, with sample period $T = 1$:

$$\mathbf{x}(k+1) = G\mathbf{x}(k) + Hu(k) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ \frac{1}{4} & \frac{5}{12} \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u \quad (1)$$

[6pts] a. Find the transfer function $\frac{X(z)}{U(z)}$.

[2pts] b. Is the system BIBO stable?

[12pts] c. Find $\mathbf{x}[k]$ for $k \geq 0$ for a unit step input and zero initial conditions using partial fraction expansion.

6. (20 pts) Transient performance using gain compensation (Nise 13.8,13.9)

Given a CT plant $G_1(s) = \frac{K}{s(s+1)(s+3)}$.

[4pts] a. For the block diagram below find $\frac{C(z)}{R(z)}$.

[4pts] b. With sample period $T_s = 0.1$, find $G_1(z)$, the Z transform of $G_1(s)$ (ideal sampling, as in Table 13.1).

[4pts] c. Sketch the root locus for $G_1(z)$ in unity gain feedback, and find the range of K for stability (Matlab ok for K).

[4pts] d. With unity gain feedback, find the value of K for damping factor $\zeta = 0.5$, and note this K value in root locus for CT and DT.

[4pts] e. Plot step response for the closed-loop CT and DT system in Matlab, and compare.

