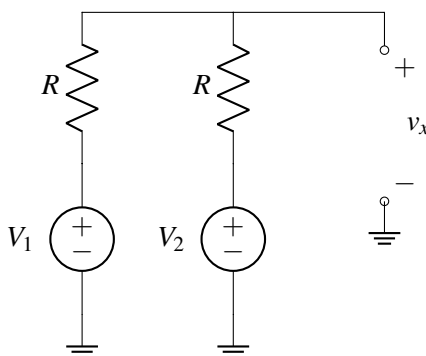


EECS 16A Designing Information Devices and Systems I

Fall 2019 Discussion 10A

1. Dividers for Days

(a) Solve the following circuit for v_x .



(b) You have access to two voltage sources, V_1 and V_2 . You can use two resistors (as long as $0 \leq R < \infty$). How would you design a circuit that produces a voltage $v_x = \frac{1}{3}V_1 + \frac{2}{3}V_2$?

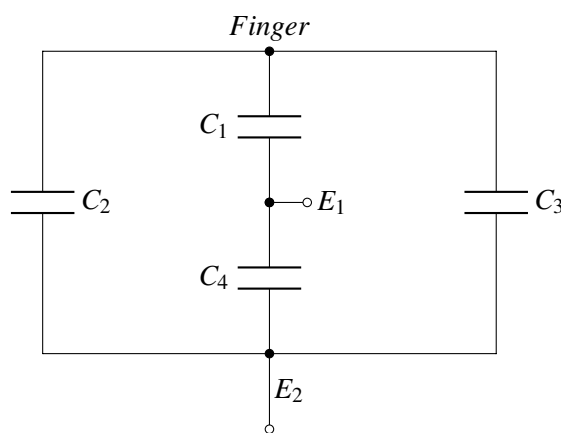
(c) You have two current sources I_1 and I_2 . You also have a load resistor $R_L = 6\text{ k}\Omega$. Similar to the first part, you can use whatever resistors you want (as long as they are finite integer values). How would you design a circuit such that the current running through R_L is $I_L = \frac{2}{5}(I_1 + I_2)$?

2. Redraw and Calculate Equivalent Capacitance (CIRCUIT FROM FA18 MT2 Q6)

(a) (7 points) **For the rest of this problem, use the circuit below to model the capacitive touchscreen.**

You are now given that $C_1 = 8F$, $C_2 = 4F$, and $C_3 = 4F$, $C_4 = 4F$.

(Note: $8F$ is a very large capacitance. Normal capacitance values would be on the order of nano-Farads, which are 10^{-9} of a Farad.)



Calculate the equivalent capacitance of the circuit between terminals E_1 and E_2 .

3. Modeling an IV Characteristic

IGNORE THIS PROBLEM, THIS PROBLEM HAS BEEN CUT FROM THE DISCUSSION WORK-SHEET AND IS NOT IN SCOPE