

# EE16A Lab: APS 3 -- LAST LAB!

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**Do not sit at stations 6, 7, 12, 20**





## Announcements!

- ✗ This is the **last lab!!!**
- ✗ Lab grades are updated
- ✗ The memes are coming
- ✗ **GOOD LUCK ON YOUR EXAMS**

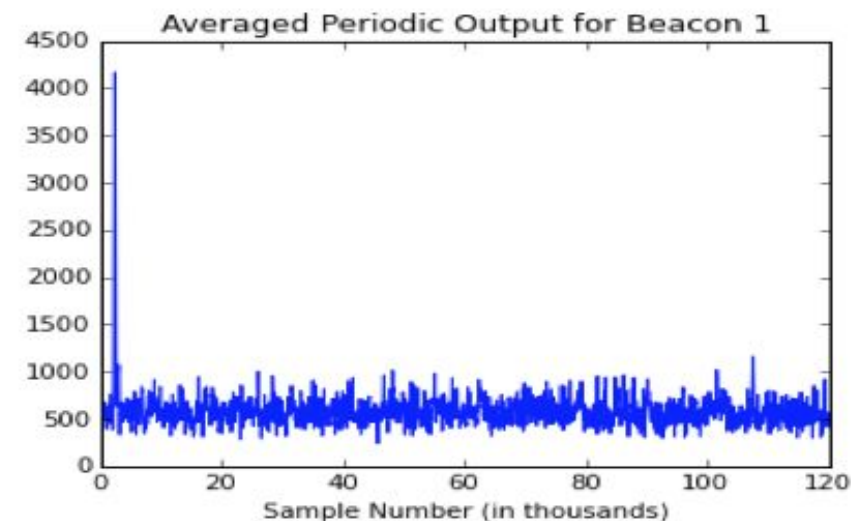
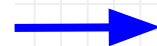
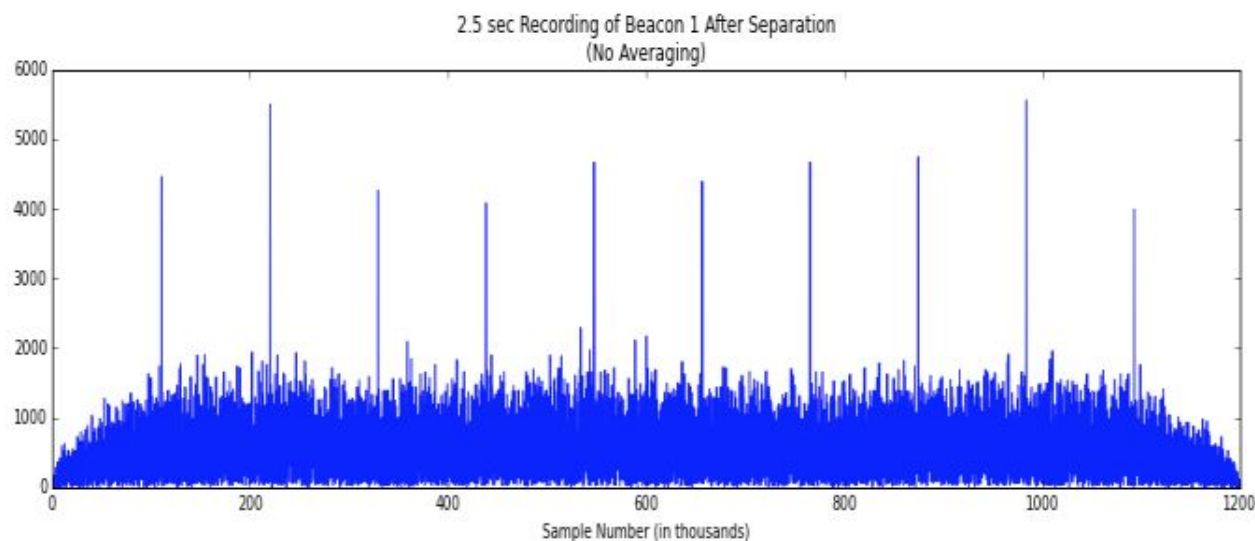


Caption: When you need to test your touchscreen

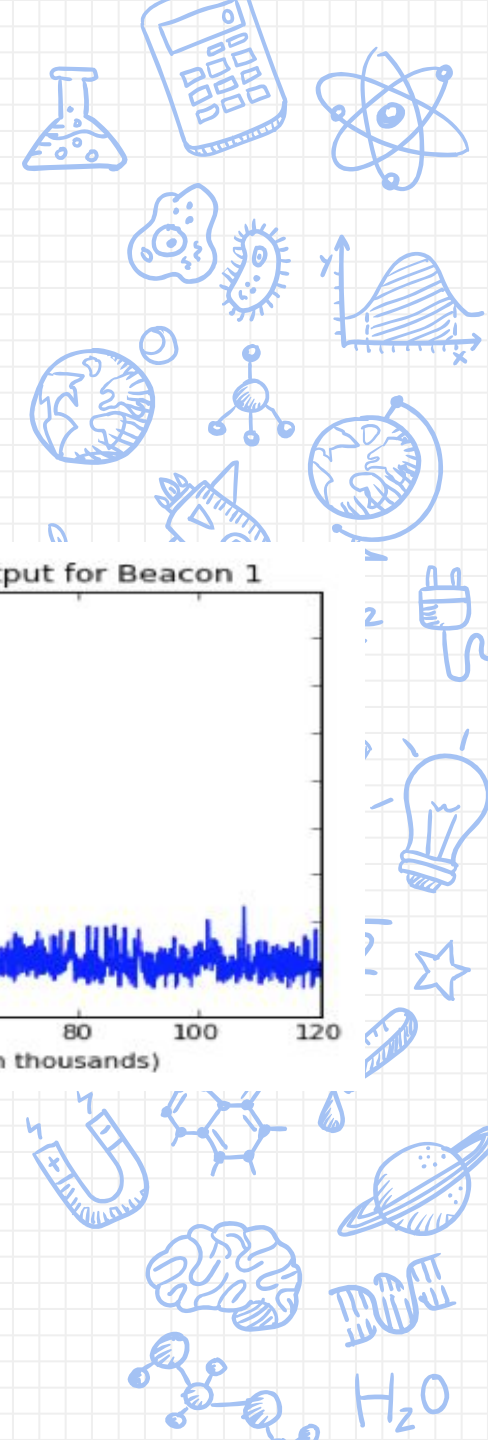


## Last lab

- ✗ Averaging Function
  - ✗ Reduced noise, higher accuracy in determining peaks



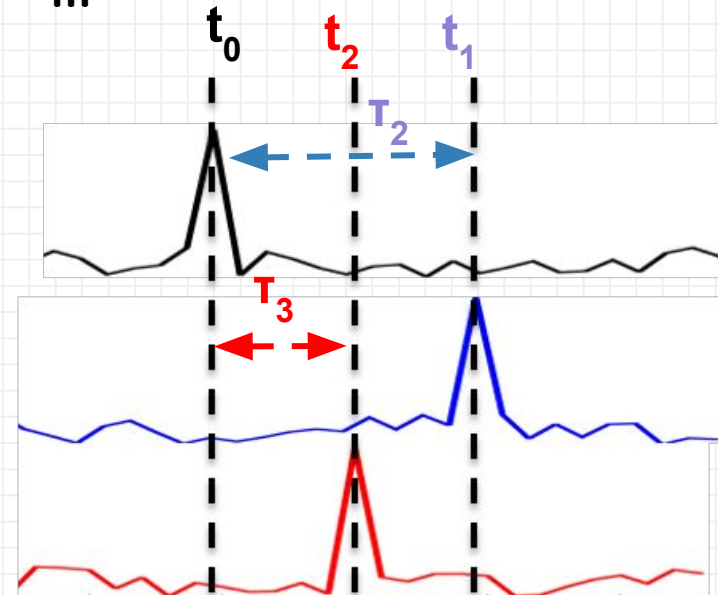
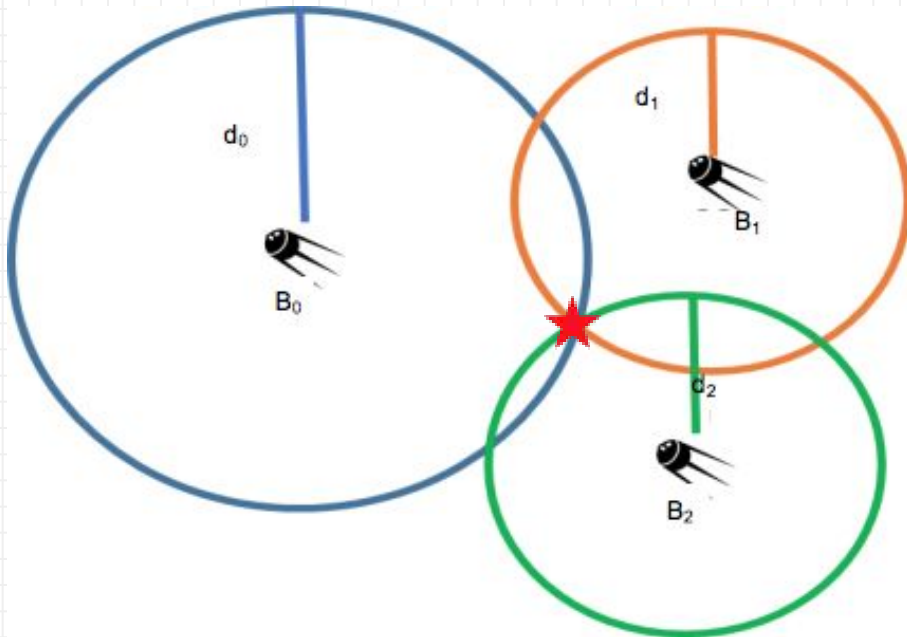
- ✗ `Signal_to_distances(raw_signal, t0)`
  - ✗ We don't usually have  $t_0$  known



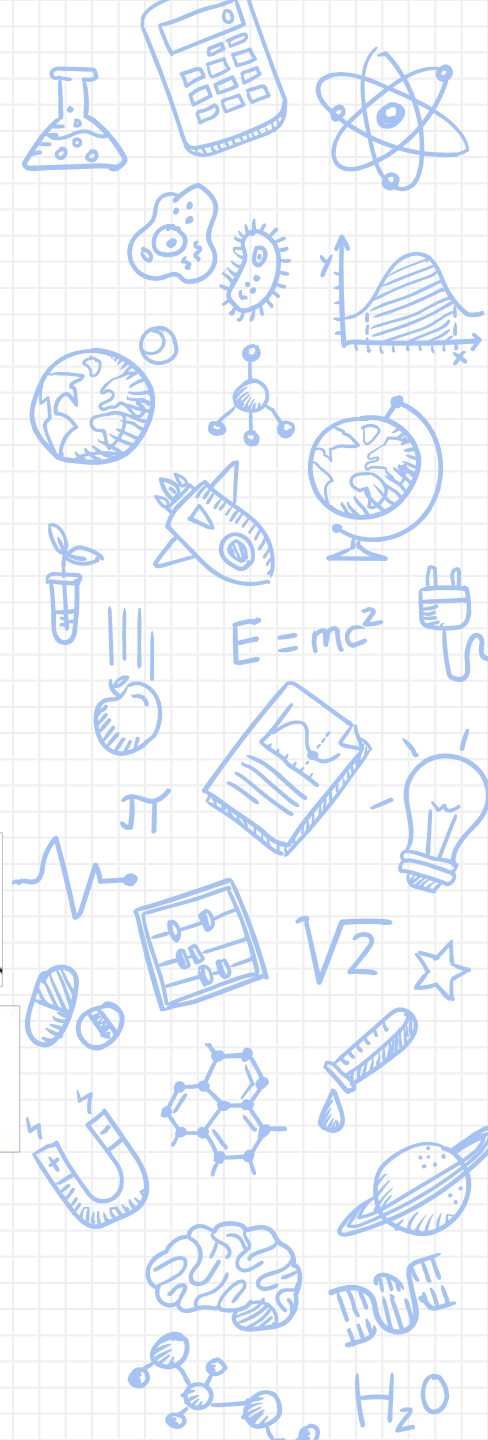
### 3 Beacons

- ✗ Let beacon centers be:  $(x_0, y_0)$ ,  $(x_1, y_1)$  and  $(x_2, y_2)$
- ✗ Time of arrivals:  $t_0, t_1, t_2$
- ✗ Distance of beacon  $m$  ( $m = 0, 1, 2$ ) is  $d_m = vt_m = R_m$  (circle radii)

**Circle equations:  $(x - x_m)^2 + (y - y_m)^2 = d_m^2$**

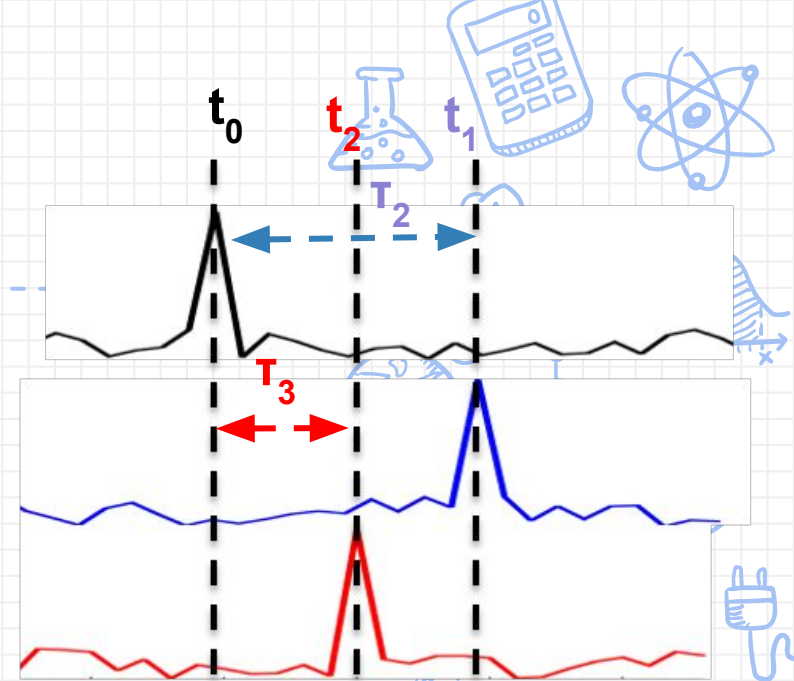


CC of received signal and beacons

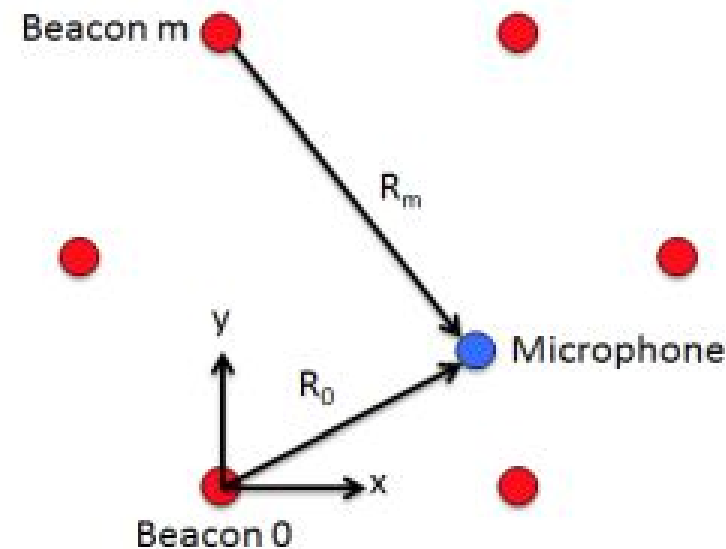


## Problem: We do not know $t_0$

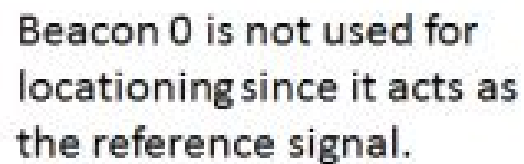
- ✗ Only know time offsets:  $\tau_m = t_m - t_0$
- ✗  $R_m = \sqrt{(x - x_m)^2 + (y - y_m)^2} = v_s t_m$
- ✗  $R_0 = \sqrt{(x)^2 + (y)^2} = v_s t_0$  (Beacon 0 is at origin)
- ✗  $R_m - R_0 = v_s (t_m - t_0) = v_s \tau_m$



CC of received signal and beacons







↓ **simplify!**

$$v_s \tau_m = \frac{-2x_m x + x_m^2 - 2y_m y + y_m^2}{v_s \tau_m} - 2\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$$

- ✗  $m \neq 0$  (as  $\tau_0 = 0$ )
- ✗ This is the equation for a hyperbola
- ✗ :( This is hard to solve tho

## Making it linear:

✗ Same trick: subtract first equation from others

$$v_s \tau_m = \frac{-2x_m x + x_m^2 - 2y_m y + y_m^2}{v_s \tau_m} - 2\sqrt{x^2 + y^2} \quad \text{Not linear :(\}$$

$$v_s \tau_m - v_s \tau_1 = \left[ \frac{-2x_m x + x_m^2 - 2y_m y + y_m^2}{v_s \tau_m} - 2\sqrt{x^2 + y^2} \right] - \left[ \frac{-2x_1 x + x_1^2 - 2y_1 y + y_1^2}{v_s \tau_1} - 2\sqrt{x^2 + y^2} \right]$$

Linear!

simplify!  $m \neq 0, m \neq 1$

$$\left( \frac{2x_m}{v_s \tau_m} - \frac{2x_1}{v_s \tau_1} \right) x + \left( \frac{2y_m}{v_s \tau_m} - \frac{2y_1}{v_s \tau_1} \right) y = \left( \frac{x_m^2 + y_m^2}{v_s \tau_m} - \frac{x_1^2 + y_1^2}{v_s \tau_1} \right) - (v_s \tau_m - v_s \tau_1)$$

$$m \neq 0, m \neq 1$$

$$\left(\frac{2x_m}{v_s \tau_m} - \frac{2x_1}{v_s \tau_1}\right)x + \left(\frac{2y_m}{v_s \tau_m} - \frac{2y_1}{v_s \tau_1}\right)y = \left(\frac{x_m^2 + y_m^2}{v_s \tau_m} - \frac{x_1^2 + y_1^2}{v_s \tau_1}\right) - (v_s \tau_m - v_s \tau_1)$$

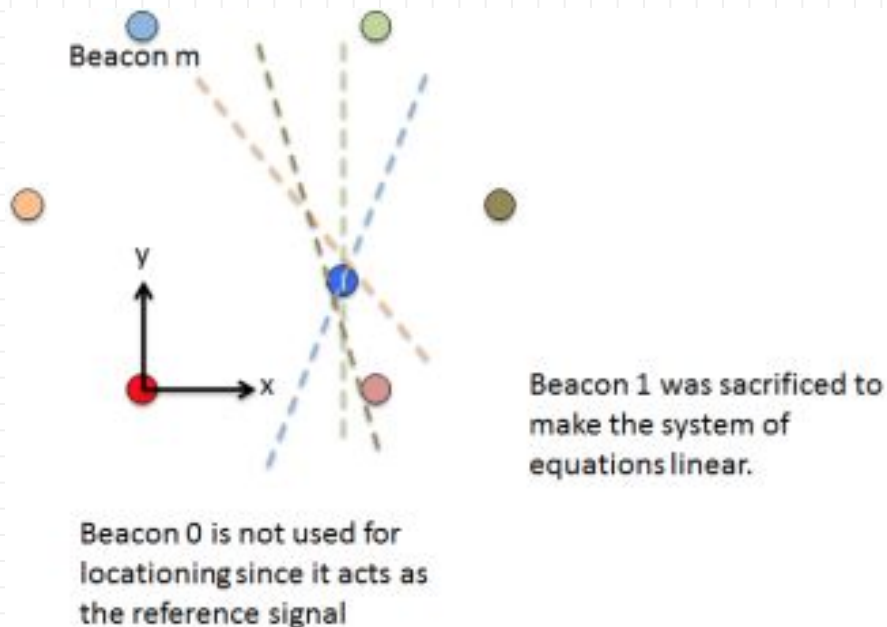
## Making it linear:

- ✗ After simplifying, we have n-2 linear equations
- ✗ Can do least-squares regardless of number of beacons
  - ✗ Best estimate of location if measurements are inconsistent
  - ✗ If there is no exact point of intersection bc of error or noise



$$Ax = b$$

$$A^T Ax = A^T b$$





- ✗ There are **four** beacon stations with different Gold codes labeled on the whiteboard (A, B, C, D)
  - ✗ Round table (A) + Three aisles (B, C, D)
  - ✗ Depending on where you plan to record your beacons, set the station to the corresponding value in the ipynb
  - ✗ Each station has different set of beacon coordinates on the whiteboards near those stations
    - Values are in **inches**, so you might need to convert
- ✗ Record wherever you want, using mic on terminal or your smartphone

## Important Notes

- ✗ **Copy and paste** your functions from APS2
- ✗ Watch your step! Be mindful of the cables.
- ✗ Avoid sitting at stations running the demos (6, 7, 12, 20)
- ✗ Be mindful of others when testing
  - ✗ Use the mute/unmute buttons on the soundcards
  - ✗ Do not block speakers with your body unless you're doing so on purpose (duck your head if necessary)
- ✗ Don't touch/fiddle the speaker
- ✗ Don't change the volume!

**Check off:** [tinyurl.com/sp17-lab-checkoff](https://tinyurl.com/sp17-lab-checkoff)

**Form:** [tinyurl.com/lab116-sp17-form](https://tinyurl.com/lab116-sp17-form)

**Queue:** [tinyurl.com/lab116-sp17-queue](https://tinyurl.com/lab116-sp17-queue)

**Spotify:** [tinyurl.com/116-spotify](https://tinyurl.com/116-spotify)

