

FEC516A DIS1B

Concepts from lecture

Matrix - Matrix multiplication, operations & properties

Skills / Things to take away

- ① Expression for rotation matrix in  $\mathbb{R}^2$
- ② How to go about matrix proofs

$T_1$  - rotates by  $15^\circ$   
 $T_2$  - rotates by  $30^\circ$

$\vec{v} \in \mathbb{R}^2$      $T_1, T_2 \rightarrow 2 \times 2$  matrices

$T_1 \vec{v} = \vec{v}$  rotated by  $15^\circ$

$T_2 \vec{v} = \vec{v}$  rotated by  $30^\circ$

$$\rightarrow T_2(T_1 \vec{v}) = ?$$

$$T_1 T_2 \vec{v} = ?$$

$45^\circ$  ?  $\Rightarrow$  ?

$60^\circ$  ?  $\Rightarrow$  ?

$T_2$  (vector  $\vec{v}$  rotated by  $15^\circ$ )

= vector  $\vec{v}$  rotated by  $15^\circ + 30^\circ \checkmark$

$T_1$  (vector  $\vec{v}$  rotated by  $30^\circ$ )

= rotation of  $\vec{v}$  by  $45^\circ \checkmark$

$T_2 T_2 \vec{v} \Rightarrow 60^\circ \times$

$(T_1(T_1(T_1 \vec{v})))$   $\Rightarrow 45^\circ$

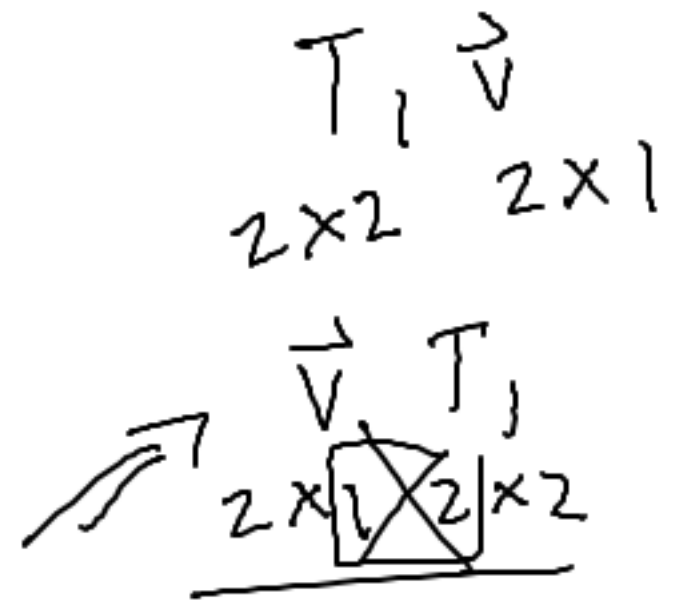
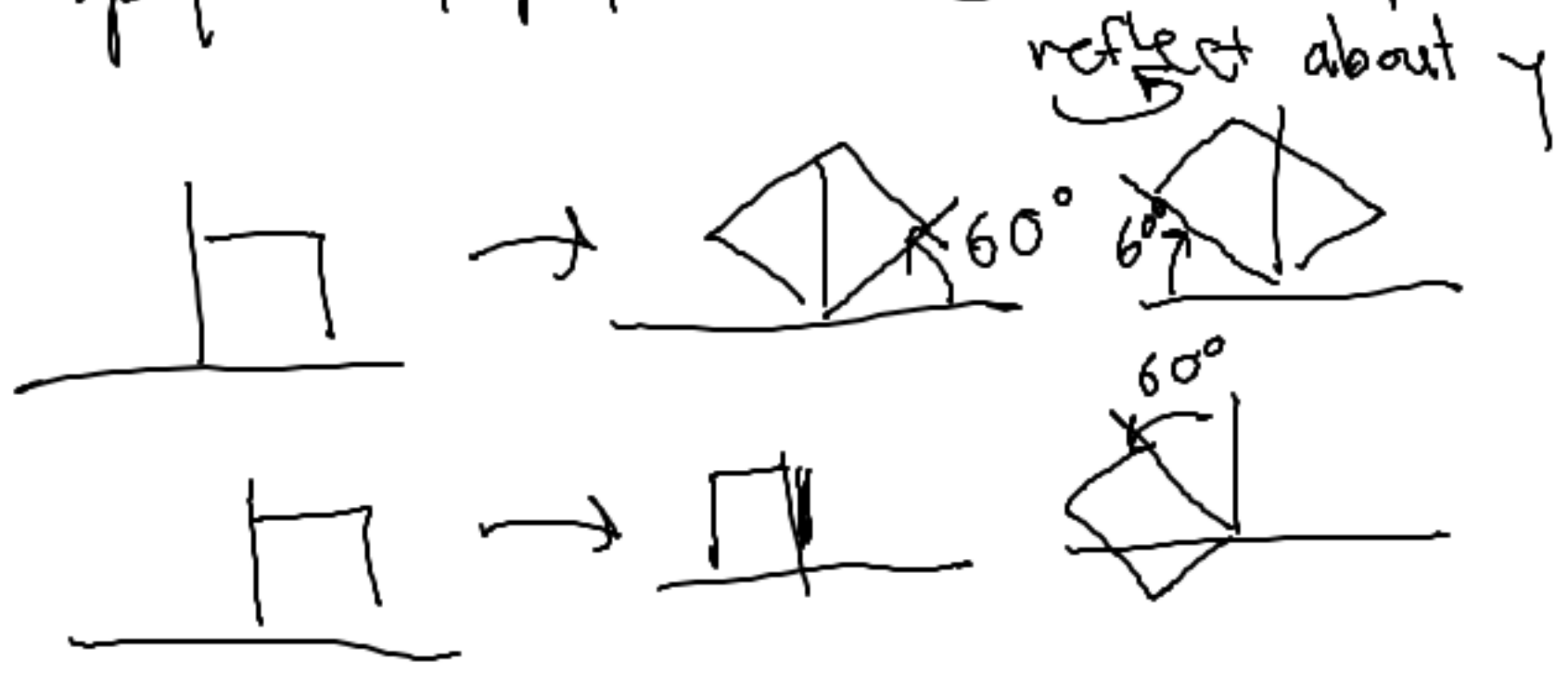
$$T_1(T_1(T_1 \vec{v})) = (T_1 T_1 T_1) \vec{v}$$

matrix-matrix mult. is associative

$$\stackrel{?}{=} T_1 T_1 \vec{v} T_1$$

is mult. commutative?  $\Rightarrow$  NO

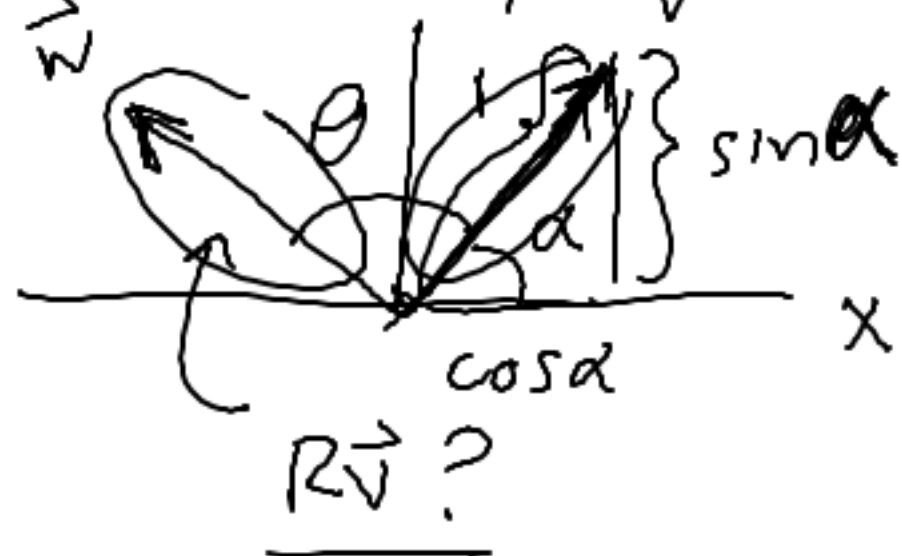
in ipython/python  $\odot$  multiplies matrices together



check that this is the matrix that rotates by angle  $\theta$

$$R = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{v} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \alpha \\ \sin \alpha \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\vec{w} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\alpha + \theta) \\ \sin(\alpha + \theta) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{w} \stackrel{?}{=} R\vec{v} \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos(\alpha + \theta) \\ \sin(\alpha + \theta) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \alpha \cos \theta - \sin \alpha \sin \theta \\ \sin \alpha \cos \theta + \sin \theta \cos \alpha \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R(2\vec{v}) \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} \cos \alpha \cos \theta \\ \sin \theta \cos \alpha \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -\sin \alpha \sin \theta \\ \sin \alpha \cos \theta \end{bmatrix} = R\vec{v} \checkmark$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta \\ \sin \theta \end{bmatrix} \cos \alpha + \begin{bmatrix} -\sin \theta \\ \cos \theta \end{bmatrix} \sin \alpha = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \cos \alpha \\ \sin \alpha \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\underline{v} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \alpha \\ \sin \alpha \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\begin{bmatrix} v \cos \alpha \\ v \sin \alpha \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R \begin{bmatrix} v \cos \alpha \\ v \sin \alpha \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R \begin{bmatrix} \cos \alpha \\ \sin \alpha \end{bmatrix}$$



rotate by  $60^\circ$



How do we get back to

$$R = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix}$$

$\theta = 60^\circ$



$$R(\theta = 300^\circ) R(\theta = 60^\circ) \rightarrow R(\theta = 360^\circ)$$

No change

$$R(\theta = -60^\circ) R(\theta = 60^\circ) \rightarrow R(\theta = 0^\circ)$$

No change

$$M\vec{v} = \vec{v} \quad M = I = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\underline{R_\theta R_{-\theta}} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \cos(-\theta) & -\sin(-\theta) \\ \sin(-\theta) & \cos(-\theta) \end{bmatrix} \stackrel{?}{=} \underline{I}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos\theta & -\sin\theta \\ \sin\theta & \cos\theta \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \cos\theta & \sin\theta \\ -\sin\theta & \cos\theta \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -\cos^2\theta + \sin^2\theta & 0 \\ \sin\theta\cos\theta - \cos\theta\sin\theta & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

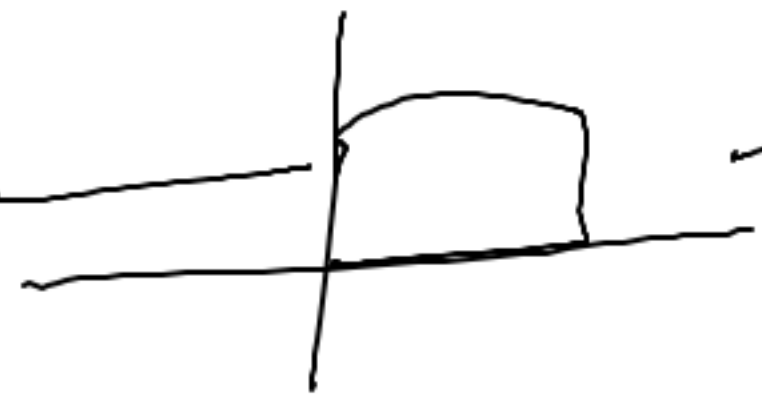
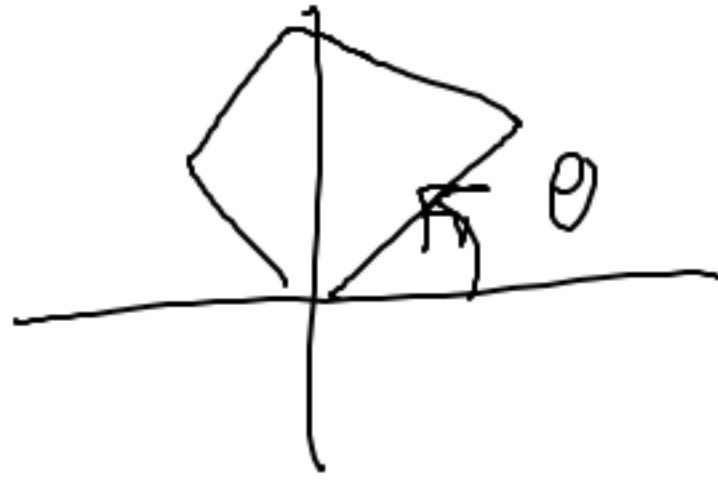
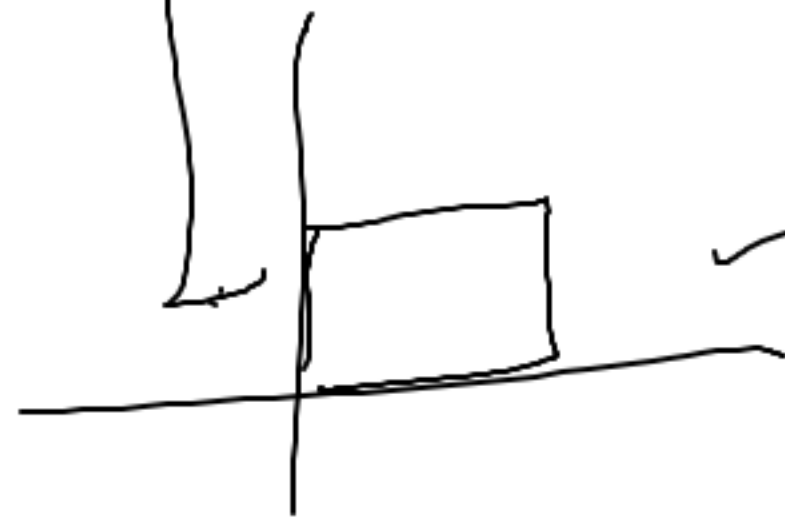
$$\cos(\theta) = \cos\theta$$

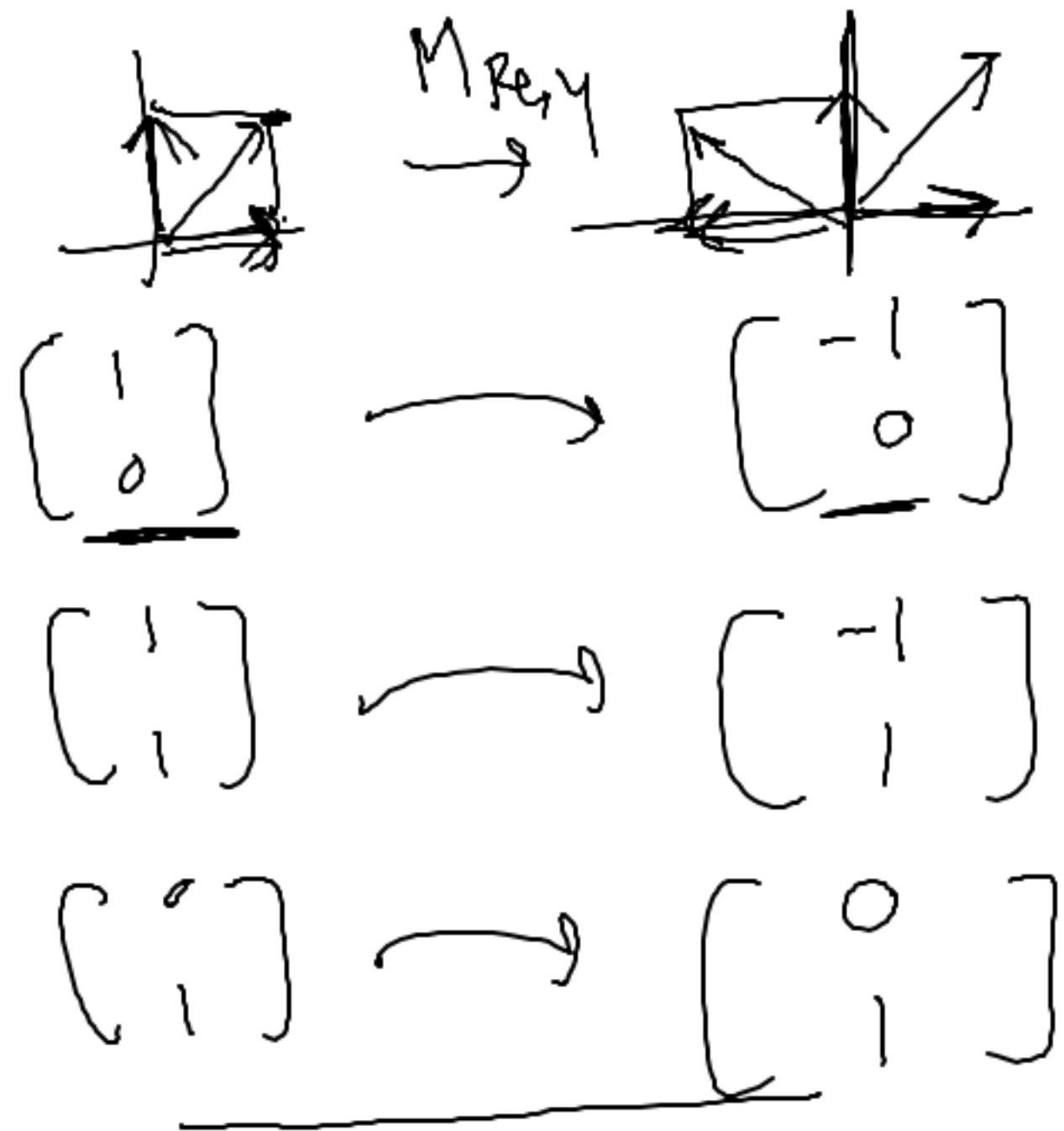
$$\sin(-\theta) = -\sin\theta$$

$$\begin{matrix} \uparrow \\ -\theta \end{matrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \checkmark$$

$$R_{-\theta} R_{\theta} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$





$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \neq \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$   
 $\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \checkmark$   
 $\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \checkmark$

Reflection matrix about y axis



$$\rightarrow \underline{A(\vec{v}_1 + \vec{v}_2)} \stackrel{?}{=} \underline{A\vec{v}_1 + A\vec{v}_2} \leftarrow$$

$A$   $2 \times 2$

$\vec{v}_1, \vec{v}_2 \in \mathbb{R}^2$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{v}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} v_{11} \\ v_{21} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{v}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} v_{12} \\ v_{22} \end{bmatrix}$$

$2 \times 1$

$$A \left( \begin{bmatrix} v_{11} + v_{12} \\ v_{21} + v_{22} \end{bmatrix} \right)$$

column

$$= \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} v_{11} + v_{12} \\ v_{21} + v_{22} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} a_{11}(v_{11} + v_{12}) + a_{12}(v_{21} + v_{22}) \\ \dots \end{bmatrix} \leftarrow$$

$$A\vec{v}_1 + A\vec{v}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} v_{11} \\ v_{21} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} v_{12} \\ v_{22} \end{bmatrix}$$

Start by naming rows, columns, entries of matrices and vector

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} v_{11} \\ v_{21} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} v_{12} \\ v_{22} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} (a_{11} \cdot v_{11} + a_{12} \cdot v_{21}) + (a_{11} v_{12} + a_{12} \cdot v_{22}) \\ \text{[crossed out]} \\ a_{11} (v_{11} + \underset{12}{v_{12}}) + a_{12} (v_{21} + v_{22}) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A (\vec{v}_1 + \vec{v}_2)$$